KINGDOOM OF SAUDI ARABIA		المملكة العربية السعودية
King Saud University	جـــامــعــة الملك سعود King Saud University	جامعة الملك سعود
Deanship of Common First Year		عمادة السننة الأولى المشتركة
Department of Basic Sciences	السنة الأولى المشتركة	قسم العلوم الأساسية

Syllabus and Contents of Course for Second Semester 1438-1439

Course Name: Principles of Probability and Statistics.	Credit Hours: 3 hours
Course Number: Stat 101	Actual Hours: 4 hours
Course Coordinator: Prof. Dr. Hamid Al-Oklah	Office: 2469
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Textbook: Principles of Statistics and Probability, First Edition, 2017. Authors: Abouammoh A., Sultan K., Kayid M. and Sharahili M.

Some References:

1-Nicholas, Jackie. Introduction to Descriptive Statistics. Mathematics Learning Centre, University of Sydney, 1990.

2-Samules, M.L., Witmer, J.A and Schaffner, A., Statistics for the Life Sciences. Fourth edition, Pearson, New York, 2012.

3-Walpole, R.E., Myers, R.H. and Myers, S.L. and Ye, K., Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists, Ninth Edition, Prentice, New York, 2012.

Goals: In this course

- a) The student will able to understand some statistical concepts and using there.
- b) The student will able to classify the variables and data in to quantitative qualitative.
- c) The student will able to compute some measurements of central tendency, Determine some position measurements and their representation on Box Plot diagram.
- d) The student will able to compute some measurements of dispersion, Determine some measurements which used for compare the variation between two (or more) sets.
- e) The student will able to determine the space of elementary events of some random experiment, Compute the probability of events which dependent on a random experiment, Understanding the conditional probability, Using the total probability formula and Bayes formula in probability calculation.
- f) The student will able to understand the concept of the random variable and its probability distribution, Types of the random variables, Computing the mean and standard deviation of discrete random variable, the meaning of continuous random variable, Understanding applications of uniform, exponential and normal distributions.
- g) The student will able to understand the concept of the point and interval estimation for a parameter of population, Determine the confidence interval for a parameter of population, Understanding the concept of the test hypothesis and perform testes for parametric hypotheses.
- h) The student will able to calculate Pearson's simple linear correlation coefficient, Determination the straight linear regression (type Y on X) according to the lest square method.

Course	Schedu	le and	Contents:
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Chapter	Week	Section	Examples	Exercises for Students	
Chapter One DESCRIPTINE STATISTICS	Week 1	1.1- Basic Concepts and Dentitions.	All examples		
		1.2- Organizing the Data.	All examples	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 11.	
	Week 2	1.3- Graphical Representation of the Data	All examples		
	Week 3	1.4- Measures of Central Tendency	All examples		
	Week 4	1.4- Percentiles, Deciles, Quartiles, Extreme Values and Five Numbers. All ex		13, 14, 15, 17, 18,19, 20, 21, 24, 27, 28, 29, 29, 31, 32, 33.	
	Week 5	1.5- Measures of dispersion, Coefficient of Variation and <i>z</i> -scores.	All Contents		
Chapter Two PROBABILITY		2.1- Mathematical Concepts.	All examples	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10.	
	Week 6	2.2- Definitions and Concepts in Probability Calculus	All examples		
	Week 7	2.3- Concept of Probability Function.	All examples 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 24		
		2.4- Conditional Probability and Independence of Events.	All examples except 2.4.6 And 2.4.7	20, 21, 23, 24.	
Chapter Three RANDOM VARIABLES AND PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS	Week 8	3.1- Concept of Random Variables and Their Distributions.	All examples 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13,		
	Week 9	3.2- Discrete Random Variables and Their Distributions.	All examples	14, 17.	
	Week 10	3.3- Continuous Random Variables and Their Distributions.	All examples	20, 21, 22, 23, 26, 27, 29.	
Chapter Four INTRODUCTION TO STATISTICAL INFERENCE	Week 11	4.1- Definitions and Concepts	All examples		
		4.2- Point and Interval Estimation of the Population Mean.	All examples 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15.		
	Week 12	4.3- Estimation of the Population Proportion.	All examples		
		4.4- Introduction to Hypotheses Testing.	All examples		
	Week 13	4.5- Hypotheses Testing for the Population Mean.	All examples 16, 17, 18,19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 30, 321, 32.		
		4.6- Hypotheses Testing for the Population Proportion.	All examples	- 20, 20, 50, 521, 524	
Chapter FiveWeek 14CORRELATIONWeek 15		5.1- Linear Correlation Coefficient.	All examples	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11,	
		All examples 12, 13, 14		12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26.	

Important Instructions:

- **1-** Absence shall be counted from the first day until the last day preceding the final exams for the semester.
- 2- If the student delayed more than ten minutes of the lecture is absent, and if the presence during the first ten minutes register late.
- **3-** The student is deprived of the final exam if the percentage of absenteeism exceeded 25% of the hours of attendance approved for teaching.
- 4- The student is evaluated during the semester based on:
 - a) the result of midterm exam, with a score of 30 degrees,
 - **b**) the result of two quizzes, each with a score of 5 degrees (total 10 degrees),
 - c) the result of four home works, each with a score of 2.5 degrees (total 10 degrees),
 - **d**) the final test result, with a score of 50.