

Midterm Exam (CBT)

ENGL 116 (Medical)

- The Midterm Exam is a Computer Based Test (CBT).
- There are 60 questions and each question carries half a mark (1/2).
- The exam duration is 90 minutes.
- All the questions are multiple-choice questions (MCQs) with four options.
- The breakdown of the questions is as follows:

Midterm Exam (30%)

Item	Marks
Grammar & Vocabulary	20 (10+10)
Reading (2 passages)	20 (10+10)
Listening (1 dialogue + 1 monologue)	20 (10+10)

Sources: Q Skills 5 R/W
Q Skills 5 L/S
English for Medicine (EFM)

Midterm Exam Syllabus:

- The Midterm Exam will be based on **Q Skills Units 1-3 and English for Medicine Units 8-10.**
- The exam will have four parts; Grammar, Vocabulary, Reading and Listening.
- In addition to **Q Skills Units 1-3 and English for Medicine Units 8-10**, you also need to cover the grammar and vocabulary list mentioned in this document.

المنهج الخاص بالامتحان النصفى:

- يحتوي الامتحان على أربعة أقسام: القواعد, المفردات, القراءة و الاستماع.
- بالإضافة إلى الوحدات 1-3 من كتاب **Q Skills** و الوحدات 8-10 من كتاب **English for Medicine** يجب على الطالب أن يدرس القواعد و المفردات المذكورة في هذا الملف.

Grammar:

- **10 Multiple Choice Questions.**
- The grammar questions will be based on all the grammar points from **Q Skills Units 1-3.**
- **In addition** to the grammar points in **Q Skills Units 1-3**, the following points also need to be covered for the Midterm Exam:

Grammar Items

Using a thesaurus for synonyms and antonyms
Contrast and concession connectors: but, yet, although, while, however, on the other hand
Reporting verbs
Noun clauses
Latin and Greek roots
Quantifiers for count and uncount nouns
Negative prefixes: il-, im-, in-, ir-, un-
Past perfect passive
Present passive
Past passive
Future passive
Present perfect passive
Modal passive
Using figurative language: simile and metaphor
Compound words
Comparative structures
Word forms and suffixes
Relative clauses: relative pronoun
Subject relative clauses
Object relative clauses

Grammar Sample Questions

1. Sarah doesn't like coffee; she usually _____ tea.

- A drinks
- B drink
- C drinking
- D to drink

2. Where does he _____?

- A to live
- B lives
- C living
- D live

3. "Are they students?"

"Yes, _____."

- A they are
- B are they
- C he is
- D we are

4. "Whose watch is this?"

"It's _____."

- A your
- B mine
- C me
- D you

5. There _____ a bookshop in our neighborhood.

- A is
- B are
- C were
- D are no

6. You shouldn't _____ too much junk food; it's bad for your health.
- A eating
 - B eats
 - C to eat
 - D eat
7. He _____ travel to Dubai in the vacation.
- A is going
 - B are going to
 - C is going to
 - D are going
8. _____ bag is brown.
- A Sarah is
 - B Sarah
 - C Sarah's
 - D Sarah has
9. Please _____! I'm trying to sleep.
- A don't shout
 - B doesn't shout
 - C not shout
 - D can't shout
10. My friend bought _____ lunch today.
- A he
 - B I
 - C we
 - D me

Vocabulary:

- **20 Multiple Choice Questions.**
- The vocabulary questions will be based on **English for Medicine Units 8-10.**
- **In addition** to the vocabulary in **English for Medicine Units 8-10**, the following vocabulary list also needs to be covered for the Midterm exam.

Vocabulary List

Item	Part of speech
antenatal	noun
postnatal	noun
foot	noun
pain	noun
weight	noun
smoking	noun
ailment	noun
allergy	noun
analgesic	noun
clinic	noun
concern	verb
fatigue	noun
illness	noun
injection	noun
nausea	noun
pill	noun
vaccination	noun
advise	verb
assess	verb
check	verb
detect	verb
examine	verb
explain	verb
help	verb
manage	verb
minimize	verb
refer	verb
renew	verb
support	verb
verify	verb
outline	verb

update	verb
reduce	verb
evaluate	verb
find	verb
transfer	verb
look at	verb
sympathize	verb
assist	verb
recommend	verb
control	verb
diabetes mellitus	noun
breast cancer	noun
heart attack	noun
migraine	noun
stomach ulcer	noun
stroke	noun
screening	noun
profiling	noun
lifestyle modification	noun
self-management	noun
false positives	noun
concept	noun
associated	noun
required	noun
modification	noun
prompt	verb
intervals	noun
data	noun
suitable	adjective
upsetting	adjective
substantial	adjective
barrier contraceptive	noun
family planning	noun
health hazard	noun
health risk	noun
occupational injury	noun
population-wide	noun
work related	noun
eliminate	verb
eradicate	verb
fatal	noun
infect	verb
prevent	verb
transmit	verb
preconception	noun
promotion	noun
prevalence	noun
obesity	noun

climate change	noun
calculate	verb
calorie	noun
medical	noun
overweight	noun
vitamin	noun
childhood obesity	noun
heat stroke	noun
physical activity	noun
vector-borne disease	noun
gender gap	noun
actually	adverb
generally	adverb
usually	adverb
fundamentally	adverb
crucially	adverb
flooding	noun
heatwaves	noun
drought	noun
reduced winter temperatures	noun
emphysema	noun
epidemic	noun
eradication	noun
legislation	noun
osteoarthritis	noun
phenomenon	noun
pollutant	noun
salmonella	noun
infant mortality	noun
ethnic origin	noun
maternal mortality	noun
middle-income	noun
population-wide	adjective
public health	noun
respiratory disorder	noun
human rights	noun
blinding	noun
evidence	noun
intervention	noun
meta-analysis	noun
placebo	noun
randomize	verb
significance	noun
validate	verb
brilliant	adjective
collapse	verb
enormous	adjective
huge	adjective

insignificant	adjective
massive	adjective
minimal	adjective
outstanding	adjective
plummet	verb
plunge	verb
rocket	verb/noun
significant	adjective
slump	verb
soar	verb
superb	adjective
tremendous	adjective

Vocabulary Sample Questions

1. I don't think I'm _____ enough to climb that mountain.

- A flat
- B tall
- C kind
- D fit

2. I want _____ flight from Riyadh to Dubai, please.

- A an international
- B a national
- C a local
- D an internal

3. She's a very _____ person. Everyone likes her.

- A angry
- B annoying
- C lonely
- D pleasant

4. My watch is broken. Can you _____ it for me?

- A repair
- B repeat
- C relate
- D borrow

5. **Someone who is in charge of a business or department**
- A a customer
 - B a client
 - C a secretary
 - D a manager
6. **Special clothes that are worn by members of a group or team**
- A uniform
 - B suit
 - C trousers
 - D shoes
7. **The library was _____ today. There was nowhere to sit.**
- A clean
 - B empty
 - C crowded
 - D quiet
8. **Look at the sky. It's so _____ , I think it's going to rain.**
- A sunny
 - B cloudy
 - C bright
 - D blue
9. **An area of land that has water on all sides**
- A a continent
 - B a lake
 - C an island
 - D a country
10. **Fatima's father worked as a doctor for 40 years. He _____ six months ago, so he's not working any more.**
- A released
 - B removed
 - C retired
 - D relied

Reading:

- **20 Multiple Choice Questions** (2 reading passages with **10 MCQs** each)
- The Midterm exam will be based on the reading skills covered in **Q Skills Units 1-3**.

Sample Reading Passage with Questions

1. Banana smoothies first appeared in the 1930s. Since then, they have become very popular across the world. Not only is the banana smoothie delicious, but it has many of the nutrients our bodies need to **function**.
2. Banana smoothies are made from fresh bananas using an electric blender. The fresh fruit gives it that chunky but creamy look. The ice keeps it cool in the hot summer heat. Bananas have a lot of healthy carbohydrates which makes them a perfect food for athletes and people with active lifestyles. Smoothies help to give energy after a difficult workout.
3. Doctors recommend bananas to patients who have heart problems and high blood pressure, as they lower the risk of stroke and heart attacks. Another good thing about this wonderful fruit is that **it** protects against depression and keeps you in a good mood.
4. Banana smoothies, when mixed with yogurt and other fruits like apples or mangos, protect you from stomach ulcers and help your digestive system. Bananas are a low-calorie food; there are about 100 calories in a medium sized banana. They make you feel full, so if you eat a banana, you will avoid snacking between meals. This is **beneficial** because it helps you to reach your weight loss goals. But make sure you don't put sugar in your smoothie. Bananas are sweet enough!

1. What happened in the 1930s?

- A. Banana smoothies were first made.
- B. Banana smoothies became very popular.
- C. Banana smoothies were made all over the world.
- D. Banana smoothies were found to have nutrients.

2. How many calories does a banana have?

- A. 100 calories in a large banana
- B. 100 calories in a small banana
- C. 100 calories in a medium banana
- D. 100 calories in any banana

3. Which of the following is NOT true of bananas?

- A. They are good for your heart.
- B. They are good for your digestive system.
- C. They can help you lose weight.
- D. They can cause stomach ulcers.

4. Banana smoothies should NOT be mixed with _____.

- A. apples
- B. sugar
- C. Mangoes
- D. yogurt

5. In paragraph 1, what does the word 'function' mean?

- A. work properly
- B. play
- C. be popular
- D. appear

6. In paragraph 4, what does the word 'beneficial' mean?

- A. low-calorie
- B. sweet
- C. helpful
- D. full

7. What does the underlined word 'it' in paragraph 3 refer to?

- A. doctor
- B. banana
- C. stroke
- D. blood pressure

8. Which of these titles is best for this passage?

- A. Smoothies: An Alternative to Food
- B. How To Prepare Apple Smoothies
- C. Have a Banana Smoothie
- D. 101 Banana Recipes

Listening:

- **20 Multiple Choice Questions** (2 listening scripts with **10 MCQs** each)
- The Midterm Exam will be based on the listening skills covered in **Q Skills Units 1-3.**

Sample Listening Script with Questions

	[sound of phone ringing]
Hotel Clerk	Good afternoon, Grand Palace Hotel. How may I help you?
Mr. Ali	Hello, I'd like to book a room.

Hotel Clerk	Certainly, sir... What dates did you have in mind?
Mr. Ali	Well, my flight from Riyadh arrives in Jeddah on January 10 th and I will be staying for two... no wait... three... yes, I'll be in Jeddah for three nights before leaving for meetings in Taif and Abha...
Hotel Clerk	So you'd like to book a room from January 10 th through January 13 th ...
Mr. Ali	No, not the 13 th , the 12 th ... I said I'd be there for three nights... not four...
Hotel Clerk	Yes, of course, sir, but you will be checking out of the hotel on January 13 th , correct?
Mr. Ali	Ah, yes, of course... you're right. The check-out date will be January 13 th .
Hotel Clerk	Let me just check the computer to see if we have rooms available... mmmm, let's see... we have a double room on January 10 th and 11 th , but there's nothing on the 12 th ... no wait... I'm sorry, my mistake... we do have a junior suite available on the 12 th .
Mr. Ali	No that won't work... I don't want to change rooms.
Hotel Clerk	Let me see then... hmmm... you could book the junior suite for your entire stay...
Mr. Ali	Can you tell me how much the junior suite is?
Hotel Clerk	Of course, sir... it's one thousand two hundred and fifty Riyals per night.
Mr. Ali	And what about a double room?
Hotel Clerk	Our standard rate for the double room is seven hundred and fifty Riyals... so the junior suite is only five hundred Riyals more per night than the double.
Mr. Ali	Hmmm, that's a bit more than I wanted to spend...
Hotel Clerk	If you are travelling on business, I can apply our corporate discount of twenty percent to your booking, sir...
Mr. Ali	Yes, I will be in Jeddah to meet with some clients. So with the discount, that would make the rate... let me think, twenty percent of twelve fifty is...
Hotel Clerk	It would be a discount of two hundred and fifty Riyals per night, sir...
Mr. Ali	Great! Let's book it then...

1. The man is calling the hotel _____.

- A. to make a reservation
- B. to cancel a reservation
- C. to speak to a guest
- D. to make a complaint

2. The hotel is located in _____.

- A. Riyadh
- B. Jeddah
- C. Taif
- D. Abha

3. How long will the man stay in the hotel?

- A. one night
- B. two nights
- C. three nights
- D. four nights

4. When will the man check out of the hotel?

- A. January 10th
- B. January 12th
- C. January 13th
- D. January 30th

5. Why is the man travelling?

- A. He is visiting his family.
- B. He is meeting friends.
- C. He is a tourist.
- D. He is doing business.