



الجامعة الافتراضية السورية
SYRIAN VIRTUAL UNIVERSITY

أمن الحواسب



Books

أمن الحواسيب

من منشورات الجامعة الافتراضية السورية

الجمهورية العربية السورية 2018

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:

.1

shared

:

:computer system

....ATM

system

:

.1

.....

.2

payment protocol

vulnerabilities

.3

.4

.2

: CIA

.confidentiality

.1

.integrity

.2

.availability

.3

risks

vulnerabilities

.CIT

Confidentiality .1

()

:

: .

•

shoulder port scanning social engineering

. sniffing eavesdropping surfing

: .

•

Integrity .2

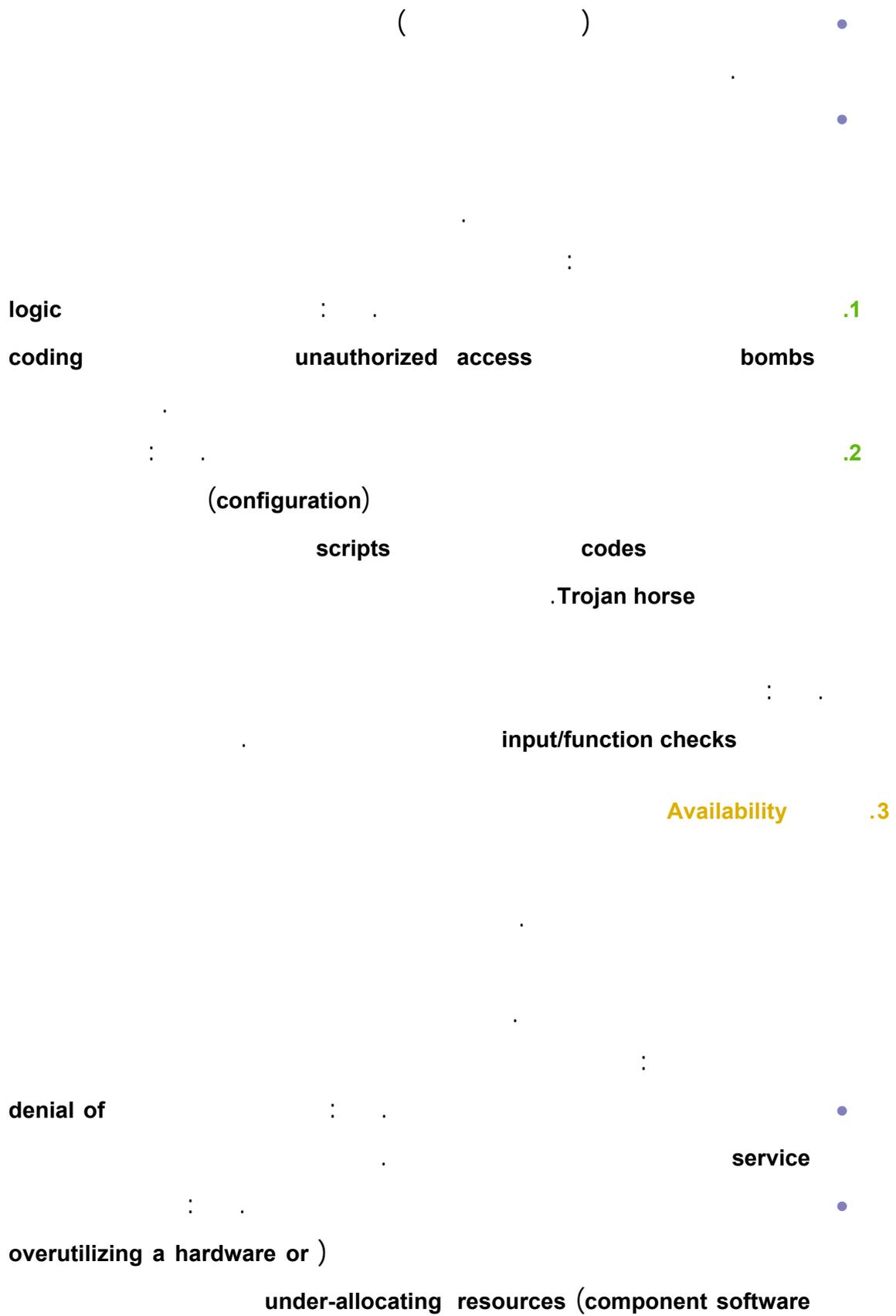
objects

.() authorized

:

()

•



DoS

:

redundancy

.3

.1

.2

:

:

:

.1

:

.2

closed-circuit television (CCTV)

(HVAC)

	:	.3
	.	.3
	:	.1
encrypt " " ()		.1
.encrypt key		
	.plaintext	.2
	.ciphertext	.3
		.4
	.decrypt	
	.cipher	.5
	.cryptography	.6
	.cryptosystems	.7
code	.cipher code	.8
	.	
	:	
	:Transposition Ciphers	.1
	.	
	:Substitution Ciphers	.2
	()	
	:One-Time Pads	.3
() ()		
:		

: .1

()

: .2

: .2

:

:

:

.()

:

B

A

-

B

A

B A

.challenge-response authentication

B

A

:Nonrepudiation

: .3

:

-
-
-
-

" "

:

:

.1

.2

.3

.4

:

- .Data Encryption Standard (DES) .1
- .Triple DES (3DES) .2
- .International Data Encryption Algorithm (IDEA) .3
- .Blowfish .4
- .Skipjack .5
- .the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) .6

:

.()

:

- .(/) .1
- . .2
- . .3
- . .4
- . .5
- :
- .El Gamal .7
- . .8
- RSA .9

:

:

- :offline .1

: .2

:Diffie-Hellman .3

:Hash

.message digest

:

.1

.2

.3

.4

.() .5

: .4

:

principle

subject

access operation

object

.reference monitor

:

.()

prosses

:

	:		
		:Identification	•
personal identification number			
		. (PIN)	
		:	•
		:	•
		:	•
		:	.1
	:		
			.1
		.Biometrics	.2
		.Tokens	.3
		.Tickets	.4
		.Single Sign On (SSO)	.5
		:	.1
	:		
			•
			•
			•
	:		
		()	•
			•
		cracking verification	•
			•

-
-
-
-

:Biometrics .2

.....

:

:Tokens .3

:

.PIN

-
-

:Tickets .4

.Kerberos

:Single Sign On (SSO) .5

: .2

:

: .1

:

:observe •

:alter •

:Bell-LaPadula

.2

:

.() append

-
-
-
-

:

			X	X
		X		X

:

.3

:

UNIX

2000

.() ADCL

.()

.() synchronize

-
-
-
-
-
-
-

:ownership

.3

:

:discretionary

-

:mandatory



:

.4

:

.capabilities



:

:

:

A

B

a.doc

.1

B A

e.exe

.2

B

f.com

.3

	b.doc	e.exe	f.com
A	-		-
B	-		- -

:capabilities

capability

:

:f.com :e.exe :A

:fun.com :e.exe :b.doc :B

discretionary

()

:

ACL

: ACL

:B :b.doc () ACL

:B :A :e.exe ACL

:B :A :f.com ACL

:

.5

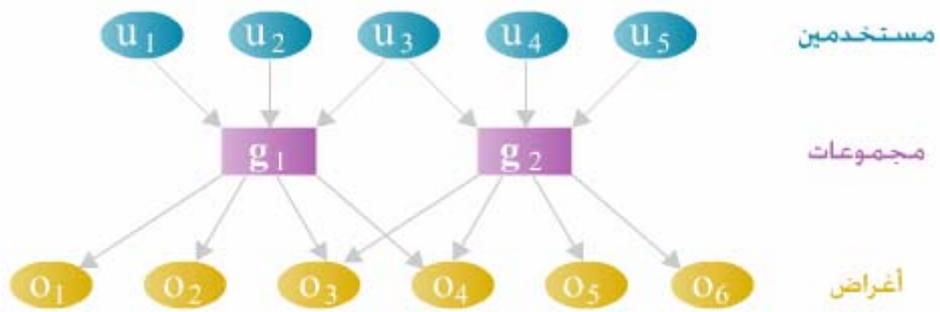
:

.privileges

.role-based access control (RBAC)

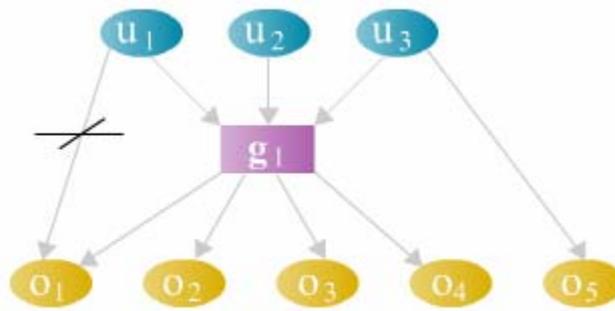
-
-
-
-

.1 :



مجموعات تعمل كقائمة وسيطية للتحكم بالوصول

.2 :



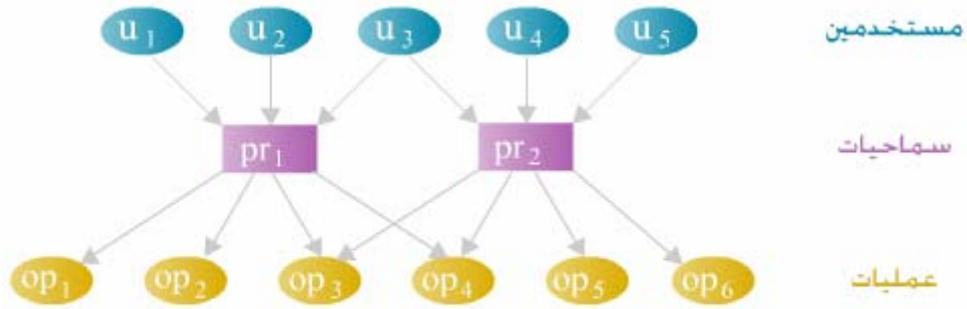
g_1

u_1

:privileges

.3

.privilege



مستخدمين

سماحيات

عمليات

توضع الامتيازات كطبقة وسيطية بين المواضيع و العمليات

:role-based access control (RBAC)

.4

RBAC

" "

:

.5

(process)

:

(0)

(1)

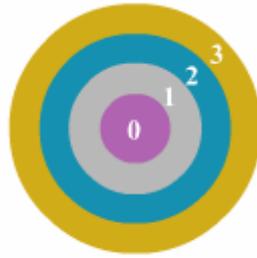
(2)

(3)

.i

i

process



حلقات الحماية

.5 :

:

.Bell-LaPdula

:

.1

.Bell-LaPdula BLP

.2

.Biba

.3

.Clark-Wilson

.4

:

.1

:

:

:state

(

)

:state transition

:Bell-LaPdula (BLP)

.2

-
-
-

BLP

:Simple Security Property (SS Property)

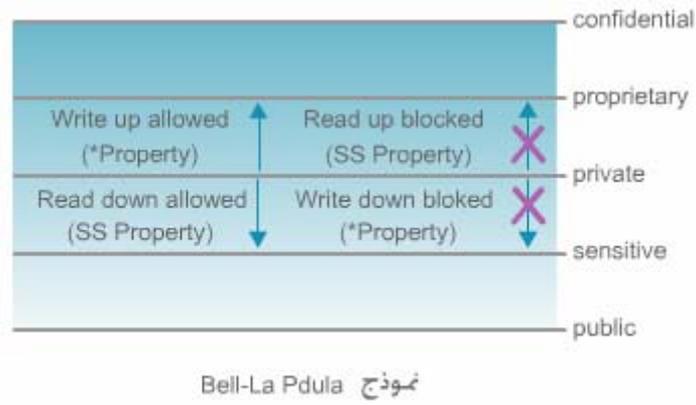
.1

.no read up "

:(*) Security Property

.2

. no write down "



trusted subject

BLP

confidentiality

BLP

:

.1

.2

)

.3

.(

.4

:Biba

.3

.Clark-Wilson

Biba

lattice

Biba

:

.()

•

•

•

:

Biba

:Simple Integrity Axiom (SI Axiom)

.1

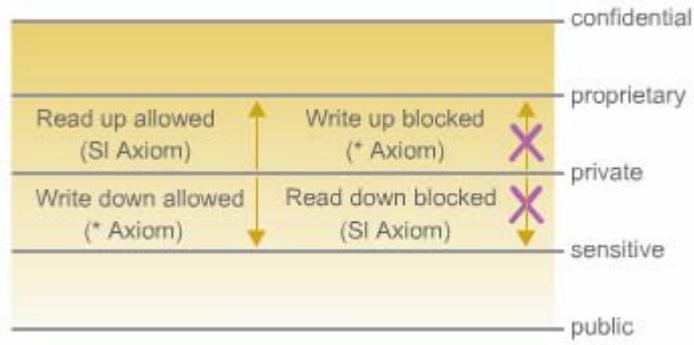
.no read down

:

.2

no

.write up



نموذج Biba

Biba

.1

.2

.3

.4

Clark-Wilson

.4

Biba

— —

:

.1

()

:

.2

restricted interface

Clark-Wilson

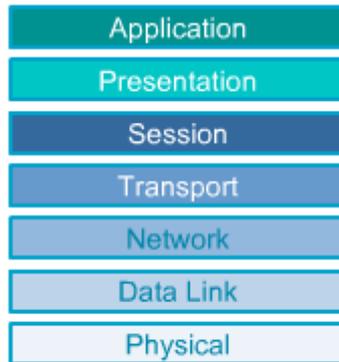
.model

:

.1

-
-
-

ISO/OSI



بنية ISO\OSI

(International Organization for Standardization) ISO/OSI

security services

N

(firewall)

:

•

•

:

:

active

•

passive

•

.IP

DNS

:

Traffic analysis

•

eavesdropping

•

.sniffing

wiretapping

spoofing attacks

•

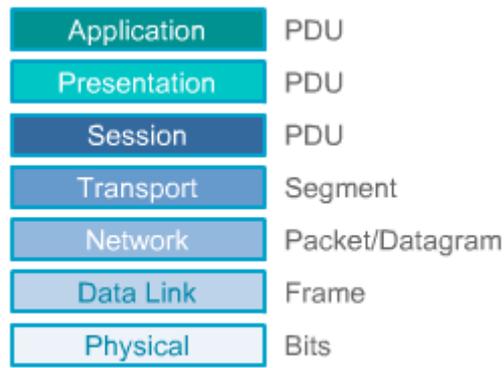
flooding

•

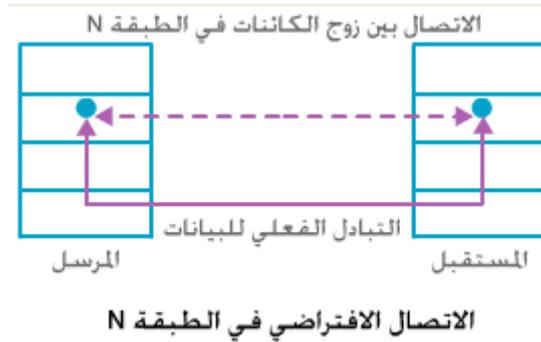
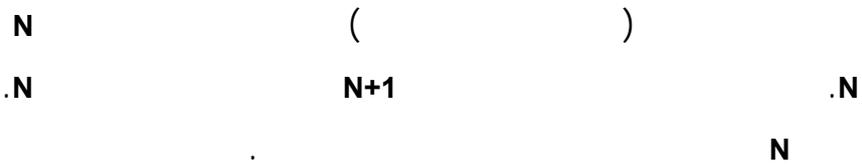
squatting

•

ISO/OSI



نموذج الطبقات السبع ISO/OSI



N-protocol data units N

N

(PDUs)

invoking facilities N-PDU N

.N-1

(N-1)- N-PDU

.PDU

N- (N-1)-PDU

.PDU



N-1

:N

(N-1)-PDU

:

telnet, ftp, http, : .1

. smtp (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol), Set (Secure Electronic Transaction)

TCP (Transport Control Protocol) : .2

UDP (User Datagram Protocol).

.IP : : .3

:() link .4

ports UDP TCP

ftp 21 : PDU

	:	IPsec	
	.RFC 2402	AH	•
	Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP)		•
		.RFC 2406	
		IPsec	
		AH	.1
	IP	IP AH	
)		
		.(
	.IPsec	ESP	
		ESP	.2
		: ESP	
			•
			•
			•
	.replay protection		•
		: ESP	
32	:Security Parameter Index (SPI)		.1
	security association SA		
	.(ESP)	IP	
	32 unsigned	:	.2
	PDU	:	.3
		:	.4
			.5
	PDU	:	.6

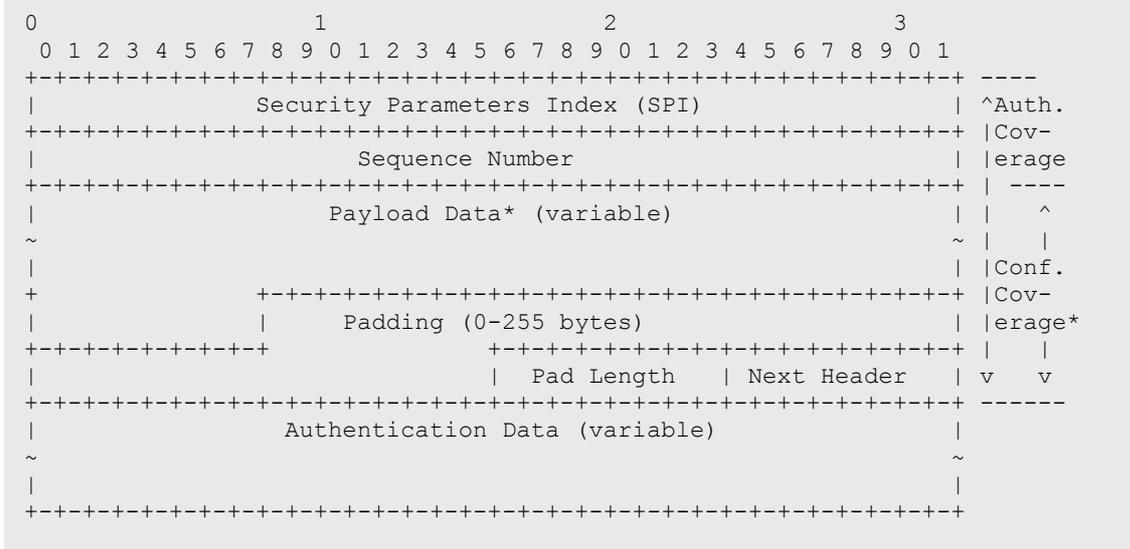
32

:

.7

ESP

integrity check value (IVC)



.ESP

.ESP

SPI

:

ESP

:transport mode

.1

.ESP (UDP TCP)

frame

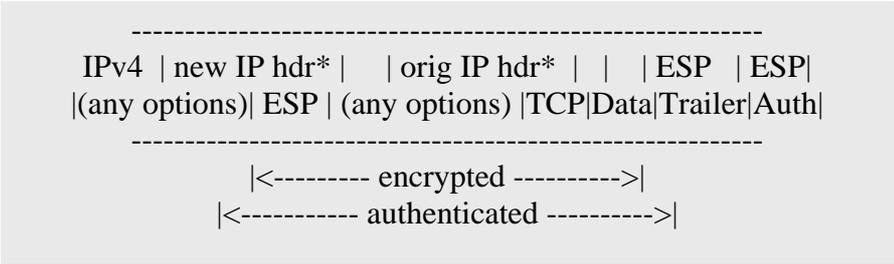
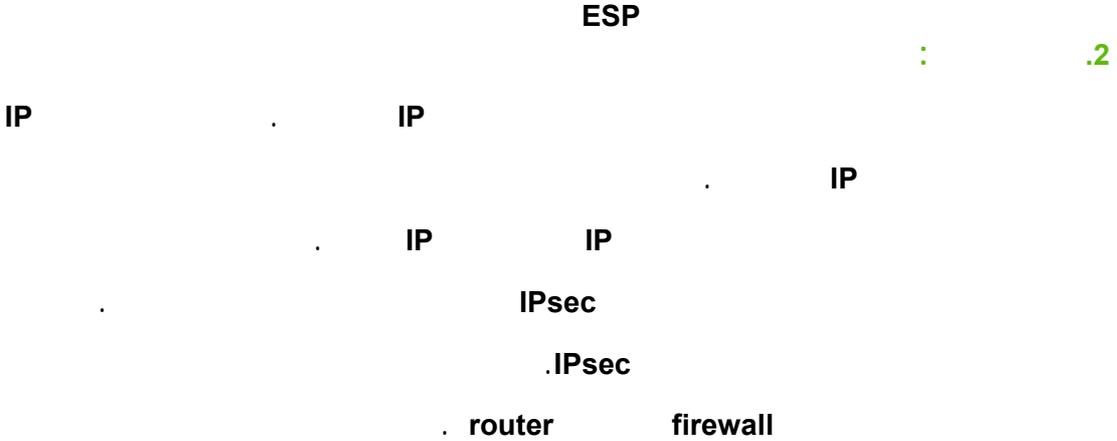
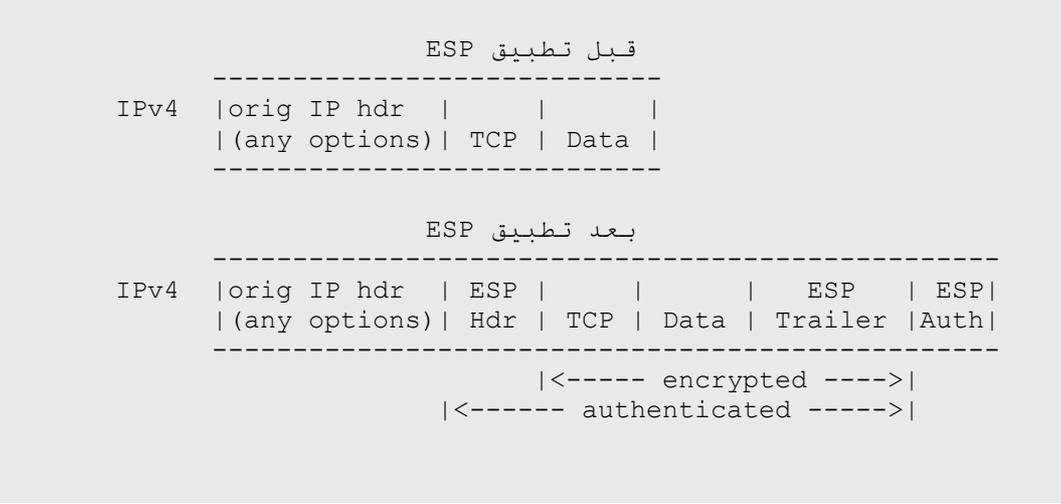
.IP

.hosts

-

.(IPsec

) IPsec



ESP

.3

ESP

.security association SA

state

) SPI

.(AH ESP)

IP

(ESP AH

IVs

.anti-replay window

Security Association SAD

.Data base

.IPsec

IPsec

.4

.IKE

:

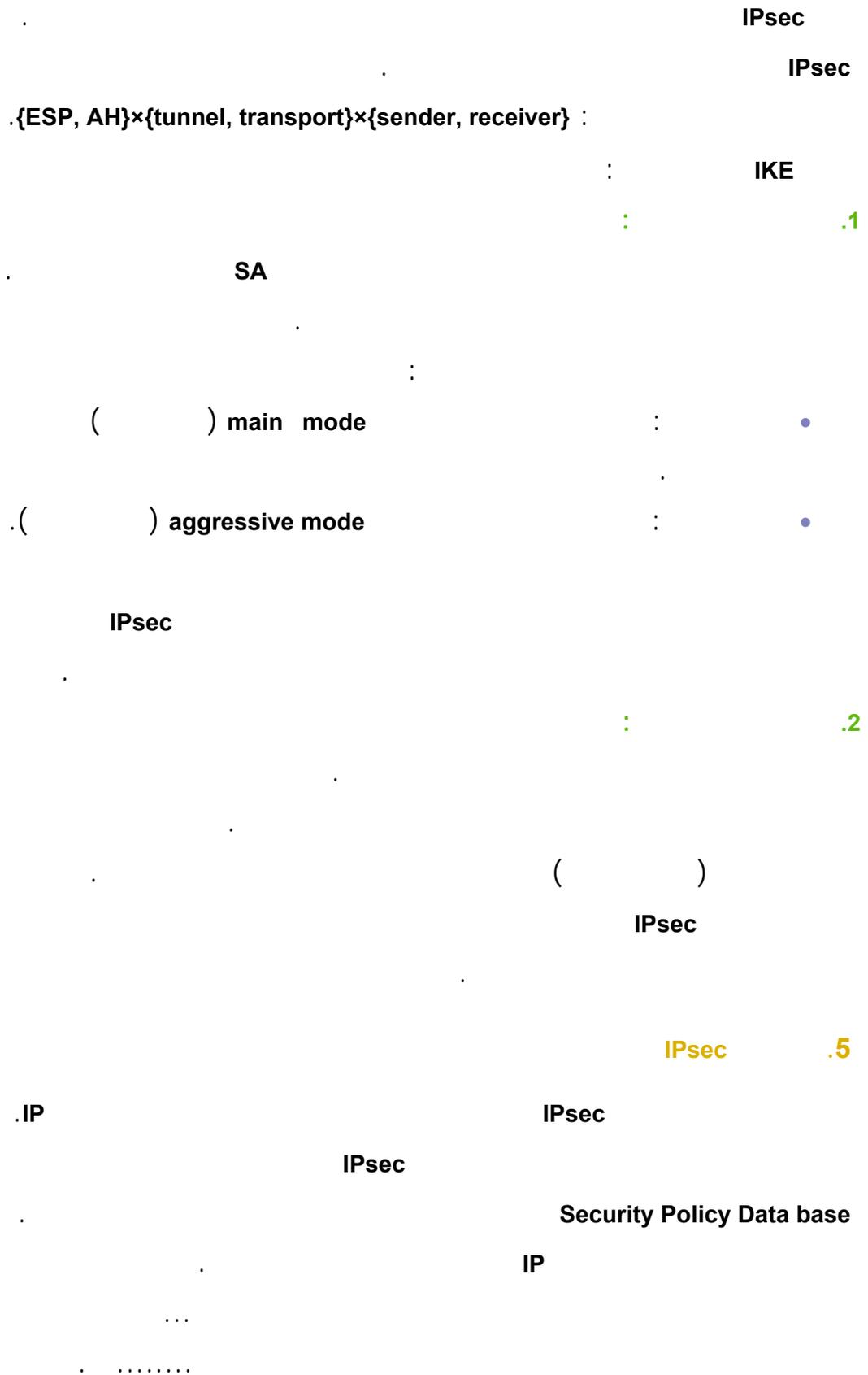
•

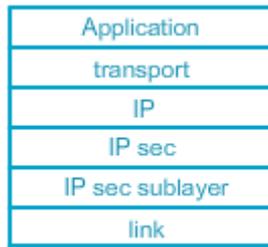
•

•

Message Authentication

code MAC





أمن IP

IPsec .6

.IP

IP

.IPsec

IPsec

IPsec

IPsec

secure socket

layer SSL / Transport Layer Security TLS

connection-oriented TCP

TCP

TCP

.Netscape

SSL

World Wide Web()

SSL

Transport Layer Security TLS

TCP

SSL

.SSL/TLS

TCP

.TCP

.reliable delivery

connection oriented SSL

session state SSL

SSL Diffi – Hellman

http 1.0 :

SSL :

SSL

SSL SSL Handshake

SSL

IPsec

IPsec

SSL

SSL

SSL

.ClientHello

M1: Client Hello:

Client Random [28]
Suggested Cipher Suites: TLS-RSA-WTTH-IDEA-CBC-SHA TLS-RSA-WTTH-3DES-EDE-CBC-SHA TLS-DH-DSS-WTTH-AES-128-CBC-SHA
Suggested Compression Algorithm:NONE

RSA

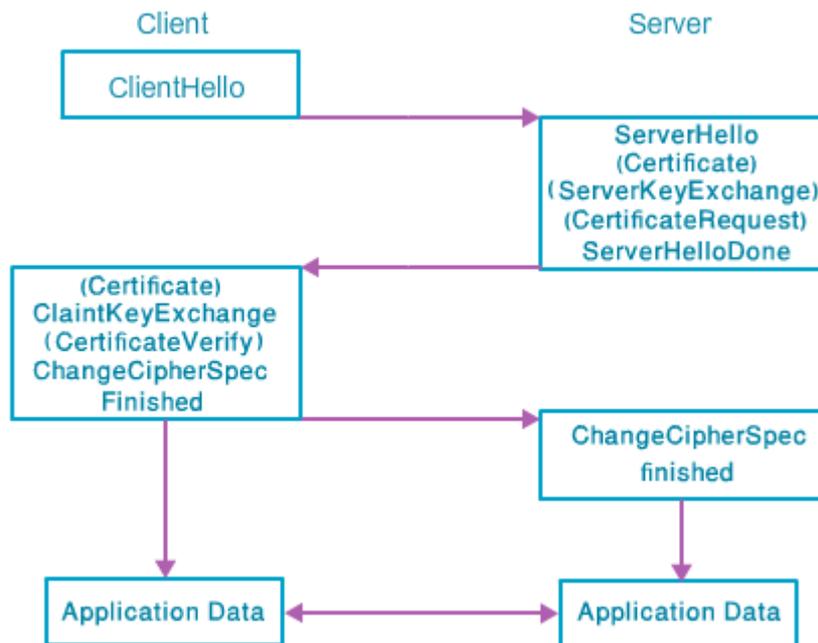
TLS-RSA-WITH-3DES-EDE-CBC-SHA

SHA

CBC

3DES

ServerHello



بروتوكول مصافحة SSL

M2: ServerHello:
Certificates:

Server

ServerRandom[28]
Use Cipher Suite: TLS.RSA>WITH-3DES-EDE-CBC-SHA
Session ID:0xa00372d4xs
subjectAltName: SuperStoreVirtualOutlet PublicKey:0x521aa593..... Issuer: SuperStoreHQ
subjectAltName: SuperStoreVirtualHQ PublicKey: 0x9f400682..... Issuer: Verisign
NONE

subject alternative name

.PreMasterSecret 48
 .PRF 48
 "master secret" .PRF(PreMasterSecret
 SHA MD5 CleanRandom||ServerRandom)
 . CleanRandom||ServerRandom) "key expansion" PRF(MasterSecret
 MAC

reflection attack

PreMasterSecret
)
 (. PreMasterSecret
 :
 ChangeCipherSpec
 .SHA MD5

M3: A: ClientKeyExchange B: ChangeCipherSpec C: Finished	RSA_Encryption (ServerPublicKey,PreMasterSecret)
	NONE
	MD5(M1 M2 M3A) SHA(M1 M2 M3A)

MasterSecet

PreMasterSecet

M4:	A: ChangeCipherSpec	NONE
	B: Finished	MD5(M1 M2 M3A M3C) SHA(M1 M2 M3A M3C)

DNS .5

.DNS (Domain name system)

DNS

.DNS

DNS

reverse

DNS

lookup

DNS

lookup

DNS

spoofing

DNS lookup

.prevention

DNS

.6

.() ()
:

.dial- in

virtual private network

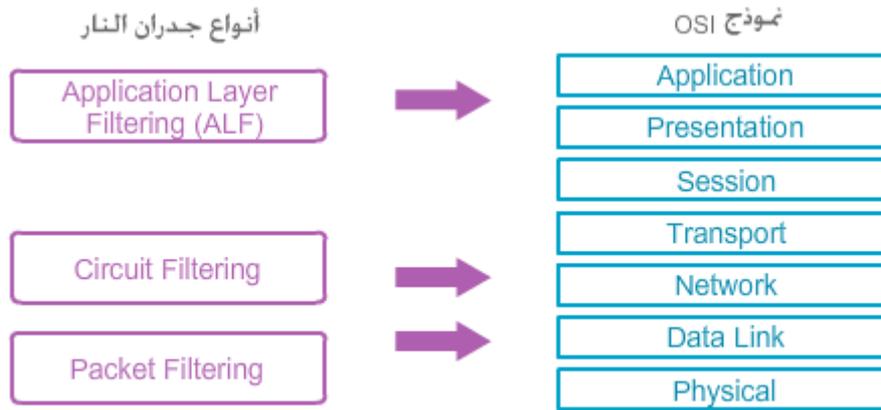
.(VPN)

VPN

.(NAT)

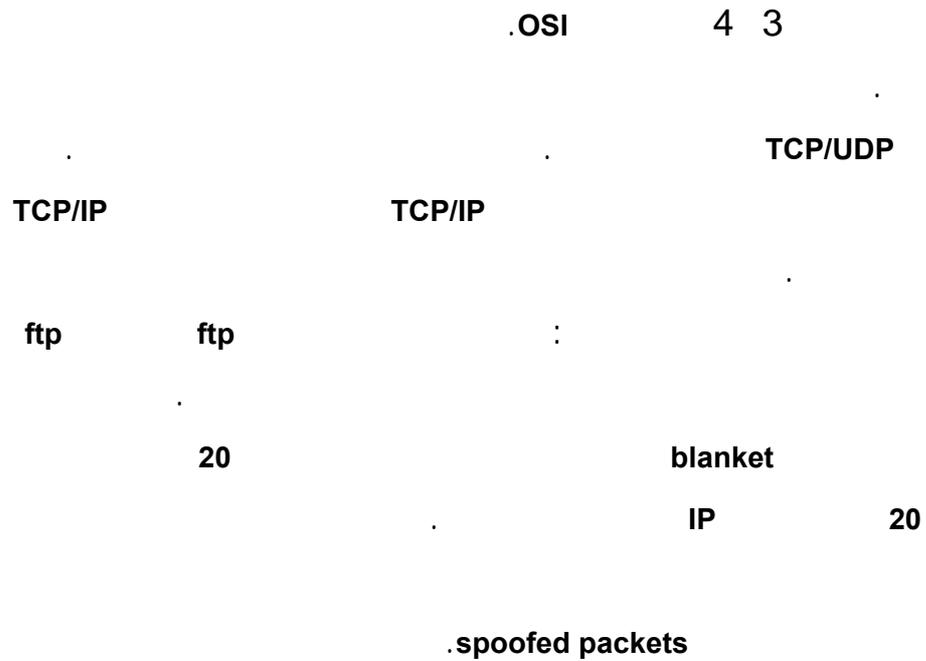
.()

.OSI



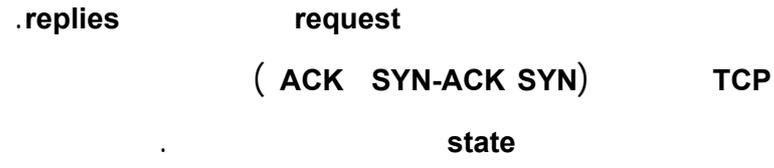
توضع جدران النار على طبقات الشبكة

.1



Statefull packet filters

.2



iptables

.IP TCP

Circuit – level proxies

.3

.4

.Proxy

controlled invocation "

"

.spam

.hardened PC

.5

permissive:

SNMP telnet

.SSH smtp pop3 http

.Access Control List ACL

.DNS SSH ftp http :

.DNS SMTP :

.SMTP DNS :

.pop3 SMTP :

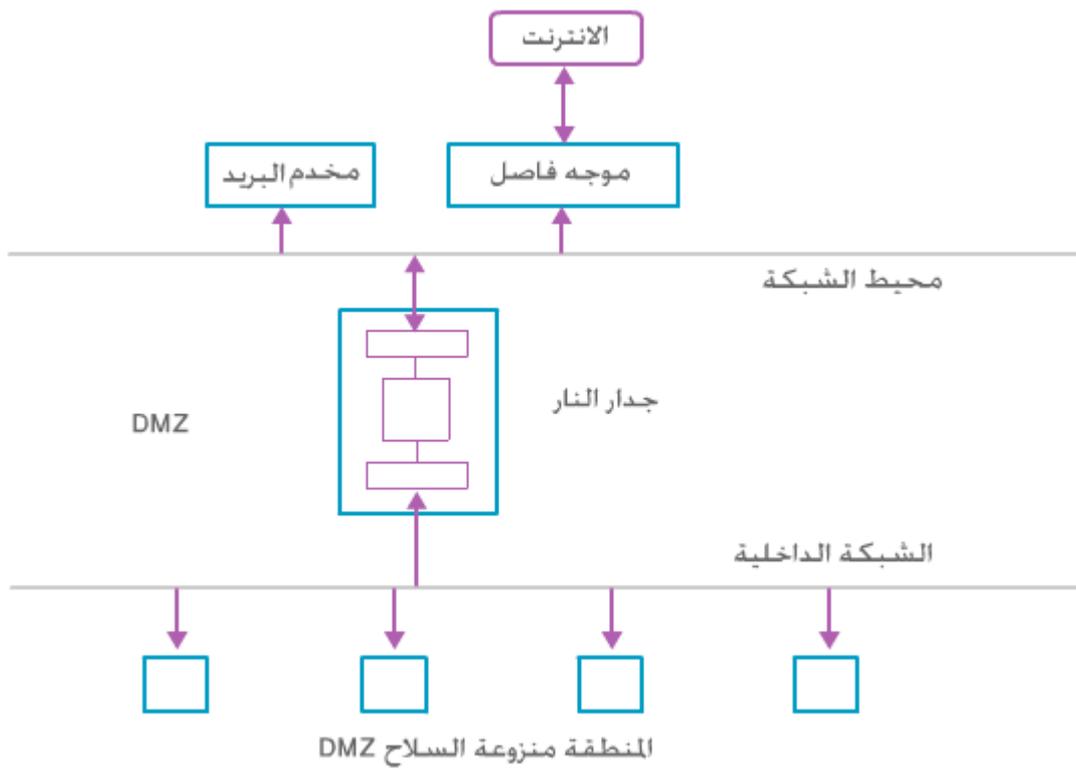
.()

Perimeter Network

.6

demilitarized Zone

(DMZ)



.7

-
-
-
-
-
-

80

http

Intrusion detection

.7

denial-of-service

Intrusion

.detection system (IDS)

IDS

misuse detection

.anomaly detection

.IDS

vulnerability assessment

.1

misuse detection

.2

.attack signature

IP

TCP SYN

overflow attack

.SYN

IDS

Network-based- IDS

.3

.bytecode

.()

.()

Snort

Host-based IDS

\

.4

checksums

Honeyd

.5

ARP .1

ARP cash

ARP

.ARP

ARP

DNS B (a.example.org) A .2

DNS B .b.example.org

.B DNS

DNS 16

cache

A DNS

B DNS B

A DNS .B

DNS B

.(

SSL IPsec .3

.4

anonymity

IP IP .5

.6

TCP/IP

.7

:

.1

GSM

.2

Global System for Mobile Group Special Mobile GSM

Communications

:

.1

.2

.3

.4

.1

GSM

:

:visited network

•

.Mobile Station MS

•

.Mobile Equipment ME

•

:Subscriber Identity Module SIM

•

:

.Base Station BS

•

.Mobile Switching Center MSC

•

:Home Location Register HLR

VLR

HLR

Call Roaming

AuC

:Authentication Center AuC

:Visitor Location Register VLR

VLR

HLR

Call Roaming

Service Level SLAs

.Agreements

.International Mobile Subscriber Identity IMSI GSM

AuC

HLR

SIM

.K_i

128

IMSI

(

) TMSI

K_i

(

) A₈ A₃

SIM

. 64

K_c

PIN(personal identification

SIM

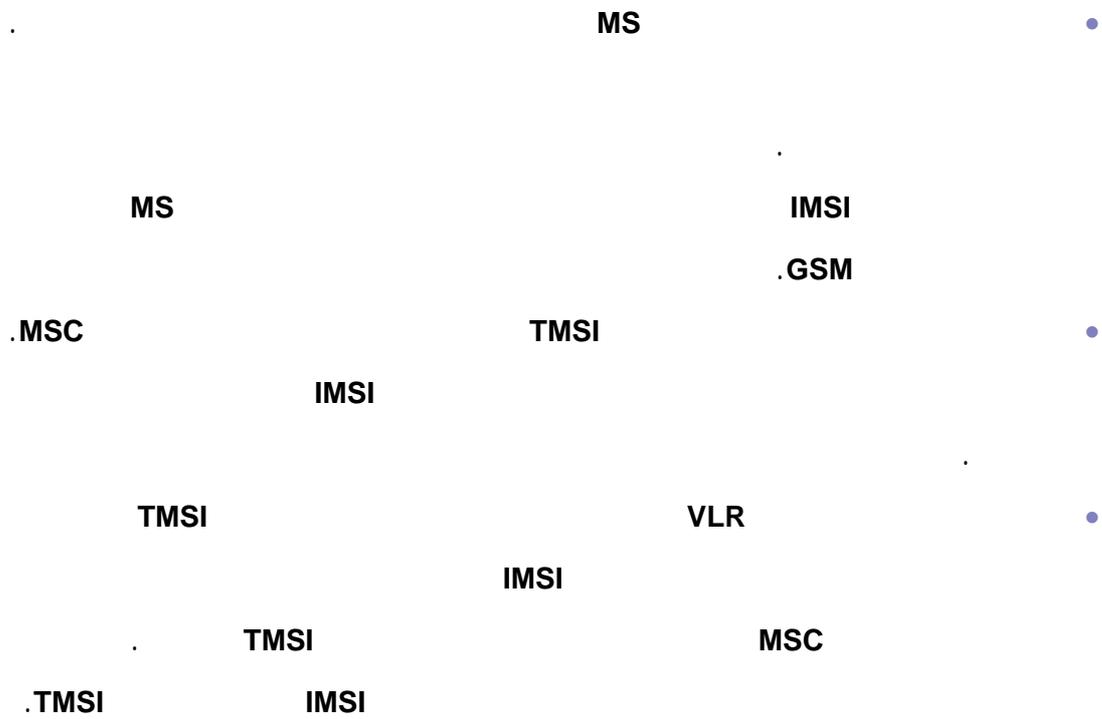
SIM

number)

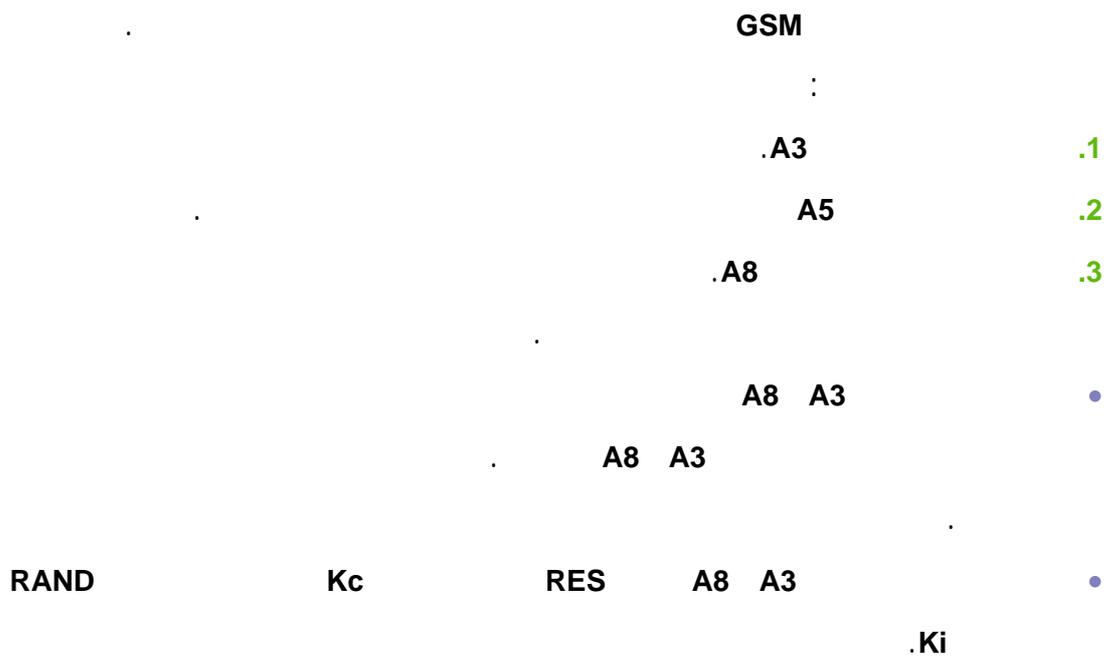
.PUK(personal unblocking key)

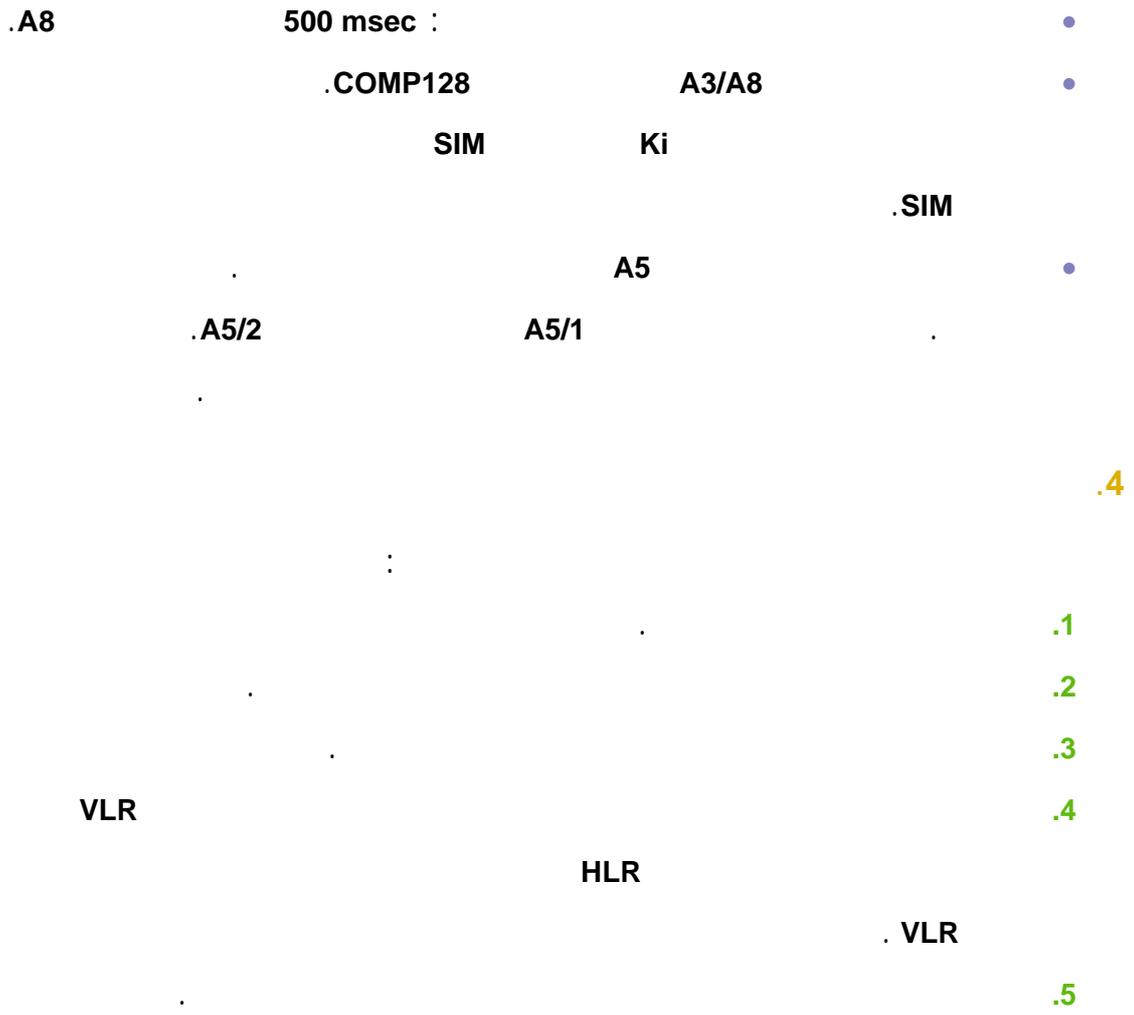
Temporary Mobile Subscriber Identity TMSI

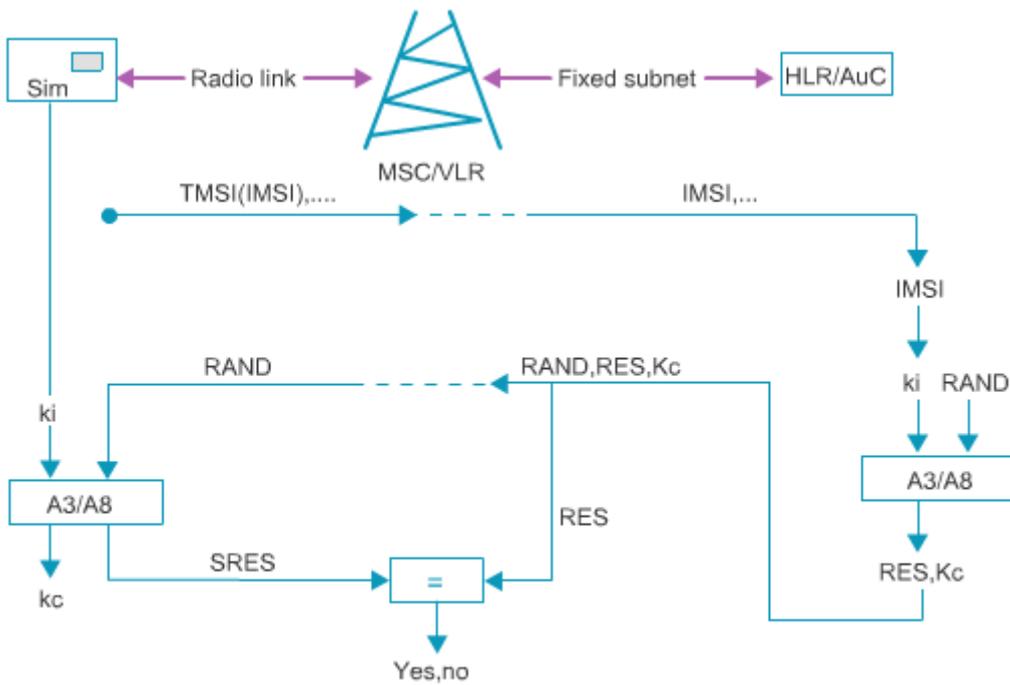
.2



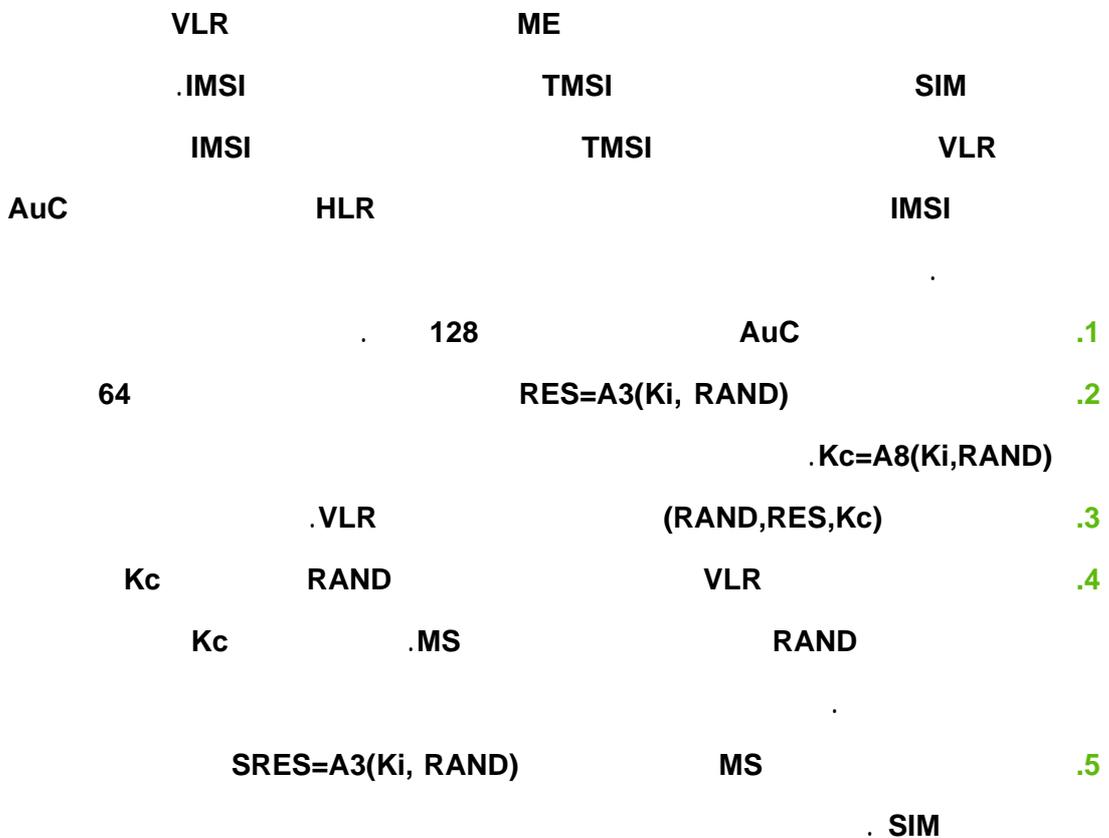
.3

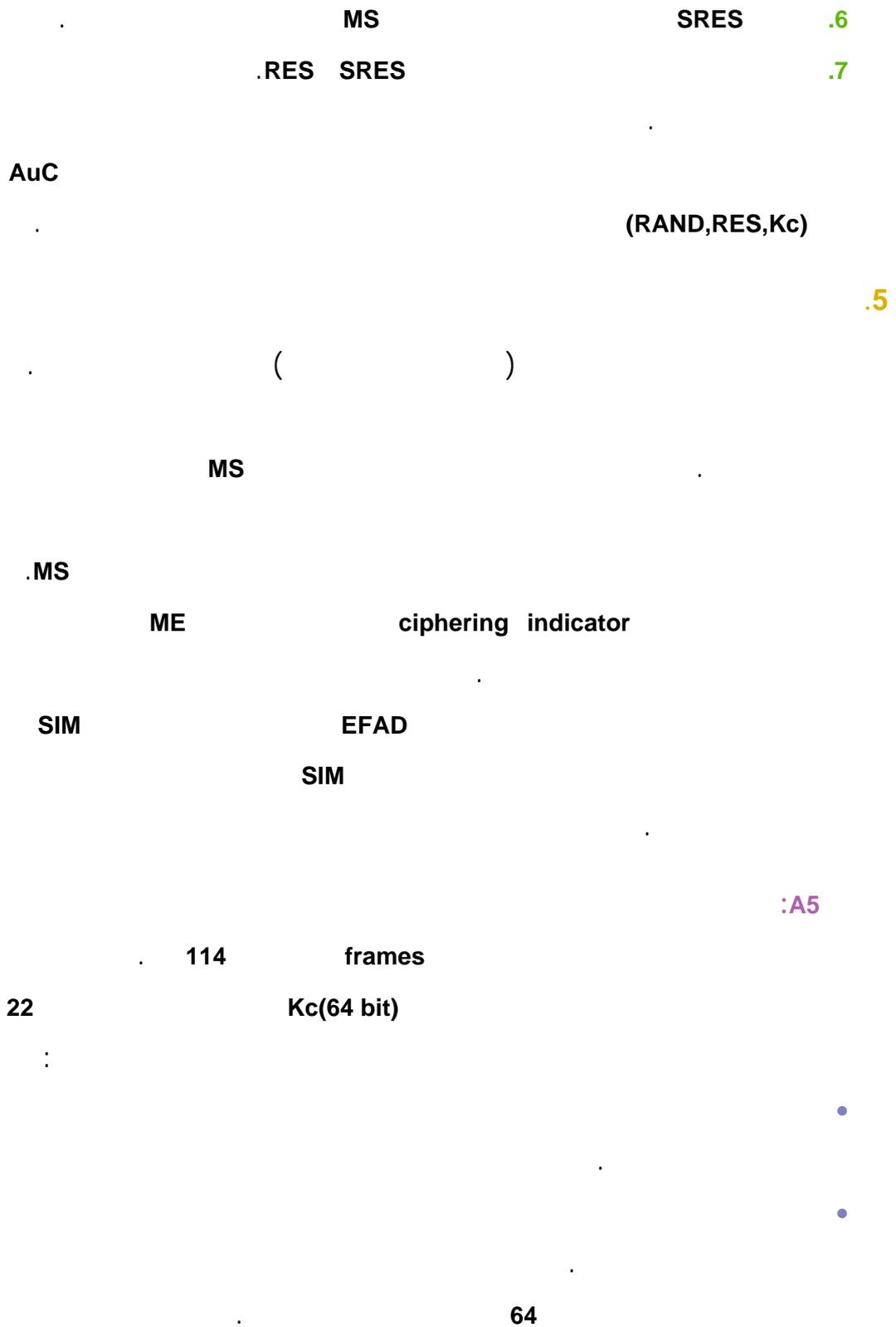






GSM



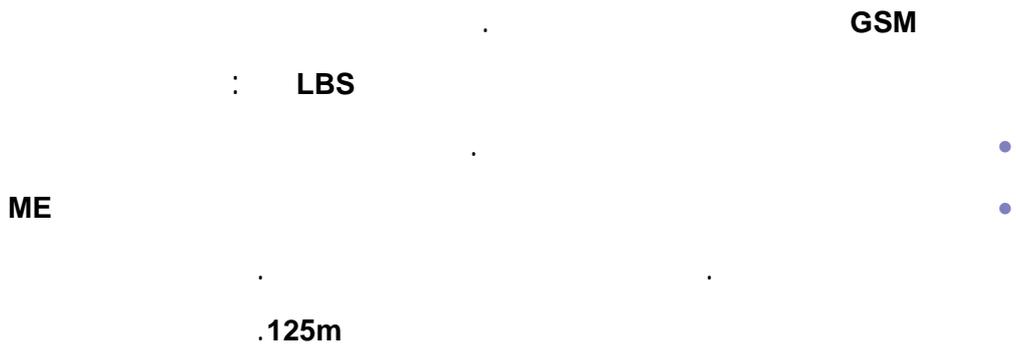




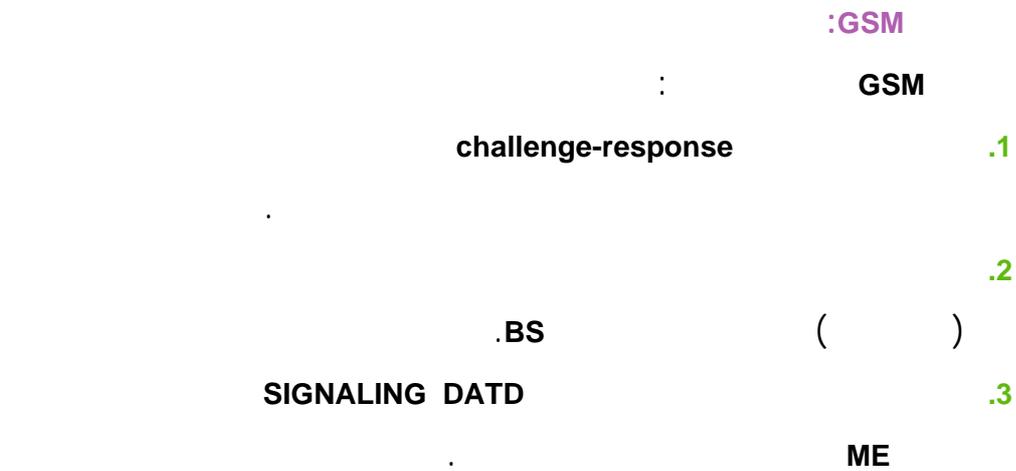
.6

location-based Service

.7



GSM .8



TMSI .4

MS IMSI

.IMSI

.5

IMEI IMSI

.6

:GSM

: GSM

.1

.2

.9

Universal Mobile UMTS

.3

Telecommunication System

.Universal Mobile Telecommunication System UMTS

UMTS

GMS

UMTS

AuC

UE

UE

False Base Station Attacks

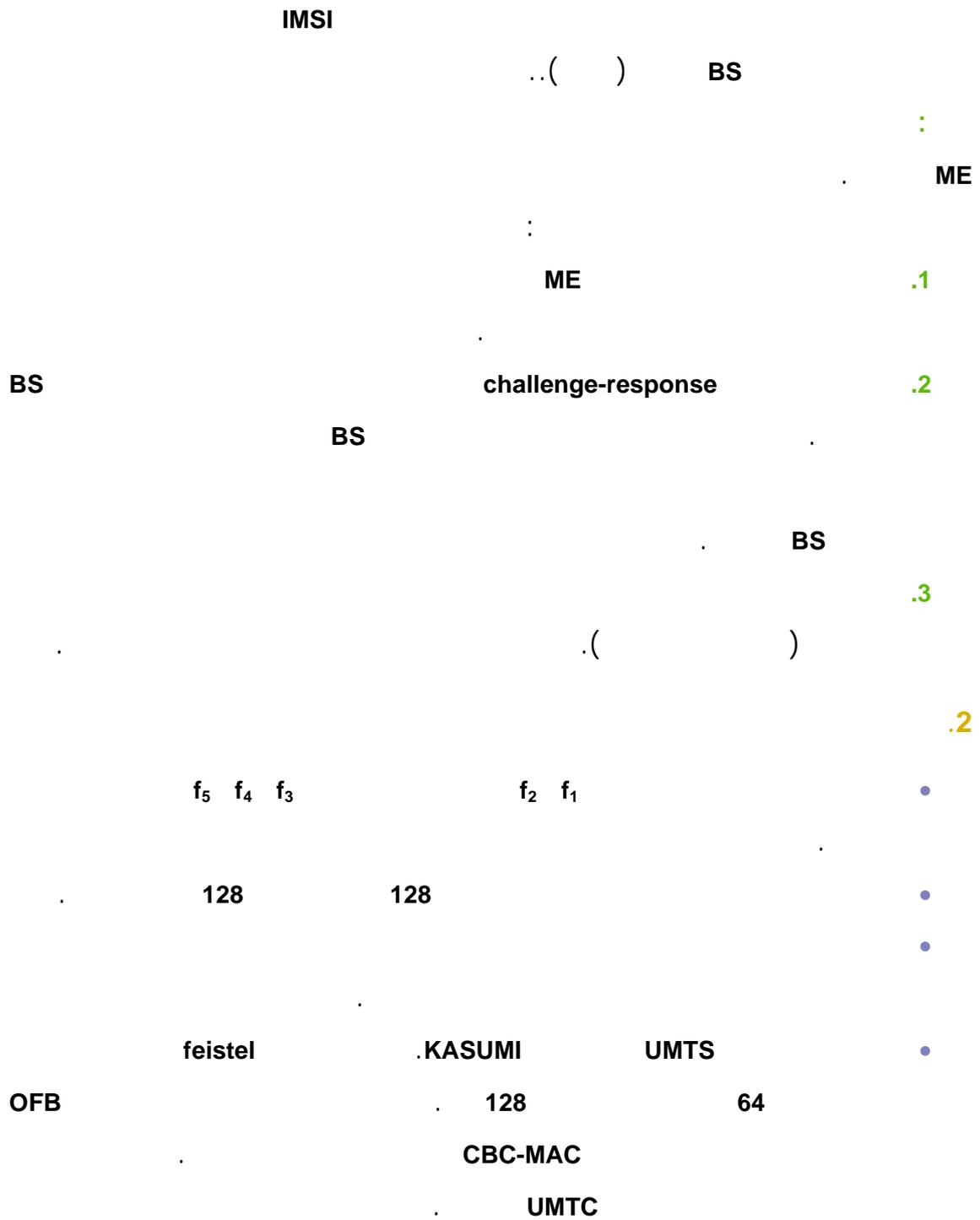
.1

ME

GSM :

BS

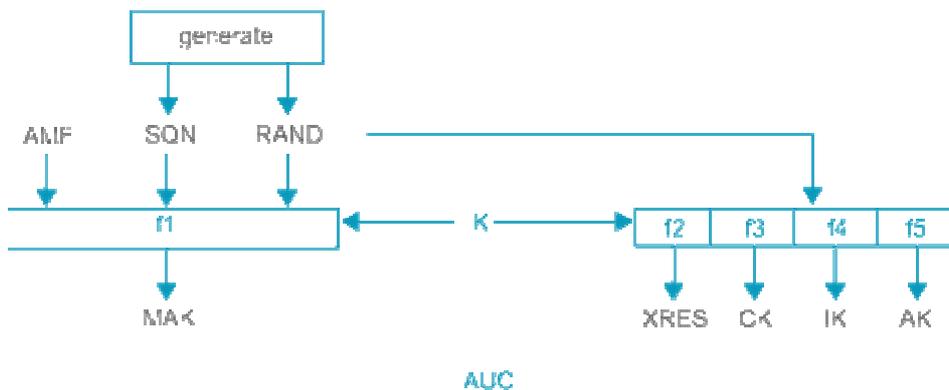
ME

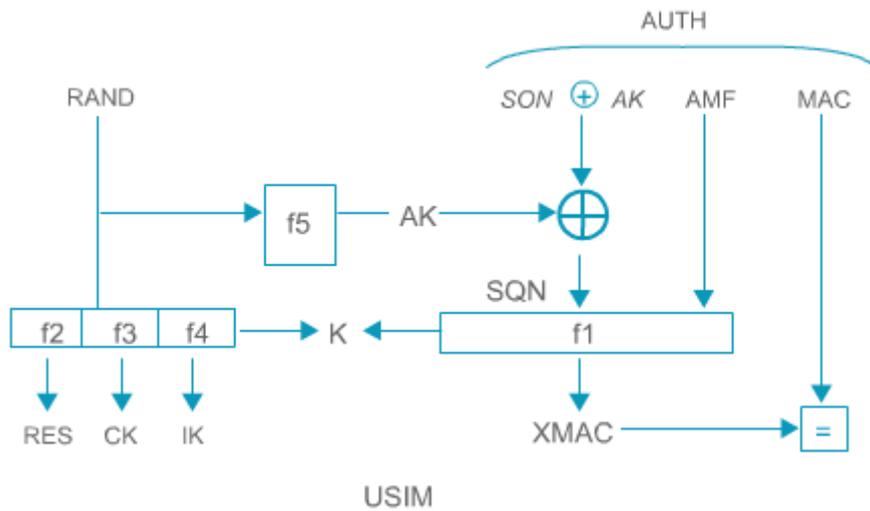


Authentication and Key Agreement UMTS

.3
AKA

128 K USIM AuC
 .SQN
 : AuC
 .RAND
 .XRES=f2(RAND,K)
 . 128 CK=f3(RAND,K)
 . 128 IK=f4(RAND,K)
 . 48 AK=f5(RAND,K) ANONYMITY
 Message Authentication Code MAC
) AMF SEQ RAND
 .(
 . AUTN = (SQN ⊕ AK, MAC)
 (RAND,AUTN,XRES,CK,IK) AuC
 .VLR/SGSN
 IMSI RAND,AUTN,XRES,CK,IK VLR/SGSN
 .UE AUTN RAND





K) $AK = f_5(RAND)$

USIM

UTN RAND

RAND

XMAC

$$SQN = (SQN \oplus AK) \oplus AK$$

MAC

AMF SQN

AuC

AUTN RAND

USIM

SQN

USIM

VLR

REPLAY

BS

FRESHNESS

K

RAND

IK CK

RES

USIM

RES

VLR

VLR

RES

USIM

XRES

IPv6

.4

UMTS GSM

operator

IPv6

IP

.IP

PKI

B

A

A

.B

A

.A

B

(A)

B

.B

B

B

A

.denial-of-sevice

A

.B

A

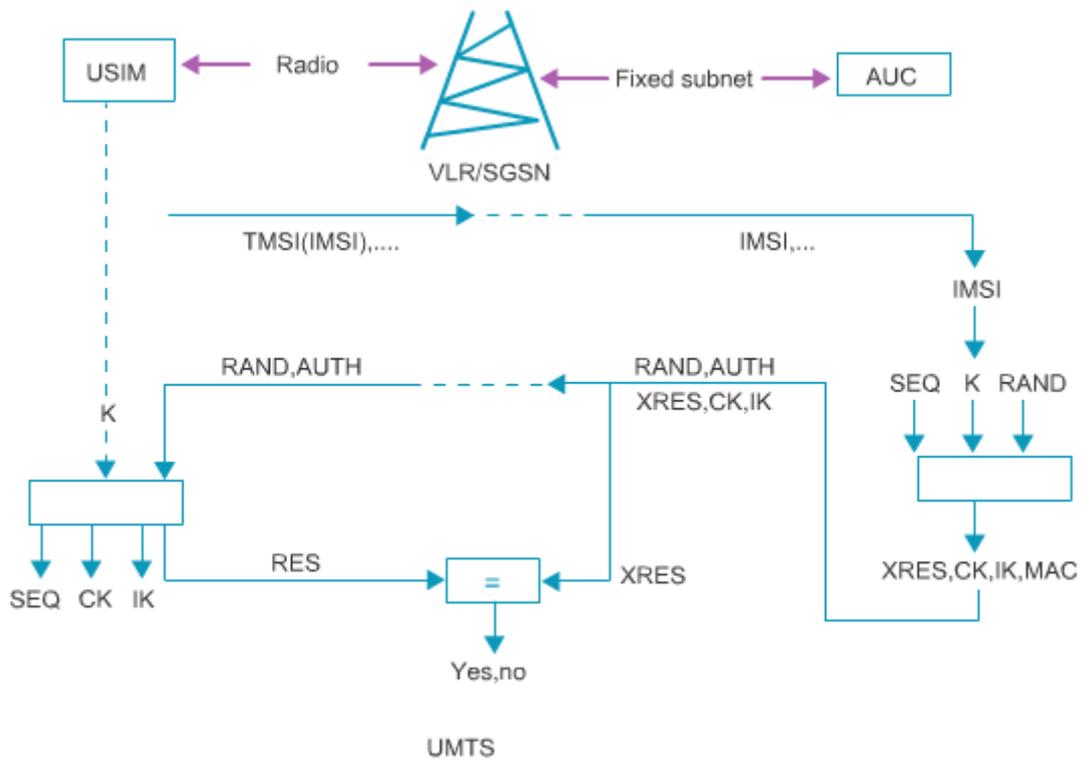
B

A

bombing attack

A

.B



Authorization

transport layer

IP

: .1

mobility

(IPv4 NAT)

.2

128 MIPv6 IPv6 .IPv6 IPv6
 () 14
 .() interface ID
 IPv6
 home address HoA

IP
 IP
 MIPv6 ESP IPv6
 CoA .care-of-address CoA

WLAN .5
 WLAN
 .IEEE802.11

WLAN
 bandwidth
 : WLAN
 infrastructure
 ad hoc .access points

.Service Set Identifier SSID

open WLAN

WLAN

.hot spot

.WLAN

SSID

Broadcast

SSID

SSID

SSID

SSID

MAC

MAC

.WLAN

.MAC SSID

Universal Access Mechanism UAM

.DHCP

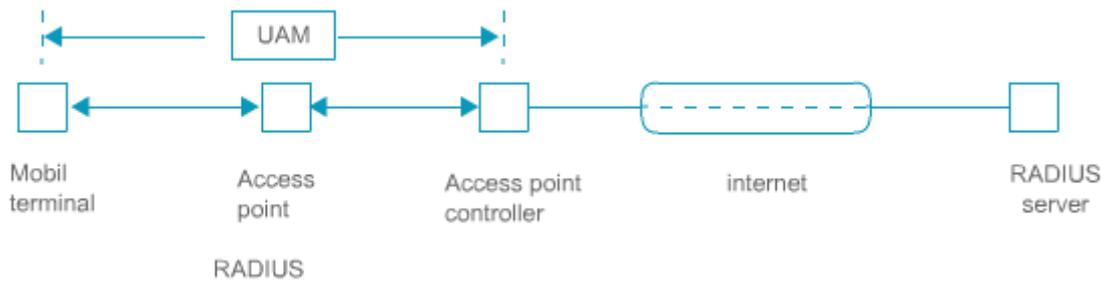
IP

HTTP

DNS

HTTPS

.RADIUS



WEP .1

Wireless Equivalent Privacy WEP

preshared secrets

WEP

XOR

XOR

()

24 Initial Vector IV

m

104 40

CRC-32(m) 32 checksum

$K' = IV \parallel K$ RC4 IV

$c = (m \parallel CRC - 32(m)) \oplus RC4(K') : c$

IV

$c \oplus RC4(K') = (m \parallel CRC - 32(m))$

challenge

WEP

CRC-32

(XOR)

.IV

.K'

IV

RC4

IV

.WEP

WiFi Protected Access WPA

WiFi

.2

WPA

WEP

WEP

.WLAN

WPA

.WLAN

Message Integrity Code (MIC)

CRC-32

48 IV

.Michael

Temporal Key Integrity Protocol TKIP

Pairwise Master Key

Pairwise Transient Keys PTKs

PMK

.(PMK)

(WPA-PSK)

WPA

:

PBKDF2

PMK

256) 4096 SSID length SSID PMK=PBKDF2(passphrase

20 passphrase :

SSID

.SSID

PTK

256

4069

MAC

PMK

WPA-PSK

WLAN

PMK

passphrase

PMK

PTK

SSID

SSID

MAC

PTK

WPA

WEP

WPA

IEEE 802.11i – WPA2 .3

2004

IEEE 802.11i

WLAN

AES

RC6

WPA2

WPA2

CBC-MAC

CCMP

BLUETOOTH .6

)

ad hoc

(10

PIN

pairing

128

PIN

PIN

GSM

challenge-response

PIN

BLUETOOTH

BLUETOOTH

.1

.2

.3

128 MAC
 .1:1000
 1K 2K 1K
 32 MAC 1:100

.4

نئ

.ITEF

.5

() CGA
 hash 3 2 Sec = 1
 .1msec

.6

IEEE 802.11b 1500
 IV IV 11
)

.(IV

.7

WEP challenge-response " " WEP

.8

WEP IP

.9

.EAP 802.1X UAM

:

.1

DBMS a data base system

:

DBMS

:

:

:

•

:

•

:

:

•

:

•

:internal consistency •

:external consistency •

DBMS

Relational Databases .2

:Relational Database

()

D_1, \dots, D_n $D_1 \times \dots \times D_n$

R

R

.i ()

D_i

D_i

i

$(v_1, \dots, v_n) : v_i \in D_i$

tuple

"

"

"

"

null

Name	Day	Flight	Status
A	Mon	GR123	private
B	Mon	YL011	business
B	Wed	BX201	
C	Tue	BX201	business
A	Thu	FL9700	business

Flight	Destination	Departs	Days
GR123	THU	7:55	1-4-
YL011	ATL	8:10	12345-7
BX201	SLA	9:20	1-3-5-
FL9700	SLA	14:00	-2-4-6-
GR127	THU	14:55	-2-5-

Flights Diary

Diary

.....sat, sun ,mon ,tue ,wed ,thu ,fri

.Structured Query Language SQL

:SELECT

```
SELECT name, status
FROM diary
WHERE day ='mon'
```

name	status
A	Private
B	business

```

UPDATE Dairy
  SET Status = private
  WHERE Day = 'sun';

```

:UPDATE

```

DELETE FROM Diary
  WHERE name = 'Alice';

```

tuples **:DELETE**

.Diary Alice

```

INSERT INTO Flights (Flight, Destination, Days)
  VALUES ('GR005', 'GOH', '12-45-');

```

tuples **:INSERT**

Departs Flights tuples

.tuples

:() •

:View •

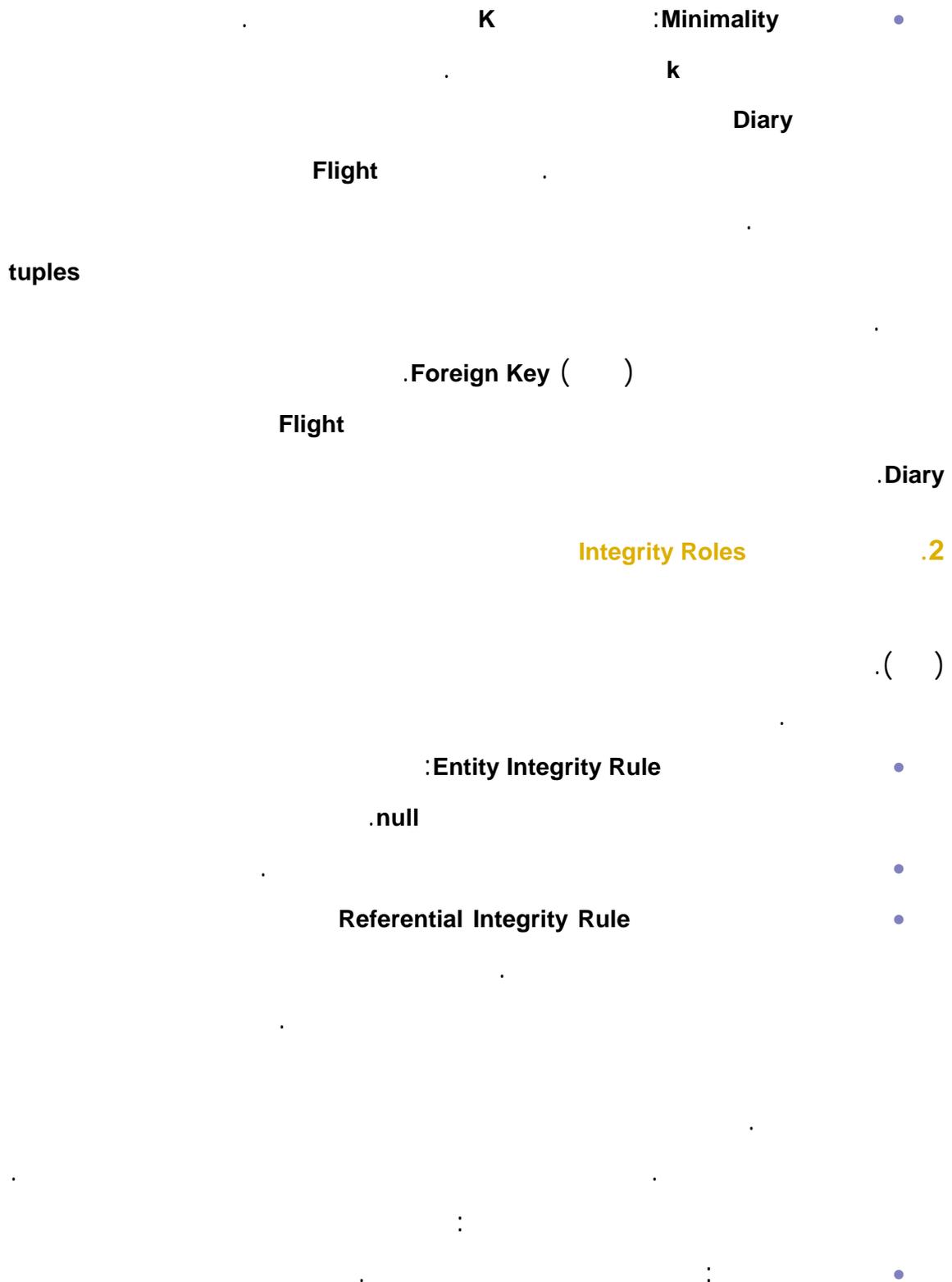
:Query •

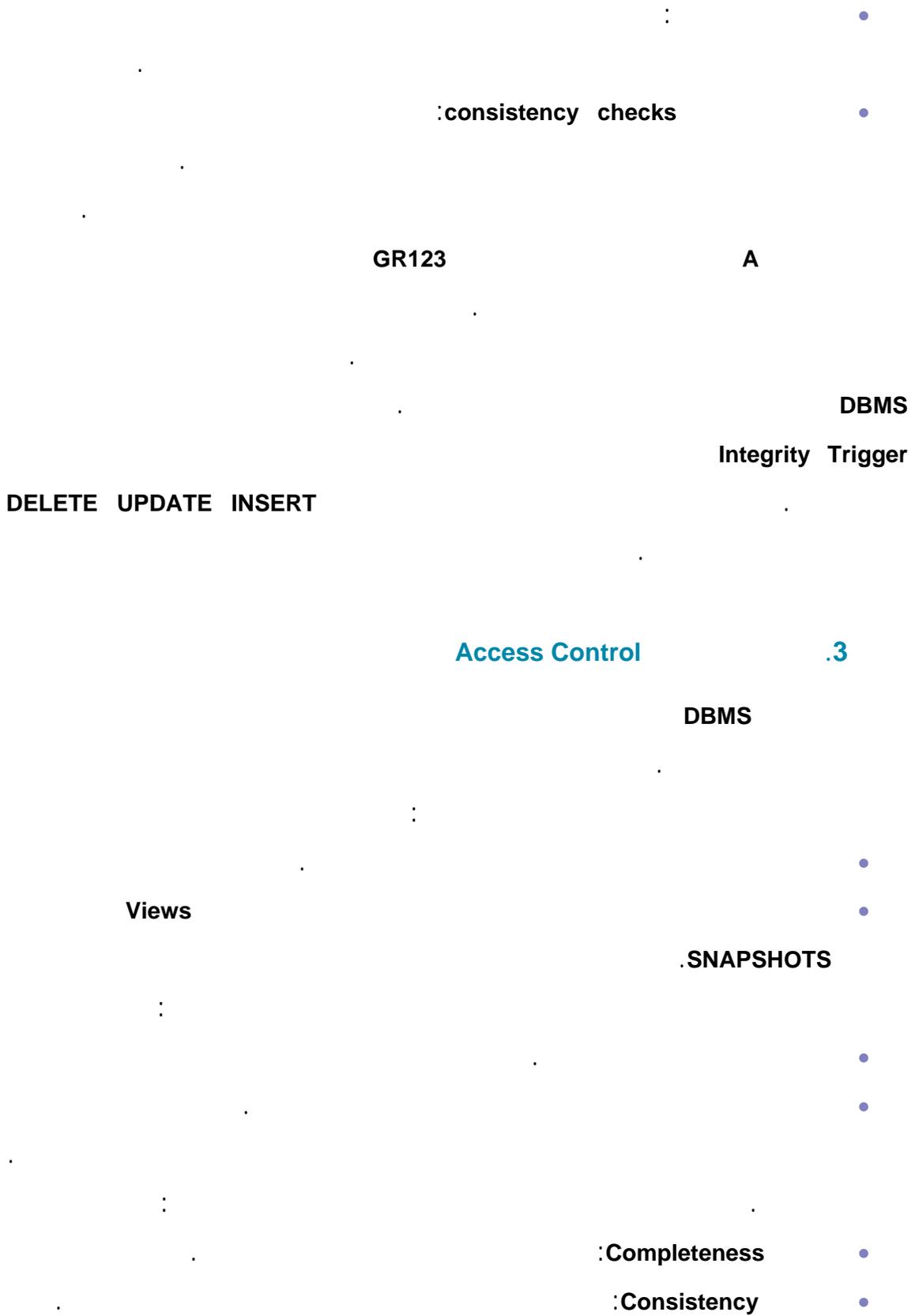
.1

A primary key :

: K

.K :Uniqueness •





SQL security mode SQL .1

SQL

:

DBMS

.INSERT DELETE UPDATE SELECT :ACTIONS •

VIEWS TABLE : •

DBMS

privileges

:grantor

:grantee

:object

:action

:grantable

.SQL

view

.2

```

      .REVOKE      GRANT      SQL
      .           ( )
      .Diary      Z A
GRANT SELECT, UPDATE (Day, Flight)
  ON TABLE Dairy
  TO A , Z

```

```

REVOKE UPDATE
  ON TABLE Dairy
  FROM A
      SQL

```

.GRANT

```

GRANT SELECT
  ON TABLE Dairy
  TO A
  WITH GRANT OPTION
      .Z      Diary

```

A

```

GRANT SELECT
  ON TABLE Dairy
  TO Z
  WITH GRANT OPTION
      Diary      A

```

Diary

A

cascade

()

\

.3

VIEWS

```

CREATE VIEW view_name [(column [,column ] .... )]
  AS subquery
  [ WITH CHECK OPTION];

```

()

subquery

Diary

```
CREATE VIEW business_trips AS
SELECT * FROM Diary
WHERE Status = 'business'
WITH CHECK OPTION;
```

```
CREATE VIEW Top_of_the_Class AS
SELECT * FROM Students WHERE Grade <
(SELECT Grade FROM Students WHERE Name = current_user());
```

.Security Labels

thule

```
CONFIDENTIAL AS ≥ CREATE VIEW Flights
SELECT * FROM Diary
WHERE Destination = 'THU' AND Status = 'business';
```

Diary

business_trips

Name	Day	Flight	Status
B	Mon	YL011	business
C	Tue	BX201	business
A	Thu	FL9700	business

```
UPDATE business_trips
  SET Status = 'private'
  WHERE Name = 'A' AND Day = 'Thu'
```

business_trips

A

check

check

.blind writes

.4

.4

(aggregate)

- :COUNT
- :SUM
- :AVG
- :MAX
- :MIN

query predicate

query set

.query predicate

.aggregate

Nam	Sex	Program	Units	Grade Ave
A	F	MBA	8	63
B	M	CS	15	58
C	F	CS	16	70
D	M	MIS	22	75
E	M	CS	8	66
F	F	MIS	16	81
G	F	MBA	23	68
H	M	CS	7	50
L	M	MIS	21	70

.Grade Ave Units

:

```
Q1 : SELECT AVG(Grade Ave.)  
      FROM Students  
      WHERE Programme = 'MBA'
```

query predicate .MBA

.Program = 'MBA'

Aggregation and Inference

Aggregation and Inference

:

:

•

:

•

:tracker

•

tracker

.CS

C

Q1 : SELECT COUNT(*)
FROM Students
WHERE Sex = 'F' AND Programme = 'CS'

Q2 : SELECT AVG(Grade Ave.)
FROM Students
WHERE Sex = 'F' AND Programme = 'CS'

.70 :Q2 1 :Q1 :

70

.CS

Q1

Q2

query set

Q3 : SELECT COUNT (*)
FROM Students
WHERE Programme = 'CS'

Q4 : SELECT COUNT(*)
FROM Students
WHERE Programme = 'CS' AND Sex = 'M'

Q5 : SELECT AVG(Grade Ave.)
FROM Students
WHERE Programme = 'CS'

Q6 : SELECT AVG(Grade Ave.)
FROM Students

WHERE Programme = 'CS' AND Sex = 'M'

.58 :Q6 61 :Q5 3 :Q4 4 :Q3

C

$$(4 \times 61) - (3 \times 58) = 70$$

(CS C)

.tracker

T

general tracker

individual tracker

r

R

T

.Name = 'C'

T

$$R \vee NOT(T) \quad R \vee T$$

query set

C

Sex = 'F' AND programme = 'CS'

(T)

programme = 'MIS'

:

Q7 : SELECT SUM(Units)
FROM Students
WHERE Name = 'C' OR programme = 'MIS'

Q8 : SELECT SUM(Units)
FROM Students
WHERE Name = 'C' OR NOT (programme = 'MIS')

Q9 : SELECT SUM(Units)
FROM Students

.136 :Q9 77 :Q8 75:Q7 :

$$(75+77)-136 = 16$$

C

query set

aggregation

students

ID	Sex	Program	Units	Grade Ave
B13	F	MBA	8	63
C25	M	CS	15	58
C23	F	CS	16	70
M38	M	MIS	22	75
C12	M	CS	8	66
M22	F	MIS	16	81
B36	F	MBA	23	68
C10	M	CS	7	50
M20	M	MIS	21	70

Nam	ID
A	B13
B	C25
C	C23
D	M38
E	C12
F	M22
G	B36
H	C10
L	M20

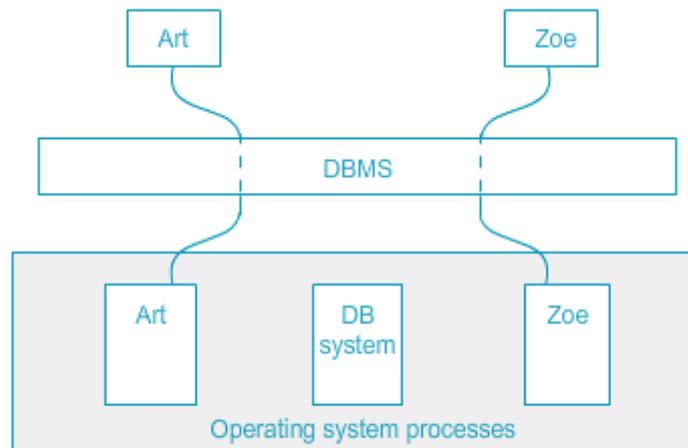
.5

DBMS

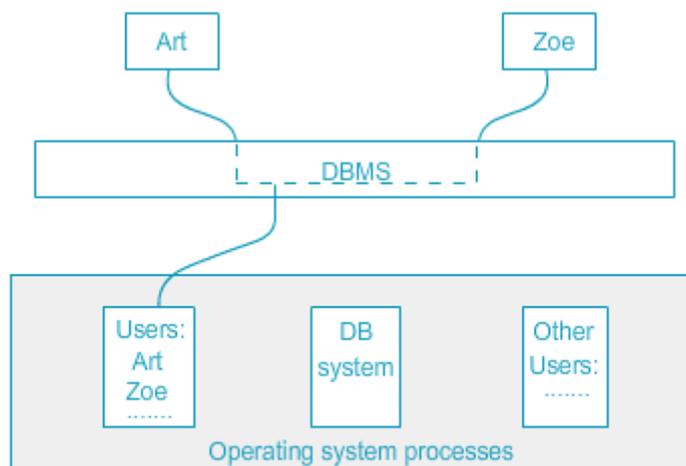
.DBMS

DBMS

DBMS



عزل مستخدمي قاعدة البيانات بواسطة نظام التشغيل



عزل مستخدمي قاعدة البيانات بواسطة نظام إدارة قواعد البيانات DBMS

Privacy .6

OECD

.1

.2

.3

.4

.5

.6

.7

.8

)

.1

(

:

•

•

•

2

WITH CHECK OPTION

CHECK OPTION

(4)

3

Grad Ave

AVG

tuples

Grad Ave

.H

4

5

6

100

)

(.

10

Malicious :

.1

Trojan Horses

viruses

.2

crackers hacker

.3

.1

.2

.1

:

•

•

•

•

•

:

. Master Boot Record MBR

.1

.2

.macro

.3

:Master Boot Record

.1

MBR

(512) MBR

MBR

:

.2

.COM. EXE.

windows

stealth

()

.hash values

companion

.virus

DOS

.(BAT. EXE. .COM)

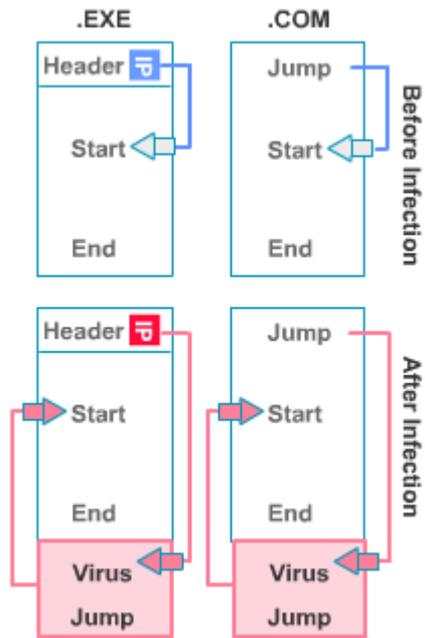
.GAME.EXE

GAME DOS

.GAME.COM

GAME.COM

.DOS



:macro viruses

.3

Macro

functionalities

.Visual Basic-based VBScript

.macro viruses

.Microsoft Word

1999

Melissa

.Microsoft Outlook

word

I love you

Microsoft Office

.entire enterprise

signature detection

•

•

the popular Tripwire data integrity assurance

.package

defacements

COMMAND.COM

.3

" "

" "

.multipartite viruses .1

.stealth viruses .2

.polymorphic viruses .3

.encrypted viruses .4

.Hoaxes .5

.Logic Bombs .6

multipartite viruses .1

EXE. COM.

1993

Maizia

2.048

COMMAND.COM

.file infector virus

MBR

Stealth Viruses .2

MBR

()

MBR

MBR

MBR

Polymorphic Viruses

.3

Encrypted Viruses

.4

segment

Hoaxes .5

.Hoaxes

Good

1994

Times

Logic Bombs .6

Worms .4

.1

.Code Red .2

.1

1988

Unix

:Send mail debug mode .1

: .2

dictionary attack

:Finger vulnerability .3

finger

buffer overflow

finger

finger

:Trust relationships .4

Code Red .2

Code Red 2001

.Microsoft's Internet Information Server (IIS)

:

.1

IIS

.2

:

**Welcome to <http://www.worm.com>!
Hacked By Chinese!**

denial of service attack

.3

.198.137.240.91

Trojan Horses

.5

()

:

2002

Microsoft Xbox gaming

()

Windows Registry

:	
confidentiality	
integrity	
availability	
vulnerabilities	
authorized	
logic bombs	
unauthorized access	
Trojan horse	
denial of service	
physical security	
encryption	
plain text	
cipher text	
decryption	
Cipher	
Nonrepudiation	
authentication	
Symmetric Key Algorithms	
Asymmetric Key Algorithms	
key management algorithm	
hashing algorithm	
access control	
authorization	
accounting and auditing	
identification	

password	
access control matrix	
Access Control List ACL	بالدخول
Privileges	
Role-based access control RBAC	
security model	
state	

تعابير وكلمات دليلية

الفصل الثاني: أمن الشبكات	
Threat Models	
FireWall	
Active Attacker	
Passive Attacker	
Traffic analysis	
eavesdropping	
wiretapping	
sniffing	
spoofing attacks	
flooding	
squatting	
invoking facilities	
Header	
Trailer	
Payload	
Application Layer	
Transport Layer	
Internet Layer	
Link Layer	
Ports	
ICMP	
IP Security	IP
stateless	
Authentication Header	AH
Encapsulating Security Payload	(ESP)
replay protection	

Security Parameter Index	(SPI)
security association SA	
Padding	
integrity check value (IVC)	
transport mode	
frame	
Host	
Tunnel mode	
router	
firewall	
Initial Vector	IVs
anti-replay window	
Security Association Data base	SAD
Internet Key Exchange	IKE
Message Authentication code	MAC
Hashing Algorithm	
aggressive mode	
Security Policy Data base	SPD
secure socket layer SSL / Transport Layer Security TLS connection-oriented	
encryption	
reliable delivery	
Certification	
Shared Secret Keys	
Handshake Protocol	SSL
subject alternative name	
PreMasterSecet	
checksums	
Honypots	

reflection attack	
ChangeCipherSpec	
DNS (Domain name system)	
DNS lookup	
reverse lookup	
spoofing prevention	
dial- in	
Virtual Private Network (VPN)	
state	
iptables	
Filter	
Circuit – level proxies	
Proxy	
spam	
hardened PC	
permissive Polices	
Restrictive Polices	
Access Control List	ACL
Perimeter Network	
demilitarized Zone (DMZ)	
Intrusion detection	
denial-of-service	
Intrusion detection system	(IDS)
misuse detection	
anomaly detection	
vulnerability assessment	
attack signature	
overflow attack	
Network-based- ID	
Host-based IDS	\

:	
Mobile Station	MS
Mobile Equipment	ME
Subscriber Identity Module	SIM
Base Station	BS
Mobile Switching Center	MSC
Home Location Register	HLR
Authentication Center	AuC
Visitor Location Register	VLR
International Mobile Subscriber Identity IMSI	
TMSI	
visited	
ciphering indicator	
PIN(personal identification number)	
PUK(personal unblocking key)	
frames	
location-based Service	
Signaling Data	
Universal Mobile Telecommunication System	UMTS
UE	
False Base Station Attacks	
SQN	
RAND	
Message Authentication Code	MAC
operator	
deneal-of-sevice	
interface ID	

home address HoA	
access points	
Service Set Identifier SSID	
hot spot	
Universal Access Mechanism UAM	
preshared secrets	
Initial Vector	IV
checksum	
Pairwise Master Key	(PMK)
Pairwise Transient Keys PTKs	

:	
a data base system	DBMS
internal consistency	
external consistency	
tuple Relational Database	
Structured Query Language SQL	
View	
Query	
primary key	
Uniqueness	
Minimality	
Foreign Key	()
Integrity Roles	
Entity Integrity Rule	
Referential Integrity Rule	
Integrity Trigger	
SNAPSHOTS	
Completeness	
consistency	
SQL security mod	SQL
Actions	
TABLE	
privileges	
grantor	
grantee	
object	
grantable	

GRANT	
cascade	
subquery	
aggregate	
query predicate	
query set	
Aggregation	
Inference	
tracker	
individual tracker	
general tracker	
Privacy	
cascade	

Malicious :	
Malicious	
viruses	
Trojan Horses	
hacker	
Master Boot Record	MBR
macro	
hash values	
companion virus	
Macro	
macro viruses	
Antivirus Mechanisms	
signature detection	
multipartite viruses	
stealth viruses	
polymorphic viruses	
encrypted viruses	
Hoaxes	
Logic Bombs	
Worms	
Sendmail debug mode	
dictionary attack	
Trust relationships	
denial of service attack	