OUESTION 3: (12 Marks) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ for the following : . 1. $y = x^4 + x^{-3} + 2$ 2. $y = \cos(3x^2)$ 3. $y = \log_3(x^2 + 5)$ 4. $y = \pi^{x \tan x}$ 5. $x^2 - y^2 = e^{3y}$ 6. $y = x^x$

QUESTION 4:

Consider the function $f(x) = \frac{x-1}{x-3}$ to find the following:

- a) Discuss the continuity of f(x).
- b) The horizontal asymptote(s) of f(x), (if any).
- c) The interval(s) on which f(x) is decreasing, (if any).
- d) The interval(s) on which f(x) is concave up / concave down, (if any).
- e) Sketch the graph of f(x).

QUESTION 5:

a) Use the limit definition of derivatives to find f'(x) For $f(x) = 5x^2$

- b) Let $y = 1 + 3u^2$ and $u = \sqrt[3]{x}$. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$
- c) Verify that the function $f(x) = \sin(2x)$ satisfies the hypotheses of Rolle's Theorem over the interval $[0, \pi]$. Then find all possible values of C that satisfy the

هذا

(10 Marks)

(8 Marks)

conclusion of the theorem.

d) Find two nonnegative real numbers whose sum is 15 with the property that the product between one of them and the square of the second is largest.





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ملاحظة: أكتب خطوات الحل بالتفصيل لجميع الأسئلة داخل دفتر الإجابة علما بأن عدد الأسئلة (5) ، وعدد الصفحات (2).

QUESTION 1:

Evluate each of the following limits, (if exist):

1.
$$\lim_{x \to 3} x^2 - 2x + 1$$

3. $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos^2 x}{3x^2}$
5. $\lim_{x \to 0} (x^2 \cos(\frac{1}{x}))$

2.
$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{2x^2 - 8}{x^2 + x - 6}$$

4.
$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{-1}{(x - 2)^2}$$

6.
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} (x \sin(\frac{\pi}{x}))$$

QUESTION 2:

Use the graph of y = f'(x) to Find the following:

$$y = f'(x)$$

- a) The interval(s) on which f(x) is increasing and decreasing.
- b) The critical numbers of f(x).

c) The x - coordinates on which f has a relative maximum and a relative minimum.

(8 Marks)

(12 Marks)

d) The interval(s) on which f(x) is concave up/ concave down.

