



مدونة المناهج السعودية

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الموقع التعليمي لجميع المراحل الدراسية

في المملكة العربية السعودية



King Abdulaziz University
Faculty of Arts and Humanities
Department of European Languages and literature
Lane423/ Applied Linguists
Time allowed: 90 Minutes

انتساب / نموذج A

الرقم

الاسم:

Part 1. Complete each sentence with the correct word or phrase from the list: (22pts)

(lexicography / operant conditioning / competence / application / Charles Curran
stylistics / Noam Chomsky / affective variables / speech pathologists
constructivism / suggestopedia)

1. Clinical linguists work in cooperation with *speech pathologists* and audiologists to assess, diagnose and remediate language-disorders.
2. Applied linguistics is a branch of linguistics where the primary concern is the *application.s...* of the linguistics theories, methods and findings to the explanation of language problems.
3. *Stylistics*..... is a branch of linguistics which studies the features of situationally distinctive uses (varieties) of language.
4. The science or practice of compiling dictionaries is referred to as *Lexicography*.
5. Empathy, self-esteem inhibition and extraversion are examples of some *affective variable*... which can influence language learning.
6. *Suggestopedia*..... is language teaching method originated in the 1970s by Georgi Lozanov. According to this method. Classes are conducted to a background of soothing classical music.
7. Two cognitive psychologists, Jean Piaget and Lev Vygotsky, developed theories of *Constructivism*. That addressed cognitive development and learning among children, adolescents, and adults.
8. The name of the founder of the community Language learning (CLL) approach is *Charles Curran*.
9. Skinner focused on learning by *operant conditioning* which refers to learning by reinforcing the good response which results in increasing and keeping of what has been learnt.
10. *Competence*..... is a term used to refer to one's underlying knowledge of a system, event or fact. It is a non-observable ability.
11. *Noam Chomsky* is credited with developing the nativist theory of language, which argues we all have an innate ability to learn a language.

22. False Critical period hypothesis (CPH) describes the age effect in second language acquisition.

23. False Audiolingual is a learning method based on reading, writing, translation & grammar.

24. True Language performance refers to a person's use of his/her language.

Part 3. Write short notes on any FIVE the following topics: (30 marks)

1- The four major fields of applied linguistics

- ① The linguistic analysis of language disorders: clinical linguistics
- ② The use of language in mother-tongue education: educational linguistics
- ③ The developments in lexicography, translation and stylistics.
- ④ The teaching and learning of foreign languages.....

2- Traditional and specialized definition of learning

- * Traditional definition: Acquiring or getting of knowledge by studying, experience or instruction.....
- * Specialized definition: A relatively permanent change in behavioural tendency as a result of reinforced practice.

3- Behaviorism

Behaviorism appeared in the early 1940s between 1940s and 1950s. B. F. Skinner was one of the leaders of this approach. Behaviorism believe in stimulus and response as a way of learning. Skinner focused on learning by operant conditioning. They proposed a modified theory called mediation.

4- A definition of language

Language is a set of signals by which people communicate. Language is a set of arbitrary symbols. These symbols are primarily vocal and may also be visual. Language is acquired by people in much the same way language and languages learning both have universal characteristics.



Part 2. Answer T for true statements and for false statements: (48 pts)

1. False Learning a second language is never a long and complicated process.
2. True It is easier to learn a second language puberty than it childhood.
3. False Linguists and specialists do not have definite answers to all the questions raised regarding first/second language acquisition.
4. False The grammar translation method pays great attention to enhance a student's communicative ability in language.
5. True Universal Grammar (UG) emphasizes that all human beings are genetically equipped with an ability to acquire/learn language.
6. false Social interaction plays no role in developing a child's language.
7. True Children are more superior in comprehension than in production.
8. False The signal language used by animals is capable of change and development.
9. false Language is limited to human.
10. True Pap stressed the interdisciplinary nature of applied linguistics.
11. false In monolingual dictionaries the words are translated into another language.
12. false Human language is not capable of change and development.
13. True Imitation is one of the important strategies a child uses in the acquisition of a given language.
14. True Children acquire their first language easily and perfectly while adult L2 learners meet great difficulty and sometimes failure.
15. false The intellectual, analytic and logical functions are assigned to the right hemisphere.
16. True Research generally supports the idea that beyond the age of puberty learners do not acquire authentic (native-like) pronunciation of the second language.
17. True Positive attitudes towards races, cultures and languages cannot affect success in language learning.
18. True According to the audio-lingual method, there is little or no grammatical explanation.
19. false Bilingualism refers to the ability to speak three or more languages.
20. True The natural order of foreign language learning is that we should practice sound's then words, then sentence.
21. false Grammar translation method emphasized listening and repeating: forming habits.