المملك العربية السعودية المملك المراكز التي المراكز المراكز



لكل المهتمين و المهتمات بدروس و مراجع الجامعية



مدونة المناهج السعودية eduschool40.blog

- 8. Which one of the following is an optional step in the accounting cycle?
 - a. Analyze business transactions
 - b. Prepare a worksheet
 - c. Prepare a trial balance
 - d. Post to the ledger accounts
 - 9. The final step in the accounting cycle is to prepare
 - a. closing entries.
 - b. financial statements.
 - a post-closing trial balance.
 - d. adjusting entries.
 - 10. All of the following are property, plant, and equipment **except**
 - a. supplies.
 - b. machinery.
 - c. land.
 - d. buildings.
- A current asset is
 - a. the last asset purchased by a business.
 - an asset which is currently being used to produce a product or service.
 - usually found as a separate classification in the income statement.
 - d. an asset that a company expects to convert to cash or use up within one year.
- Liabilities are generally classified on a balance sheet as
 - a. small liabilities and large liabilities.
 - b. present liabilities and future liabilities.
 - c. tangible liabilities and intangible liabilities.
 - d. current liabilities and long-term liabilities.
- 13. What is the order in which assets are generally listed on a classified balance sheet?
 - a. Current and long-term
 - b. Current; property, plant, and equipment; long-term investments; intangible assets
 - c. Current; property, plant, and equipment; intangible assets; long-term investments
 - d. Current; long-term investments; property, plant, and equipment; intangible assets
 - Current liabilities
 - are obligations that the company is to pay within the current year.

IRICK'S COPY SHOP Worksheet For the Month Ended September 30, 2014

	Trial B	Trial Balance Adjustments		tments	Adjusted Trial Balance		Income Statement		Balance Sheet	
Account Titles	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Cash	3,000									
Supplies	1,100									
Prepaid Insurance	2,200									
Equipment	24,000									
Accum. Depreciation— Equipment		4,500								
Accounts Payable		2,400								
Notes Payable		4,000								
Owner's Capital		15,300								
Owner's Drawings	2,400									
Service Revenue		6,900								
Utilities Expense	_400									
Totals	33,100	<u>33,100</u>								
Supplies Expense										
Insurance Expense										
Depreciation Expense										
Rent Expense										
Rent Payable										
Totals										
Net Income Totals										

Solution 19

IRICK'S COPY SHOP Worksheet For the Month Ended September 30, 2014

	Trial Balance		Adjustments		Adjusted Trial Balance		Income Statement		Balance Sheet	
Account Titles	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit	Debit Credit	
Cash	3,000				3,000				3,000	
Supplies	1,100			(a) 800	300				300	
Prepaid Insurance	2,200			(b) 200	2,000	(i			2,000	
Equipment	24,000				24,000	1			24,000	
Accum. Depreciation — Equipment		4,500		(c) 400		4,900			4,900	
Accounts Payable		2,400				2,400			2,400	
Notes Payable		4,000				4,000			4,000	
Owner's Capital		15,300				15,300			15,300	
Owner's Drawings	2,400				2,400				2,400	
Service Revenue		6,900				6,900		6,900		
Utilities Expense	_400	_	6		400		400			
Totals	33,100	<u>33,100</u>								
Supplies Expense			(a) 800		800		800			
Insurance Expense			(b) 200		200		200			
Depreciation Expense			(c) 400		400		400			
Rent Expense			(d) 600		600	(600			
Rent Payable				(d) 600		600			600	
Totals			2,000	2,000	34,100	34,100	2,400	6,900	31,700 27,200	
Net Income							4,500		4,500	
Totals							6,900	6,900	31,700 31,700	

Liabilities and Owner's Equity

Current liabilities

Accounts payable \$3,800

Long-term liabilities

Notes payable <u>5,000</u>

Total liabilities \$8,800

Owner's equity

Owner's capital 9,300

Total liabilities and owner's equity \$18,100

EXERCISES

Ex. 19

The account balances appearing on the trial balance (below) were taken from the general ledger of Irick's Copy Shop at September 30.

Additional information for the month of September which has not yet been recorded in the accounts is as follows:

- (a) A physical count of supplies indicates \$300 on hand at September 30.
- (b) The amount of insurance that expired in the month of September was \$200.
- (c) Depreciation on equipment for September was \$400.
- (d) Rent owed on the copy shop for the month of September was \$600 but will not be paid until October.

Instructions

Using the above information, complete the worksheet on the following page for Irick's Copy Shop for the month of September.

IRICK'S COPY SHOP Worksheet For the Month Ended September 30, 2014

	Trial Balance		Adjustments		Adjusted Trial Balance		Income Statement		Balance Sheet	
Account Titles	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Cash	3,000									
Supplies	1,100									
Prepaid Insurance	2,200									
Equipment	24,000									
Accum. Depreciation— Equipment		4,500								
Accounts Payable		2,400								
Notes Payable		4,000								
Owner's Capital		15,300								
Owner's Drawings	2,400									
Service Revenue		6,900								
Utilities Expense	400									
		_								

- 8. Which one of the following is an optional step in the accounting cycle?
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 - Current liabilities
 - are obligations that the company is to pay within the current year.

CHAPTER 4

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

- Preparing a worksheet involves
- a. two steps.
- b. three steps.
- c. four steps.
- d. five steps.
- 2. If the total debit column exceeds the total credit column of the income statement columns on a worksheet, then the company has
- a. earned net income for the period.
- an error because debits do not equal credits.
- c. a net loss for the period.
- d. to make an adjusting entry.
- 3. A worksheet can be thought of as
- a. permanent accounting record.
- b. optional device used by accountants.
- c. part of the general ledger.
- d. part of the journal.
- 4. Closing entries are necessary for
- a. permanent accounts only.
- b. temporary accounts only.
- c. both permanent and temporary accounts.
- d. permanent or real accounts only.
- 5. Each of the following accounts is closed to Income Summary **except**
- a. Expenses.
- b. Owner's Drawings.
- c. Revenues.
- d. All of these are closed to Income Summary.
- 6. In order to close the owner's drawings account, the
 - a. income summary account should be debited.
 - b. income summary account should be credited.
 - c. owner's capital account should be credited.
 - d. owner's capital account should be debited.
 - 7. The closing entry process consists of closing
 - a. all asset and liability accounts.
 - b. out the owner's capital account.
 - c. all permanent accounts.
 - d. all temporary accounts

BRIEF EXERCISES

BE 15

Use the following income statement for the year 2014 for Belle Company to prepare entries to close the revenue and expense accounts for the company.

Service revenue

\$85,000

Expenses:

Salaries and Wages Expense \$40,000

Rent Expense 12,500

Advertising Expense ___8,700

Total expenses 61,200

Net income (loss) \$23,800

Solution 15

Service Revenue

85,000

Income Summary

85,000

61,200 Income Summary

Salaries and Wages Expense

40,000

Rent Expense

12,500

Advertising Expense

8,700

BE 16

Sebastien Company earned net income of \$44,000 during 2014. The company had owner drawings totalling \$20,000 during the period. Prepare the entries to close Income Summary and the Owner's Drawings account.

Solution 16

Income Summary

44,000

Owner's Capital

44,000

Owner's Capital

20,000

Owner's Drawings

20,000

BE 17

Prepare the necessary correcting entry for each of the following.

- A payment of \$5,000 for salaries was recorded as a debit to Supplies Expense and a credit to Cash.
- b. A purchase of supplies on account for \$1,000 was recorded as a debit to Equipment and a credit to Accounts Payable.

Solution 17

Salaries and Wages Expense 5.000 a. Supplies Expense 5,000

1.000 Supplies b.

(b) RUGEN COMPANY

> **Balance Sheet** July 31, 2014

Assets

Current assets

Cash

\$5,200

Accounts receivable

9,780

Total current assets

\$14,980

Property, plant, and equipment

Equipment

38,000

Less: Accumulated depreciation

<u>6,000</u>

32,000

Total assets

<u>\$46,980</u>

Liabilities and Owner's Equity

Current liabilities

Accounts payable

\$4,100

Salaries and wages payable

2,980

Total current liabilities

\$ 7,080

Long-term liabilities

Notes payable

3,000

Total liabilities

10,080

Owner's equity

Owner's capital

<u>36,900</u>

Total liabilities and owner's equity

\$46,980

Ex. 21

Prepare the necessary closing entries based on the following selected accounts.

Accumulated Depreciation \$10,000

Depreciation Expense 4,000

Owner's Capital 20,000

Owner's Drawings 12,000

Salaries and Wages Expense 18,000

Service Revenue 31,000

Solution 21

Service Revenue

31,000

Income Summary

31,000

Income Summary 22,000

Depreciation Expense

4,000

Salaries and Wages Expense

18,000

Income Summary

9,000

12,000

Owner's Capital

9,000

Owner's Capital

12,000

Owner's Drawings

Ex. 20

These financial statement items are for Rugen Company at year-end, July 31, 2014.

Salaries and wages payable \$ 2,980 Notes payable (long-term) \$ 3,000

Salaries and wages expense 45,700 Cash 5,200

Utilities expense 21,100 Accounts receivable 9,780 Equipment 38,000 Accumulated depreciation 6,000 Accounts payable 4,100 Owner's Drawings 4,000 Service revenue 57,200 Depreciation expense 4,000 Rent revenue 6,500 Owner's capital (beginning 48,000

of the year)

Instructions

- (a) Prepare an income statement and an owner's equity statement for the year. The owner did not make any new investments during the year.
- (b) Prepare a classified balance sheet at July 31.

Solution 20

(a) RUGEN COMPANY

Income Statement For the Year Ended July 31, 2014

Revenues

Service revenue \$57,200 Rent revenue 6,500

Total revenues \$63,700

Expenses

Salaries and wages expense 45,700

Utilities expense 21,100

Depreciation expense 4,000
Total expense 70,800

Net loss $\frac{\$ (7,100)}{\$}$

RUGEN COMPANY

Owner's Equity Statement For the Year Ended July 31, 2014

Owner's Capital, August 1, 2013 \$48,000

Less: Net loss \$7,100

Drawings <u>4,000</u> <u>11,100</u>

Owner's Capital, July 31, 2014 \$36,900

- 14. Current liabilities
- are obligations that the company is to pay within the current year.
- are listed in the balance sheet in order of their b. expected maturity.
- are listed in the balance sheet, starting with accounts payable.
- should not include long-term debt that is expected to be paid within the next year.

Answers to Multiple Choice Questions

Item	Ans.	Item	Ans.
1.	d	10.	а
2.	С	11.	d
3.	b	12.	d
4.	b	13.	d
5.	b	14.	а
6.	d		
7.	d		
8.	b		
9.	С		

BRIEF EXERCISES

BE 15

Use the following income statement for the year 2014 for Belle Company to prepare entries to close the revenue and expense accounts for the company.

Service revenue

\$85,000

Expenses:

Salaries and Wages Expense \$40,000

Rent Expense 12,500

Advertising Expense ___8,700

Total expenses 61,200

Net income (loss) \$23,800

Solution 15

Service Revenue

85,000

Ex. 22

As Mel Smith was doing his year-end accounting, he noticed that the bookkeeper had made errors in recording several transactions. The erroneous transactions are as follows:

- (a) A check for \$700 was issued for goods previously purchased on account. The bookkeeper debited Accounts Receivable and credited Cash for \$700.
- (b) A check for \$180 was received as payment on account. The bookkeeper debited Accounts Payable for \$810 and credited Accounts Receivable for \$810.
- (c) When making the entry to record the year's depreciation expense, the bookkeeper debited Accumulated Depreciation—Equipment for \$1,000 and credited Cash for \$1,000.
- (d) When accruing interest on a note payable, the bookkeeper debited Interest Receivable for \$200 and credited Interest Payable for \$200.

Instructions

Prepare the appropriate correcting entries.

Solution 22

(a) Accounts Payable 700
Accounts Receivable 700

(b) Cash 180 Accounts Receivable 630

Accounts Payable 810

(c) Cash 1,000
Depreciation Expense 1,000
Accumulated Depreciation—
Equipment 2,000

(d) Interest Expense 200 Interest Receivable 200

Ex. 23

Wakefield Company discovered the following errors made in January 2014.

- 1. A payment of salaries expense of \$900 was debited to Equipment and credited to Cash, both for \$900.
- A collection of \$2,000 from a client on account was debited to Cash \$200 and credited to Service Revenue \$200.
- The purchase of equipment on account for \$680 was debited to Equipment \$860 and credited to Accounts Payable \$860.

Instructions

Correct the errors.

Solution 17

- a. Salaries and Wages Expense 5,000 Supplies Expense 5,000
- b. Supplies 1,000 Equipment 1,000

BE 18

The following information is available for Elwes Company for the year ended December 31, 2014:

Accounts payable \$ 3,800
Accumulated depreciation-equipment 4,000
Owner's capital 9,300
Intangible assets 2,300
Notes payable (due in 5 years) 5,000
Accounts receivable 1,500
Cash 2,800
Short-term investments1,000
Equipment 8,800

Instructions

Use the above information to prepare a classified balance sheet for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Solution 18

ELWES COMPANY Balance Sheet December 31, 2014

<u>Assets</u>

Current assets

Cash \$2,800

Long-term investments 5,700

Short-term investments 1,000

Accounts receivable __1,500

Total current assets \$5,300

Investments

Long-term investments 5,700

Property, plant, and equipment

Equipment 8,800

Less: Accumulated depreciation-

equipment 4,000 4,800 Intangible assets 2,300 Total assets \$18,100

Liabilities and Owner's Equity

Current liabilities

Accounts payable \$3,800

Long-term liabilities

Notes payable __5,000