

41- " A man that is born falls into a dream like a man who falls into the sea. If he tries to climb out into the air as inexperienced people endeavour to do, he drowns". This man is -----

- a) a dreamer b)unromantic c)unimaginative d) A&B&C

42- Marlow is fascinated when he meets Jim at the inquest and sympathizes with his situation. Marlow has premised his own identification with Jim because----

- a) he sees Jim as one of us b) he sees in Jim his own dark side
c) he believes Jim has the right to have a second chance d) A ,B and C.

43- In recommending that Brown be let go, Jim does -----

- a) what is honorable for his personal reputation b) what is best for Patusan
c) what is honorable for his personal reputation and what is best for Patusan
d) A ,B, and C

44- Jim thanks him for giving him a "clean slate." A clean slate means-----

- a) a save passage
b) a new beginning
c) has no meaning
d) A, B and C.

45- The resemblance between the words "Patna" and "Patusan (five letters) indicates that-----

- a) Lord Jim will take advantage of the second chance he has been offered.
b) Lord Jim will give up his romantic dreams.
c) Lord Jim will repeat his mistakes.
d) Lord Jim will never fail again and will succeed in Patusan.

The best of luck

Dr. Mohamed Abdelbaseer

b) Wemmick

c) Mr. Wopsle

d) Magwitch

Lord Jim

21- To where are the pilgrims on board the Patna traveling?

a) Bangkok

b) Singapore

c) Mecca

d) Patusan

22- The ship which Jim sails aboard as chief mate which then nearly sinks, leading him to abandon it, is called the:

a) Patusan

b) Jewel

c) Patna

d) Mecca

23- At the inquiry the only member of the *Patna's* crew to appear is.....

a) Jim

b) The Captain

c) Marlow

d) Brown

24 - 'I know I've done wrong in the past, but what about you? Why did you come and bury yourself here? You're no better than I am! Don't be a coward!' Who is the speaker?

a) Jim

b) Captain Brown

c) Stein

d) Jewel

25- Captain Brown is a cruel and evil _____.

a) hunter

b) soldier

c) pirate

d) lord

26- Who is Marlow?

a) a wealthy merchant. b) a British captain.

c) an hotelkeeper. d) A parson

27- How is Jim punished by the judgment of the official Inquiry?

a) He is sentenced to death.

b) He is ordered to return to England.

c) His sea certificates are canceled.

d) He is ordered to pay

28- What does Marlow say about Jim repeatedly through the novel?

a) He is like Stein.

b) He is heroic.

c) He is a dead man.

d) He is one of us.

29 - What inspires Jim to become a sailor?

a) Adventure literature

b) His father

c) His uncle owns a ship

d) It has always been his father's dream

30- After the accident, Jim decides to _____.

a) repair the ship

b) save the passengers

c) leave the ship and go with the other seamen

d) jump in the sea alone

31- When you have done wrong or you feel that you have done wrong

a) remorseful

b) regretful

(c) guilty

d) a, b, and c

- 32- One night, the *Patna* hits something and it _____.
 a) sinks immediately b) sinks after two hours
 c) has a small hole in the side d) has a big hole in the side
- 33- At the *Patna* inquiry only _____ answers questions about the accident.
 a) the German captain b) Jim
 c) the ship's engineer d) the ship's second engineer
- 34- Jim is happy to go to Patusan because he can escape from _____.
 a) his past mistakes b) the police
 c) the German captain d) his father
- 35- Things start to go seriously wrong for Jim after _____ arrives in Patusan.
 a) Marlow b) Captain Brown
 c) Stein d) Cornelius
- 36- At the end, Doramin _____ Jim.
 a) shoots b) saves c) hurts d) thanks
- 37- On the night Jim and the other white crewmen jumped into a lifeboat believing the ship was about to sink, they believed
 a) they had collided with an unknown object.
 b) They thought this collision had damaged the ship enough to make it sink
 c) they left the 800 pilgrims to their own fate. d) A&B&C.
- 38- As Jim recounts the events on the *Patna* at the inquiry, and to Marlow alone in more detail, it becomes apparent that -----
 a) he regrets his decision to abandon the ship.
 b) He feels guilt and shame for what he sees as an act of cowardice, although
 c) He regards his jump into the lifeboat as a missed opportunity as this meant he had not acted on his dreams to be the hero of an adventure) A&B&C
- 39- Through the characterization of Jim, and via Marlow's control of the main narrative, the readers are warned of-----
 a) the dangers of the overactive, romantic imagination.
 b) the dangers of the imagination taking precedence over pragmatism.
 c) the dangers of false dreams and of being a dreamer. d) A&B&C
- 40- Jim's death may be viewed as-----
 a) an act of martyrdom. b) excessively romantic.
 c) a criticism of idealizing the romance whilst simultaneously invoking it.
 d) A&B&C

- 9- Pip is first blessed with great expectations when:
a) Miss Havisham requests that he comes and plays at her mansion.
b) He receives notification from Mr. Jaggers that he is to go to London
c) Joe gives him a job in the forge. d) Miss Havisham gives Pip her inheritance.
- 10- Why did Magwitch work all those years only to send the money to Pip?
a) because Magwitch loved Miss Havisham. b) because Pip was his sister's son.
c) because Pip was his son.
d) because Pip fed him many years before when he was an escaped convict.
- 11- Pip's reaction to Magwitch when the convict presents himself as Pip's benefactor is:
a) glad. b) happy.
c) proud. d) disgusted.
- 12- With whom does Pip live at the beginning of the book?
a) His sister and her husband b) Miss Havisham
c) Uncle Pumblechook d) Jaggers
- 13- The author of *Great Expectations* is—
a) Charles Dickens b) Herbert Pocket c) Joe Gargery d) Pip
- 14- Which word *best* describes the mood of the opening scene, in which Pip meets Magwitch?
a) Joyful b) Peaceful c) Mocking d) Fearful
- 15- Whose admiration is Pip seeking when he tries to better himself?
a) The Pale Young Gentleman's b) His uncle's
c) His sister's d) Estella's
- 16- Whom does Pip think his "great expectations" will be from?
a) Mr. Jaggers b) Uncle Pumblechook
c) Mrs. Joe d) Miss Havisham
- 17- What aspect of Dickens's life *most* influenced this novel?
a) His love of the theater b) His trips to the United States
c) His poverty as a boy d) His early success as a writer
- 18- At the conclusion of *Great Expectations*—
a) Estella is married to another man b) Estella and Pip are together
c) Pip hopes to marry Bidy d) Pip inherits a fortune
- 19- Who is the true source of Pip's "great expectations"?
a) Magwitch b) Mr. Matthew Pocket
c) Miss Havisham d) Mr. Jaggers

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II- Read each question below. Then, mark the letter of the answer you have chosen. (90 Marks)

Great Expectations

- 1- Miss Havisham is obsessed with which event from the past?
 - a) The death of her only daughter
 - b) Her fiancé's jilting her on their wedding day
 - c) The loss of her favorite dog
 - d) The death of her husband in the war

- 2- One way to see Pip's development, and the development of many of the other characters in *Great Expectations*, is as an attempt to learn to disvalue other human beings.
 - a) True .
 - b) False.

- 3- In light of your study of Dickens' *Great Expectations*, features of being a true gentleman are-----
 - a) good manners and fine behavior.
 - b) vice and dishonesty
 - c) apathy and intolerance
 - d) All of the above

- 4- Who is Pip's actual benefactor?
 - a) Jaggers
 - b) Wemmick
 - c) Mr. Wopsle
 - d) Magwitch

- 5- It is apparent by midway through the book that Miss Havisham raised Estella to:
 - a) be a heartbreaker.
 - b) cruel and crude toward men.
 - c) have no heart and break the hearts of men.
 - d) A&B&C

- 6- Pip's story and his narration of it reveals-----
 - a) the psychological endpoint of his development in the novel.
 - b) his guilt for his poor behavior toward his loved ones.
 - c) that he is somewhat self-centered but sympathetic at heart to others.
 - d) A&B&C

- 7- Pip got his name from-----
 - a) the county where he was born.
 - b) Joe Gargery.
 - c) his sister and caregiver Mrs. Joe Gargery .
 - d) how he pronounced his last name when he was a child

- 8- The convict who Pip feeds at the beginning of the novel reappears later with a name. That name is:
 - a) Jaggers
 - b) Wemmick
 - c) Mr. Wopsled
 - d) Magwitch