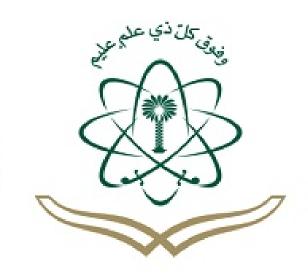
المملك العربية السعودية المملك المراكز التي المسعودية والمراكز التي المملك المراكز التي المملك المم



لكل المهتمين و المهتمات بدروس و مراجع الجامعية



مدونة المناهج السعودية eduschool40.blog

- Abraham Lincoln was born on February 12, 1809, in Hardin County, Kentucky, to Thomas and Nancy Lincoln in their one room log cabin on their farm known as Sinking Spring. Although Thomas lacked formal education, he was an excellent farmer and carpenter, and often times served as a member of the jury. Thomas and Nancy joined a small Baptist church in the area that had broken away from the larger church over the issue of slavery.
- When Abraham was two, the family moved to nearby Knob Creek Farm where Abraham's first memories of his childhood were formed. Because of difficulties his father had with the title to the farm, Thomas Lincoln moved his family to Pigeon Creek, Indiana in 1816 where the seven year-old Abraham helped him build a log cabin in the woods. Two years later, Nancy died of "milk sickness." Milk sickness is a rare disease caused by drinking the milk or consuming the meat of a cow that had fed on poisonous roots. In 1819, however, Thomas married Sarah Bush Johnston, whom Abraham would call "mother." Sarah was a kind and warm women who brought her three children, Matilda, Elizabeth, and John to the Lincoln homestead to live with Abraham and his sister. From an early age, she recognized Abraham's quick wit and intellect and encouraged him to read. Abraham became an avid reader, gobbling up any book he could get his hands on from neighbors, clergymen, and traveling teachers.
- Abraham attended school on an inconsistent basis. At times, traveling teachers may have taught at a nearby rudimentary schoolhouse, and at other times Abraham walked several miles to the nearest school. Lincoln himself admitted that the total amount of schooling he received in his childhood

was no more than twelve months; nevertheless, he became an excellent reader, learned to write, measure, and make division and multiplication calculations. Abraham took his studies very seriously. Without paper in the house to practice his writing and math, he often did arithmetic on the back of a wooden spoon using charcoal as a makeshift pencil. Lincoln described where he grew up and the opportunities for education in the following quote: "It was," he once wrote, "a wild region, with many bears and other wild animals still in the woods. There I grew up". Abraham's growing desire to attend school conflicted with his father's demands on him, which often made him appear lazy to his neighbors. His father often rented him out to perform manual labor tasks such as shucking corn, hoeing, gathering, and plowing.

I. Answer the following questions based on the passage: (4 mar	I.	Answer the following	questions based on	the nassage: (4 marks
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1.	wnat	IS	milk	sickness?	r

milk sichness is a rate disease caused by drinking the milk consuming the meat of a cow that had fed on poisonous roots

2. When did Abraham's family moved to Knob Creek Farm?

when Abraham was towo.

3. Give two examples of people Abraham used to take books from.

1-neighbors

2 - clergymen.

4. What did Abraham build with his dad in Indiana?

helped him build a log cabin in the woods.

II. Choose the correct answer: (3 marks)

- 1. What is the topic of the text?
 - A. Abraham's family
 - B. Abraham's early life



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	C. Abraham's education
	D. Abraham in the church
1	2. Abraham's father was:
	A. A carpenter
	B. A farmer
	C. A member of the jury
	D. All of the above
	3. What did Abraham Lincoln use to write his arithmetic on?
	A. Wooden spoon
	B. His arm
	C. Paper
	D. Charcoal
II.	Identify the part of speech of the underlined words: (2 marks)
	Abraham became an <u>avid</u> reader.
	A. Noun & B. Verb C. Adjective
	2. Abraham's growing desire to attend school conflicted with his father's <u>demands</u> on him.
	A. Noun <u>B.</u> Verb C. Adjective
V.	Write what each pronoun refers to in the following sentences: (1 mark)
	1. "He" Paragraph (1): 10 mas 2 2. "She" Paragraph (2): 50 ra n
	2. "She" Paragraph (2): Caka la
	1

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