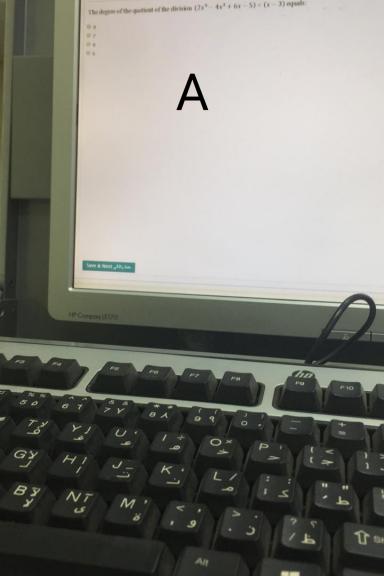
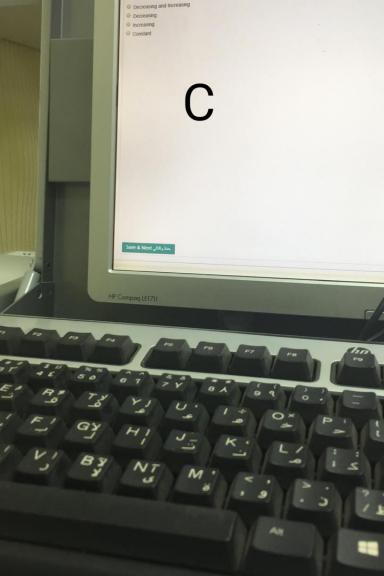
The solution set of the equation $x^{\frac{3}{4}} = \frac{1}{4}$ is B مطرولان Save & Next HP Compaq LE1711



Given that $f(x) = \log_{\frac{1}{x}}(x+2)$, then f(2) =Save & Next and June HP Compaq LE1711



Which of the following statements is always true.

1

- The graph of a quadratic function is a straight line.
- The graph of a quadratic function passes through the point (0, 0).
- The range of a quadratic function is the set of all real numbers.
- The axis of symmetry passes through the vertex.

D

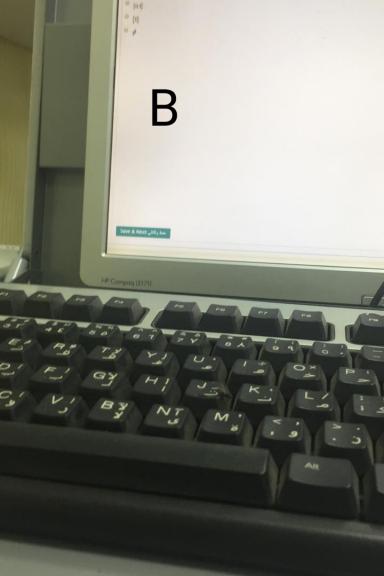
Let a be a complex number and $f(x) = x^4 - x^2 - 12$. If x - a is a factor of f(x) then

- x + a is a factor of f too.
- -x+a is a factor of f too.
- -x-a is a factor of f too.
- f(x+a)=0.



Write the equation of this parabola in vertex form, $y = (x-3)^2 - 2$ $y = 2(x-3)^2 - 2$ $y = 2(x+3)^2 - 2$ $y = 2(x+3)^3 + 2$ D Save & Next Jay him

estion No. 13 the horizontal asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 3^{x-1} + 2$. y = -2



If
$$f(x) = \frac{3}{x-2}$$
 and $g(x) = \frac{4}{x+5}$. Determine the domain of the product of $f(x)$ and $g(x)$

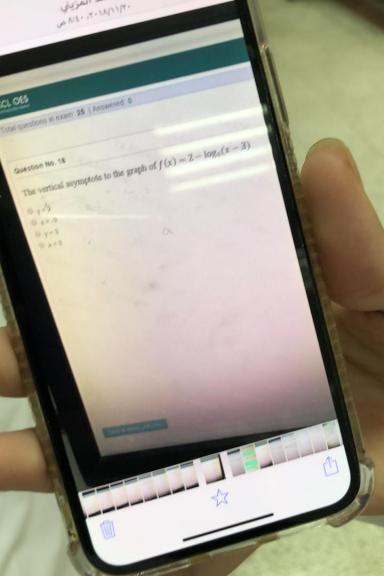
$$x \in (-\infty, -5) \cup (2, \infty)$$

$$x \in (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$x \in (-\infty, -5) \cup (-5, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$$

$$x \in (-5, 2)$$





Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 8

Question No. 8

The equation $x = 2 - \log_3 y$ is equivalent to the equation

$$0 \quad x = 3^{2-y}$$

$$0 x = 3^{y-2}$$

$$0 = 22 - 3$$

$$v = 3^{x-2}$$

$$y = 3^{x-2}$$

The degree of the quotient of the division $(2x^9 - 4x^3 + 6x - 5) + (x - 3)$ equals: A Since & Next of Ray has In Fo

Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 - \frac{1}{5x + 6}}$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{16 - x^2}$. Find the domain of $\binom{f}{g}(x)$.

- 0 R\{2,3}
- 0 (-4.4)
- ⊕ (-4,2)∪(2,3)∪(3,4)
- ◎ (-4,2)∪(2,4)

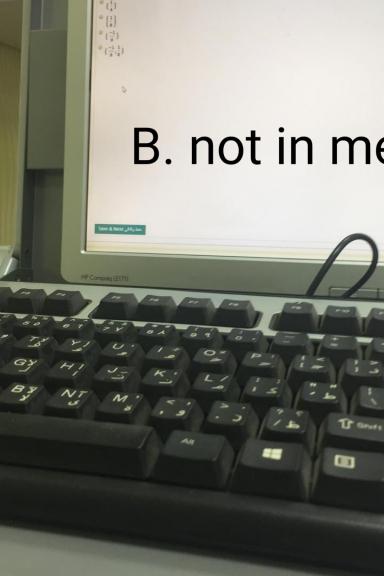
Scientific Calculator mod Deg Rad sinh cosh tanh Exp cosh¹ tanh¹ log₂x n! log,x sin cos tan XY X3 X2

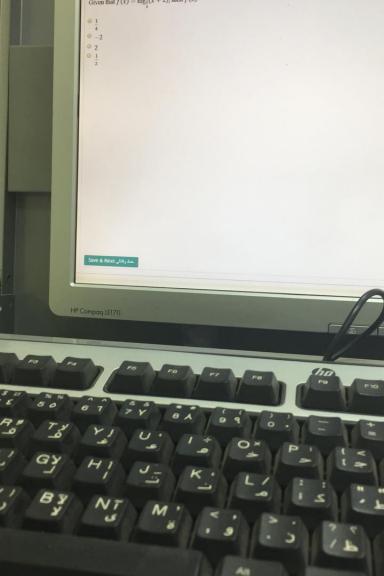
*X

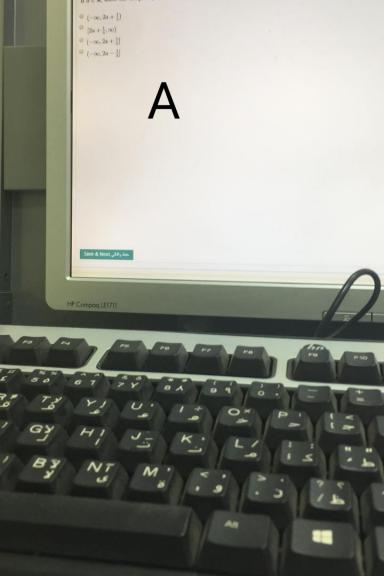
[X]

cos-1 tan-1

Save & Next منذ راقلي







Question No. 23 The solution set of the following equation: |2-x| = |3x-2| is 0 (0) © {0,1} O {1} 0 0 B منذ رفتان Save & Next HP Compaq LE1711

Total questions in exam no frenches Question No. 24 If $f(x) = -3(x+1)^3 - 8$, then the vertex of the graph of f is 0 (3.8) © (1.5) D Save & Next منذ والذي Save & Next

Question No. 8 A hincition is one to one if every horizontal line intersects the graph at most once every vertical line intersects the graph at most once every horizontal line intersects the graph twice. overy vertical line intersects the graph twice Save & Next , LB, has HP Compaq LEI711

Total questions in exam 25 | Answered 0

Question No. 2

Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$ Give the value of a such that the point (a,a) belongs to the line ax + 4y = -4.

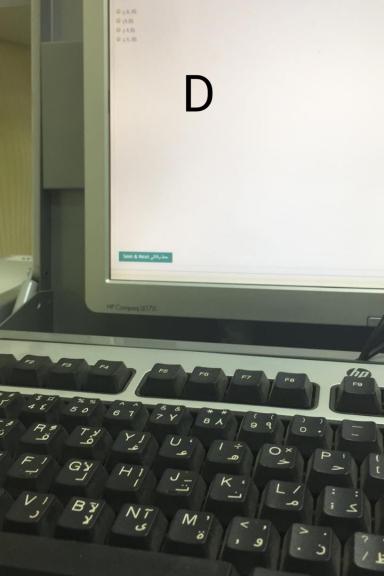
0 2 2

0 2=1

0 22-1 0 41-2

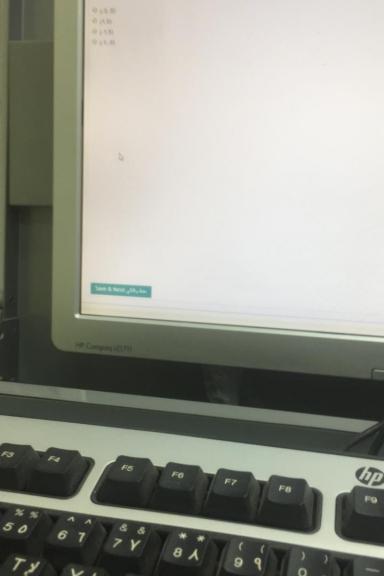
Question No. 6 Let $b \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-1\}$. Give the value of b such that the line y = (b+2)x+2 is parallel to the line $b^2x - y = 3$. B مطرقال Save & Next HP Compaq LE1711 (P) F10

Question No. 21 If x-4 is a factor of the polynomial f(x) then 0 f(0) = -40 f(-4) = 00 f(4) = 00 f(0) = 4C save & Next مطرقلي



Question No. 9 Solve $-0.2 \le 0.7 - x \le 1.8$ o no solution $-2.5 \le x \le 0.5$ $0 -1.1 \le x \le 0.9$ $0.9 \le x \le 1.1$ Save & Next , Lin, Lin F6

Total questions in exam 26 | Answered: 16 Question No. 12 Let $a \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{1\}$. Find the value of a such that the quotient of dividing $f(x) = x^3 + (1-a)x^2 + a^2x - 1$ by x-a is $x^2 + x + 2$. 0 n=-1 O #=2 O n = -2 C Save & Next Jan Jan



Determine the solution set of the following inequality

$$-4-x<-x$$

$$\circ$$
 $s=(-\infty,-4)$

$$\circ$$
 $s = (-\infty, \infty)$

$$s=(4,\infty)$$

$$\circ$$
 $S = \phi$

B

حنظ واقلى Save & Next

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 5 Question No. 13 The equation $y = 3^{x-1}$ can be written as $0 x = 1 + \log_3 y$ ○ x log₃ y $x = \log_3(y+1)$ $y = 1 + \log_3 x$ save & Next منظ راقلی

Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$. Give the value of a such that the point (1,1) belongs to both lines $ax + a^2y = 6$ and $a^2x + 2y = 11$.

- a = 3
- a = -1
- a = -3
- @ a = 1

C

Question No. 6 Let $b \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-1\}$. Give the value of b such that the line y = (b+2)x+2 is parallel to the line $b^2x - y = 3$. B مطرقال Save & Next HP Compaq LE1711 (P) F10

If a < b < c, solve the inequality $\frac{(x-a)(x-b)}{(x-c)} \le 0$, for x.

- $(-\infty,a]$
- $a,b] \cup (c,\infty)$
- a, ∞
- $\bigcirc (-\infty,a] \cup [b,c)$

 D_{\sim}

The equation $x = 3^y - 1$ is equivalent to the equation

$$y = \log_3(x+1)$$

$$y = \log_3(x-1)$$

$$0 x = \log_3(y+1)$$

$$0 x = \log_3(y-1)$$

Save & Next حنظ والثلي

MKCL OES

Total questions in exam 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 2

Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$. Give the value of a such that the point (a,a) belongs to the line ax + 4y = -4. 0 3=2 0 3=1 0 a=-1

0 a = -2

TOTAL GALLET

Question No. 10

If 5 is a zero of $f(x) = x^3 - 8x^2 + 11x + 20$, then other zeros are

- 0 -4, -1
- 0 -4, 1
- Q 4,1
- 0 4,-1

0 3=1

0 3=-2

0 a=-1



Math_Quiz2_Sem1_2018

tions in exam: 25 | Answered: 8

Vo. 25

 $\{\frac{1}{4}\}$. Give the value of b such that the line y = (4b-5)x+2 is perpendicular to the line bx-

Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$ and $f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + ax - (a+2)$. Use the remainder theorem to evaluate f(1+i).

© f(1+i) = -4 + (a-2)i© f(1+i) = -4 + (a+2)i

f(1+i) = a+2i f(1+i) = (a-2)i

Which of the following statements is always true.

A S

- The graph of a quadratic function is a straight line.
- The graph of a quadratic function passes through the point (0, 0).
- The range of a quadratic function is the set of all real numbers.
- The axis of symmetry passes through the vertex.

D

The solution set of -4|6 - x| + 4 ≤ - 20 is

2

- (-∞,10] U [2,∞)
- (-∞,2] U [10,∞)
- (-∞,0] U [12,∞)
- (-∞,12] U [0,∞)

C

MKCL OES

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 14

Find the value of a such that the remainder of $\frac{3x^3 + 10x^2 + ax + 3}{x + 1}$ is zero.

◎ 0 ◎ 10

01

B

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 15

If a < b < c, solve the inequality $\frac{(x-a)(x-b)}{(x-c)} \le 0$, for x.

- $(-\infty,a]$
- $^{\circledcirc}\ [a,b]\cup (c,\infty)$
- \bigcirc $[a,\infty)$
- $\bigcirc (-\infty,a] \cup [b,c)$

MKCL OES

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 18

The vertical asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 2 - \log_5(x - 3)$

0 y=2

0 x=-3

@ y = 3

0 x=3

MKCL OES

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 17

Find the axis of symmetry of $y = 2(x-5)^2 + 3$

0 y = -3

○ x = 3

0 x = 5

○ y = 3

C

If
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+2}$$
 and $g(x) = 3x - 5$. Find $h(x) = (g \circ f)(x)$.

$$h(x) = \sqrt{3x - 3}$$

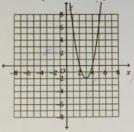
$$h(x) = 3\sqrt{x+2} - 5$$

$$h(x) = 3\sqrt{x-1}$$

$$h(x) = 3\sqrt{x} + 3$$

B

Write the equation of this parabola in vertex form.



$$y = 2(x+3)^2 + 2$$

$$y = (x-3)^2 - 2$$

$$y = 2(x+3)^2 - 2$$

$$y = 2(x-3)^2 - 2$$

حظراتلی Save & Next

Determine the solution set of the following inequality

$$-4 - x < -x$$

$$\circ$$
 $s=(-\infty,-4)$

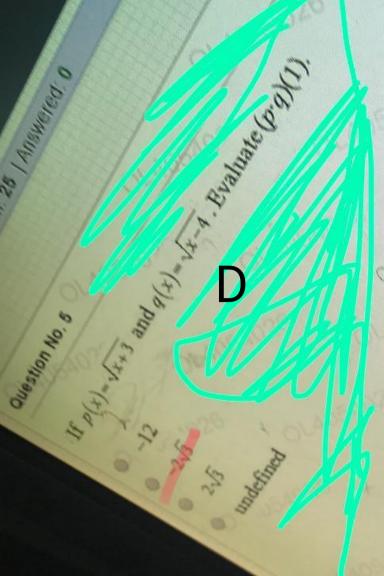
$$S = (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$s=(4,\infty)$$

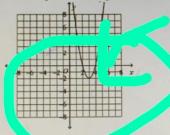
$$\odot$$
 $S = \phi$

B

معظ واقلى Save & Next



Write the equation of this parabola in vertex form.



$$y = 2$$

$$y = (x-3)^2 - 2$$

$$y = 2(x+3)^2 - 2$$

$$y = 2(x-3)^2 - 2$$

عظ والتلى Save & Next

Which of the following statements is always true.

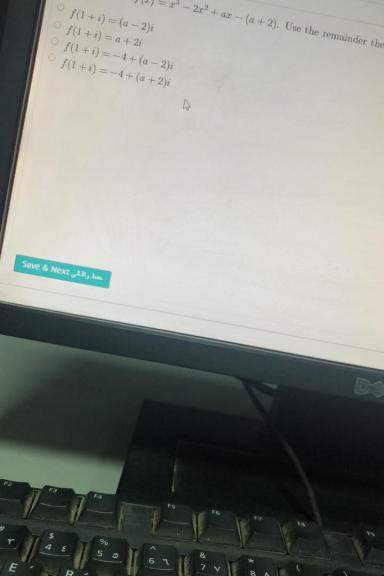
1

- The graph of a quadratic function is a straight line.
- The graph of a quadratic function passes through the point (0, 0).
- The range of a quadratic function is the set of all real numbers.
- The axis of symmetry passes through the vertex.

Given that $f(x) = 6x^2 + x^2 + 5x - 12$, then one of the following is a factor of f(x)

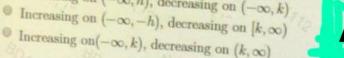
- 0 1-2
- 0 x+1
- 0 x+2
- 0 x-1

 $h(x) = 2x^2 - 5x - 3$ x + 5x + 1 $0.\operatorname{rmd} h(x) = f(x) - g(x).$ $h(x) = -2x^2 + 5x + 3$ $h(x) = 2x^2 - 5x + 1$ B Save & Next Lal, kin



Let a>0. The intervals on which the function $f(x)=a(x-h)^2+k$ increases and decreases are • Increasing on $[h, \infty)$, decreasing on $(-\infty, h]$

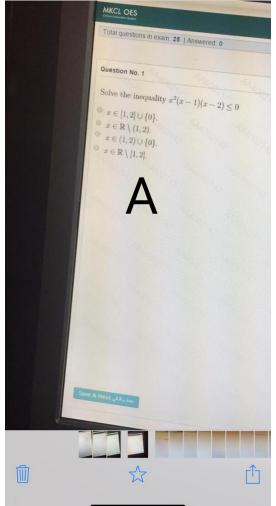
- Increasing on $(-\infty, h)$, decreasing on $(-\infty, k)$
- Increasing on $(-\infty, k)$, decreasing on (k, ∞)



+966 56 939 4701

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Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 22

If f(x) is a polynomial such that f(2) = 3 then the remainder of the division f(x) + (x-2) equals:

- 0 2
- 0 .3
- 9 -2
- 93

D

Save & Next Laby See

Let a be a complex number and $f(x) = x^4 - x^2 - 12$. If x - a is a factor of f(x) then

- x + a is a factor of f too.
- -x+a is a factor of f too.
- -x-a is a factor of f too.
- f(x+a) = 0.

Question No. 12 Let a>0. The intervals on which the function $f(x)=a(x-h)^2+k$ increases and decreases are

• Increasing on $[h, \infty)$, decreasing on $(-\infty, h]$

• Increasing on $(-\infty, h)$, decreasing on $(-\infty, k)$ \odot Increasing on $(-\infty, -h)$, decreasing on $[k, \infty)$

• Increasing on $(-\infty, k)$, decreasing on (k, ∞)

Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$ and $f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + ax - (a+2)$. Use the remainder theorem to evaluate f(1+i).

© f(1+i) = -4 + (a-2)i© f(1+i) = -4 + (a+2)i

f(1+i) = a + 2if(1+i) = (a-2)i MKCL OES

Math_Quiz2

Total questions in exam 25 | Answered 11

Question No. 25

If f(x) is a polynomial such that the remainder of the division f(x)+(x-1) equals 6 then

- f(-1) = 6
- ⊕ f(6) -- 1
- ⊕ f(1) = 6
- f(6) 1

C

منذراقلی Save & Next



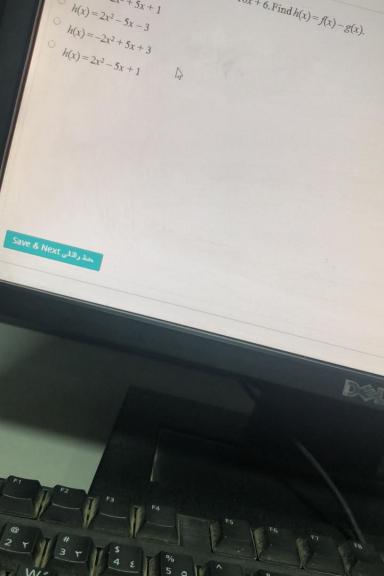
Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 11

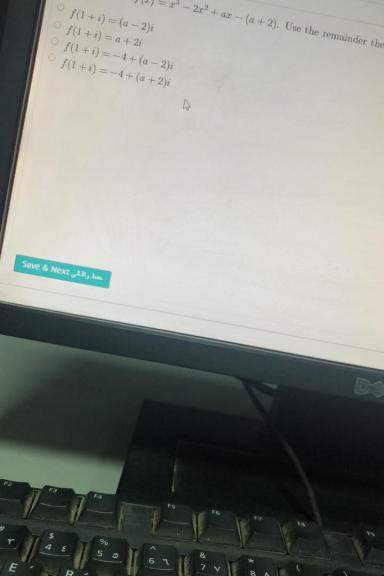
Question No. 24

Let a>0. The intervals on which the function $f(x)=a(x-h)^2+k$ increases and decreases are

- Increasing on $(-\infty, -h)$, decreasing on $[k, \infty)$
- Increasing on $(-\infty, k)$, decreasing on (k, ∞) Increasing on $[h, \infty)$, decreasing on $(-\infty, h]$
- Increasing on $(-\infty, h)$, decreasing on $(-\infty, k)$

C





If x-2 is a factor of the polynomial f(x) then

$$f(0) = 2$$

$$f(2)=0$$

$$f(0) = -2$$

$$f(-2)=0$$

B

MKCL OES

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 17

Find the axis of symmetry of $y = 2(x-5)^2 + 3$

- 0 y = -3
- 0 x = 3
- 0 x = 5
- y = 3

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 16

Which of the following functions is not one-to-one

2

- F={(3,5), (6,0), (7,-2), (1,-5)}
- F= { (4,-3), (1,0), (5,-2), (1,3) }
- F= { (-3,-2), (0,4), (3,2), (1,-5) }
- F= { (6,-3), (0,5), (4,-2), (1,-3) }

B

Save & Next منظر قاعي Save

Total questions in exam 25 | Answered 0

Question No. 2

0 2 2

Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$ Give the value of a such that the point (a,a) belongs to the line ax + 4y = -4. 0 2=1

0 22-1 0 41-2

MKCL OES

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 15

Question No. 13

The graph of $f(x) = -\log_2 x$ is

- Increasing
- Constant
- Decreasing
- Decreasing and Increasing

Question No. 6 Let $b \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-1\}$. Give the value of b such that the line y = (b+2)x+2 is parallel to the line $b^2x - y = 3$. Save & Next مشارقان HP Compaq LE1711 (P) F10

Solve the inequality $x^2(x-1)(x-2) \le 0$

- $x \in [1,2] \cup \{0\}.$
- $x \in \mathbb{R} \setminus (1,2)$
- $x \in (1,2) \cup \{0\}.$
- $x \in \mathbb{R} \setminus [1, 2]$.



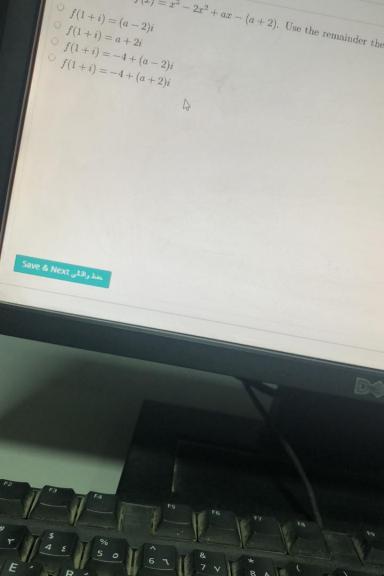
Total questions in exam 25 | Answered 0

Question No. 2

0 2 2

Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$ Give the value of a such that the point (a,a) belongs to the line ax + 4y = -4. 0 2=1

0 22-1 0 41-2



MKCL OES

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 19

Find the function f(x) such that $(fg)(x) = \frac{3}{x^3 - x}$, where $g(x) = \frac{3}{x - 1}$.

2712

0 1 1

0 1

0

A

Save & Next attended

Question No. 6

If $f(x) = \frac{3}{x-2}$ and $g(x) = \frac{4}{x+5}$. Determine the domain of the product of f(x) and g(x).

$$x \in (-\infty, -5) \cup (2, \infty)$$

$$x \in (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$x \in (-\infty, -5) \cup (-5, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$$

Let a be a complex number and $f(x) = x^4 - x^2 - 12$. If x - a is a factor of f(x) then

- x + a is a factor of f too.
- -x + a is a factor of f too.
- -x-a is a factor of f too.
- f(x+a) = 0.

MKCL OES

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 21

The equation $x = 2 - \log_3 y$ is equivalent to the equation

$$y = 3x-2$$

$$0 \quad x = 3^{2-y}$$

$$y = 3^{2-x}$$

$$x = 3^{y-2}$$

Save & Next old him

Find the function f(x) such that (fg)(x) = 3 x = 3

B

Question No. 6

If $f(x) = \frac{3}{x-2}$ and $g(x) = \frac{4}{x+5}$. Determine the domain of the product of f(x) and g(x).

$$x \in (-\infty, -5) \cup (2, \infty)$$

$$x \in (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$x \in (-\infty, -5) \cup (-5, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$$

The solution set of the equation $x^2 = \frac{1}{4}$ Save & Next with 1 his HP Compaq LE1711

Question No. 22

If f(x) is a polynomial such that f(2) = 3 then the remainder of the division f(x) + (x-2) equals:

0 2

0 -3

100

D

Next of Rest of the

Question No. 1

Solve the inequality $x^2(x-1)(x-2) \le 0$

- $x \in [1,2] \cup \{0\}.$
 - $x \in \mathbb{R} \setminus (1,2)$.
- $x \in (1,2) \cup \{0\}.$
- $x \in \mathbb{R} \setminus [1, 2]$.



Question No. 6

Let $b \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-1\}$. Give the value of b such that the line y = (b+2)x+2 is parallel to the line $b^2x - y = (b+2)x+2$.

- @ b=3
- 0 b=1
- 0 b=-3
- 0 b=2

MKCL OES

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 20

The solution set of the following equation: |x-2| = |x-1| is

- $\left\{\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2}\right\}$
- $\left\{\frac{5}{2}\right\}$
- $\left\{\frac{3}{2}\right\}$

Question No. 21

The equation $x = 2 - \log_3 y$ is equivalent to the equation

$$v = 3x-2$$

$$x = 3^{2-y}$$

$$y = 3^{2-x}$$

$$x = 3y-2$$

Question No. 16

Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$. Give the value of a such that the point (1,1) belongs to both lines $ax + a^2y = 6$ and $a^2x + 2y = 11$.

- a = 3
- a = -1
- ◎ a = -3
- @ a = 1

Question No. 22

If the remainder of the division of f(x) by x + a is zero then

x is a factor of the polynomial f(x)

a is a factor of the polynomial f(x)x + a is a factor of the polynomial f(x)

x - a is a factor of the polynomial f(x)

The range of $f(x) = 4 - x^2$ is

(--,4)

(4,0)

(-∞.4]

(-00,00)

MKCL OES

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 19

Find the function f(x) such that $(fg)(x) = \frac{3}{x^3 - x}$, where $g(x) = \frac{3}{x - 1}$.

59

0 _1

0 1

0 1

Save & Next all ale

$$[x] = \frac{3}{x-2}$$
 and $g(x) = \frac{4}{x+5}$. Determine the domain of the quotient of $f(x)$ and $g(x)$

$$x \in (-\infty, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$$

$$x \in (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$x \in (-\infty, -5) \cup (-5, \infty)$$

$$\mathbf{x} \in (-\infty, -5) \cup (-5, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$$

$$(-\infty, -2) \cup [3]$$

 $(-\infty, 2) \cup [3]$

$$-\infty, -2) \cup (3, 0)$$

$$(-\infty,2)\cup(3,\infty)$$

The stope of the line 4x - 3y = 12 is

3

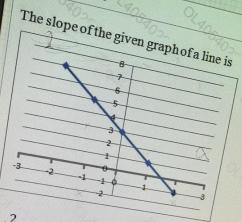
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4/3

A

Question No. 13



$$\frac{-1}{2}$$

Question No. 6

Let $b \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-1\}$. Give the value of b such that the line y = (b+2)x+2 is parallel to the line $b^2x - y = (b+2)x+2$.

- @ b=3
- 0 b=1
- 0 b=-3
- 0 b=2

Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$ and $f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + ax - (a+2)$. Use the remainder theorem to evaluate f(1+i) f(1+i) = -4 + (a-2)if(1+i) = -4 + (a+2)i

f(1+i) = a+2if(1+i) = (a-2)i

Let $a \in R$ and $x + 2 - a^2$ is a factor of a polynomial function f(x), then

 $\phi f(a^2 + 2) = 0$

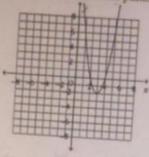
 $0 f(a^2 - 2) = 0$ $0 f(2 - a^2) = 0$

 $0 f(-a^2-2)=0$



Question No. 1

Write the equation of this parabola in vertex form.



$$y = (x-3)^2 - 2$$

$$y = 2(x+3)^2 - 2$$

$$y = 2(x-3)^2 - 2$$

$$y = 2(x+3)^2 + 2$$

The equation $x = 3^y - 1$ is equivalent to the equation

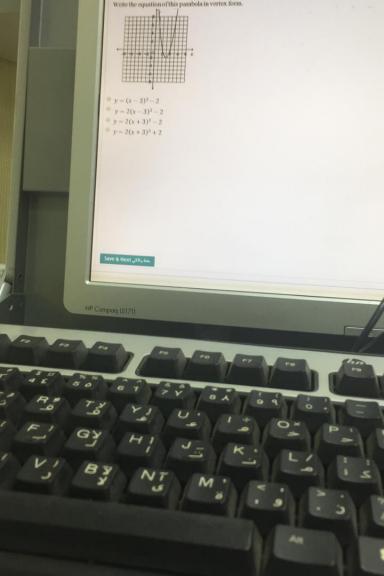
$$y = \log_3(x+1)$$

$$y = \log_3(x-1)$$

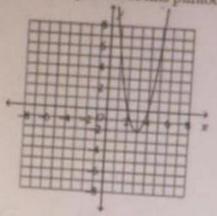
$$0 x = \log_3(y+1)$$

$$0 x = \log_3(y-1)$$

Save & Next حنظ والثلي



Write the equation of this parabola in vertex form.



$$y = (x-3)^2 - 2$$

$$y = 2(x+3)^2 - 2$$

$$y = 2(x-3)^2 - 2$$

$$y = 2(x+3)^2 + 2$$

No. 14

$$\sqrt{x+2}$$
 and $g(x) = 3x - 5$. The domain of $(f \circ g)(x)$ is

0)

m)

00)

,00)



MKCL OES

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 21

The equation $x = 2 - \log_3 y$ is equivalent to the equation

$$y = 3x-2$$

$$x = 3^{2-y}$$

$$y = 3^{2-x}$$

$$0 x = 3^{y-2}$$

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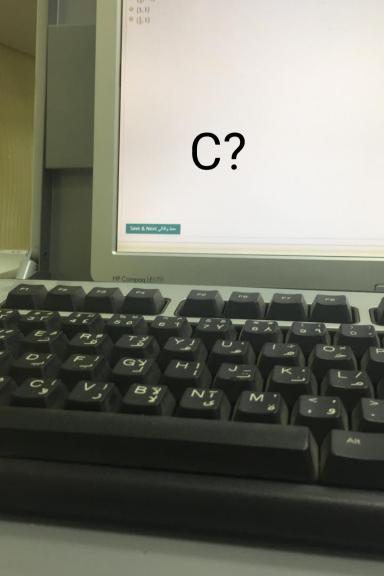
Question No. 6

Let $b \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-1\}$. Give the value of b such that the line y = (b+2)x+2 is parallel to the line $b^2x - y = (b+2)x+2$.

- @ b=3
- 0 b=1
- 0 b=-3
- 0 b=2

Let a be a complex number and $f(x) = x^4 - x^2 - 12$. If x - a is a factor of f(x) then

- x + a is a factor of f too.
- -x+a is a factor of f too.
- -x-a is a factor of f too.
- f(x+a)=0.



Question No. 1

The quotient of the division $(x^4 - x^3 - 5x^2 - 3x + 2) \div (x - 1)$ is

$$0.03 - 5x^2 - 8$$

$$9x^3 + 5x^2 + 8$$



Question No. 6 1405

01405403 If $p(x) = \sqrt{x+3}$ and $q(x) = \sqrt{x-4}$. Determine the domain of (p^2)

- $x \in (-3, 4)$
- $x \in [-3, 4]$
- $x \in [-\infty, -3) \cup (4, \infty)$

mod Deg Rad sinh cosh tanh Exp sinh⁴ cosh⁴ tanh⁴ log₂x n! log,x sin cos tan

cos tan'

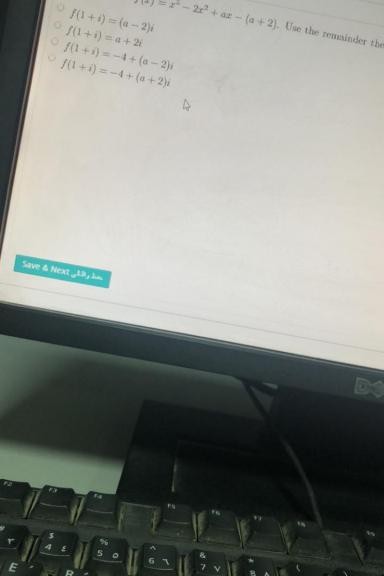
XY

Vx.

X2

[X]

معدر قالي Save & Next



Total questions in exam 25 | Answered: 14

Question No. 6

Let $b \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-1\}$. Give the value of b such that the line y = (b+2)x+2 is parallel to the line $b^2x - y = b^2x + b^2x$

- @ b=3
- 0 b=1
- 0 b=-3
- 0 b=2

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 21

The equation $x = 2 - \log_3 y$ is equivalent to the equation

$$y = 3x-2$$

$$x = 3^{2-y}$$

$$y = 3^{2-x}$$

$$x = 3y-2$$

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Total questions in exam 25 | Answered: 14

Question No. 6

Let $b \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-1\}$. Give the value of b such that the line y = (b+2)x+2 is parallel to the line $b^2x - y = b^2x + b^2x$

- @ b=3
- 0 b=1
- 0 b=-3
- 0 b=2

Question No. 1

If $a \in \mathbb{R}$, solve the inequality $3x - 5a \le \frac{1}{2}(x+1)$, for x.

$$(-\infty, 2a-\frac{1}{5}]$$

$$(-\infty, 2a + \frac{1}{5}]$$

$$(-\infty, 2a + \frac{1}{5})$$

$$[2a+\frac{1}{5},\infty]$$

sin

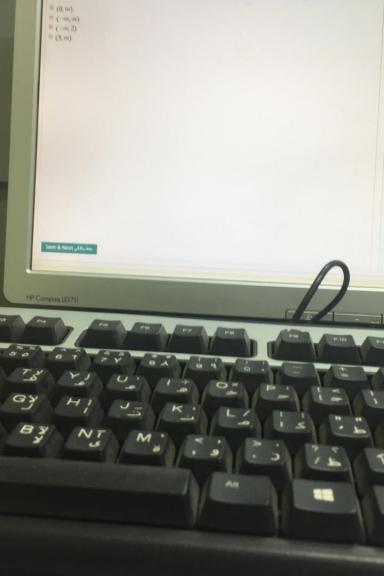
cos tan xy

sim1 cos tan1

XZ

[X]

save & Next مطرقلي



The line through the point (-1,-3) with slope equal to zero is B Save & Next , Lily Jan. HP Compaq LEI711

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 21

The equation $x = 2 - \log_3 y$ is equivalent to the equation

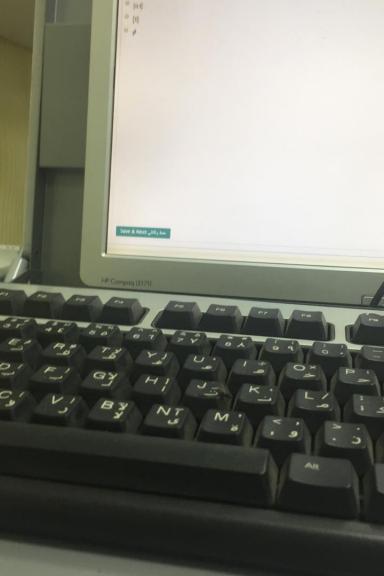
$$y = 3x-2$$

$$x = 3^{2-y}$$

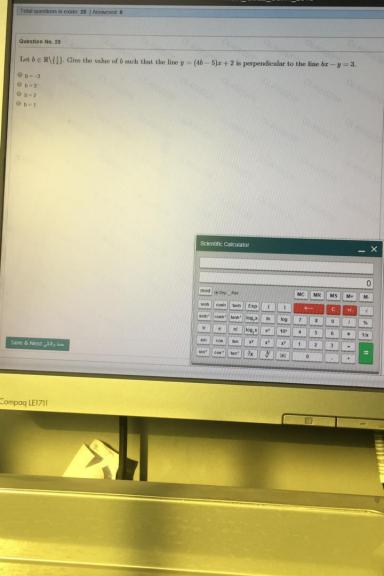
$$y = 3^{2-x}$$

$$0 x = 3y-2$$

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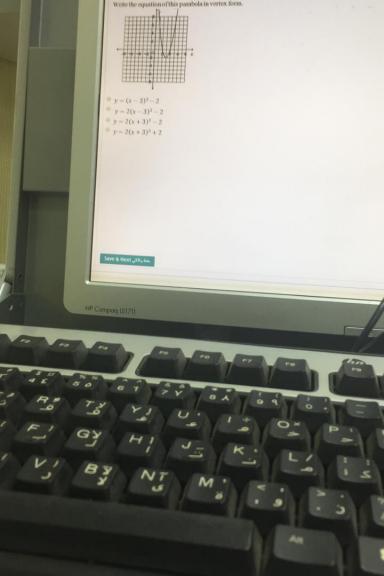


Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 23

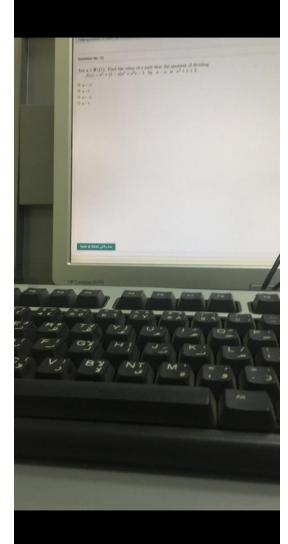
Question No. 16

Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$. Give the value of a such that the point (1,1) belongs to both lines $ax + a^2y = 6$ and $a^2x + 2y = 11$.

- a = 3
- a = -1
- ◎ a = -3
- @ a = 1



If $f(x) = \sqrt{x+2}$ and g(x) = 3x - 5. Find $h(x) = (f \circ g)(x)$ $h(x) = 3\sqrt{x+2} - 3$ $0 \quad h(x) = \sqrt{3x+3}$ $h(x) = 3\sqrt{x-1}$ $h(x) = \sqrt{3x-3}$ Save & Next , 13, 14 HP Compaq LE1711 hi



Math_(

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 1

Question No. 2

If f(x) = (x-3)(x+1) + c and the remainder of $\frac{f(x)}{x+2}$ is 6, then f(x) is equal to

- $0x^2-2x+3$
- $0 x^2 2x 1$
- $0 x^2 2x 2$
- $0 2x^2 2x + 6$

Save & Next حنظ ر الله

Total questions in exam 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 2

Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$. Give the value of a such that the point (a,a) belongs to the line ax + 4y = -4. 0 3=2 0 3=1 0 a=-1

0 a = -2

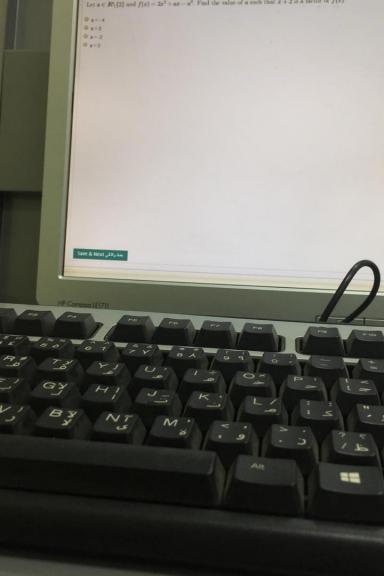
Question No. 5

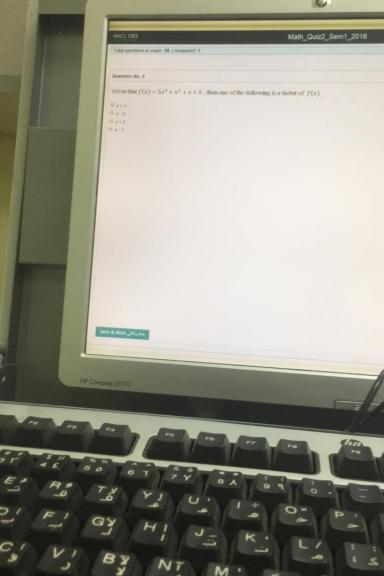
The Solution set of |7x - 8| + 8 < 1 is

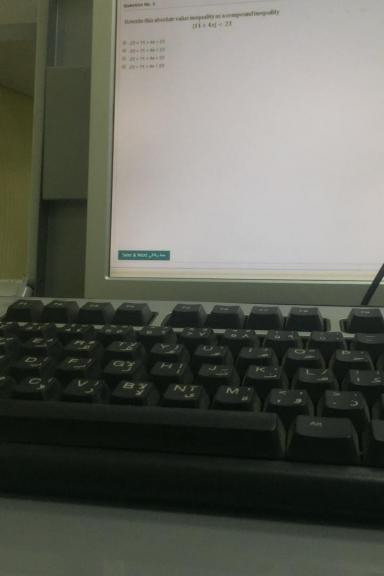
$$\left(-\infty, \frac{1}{7}\right) \cup \left(\frac{15}{7}, \infty\right)$$

- 0 0
- \bigcirc $\left(-\infty, \frac{1}{7}\right)$
- $\left(\frac{1}{7}, \frac{15}{7}\right)$









Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 5 Question No. 13 The equation $y = 3^{x-1}$ can be written as $0 x = 1 + \log_3 y$ ○ x log₃ y $x = \log_3(y+1)$ $y = 1 + \log_3 x$ save & Next منظ راقلی

Question No. 15

If a < b < c, solve the inequality $\frac{(x-a)(x-b)}{(x-c)} \le 0$, for x.

- $(-\infty,a]$
- $a,b] \cup (c,\infty)$
- a,∞
- $\bigcirc (-\infty,a] \cup [b,c)$

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

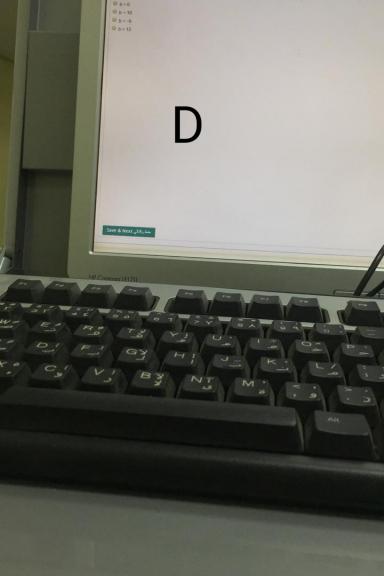
Question No. 7

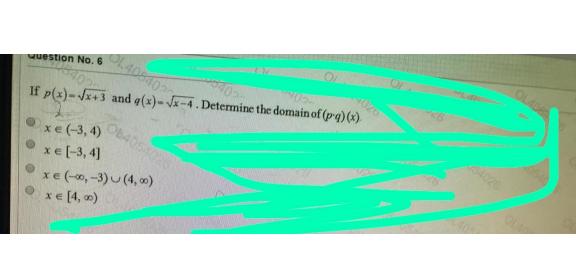
The domain and the range of f(x) = 2x is



- all real numbers
- all negative real numbers
- all positive real numbers
- all non-zero réal numbers







Let a be a complex number and $f(x) = x^4 - x^2 - 12$. If x - a is a factor of f(x) then

- x + a is a factor of f too.
- -x+a is a factor of f too.
- -x-a is a factor of f too.
- f(x+a) = 0.

estions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

n No. 22

emainder of the division of f(x) by x + a is zero then

s a factor of the polynomial f(x)

a factor of the polynomial f(x)

a is a factor of the polynomial f(x)

a is a factor of the polynomial f(x)

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

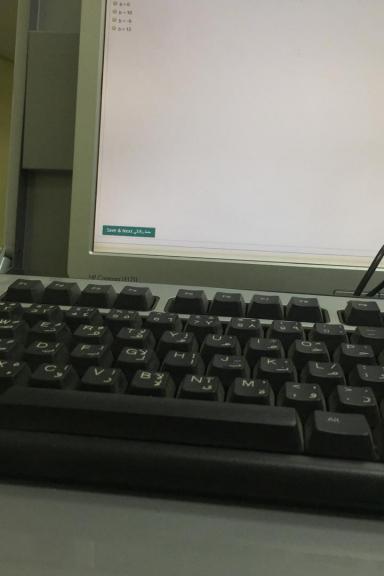
Question No. 19

Find the function f(x) such that $(fg)(x) = \frac{3}{x^3 - x}$, where $g(x) = \frac{3}{x - 1}$.

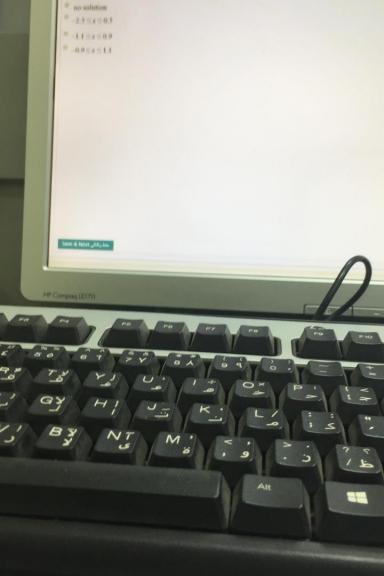
- \bigcirc $\frac{1}{x^2+x}$
- © 1/x²-;
- $\frac{3}{x-1}$.

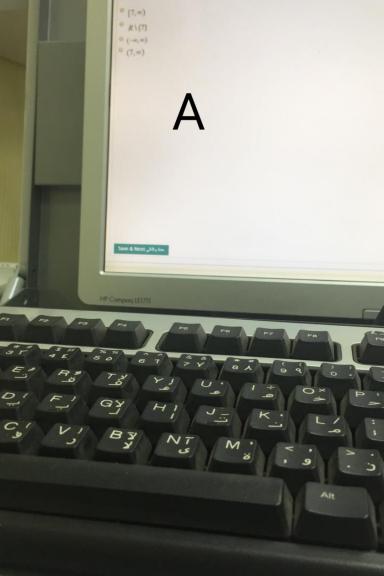
عملاراتان Save & Next



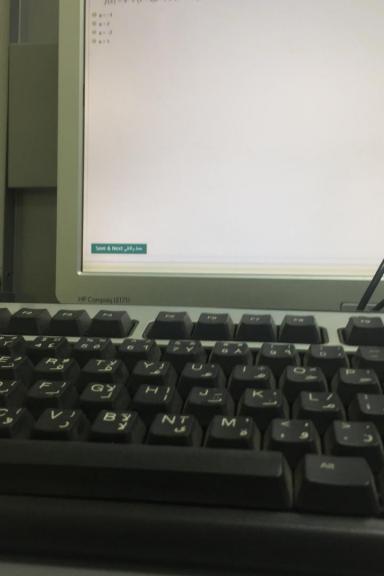








Question No. 11 The equation $y = 7^x$ can be written as $0 y = \log_1 x$ $y = \log_7 x$ $0 x = \log_7 y$ $x = \log_2 y$ Save & Next ull y has HP Compaq LE1711 (ID)



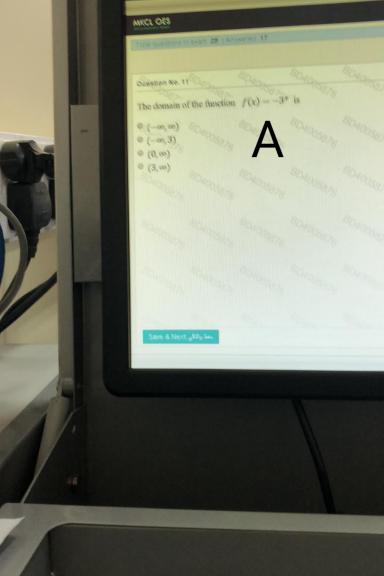
Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

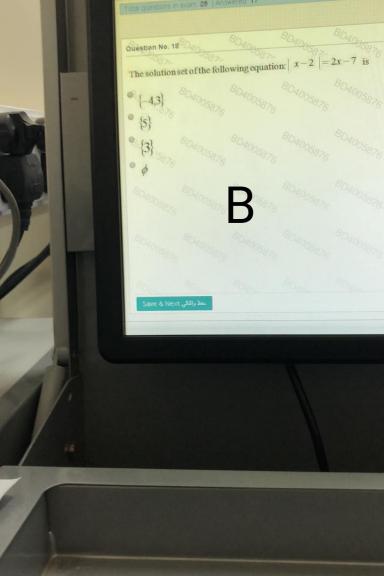
Question No. 19

Find the function f(x) such that $(fg)(x) = \frac{3}{x^3 - x}$, where $g(x) = \frac{3}{x - 1}$.

- \bigcirc $\frac{1}{x^2+x}$
- 0 1
- \bigcirc $\frac{1}{x^2-x}$
- $\frac{x-1}{3}$

عملاراتان Save & Next





Find the equilities of the quisid and function that has a warter at [44,44) and has the point (43,45) randts graph.

$$0 \quad f(x) = x^2 + 8x - 4$$

$$f(x) = -x^2 - 8x - 20$$

0
$$f(x) = -x^2 + 4x - 4$$

0 $f(x) = -3x^2 + 8x + 20$

$$f(x) = -x^2 + 4x - 4
 0 f(x) = -3x^2 + 8x + 20$$

Save & Next , Billy Ser

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 17

Find the axis of symmetry of $y = 2(x-5)^2 + 3$

- 0 y = -3
- 0 x = 3
- 0 x = 5
- 0 y = 3



MKCL OES Total questions in exam 25 | Answered: 1 Question No. 2 If f(x) = (x-3)(x+1) + c and the remainder of $\frac{f(x)}{x+2}$ is 6, then f(x) is equal to @ x2-2x+3 $0 x^2 - 2x - 2$ $0 2x^2 - 2x + 6$ مطرقان Save & Next

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 20

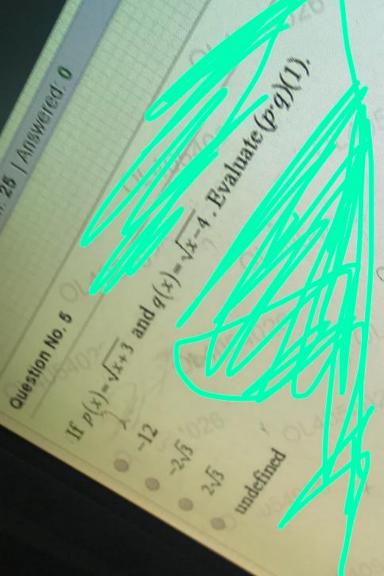
The solution set of the following equation: |x-2| = |x-1| is

 $\left\{\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2}\right\}$

0 4

 $\left\{\frac{5}{2}\right\}$

 $\left\{\frac{3}{2}\right\}$

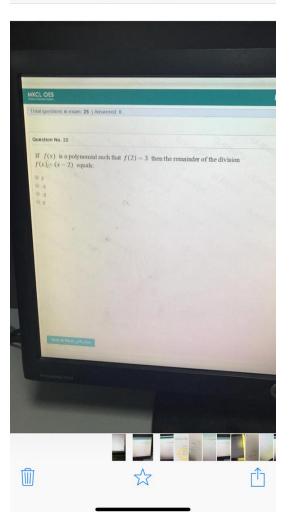


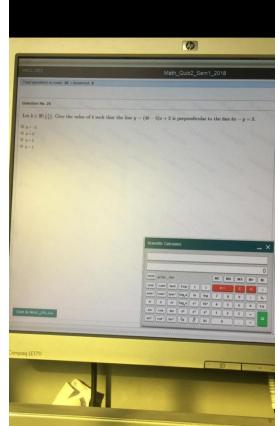
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If x-2 is a factor of the polynomial f(x) then

$$f(0)=2$$

$$f(2)=0$$

$$f(0) = -2$$

$$f(-2)=0$$

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 15

If a < b < c, solve the inequality $\frac{(x-a)(x-b)}{(x-c)} \le 0$, for x.

- $(-\infty, a]$
- \bigcirc $[a,b] \cup (c,\infty)$
- \bigcirc $[a,\infty)$
- $\bigcirc (-\infty,a] \cup [b,c)$

The Solution set of $2-|1+\frac{x}{2}| \ge 5$ is

$$(-\infty, -8] \cup [4, \infty)$$

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 21

The equation $x = 2 - \log_3 y$ is equivalent to the equation

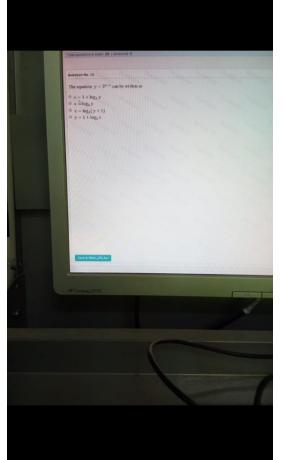
$$y = 3x-2$$

$$0 \quad x = 3^{2-y}$$

$$y = 3^{2-x}$$

$$x = 3^{y-2}$$

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 5 Question No. 13 The equation $y = 3^{x-1}$ can be written as $0 x = 1 + \log_3 y$ Ox Blog3 y $y = 1 + \log_3 x$ منظ راقلی Save & Next



Total questions in exam. 25 | Answered. 4

Question No. 11

If 5 is a zero of $f(x) = x^3 - 8x^2 + 11x + 20$, then other zeros are

- 0 4
- 0 .4
- 0-4
- 01

Scientific Calculator

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n e n!

sin cos tan

sin' cos tan'

log_x

log,x

Vx.

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Let a be a complex number and $f(x) = x^4 - x^2 - 12$. If x - a is a factor of f(x) then

- x + a is a factor of f too.
- -x+a is a factor of f too.
- -x-a is a factor of f too.
- f(x+a) = 0.

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 22

If f(x) is a polynomial such that f(2) = 3 then the remainder of the division f(x) + (x - 2) equals:

- 0 2
- 0 -3
- 0 -2
- 03

Save & Next بدار Save & Next

Total questions in exam 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 2

Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$. Give the value of a such that the point (a,a) belongs to the line ax + 4y = -4. 0 3=2 0 3=1 0 a=-1

0 a = -2

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 15

If a < b < c, solve the inequality $\frac{(x-a)(x-b)}{(x-c)} \le 0$, for x.

- $(-\infty, a]$
- $^{\circledcirc}\ [a,b]\cup (c,\infty)$
- \bigcirc $[a,\infty)$
- $\bigcirc (-\infty,a] \cup [b,c)$

MKCL OES Total questions in exam 25 | Answered: 0 Question No. 2 Let $z \in \mathbb{R}$. Give the value of a such that the point (a,a) belongs to the line ax+4y=-4.

Which of the following statements is always true.

T

- The graph of a quadratic function is a straight line.
- The graph of a quadratic function passes through the point (0, 0).
- The range of a quadratic function is the set of all real numbers.
- The axis of symmetry passes through the vertex.

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 18

The vertical asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 2 - \log_5(x - 3)$

- 0 y=2
- 0 x = -3
- 0 y=3
- 0 x = 3

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 24

The horizontal asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 3^{x-1} + 2$.

9 y = -2

0 x = -2

○ y = 3

○ y = 2

Total questions in exam 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 2

Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$. Give the value of a such that the point (a, a) belongs to the line ax + 4y = -4.

0 3=1

0 a=-1

0 32-2

Let a be a complex number and $f(x) = x^4 - x^2 - 12$. If x - a is a factor of f(x) then

- x + a is a factor of f too.
- -x+a is a factor of f too.
- -x-a is a factor of f too.
- f(x+a) = 0.

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 15

If a < b < c, solve the inequality $\frac{(x-a)(x-b)}{(x-c)} \le 0$, for x.

- $(-\infty, a]$
- \bigcirc $[a,b] \cup (c,\infty)$
- \bigcirc $[a,\infty)$
- $\bigcirc (-\infty,a] \cup [b,c)$

If $a \in \mathbb{R}$, solve the inequality $3x - 5a \le \frac{1}{2}(x+1)$, for x.

$$(-\infty, 2a-\frac{1}{5}]$$

$$(-\infty, 2a + \frac{1}{5}]$$

$$(-\infty, 2a + \frac{1}{5})$$

$$[2a+\frac{1}{5},\infty]$$

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 4

Question No. 13

The equation $y = \log_{\alpha} x$ is equivalent to the equation

- $0 x = a^{y}$
- 0 y = x
- 0 y = a
- $0 x = y^{\alpha}$

Scientific Calculator

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sinh' cosh' tanh'

T e n!

sin cos

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mod • Deg Rad

cosh¹ tanh¹ log₂x

cos-t tan-t

log_yx

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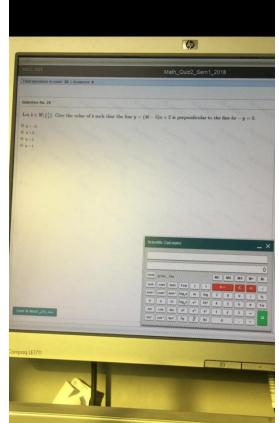
[x]

sinh1

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Scientific Calculator

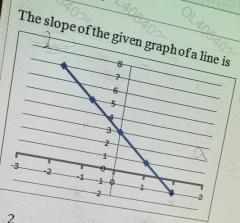
معط راقالي Save & Next



Which of the following statements is always true.

1

- The graph of a quadratic function is a straight line.
- The graph of a quadratic function passes through the point (0, 0).
- The range of a quadratic function is the set of all real numbers.
- The axis of symmetry passes through the vertex.



The solution set of $-4|6 - x| + 4 \le -20$ is

1

- (-∞,10] U [2,∞)
- (-∞,2] U [10,∞)
- (-∞,0] U [12,∞)
- (-∞,12] U [0,∞)

CX

Question No. 12

The function $f(x) = 3x + x^2 - 6$ is

- Linear
- O Cubic
- Quartic
- Quadratic

D

Question No. 10

Which of the following statements is always true.

T

- The graph of a quadratic function is a straight line.
- The graph of a quadratic function passes through the point (0, 0).
- The range of a quadratic function is the set of all real numbers.
- The axis of symmetry passes through the vertex.

Question No. 14

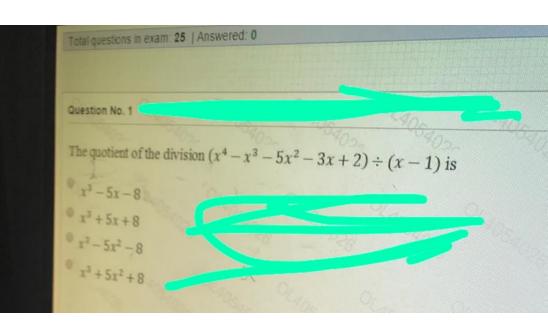
Find the value of a such that the remainder of $\frac{3x^3 + 10x^2 + ax + 3}{x + 1}$ is zero. 00

- € 10
- 0 1
- 0 -4

Question No. 15

If a < b < c, solve the inequality $\frac{(x-a)(x-b)}{(x-c)} \le 0$, for x.

- $(-\infty, a]$
- \bigcirc $[a,b] \cup (c,\infty)$
- \bigcirc $[a,\infty)$
- $\bigcirc (-\infty,a] \cup [b,c)$



Question No. 14

Find the value of a such that the remainder of $\frac{3x^3 + 10x^2 + ax + 3}{x + 1}$ is zero. 00

- ⊚ 10
- 0 -4

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 18

The vertical asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 2 - \log_5(x - 3)$

- 0 y = 2
- O X = -3
- y = 3
- 0 x = 3

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 19

Find the function f(x) such that $(fg)(x) = \frac{3}{x^3 - x}$, where $g(x) = \frac{3}{x - 1}$.

- \bigcirc $\frac{1}{x^2+x}$
- 0 1
- $\frac{3}{x-1}$.

عملاراتان Save & Next

Question No. 16

Which of the following functions is not one-to-one

1

- F= { (3,5), (6,0), (7,-2), (1,-5) }
- F={ (4,-3), (1,0), (5,-2), (1,3) }
- F={(-3,-2), (0,4), (3,2), (1,-5)}
- F= { (6,-3), (0,5), (4,-2), (1,-3) }

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 17

Find the axis of symmetry of $y = 2(x-5)^2 + 3$

- 0 y = -3
- 0 x = 3
- 0 x = 5
- 0 y = 3

Question No. 17

Find the axis of symmetry of $y = 2(x-5)^2 + 3$

- 0 y = -3
- 0 x = 3
- 0 x = 5
- 9 y = 3

Save & Next what have

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 20

The solution set of the following equation: |x-2| = |x-1| is

 $\left\{\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2}\right\}$

0 4

 $\left\{\frac{5}{2}\right\}$

 $\left\{\frac{3}{2}\right\}$

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 21

The equation $x = 2 - \log_3 y$ is equivalent to the equation

$$y = 3x-2$$

$$x = 3^{2-y}$$

$$y = 3^{2-x}$$

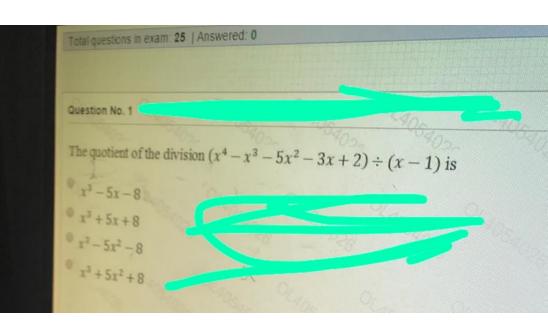
$$x = 3^{y-2}$$

Question No. 22

If f(x) is a polynomial such that f(2) = 3 then the remainder of the division f(x) + (x - 2) equals:

- 0 2
- 0 -3
- 0 -2
- 03

Save & Next بدارهای Save



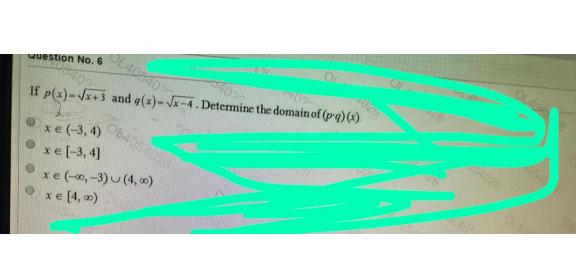
Question No. 2

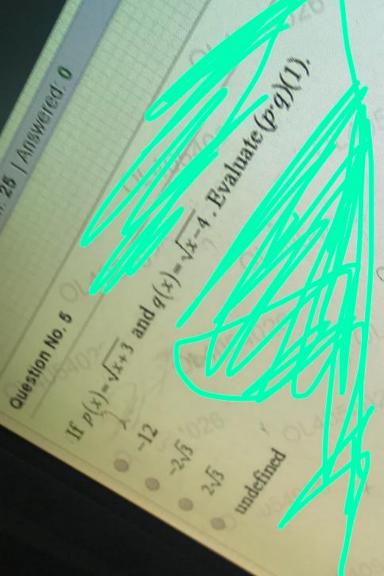
Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$. Give the value of a such that the point (a, a) belongs to the line ax + 4y = -4.

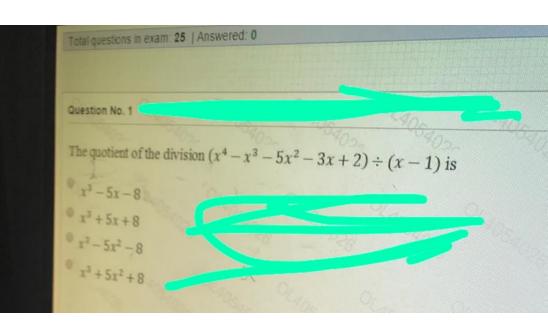
0 3=1

0 a=-1

0 32-2







Question No. 14

Find the value of a such that the remainder of $\frac{3x^3 + 10x^2 + ax + 3}{x + 1}$ is zero. 00

- ⊚ 10
- 0 -4

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 18

The vertical asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 2 - \log_5(x - 3)$

- 0 y = 2
- O X = -3
- y = 3
- 0 x = 3

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 19

Find the function f(x) such that $(fg)(x) = \frac{3}{x^3 - x}$, where $g(x) = \frac{3}{x - 1}$.

- \bigcirc $\frac{1}{x^2+x}$
- $\frac{1}{x^{n-1}}$
- 0 <u>1</u>
- $\frac{3}{x-1}$.

عملاراتان Save & Next

Question No. 16

Which of the following functions is not one-to-one

1

- F= { (3,5), (6,0), (7,-2), (1,-5) }
- F={ (4,-3), (1,0), (5,-2), (1,3) }
- F={(-3,-2), (0,4), (3,2), (1,-5)}
- F= { (6,-3), (0,5), (4,-2), (1,-3) }

MKCL OES Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0 Question No. 17 Find the axis of symmetry of $y = 2(x-5)^2 + 3$ y = 3 x = 3 x = 5 y = 3

Question No. 15

If a < b < c, solve the inequality $\frac{(z-a)(z-b)}{(z-c)} \le 0$, for x.

$$(-\infty,a]$$

$$abla [a,b] \cup (c,\infty)$$

$$a, \infty$$

$$(-\infty, a] \cup [b, c)$$



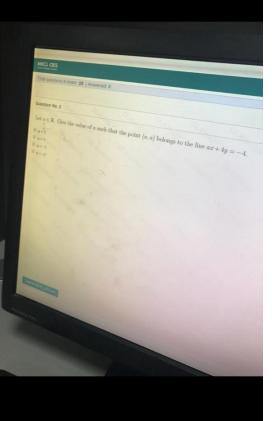
Question No. 10

Which of the following statements is always true,

The graph of a quadratic function is a straight line.

The graph of a quadratic function passes through the point (0, 0). The range of a quadratic function is the set of all real numbers.

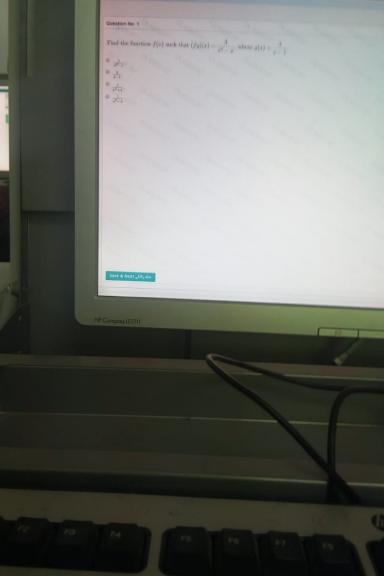
The axis of symmetry passes through the vertex.



Guestion No. 3 Let a be a complex number and $f(x) = x^4 - x^2 - 12$. If x - a is a factor of f(x) then $a = x^4 - x^2 - 12$. If $a = x^4 -$

f(x+a) = 0.

Total questions in exam. 25 | Answered. 0 Question No. 14 Find the value of a such that the remainder of $\frac{3x^3 + 10x^2 + ax + 3}{x + 1}$ is zero.



Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 5 Question No. 13 The equation $y = 3^{x-1}$ can be written as $0 x = 1 + \log_3 y$ Ox Blog3 y $y = 1 + \log_3 x$ منظ راقلی Save & Next

Question No. 1

Find the function f(x) such that $(fg)(x) = \frac{3}{x^3 - x}$, where $g(x) = \frac{3}{x - 1}$.

- $0 \frac{1}{x^3-1}$.
- $\bigcirc \quad \frac{3}{x-1}.$
- $\frac{1}{x^2+x}$

عارفالي Save & Next

(1,3) (2,3) (-,1) ∪ (3,-) (-,3)

Save & Next حنظ راقلي

Question No. 3

The slope of the line x=-3 is

- 0 -1
- 0
- Undefined
 - 1

stion No. 4

h of the following statements is always true.

the graph of a quadratic function passes through the point (0, 0).
The axis of symmetry passes through the vertex.
The graph of a quadratic function is a straight line.

ne range of a quadratic function is the set of all real numbers.



MKCL OFS

Math_Quiz2_Sem1_2011

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 25

Question No. 5

Given that $f(x) = 6x^3 + x^2 + 5x - 12$, then one of the following is a factor of f(x)

@ x-1

(x+

0 x-2

0 x+1

x13

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 25

Question No. 6

The domain of the function $f(x) = 2^{3x-1}$ is

- (3,00)
- Θ $(0,\infty)$
- ⊕ (-∞,∞)
- ⊕ (-∞, 2)

Question No. 7

If x+a is a factor of the polynomial f(x) then

- f(a) = -a
- $f(-a) \neq 0$
- f(a) = 0
- f(-a) = 0

Question No. 8

The remainder of the division $(x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + x + 1) \div (x - 1)$ is

- 04
- 0 5
- 02
- () s

Question No. 9

If f(x) is a polynomial such that the remainder of the division $f(x) \div (x+4)$ equals 10 then

- f(-4) = 10
- f(4) = 10
- f(10) = 4
- f(10) = -4

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 18

The vertical asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 2 - \log_5(x - 3)$

- 0 y = 2
- O X = -3
- y = 3
- 0 x = 3

estions in exam. 25 | Answered, o Question No. 1 The horizontal asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 4^x + 2$

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 19

Find the function f(x) such that $(fg)(x) = \frac{3}{x^3 - x}$, where $g(x) = \frac{3}{x - 1}$.

- \bigcirc $\frac{1}{x^2+x}$
- 0 1
- $\frac{3}{x-1}$.

عملاراتان Save & Next

Question No. 15

If a < b < c, solve the inequality $\frac{(x-a)(x-b)}{(x-c)} \le 0$, for x.

- $(-\infty, a]$
- \bigcirc $[a,b] \cup (c,\infty)$
- \bigcirc $[a,\infty)$
- $\bigcirc (-\infty,a] \cup [b,c)$

Question No. 15

If a < b < c, solve the inequality $\frac{(x-a)(x-b)}{(x-c)} \le 0$, for x.

- $(-\infty, a]$
- \bigcirc $[a,b] \cup (c,\infty)$
- \bigcirc $[a,\infty)$
- $\bigcirc (-\infty,a] \cup [b,c)$

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 21

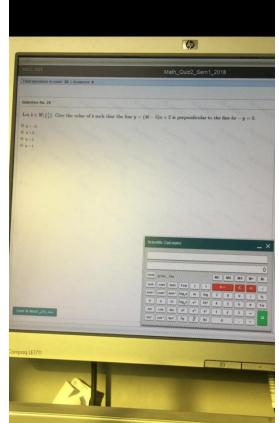
The equation $x = 2 - \log_3 y$ is equivalent to the equation

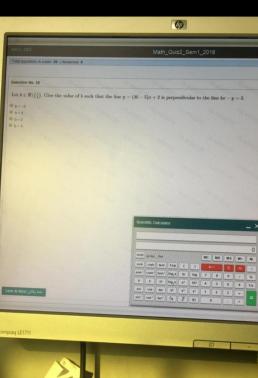
$$y = 3x-2$$

$$x = 3^{2-y}$$

$$y = 3^{2-x}$$

منا راتان Save & Next







Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 4

Question No. 13

The equation $y = \log_a x$ is equivalent to the equation

- $0 x = a^2$
- y = x
- y = a
- $0 x = y^{\alpha}$

Scientific Calculator

mini

Exp log₂x log_yx

XX

mod Deg Rad

sinh' cosh' tanh'

T e n!

sin co

n¹ coa¹ tan¹

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 17

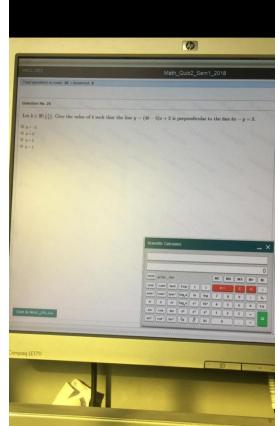
Find the axis of symmetry of $y = 2(x-5)^2 + 3$

0 y = -3

0 x=3

0 x=5

0 y=3



Question No. 2

Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$. Give the value of a such that the point (a, a) belongs to the line ax + 4y = -4.

0 3=1

0 32-2

0 a=-1

Question No. 2

The quotient of the division $(5x^3 - 6x^2 - 28x - 2) = (x + 2)$ is

$$95x^2-16x-4$$

$$0.5x^2 - 16x + 4$$

$$5x^2 + 16x$$

$$5x^2-16x$$

Question No. 1

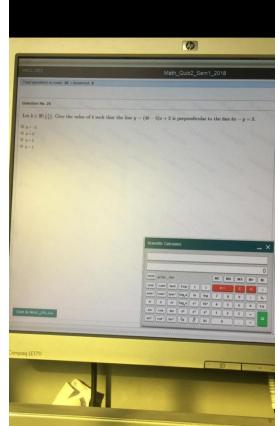
If $a \in \mathbb{R}$, solve the inequality $3x - 5a \le \frac{1}{2}(x+1)$, for x.

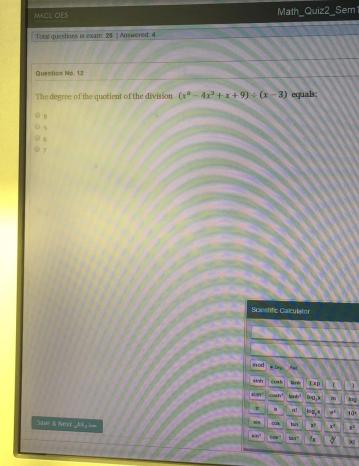
$$(-\infty, 2a-\frac{1}{5}]$$

$$(-\infty, 2a + \frac{1}{5}]$$

$$(-\infty, 2a + \frac{1}{5})$$

$$[2a+\frac{1}{5},\infty]$$





Question No. 11

If 5 is a zero of $f(x) = x^3 - 8x^2 + 11x + 20$, then other zeros are

mod Deg Rad

cosh sinh¹ cosh¹ tanh¹

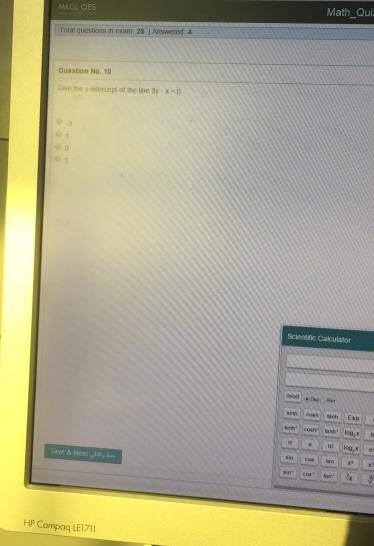
Exp

log₂x

log_yx

n!

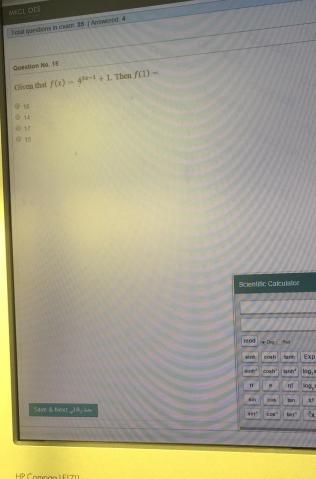
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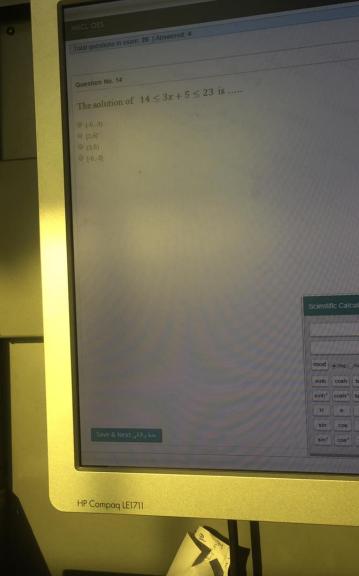


Find the value of a such that the remainder of $\frac{3x^3 + 10x^2 + ax + 3}{3x^3 + 10x^2 + ax + 3}$

Exp cosh¹ tanh¹ log₂x IT n! log,x Xy

|x|





Question No. 13

The equation $y = \log_a x$ is equivalent to the equation

mod Deg Rad

log₂x log_yx n!

Xy YX

Question No. 16

Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 - 5x + 6}$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{16 - x^2}$. Find the domain of $\binom{f}{g}(x)$.

- → R\{2,3}
- 0 (-4,4)
- ⊖ (-4,2)∪(2,3)∪(3,4) ○ (-4,2) U(2,4)

عنظ رفالي Save & Next

Scientific Calculator mod Deg Rad sinh cosh tanh Exp sinh-1 cosh⁻¹ tanh⁻¹ log₂x log n! log,x 10× sin cos Xy XS. X2 cos-1 tan-1 YX [x]

Question No. 10

Which of the following statements is always true.

T

- The graph of a quadratic function is a straight line.
- The graph of a quadratic function passes through the point (0, 0).
- The range of a quadratic function is the set of all real numbers.
- The axis of symmetry passes through the vertex.

Question No. 7

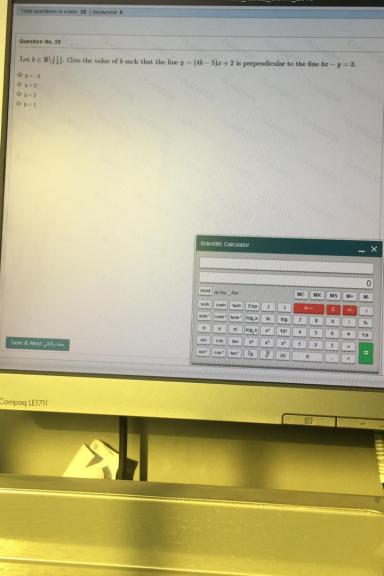
If x+1 is a factor of the polynomial f(x) then

$$f(1) = 0$$

$$f(0) = -1$$

$$f(0) = 1$$

$$f(-1) = 0$$



Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 2 Question No. 5 Solve |x - 4| < 7

Total questions in exam. 25 | Answered: 0 Question No. 21 The equation $x = 2 - \log_2 y$ is equivalent to the equation y = 3x-2 $x = 3^2-y$ $0 \ x = 3^{y-2}$

Question No. 18

The vertical asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 2 - \log_5(x - 3)$

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 15

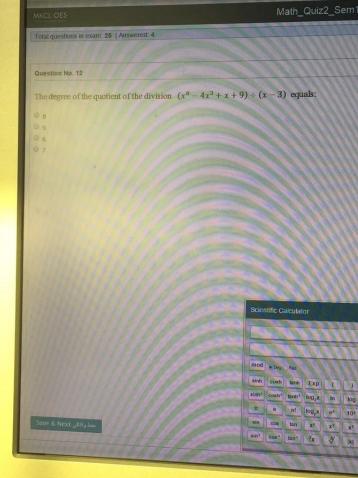
If a < b < c, solve the inequality $\frac{(x-a)(x-b)}{(x-c)} \le 0$, for x.

$$(-\infty, a]$$

$$a,b]\cup(c,\infty)$$

$$\Theta$$
 $[a,\infty)$

$$(-\infty,a]\cup[b,c)$$



Question No. 22

If f(x) is a polynomial such that f(2) = 3 then the remainder of the division f(x) + (x - 2) equals:

- 0 2
- 0 -3
- 0 -2
- 03

Save & Next بدار Save & Next

MKCL OF

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 19

Find the function
$$f(x)$$
 such that $(fg)(x) = \frac{3}{x^3 - x}$, where $g(x) = \frac{3}{x - 1}$.

Save & Next Jan Line

Which of the following statements is always true.

1

- The graph of a quadratic function is a straight line.
- The graph of a quadratic function passes through the point (0, 0).
- The range of a quadratic function is the set of all real numbers.
- The axis of symmetry passes through the vertex.

MKCL OES

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 18

The vertical asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 2 - \log_5(x - 3)$

- 0 y=2
- 0 x = -3
- 0 y=3
- 0 x = 3

MKCL OES

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 24

The horizontal asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 3^{x-1} + 2$.

- 0 y = -2
- x = -2
- 0 y = 3
- y = 2

Question No. 2

Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$. Give the value of a such that the point (a, a) belongs to the line ax + 4y = -4.

0 3=1

0 a=-1 0 32-2

Let a be a complex number and $f(x) = x^4 - x^2 - 12$. If x - a is a factor of f(x) then

- x + a is a factor of f too.
- -x+a is a factor of f too.
- -x-a is a factor of f too.
- f(x+a) = 0.

Question No. 15

If a < b < c, solve the inequality $\frac{(x-a)(x-b)}{(x-c)} \le 0$, for x.

- $(-\infty, a]$
- \bigcirc $[a,b] \cup (c,\infty)$
- \bigcirc $[a,\infty)$
- $\bigcirc (-\infty,a] \cup [b,c)$

Question No. 13

The equation $y = \log_{\alpha} x$ is equivalent to the equation

- $0 x = a^2$
- 0 y = x
- y = a
 - $0 x = y^{\alpha}$

Scientific Calculator

MINN

Exp log₂x log_yx

XX

mod Deg Rad

sinh¹ cosh¹ tanh¹

sin co

r1 cos-1 tarr1

Let
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 - 5x + 6}$$
 and $g(x) = \sqrt{16 - x^2}$. Find the domain of $\binom{I}{g}(x)$.

- R\{2,3}
- (-4.4) ○ (-4.2) ∪ (2.3) ∪ (3.4)
- ◎ (-4,2)∪(2,4)

Scientific Calculator mod Deg Rad sinh cosh tanh Exp cosh¹ tanh¹ log₂x sinh1 log log_yx 10× sin COS XY X3 X2 cos-t tan-t *X [x]

منذ رائلي Save & Next

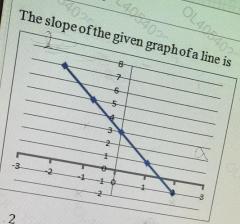
Total questions in exam. 26 | Answered: 0 Question No. 14 Find-the value of a such that the remainder of $\frac{3x^3 + 10x^2 + ax + 3}{x + 1}$ is zero.

Question No. 22

If f(x) is a polynomial such that f(2) = 3 then the remainder of the division f(x) + (x - 2) equals:

- 0 2
- 0 -3
- 0 -2
- 03

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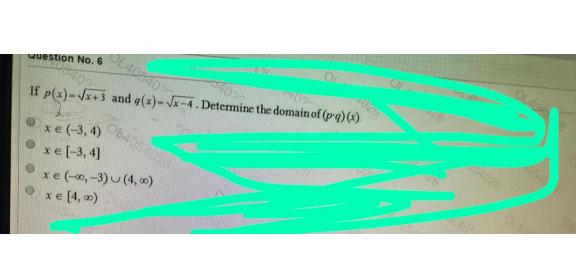


Question No. 7

The domain and the range of f(x) = 2x is

2

- all real numbers
- all negative real numbers
- all positive real numbers
- all non-zero real numbers



Let a be a complex number and $f(x) = x^4 - x^2 - 12$. If x - a is a factor of f(x) then

- x + a is a factor of f too.
- -x+a is a factor of f too.
- -x-a is a factor of f too.
- f(x+a) = 0.

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Total questions in exam 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 2

Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$. Give the value of a such that the point (a,a) belongs to the line ax + 4y = -4. 0 3=2 0 3=1 0 a=-1

0 a = -2

Total questions in exam: 25	Answered:
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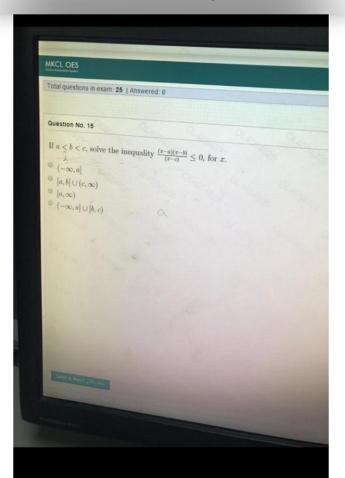
Which of the following statements is always true.

1

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- The graph of a quadratic function passes through the point (0, 0).
- The range of a quadratic function is the set of all real numbers.
- The axis of symmetry passes through the vertex.

Samba.

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Question No. 7

The domain and the range of f(x) = 2x is

2

- all real numbers
- all negative real numbers
- all positive real numbers
- all non-zero real numbers

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- The axis of symmetry passes through the vertex.

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- The axis of symmetry passes through the vertex.

Total questions in exam; 25 | Answered: 0 Question No. 1 The horizontal asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 4^x + 2$

The solution set of the following equation: |x-2| = |x-1| is

5 2

D

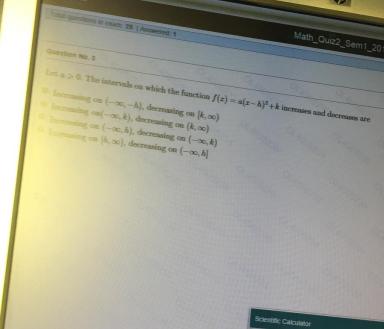
mod sinh sinh¹

sin⁻¹

18/2

3 5

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mod e Deg Rad

sinh" cosh" tanh" log₂x

n! log,x ex

Exp

xy x2 x2

Yx.

In log

10×

|X|

8

4

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Question No. 1 The horizontal asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 4^x + 2$

mod

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Total questions in exam 25 | Answered 2 Question No. 4 The domain of the function $f(x) = 1 - \log_4(x - 2)$ is

mod

sinh*

HP Compaq LE1711

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 2 Question No. 5 Solve |x - 4| < 7

MKCL OES

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 2

Question No. 6

If $f(x) = 3x^2 + 2x - 1$ then f(a+1) =

$$3a^2 + 8a + 4$$

$$3a^2 + 2a - 1$$

$$a^4 + 2a^2 - 1$$

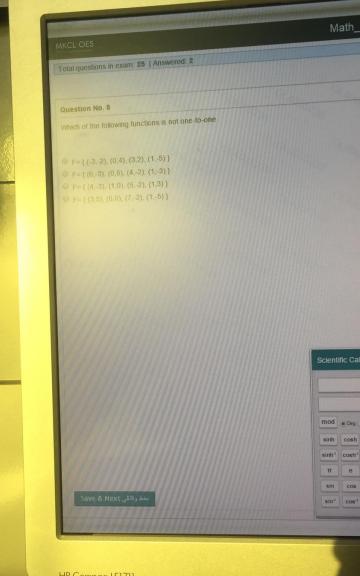
$$a^2 + 2a - 1$$

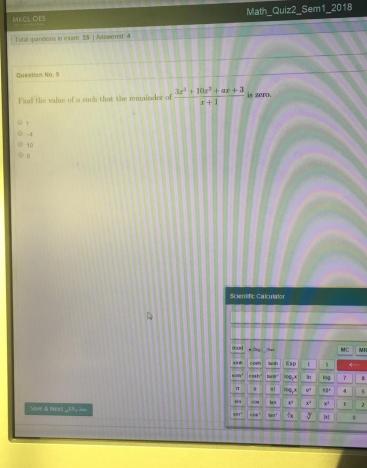
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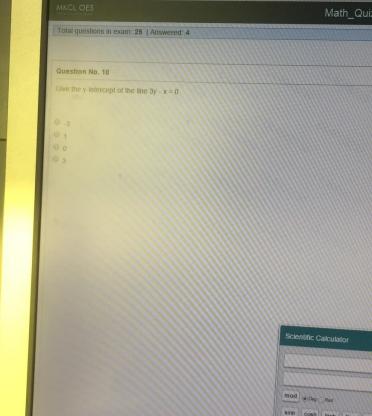
sinh

sin-1

صلواتلي Save & Next







tanh Exp

log₂x

log,x

XY

cosh¹ tanh¹

sinh-1

π e n!

sin cos

sin' cos- tan' YX

Save & Next والثلي Save

Question No. 11

If 5 is a zero of $f(x) = x^3 - 8x^2 + 11x + 20$, then other zeros are

- 0 4
- 0 -4.
- 0 -4, -
- 04.

Scientific Calculator

mod Deg Rad

sinh cosh tanh

ır e n!

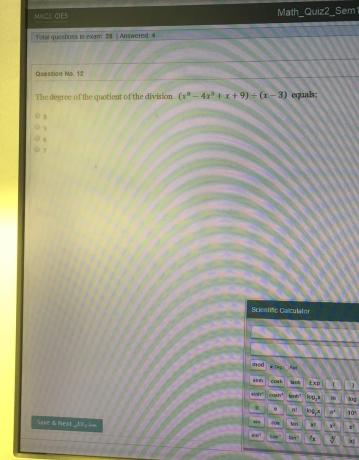
log₂x

log_yx

YX

sin cos tan

عبد راقالی Save & Next



MKCL OES

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 4

Question No. 13

The equation $y = \log_a x$ is equivalent to the equation

- 0 x = a
- 0 y = x
- y = a
- $x = y^a$

Scientific Calculator

A COLUMN

mod Deg Rad

sinh¹ cosh¹ tanh⁴
π e n!

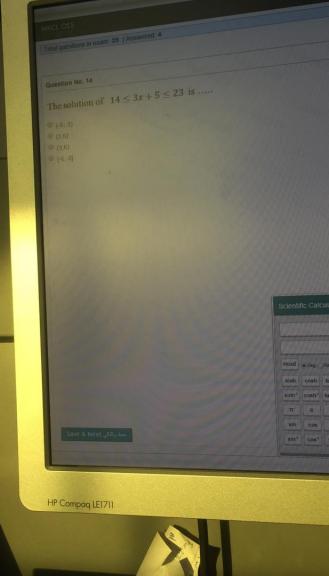
sin co

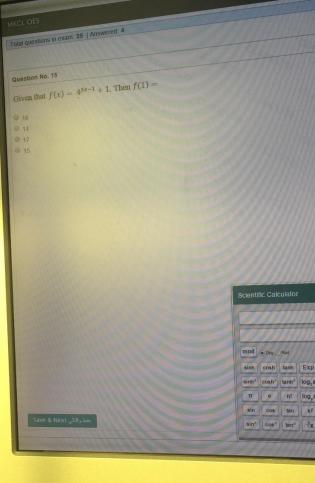
cos-1 tan-1

Exp log₂x log_yx

Хy

HP Compaq LE1711





Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 18

The vertical asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 2 - \log_5(x - 3)$

- 0 y = 2
- O X = -3
- y = 3
- 0 x = 3

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 17

Find the axis of symmetry of $y = 2(x-5)^2 + 3$

- 0 y = -3
- 0 x = 3
- 0 x = 5
- 0 y = 3

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 24

The horizontal asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 3^{x-1} + 2$.

- 0 y = -2
- x = -2
- y = 3
- y = 2

OL905402-OLAOSADON OL4054026 If $p(x) = \sqrt{x+3}$ and $q(x) = \sqrt{x-4}$. Determine the domain of $(p \cdot q)(x)$.

- $x \in (-3, 4)$
- $x \in [-3, 4]$
- $x \in [4, \infty)$

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 18

The vertical asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 2 - \log_5(x - 3)$

- 0 y=2
- 0 x = -3
- 0 y=3
- 0 x = 3

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Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 18

The vertical asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 2 - \log_5(x - 3)$

- 0 y=2
- 0 x = -3
- 0 y=3
- 0 x = 3

Let a be a complex number and $f(x) = x^4 - x^2 - 12$. If x - a is a factor of f(x) then

- x + a is a factor of f too.
- -x+a is a factor of f too.
- -x-a is a factor of f too.
- f(x+a) = 0.

Question No. 3 Questi Let a be a complex number and $f(x) = x^4 - x^2 - 12$. If x - a is a factor of f(x) then x+a is a factor of f too. $\Rightarrow x + a$ is a factor of f too. $\Rightarrow -x + a$ is a factor of f too.

0 - x - a is a factor of f too. f(x+a) = 0.

Total questions in exam. 26 | Answered: 0 Question No. 14 Find-the value of a such that the remainder of $\frac{3x^3 + 10x^2 + ax + 3}{x + 1}$ is zero.

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0 Question No. 15

If a < b < c, solve the inequality $\frac{(x-a)(x-b)}{(x-c)} \le 0$, for x.

 $(-\infty, a]$

 \odot $[a,b] \cup (c,\infty)$

 Θ $[a, \infty)$

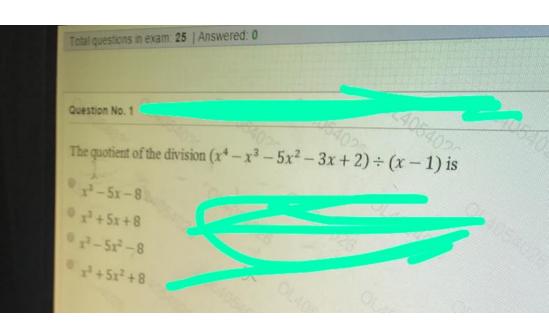
 \circ $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, c)$

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 19

Find the function
$$f(x)$$
 such that $(fg)(x) = \frac{3}{x^3 - x}$, where $g(x) = \frac{3}{x - 1}$.

Total questions in exam. 25 | Answered: 0 Question No. 21 The equation $x = 2 - \log_2 y$ is equivalent to the equation y = 3x-2 $x = 3^2-y$ $0 \ x = 3^{y-2}$



Total questions in exam 25 | Answered: 0

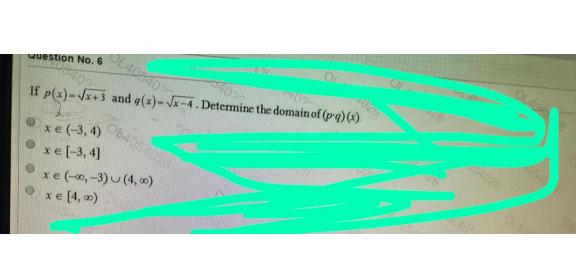
Question No. 2

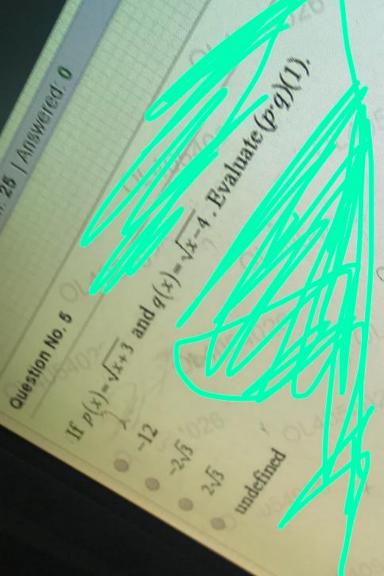
Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$. Give the value of a such that the point (a, a) belongs to the line ax + 4y = -4.

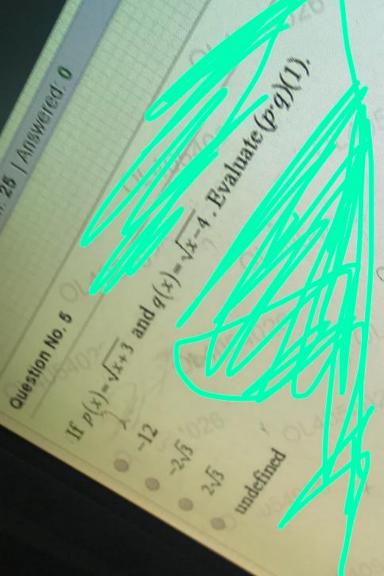
0 3=1

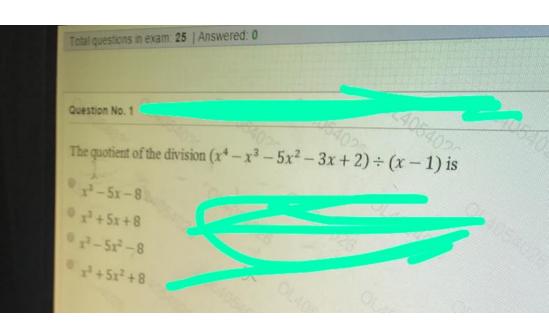
0 a=-1

0 32-2









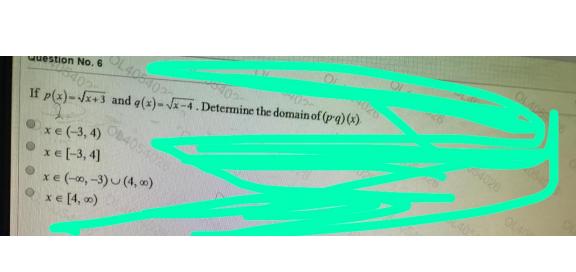
Total questions in exam 25 | Answered: 0

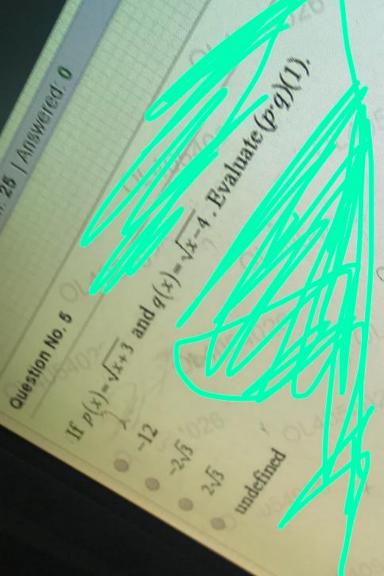
Question No. 2

Let
$$a \in \mathbb{R}$$
. Give the value of a such that the point (a, a) belongs to the line $ax + 4y = -4$.

0 3=1

0 a=-1 0 32-2





The quotient of the division $(x^4 - x^3 - 5x^2 - 3x + 2) \div (x - 1)$ is

$$0x^3 + 5x + 8$$

$$0x^3-5x^2-8$$

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Total questions in exam 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 2

Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$. Give the value of a such that the point (a,a) belongs to the line ax + 4y = -4. 0 3=2 0 3=1 0 a=-1

0 a = -2

OL905402-OLAOSADON OL4054026 If $p(x) = \sqrt{x+3}$ and $q(x) = \sqrt{x-4}$. Determine the domain of $(p \cdot q)(x)$.

- $x \in (-3, 4)$
- $x \in [-3, 4]$
- $x \in [4, \infty)$

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The solution of the exponential equation $2^{x-1} = 4^x$ is

- 0 x = -1
- ① x = 1
- ① x = 4
- 0 x = 2

0

Let a be a complex number and $f(x) = x^4 - x^2 - 12$. If x - a is a factor of f(x) then

- x + a is a factor of f too.
- -x+a is a factor of f too.
- -x-a is a factor of f too.
- f(x+a) = 0.

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 7

The domain and the range of f(x) = 2x is

2

- all real numbers
- all negative real numbers
- all positive real numbers
- all non-zero real numbers

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 8

The solution of $14 \le 3x + 5 \le 23$ is

- 0 [-6,-3]
- (3,6)
- 0 (-6,-3)
- 0 [3,6]

-- I mawered. 0

Question No. 9

Given that
$$f(x) = 4^{3x-1} + 1$$
. Then $f(1) =$

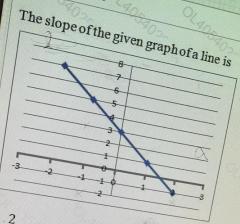
- 0 15
- **17**
- 0 16
- 0 14

0

Which of the following statements is always true.

1

- The graph of a quadratic function is a straight line.
- The graph of a quadratic function passes through the point (0, 0).
- The range of a quadratic function is the set of all real numbers.
- The axis of symmetry passes through the vertex.



The solution set of $-4|6 - x| + 4 \le -20$ is

1

- (-∞,10] U [2,∞)
- (-∞,2] U [10,∞)
- (-∞,0] U [12,∞)
- (-∞,12] U [0,∞)

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The function $f(x) = 3x + x^2 - 6$ is

- Linear
- Cubic Cubic
- Quartic
- Quadratic

Which of the following statements is always true.

T

- The graph of a quadratic function is a straight line.
- The graph of a quadratic function passes through the point (0, 0).
- The range of a quadratic function is the set of all real numbers.
- The axis of symmetry passes through the vertex.

Question No. 14

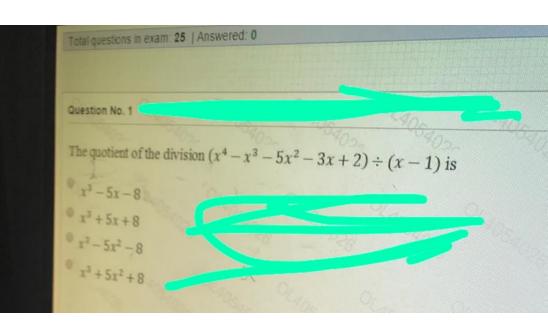
Find the value of a such that the remainder of $\frac{3x^3 + 10x^2 + ax + 3}{x + 1}$ is zero. 00

- € 10
- 0 1
- 0 -4

Question No. 15

If a < b < c, solve the inequality $\frac{(x-a)(x-b)}{(x-c)} \le 0$, for x.

- $(-\infty, a]$
- \bigcirc $[a,b] \cup (c,\infty)$
- \bigcirc $[a,\infty)$
- $\bigcirc (-\infty,a] \cup [b,c)$



Question No. 14

Find the value of a such that the remainder of $\frac{3x^3 + 10x^2 + ax + 3}{x + 1}$ is zero. 00

- ⊚ 10
- 0 -4

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 18

The vertical asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 2 - \log_5(x - 3)$

- 0 y = 2
- O X = -3
- y = 3
- 0 x = 3

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 19

Find the function f(x) such that $(fg)(x) = \frac{3}{x^3 - x}$, where $g(x) = \frac{3}{x - 1}$.

- \bigcirc $\frac{1}{x^2+x}$
- 0 1
- $\frac{3}{x-1}$.

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Question No. 16

Which of the following functions is not one-to-one

1

- F= { (3,5), (6,0), (7,-2), (1,-5) }
- F={ (4,-3), (1,0), (5,-2), (1,3) }
- F={(-3,-2), (0,4), (3,2), (1,-5)}
- F= { (6,-3), (0,5), (4,-2), (1,-3) }

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 17

Find the axis of symmetry of $y = 2(x-5)^2 + 3$

- 0 y = -3
- 0 x = 3
- 0 x = 5
- 0 y = 3

Question No. 17

Find the axis of symmetry of $y = 2(x-5)^2 + 3$

- 0 y = -3
- 0 x = 3
- 0 x = 5
- 9 y = 3

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Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 20

The solution set of the following equation: |x-2| = |x-1| is

 $\left\{\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2}\right\}$

0 4

 $\left\{\frac{5}{2}\right\}$

 $\left\{\frac{3}{2}\right\}$

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 21

The equation $x = 2 - \log_3 y$ is equivalent to the equation

$$y = 3x-2$$

$$x = 3^{2-y}$$

$$y = 3^{2-x}$$

$$x = 3^{y-2}$$

Question No. 22

If f(x) is a polynomial such that f(2) = 3 then the remainder of the division f(x) + (x - 2) equals:

- 0 2
- 0 -3
- 0 -2
- 03

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Which of the following statements is always true.

T

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- The graph of a quadratic function passes through the point (0, 0).
- The range of a quadratic function is the set of all real numbers.
- The axis of symmetry passes through the vertex.

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 18

The vertical asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 2 - \log_5(x - 3)$

- 0 y=2
- 0 x = -3
- 9 y = 3
- 0 x = 3

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 24

The horizontal asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 3^{x-1} + 2$.

- 0 y = -2
- x = -2
- 0 y = 3
- y = 2

Question No. 2

Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$. Give the value of a such that the point (a, a) belongs to the line ax + 4y = -4.

0 3=1

0 a=-1 0 32-2

Which of the following statements is always true.

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- The range of a quadratic function is the set of all real numbers.
- The axis of symmetry passes through the vertex.

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 18

The vertical asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 2 - \log_5(x - 3)$

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- 9 y = 3
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Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 24

The horizontal asymptote to the graph of $f(x) = 3^{x-1} + 2$.

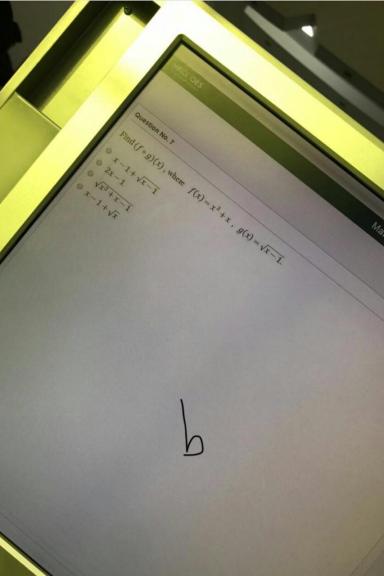
- 0 y = -2
- x = -2
- 0 y = 3
- y = 2

Question No. 2

Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$. Give the value of a such that the point (a, a) belongs to the line ax + 4y = -4.

0 3=1

0 a=-1 0 32-2



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Determine the solution set of the following inequality

$$3+x<\frac{1-3x}{2}\leq x+8$$

- 0 (-3,-1]
- @ [-3,-1]
- ◎ [-1,3]
- 0 (-1.3]



3. Suppose
$$a \in \mathbb{R}$$
. Give the value of a such that the equation $|2x+3a|=|x+a|$ admit one solution.

A. $a=-1$
B. $a=1$
C. $a=-\frac{1}{2}$
 $2x = -2a$
 2

0 = 0

(D) a = 0

4 Solve the following inequality =2 21-2 41 > -2

If x-4 is a factor of the polynomial f(x) then

$$0 f(4) = 0$$

$$f(0)=4$$

$$f(-4)=0$$

$$f(0) = -4$$





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● 15 ★
● 17
● 16
● 14

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I otal questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 10

Which of the following statements is always true.

1

- The graph of a quadratic function is a straight line.
- The graph of a quadratic function passes through the point (0, 0).
- The range of a quadratic function is the set of all real numbers.
- The axis of symmetry passes through the vertex.

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exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Total questions in exam 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 2

Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$. Give the value of a such that the point (a,a) belongs to the line ax + 4y = -4. 0 3=2 0 3=1 0 a=-1

0 a = -2