Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Ministry of Education General Administration of Education, Jeddah Region Al Bayan Model School

#### First Question Bank: First Term Year 1444 H/ 2022-2023





Subject	English
Stage	Intermediate
Grade	9 <sup>th</sup>
Term	1 <sup>st</sup>
Teachers	T. Nishat T. Doaa

QUESTION BANK FOR ENGLISH: Basic Skill Units 1+2, CH: 1, 2, 20, 21 (voc+sp)

#### **Question 1: (Multiple Choices):**

For the questions below in the answer sheet, shade the circle that represents the correct choice for every question.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•				1
	♣ Basic sl	kills				
	Unit 1:					
1.	He rarely	up late.				
	(A) get	(B) getting	(C)	gets	(D) {	got
2.	I usually	coffee with my f	amil	у.		
	(A) drink	(B) drinks	(C)	drinking	(D)	drank
3.	My friends	Abha d	once	in a while.		
	(A) visits	(B) visit	(C)	visited	(D)	visiting
4	A: d	o you play tennis?	•			
4.	B: Always					
	(A) How many	(B) How often	(C)	How much	(D) I	How old
5.	She at a school last year.					
	(A) worked	(B) work	(C)	works	(D)	working
6.	Internet addicts	spend most of their ti	me	with		
	(A) real friends	(B) online friends		(C) school friends	(D)	work friends
7.	A:	do you spend watchi	ng T	V every day?		
7.	B: Around one h	our every day.			•	
	(A) How long	(B) How much	(C)	How many	(D)	How old
8.	Choose the corre	ect format: Maha, Nui	a, a	nd Amira love	shop	ping. (all)
	(A) All of them love shopping.	(B) Both of them love shopping.	(C)	All love shoppi	ng.	(D) Maha, Nura, and Amira all loves shopping.
9.	Ali and Mohamr	med play football. (bo	th)			
	(A) Ali and					(D) Both playing
	Mohammed	(B) Both of them		Both football p	-	football.
	play both	play football.	Ali	and Mohamme	ed.	1
	football.					\ \ \ \

10.	Hiba and Lana don't eat junk food. (neither)						
	(A) Hiba neither Lana eats junk food.	(B) Neither of eats junk food			a eat neith od and Lar		(D) Neither Hiba eat Lana and junk food.
11.	Faras, Haya and Reem can't save their money. (none)						
	(A) None them save their mone	(B) None Far Haya, reem their money	save	• •	as, Haya, R ave money		(D) None of them can save their money
12.	Barbara is a veg	etarian.					
	(A) She rarely sleeps in.	(B) She never of meat.	eats	(C) She	shops all ne.	(D) S	She talks all the e.
13.	Steve likes to we	ork out.					
	(A) He sits outside in the sun and work.	(B) He goes ou during his wor time.		(C) He freque to the	ntly goes gym.	(D) wor	He likes to run at k.
14.	I in Duba	ai. (be born)					
	(A) was born	(B) were born		(C) bor	n ([	) bee	en born
15.	Jiya: What	r	ight no	w?			
15.	Reema: I am wa	shing the dishe	<b>S.</b>				
	(A) you do	(B) are you doi	ng	(C) goi	ng to do	([	O) they are doing
	Unit 2:						
16.	Did you use to p	lay with dolls?					
	(A) Yes, I am.	(B) Yes, I did.		(C) Yes	, I do.	(D) `	Yes, I used.
17.	Shes	sick yesterday.					
	(A) is	(B) am		(C) wa	s	(D) a	are
18.	Jack: Did you we Neil: No, I didn't			•			
	(A) wear	(B) wore		(C) wa	s wore	(D)	did wear
19.	English class is _	Wednesday.					
	(A) on	(B) in		(C) at		(D)	of
20.	2 hours I	was playing fo	otball.			1	
	(A) last	(B) ago		(C)	since	(D)	past
21.	Aisha: Amal: They lived	l in Dubai.					
	(A) Where did		y did	` '	iere do		Where they
	they live?	live?	* la = · · ·	they liv		live	d?
22.	Choose the corre	ect meaning of	tne wor	rd relie	Γ: 		
	(A) painful	(B) big place.	(C) stre	essful	(D) taking	away	y stress and pain $\prec$

23.	Choose the correct meaning of the word abroad:					
	(A) in other countries	(B) an important person		(C) in the san place.	ne	(D) around you.
24.	Choose the corre	ect meaning of the wor		rd appointment:		
	(A) excellent (E	B) give to charity (C) a		a big city	(D) a	arrangement to meet
25.	Choose the corre	ect meaning of the	wo	rd outstandin	g:	
	(A) stressful	(B) excellent		(C) not good		(D) charity
26.	I started learning	g English			(Whe	en?)
	(A) in grade 4	(B) in 5:00 am		(C) on school		(D) beautifully
27.	I started going to	this high school in	າ	•		
	(A) 2015	(B) 5:00 am		(C) my friend		(D) beautifully
28.	We finished Uni	t 1 of English book		ago.		
	(A) in 2020	(B) two days		(C) this morn	ing	(D) on Monday
29.	Where	you born?		T		
	(A) was	(B) am		(C) were		(D) are
30.	I born	in Abha.				
	(A) was	(B) am		(C) were		(D) are
31.	Sara b	orn in 2007.				
	(A) was	(B) am		(C) were		(D) are
32.	year I v	vas in the second g	rad	e.		
	(A) Last	(B) Ago		(C) Tomorrov	N	(D) Next
33.	I get up 5:00	a.m.				
	(A) in	(B) for		(C) at		(D) on
34.	She was a tiny _	She	only	weighed 4 p	ound	s when she was born!
	(A) news	(B) infant		(C) award		(D) athlete
35.	Theoverjoyed!	were born last r	nigh	t at 9 P.M. Th	e wh	ole family is
	(A) twins	(B) athlete		(C) news		(D) infant
36.	Ahmed won a sp	pecial	fc	or his bravery	in th	e rescue mission.
	(A) news	(B) infant		(C) award		(D) athlete
37.	The student sho	wed great promise	and	d	le	adership skills.
	(A) news	(B) infant		(C) outstandi	ing	(D) athlete
38.	My uncle was al	ways good at sport	s. H	le was a succe	essful	
	(A) news	(B) infant		(C) award		(D) athlete
<u></u>	•	•				·

	<b>♣</b> Grammar:									
	Chapter 1: The Sentence									
1.	The <u>simple subject</u> in the following sentence is: Use of the Internet is very common.									
	(A) Use (B	) inter	net		(C) con	nmon		(D) i	is very comn	non
2.	The <u>complete su</u> Use of the Intern			g s	entenc	e is:				
	(A) is very comr		(B) common	(	C) Use	of the I	nte	rnet	(D) Use	
	The simple subje								` '	
3.	The World Wide		<del>-</del>							
	(A) excellent research	(B) Th	ne World Wide	·W	'eb	(C) W	eb	(D)	research	
4.	The <u>complete su</u> The World Wide			_						
	(A) excellent research	(B) 7	The World Wid	e V	Veb	(C) W	'eb	(D)	research	
5.	The simple predicate in the following sentence is:									
	(A) seems difficult at first.		n the Internet		(C) see				ling informa	tion
6.	The complete pr				_		firs	it.		
	(A) seems difficult at first.	(B) o	n the Internet		(C) see	ems	(D)	Find	ding informa	tion
7.	The simple pred	icate i	n the following	g se	entenc	e is:	I			
/.	A wealth of info	rmatic	on is available o	on	the Int	ernet.	ı			
	(A) information	(B) i	S	(C)	A wea	lth		(D) is Interi	available or net	the
8.	The <u>complete pr</u> A wealth of info									
	(A) information	(B) is		(0	C) A we	alth		(D) is Interi	available or net	the
9.	The compound so						s of	both		
	(A) Cheeseburge milkshakes	rs,	(B) and		(C) larg amoun	_		(D)	milkshakes	
10.	The compound s Did you and you						ıs a :	snack	k today?	
	(A) snack	(B) yo	our sister		(C) apport	ples,		(D)	you, sister	

11.		<u>d verb</u> in the follov u should not eat o			nacks :	too often
	(A) eat	(B) Therefore	aiiii	(C) eat, drin		(D) fatty snacks
	, ,	d verb in the follow	wing c	, ,		(D) Tatty Shacks
12.	-	stop and think abo	_		cts of y	our meals.
	(A) the health	(B) think		(C) stop		(D) stop, think
13.		llowing sentence k were forced from		-	the Sc	outheast.
	(A) Declarative	(B) Interrogativ	e	(C) Exclama	tory	(D) Imperative
14.	Classify the fo Look at this n	llowing sentence k	y pur	pose:		
	(A) Declarativ	e (B) Interrogativ	/e	(C) Exclam	atory	(D) Imperative
15.		llowing sentence kerokee escaped the		-		
	(A) Declarativ	e (B) Interrogativ	/e	(C) Exclam	atory	(D) Imperative
16.	Classify the fo How tragic the	llowing sentence ke story is!	y pur	pose:		
	(A) Declarativ	e (B) Interrogativ	/e	(C) Exclam	atory	(D) Imperative
17.		te end mark for th rough this telesco		owing senten	ice is:	
	(A),	(B)!		(C) ?		(D).
18.	The appropriation Look now	te end mark for th	e follo	owing senten	ice is:	
	(A),	(B) !		(C) ?		(D).
19.		te end mark for th ame of that star	e follo	owing senten	ice is:	
	(A),	(B) !		(C) ?		(D).
20.		te end mark for th bbies is stargazing	e follo	owing senten	ice is:	
	(A),	(B) !		(C) ?		(D).
	<b>4</b> Chapte	er 2: Parts	of S	peech (	Ove	rview
1.		in the following se lesson, the class le			oositio	on.
	(A) lesson	(B) learned	(C) a	bout	` '	esson, class, position
2.		in the following se was a field trip to				
	(A) trip	(B) San Diego Zoo	(C)	) class, field n Diego Zoo		(D) class, field trip

3.	The <u>compound noun</u> in the following sentence is: They were born in New York City and began working as children.							
	(A) New	(B) as child	dren	(C) New Yo	rk City	(D)	were born	
4.	The <u>compound noun</u> in the following sentence is: Originally, five of the brothers were in show business.							
	(A) brothers	(B) five	(B) five (C) Originally (D) show business					
5.	All the <u>common nouns</u> in the following sentence are: Of all the people in my class, Amy is probably the funniest person.							
	(A) people, class	, person	(B) pe	eople, class	(C) Amy	(D)	people	
6.	The <u>common no</u> The first day tha							
	(A) available	(B) Thursd	ay	(C) is		(D)	day, doctor	
7.	The <u>proper noun</u> in the following sentence is: Of all the people in my class, Amy is probably the funniest person.							
	(A) people, (B) class (C) Amy (D) person					person		
8.	The <u>proper noun</u> in the following sentence is: The first day that the doctor is available is Thursday.							
	(A) available	(B) Thursda	ау	(C) is		(D)	doctor	
9.	All the <u>concrete</u> Please bring me			_				
	(A) bring, box	(B) pencil		(C) box, p	pencil, clo	set	(D) box	
10.	All the <u>concrete</u> Professor is writ			_	is:			
	(A) professor	(B) writing		(C) art hi	story	(D)	professor, book	
12.	The <u>abstract nou</u> Time sometimes		_	sentence is:				
	(A) Time	(B) sometin		(C) move	es	(D)	slowly	
13.	The <u>abstract nou</u> Tito, do you beli							
	(A) story	(B) his		(C) truth		(D)	Tito	
14.	The <u>collective</u> no He saw a herd of		_			izon.	<u> </u>	
	(A) He	(B) herd		(C) buffa	lo	(D)	horizon	

15.	The <u>collective noun</u> in the following sentence is: Our boat was followed by a flock of seagulls.						
	(A) boat	(B) flock	((	C) followed	(D)	seagulls	
16.	Classify the underlined pronoun in the sentence: Alex does not like snow-skiing, but <u>he</u> loves water-skiing.						
	(A) Personal	(B) Reflexive	(0	C) Indefinite	(D) I	ntensive	
17.	Classify the underlined pronoun in the sentence: Is that Buckingham Palace?						
	(A) Personal	(B) Reflexive	(C)	Demonstrative	(D) I	nterrogative	
18.	Classify the under	erlined pronoun in th	ie se	entence:			
	(A) Reflexive	(B) Demonstrativ	e	(C) Indefinite	(D) I	Personal	
19.	Classify the underlined pronoun in the sentence:  Who discovered DNA?						
	(A) Indefinite	(B) Interrogative	((	C) Intensive	(D) I	Personal	
20.	_	erlined pronoun in the ne short story <u>himsel</u>		entence:			
	(A) Reflexive	(B) Interrogative	((	C) Personal	(D) I	ntensive	
21.	_	erlined pronoun in the write the short story		entence:			
	(A) Reflexive	(B) Interrogative	(0	C) Personal	(D) I	ntensive	
22.		djectives from the se			own	•	
	(A) starred	(B) operas	((	C) Jenny Lind		(D) several, great	
23.	-	djectives from the se			v-thr		
	(A) The	(B) extraordinary, fifty-three		C) delighted	, c.m.	(D) audiences	
24.	<u></u>	les from the sentenc -three concerts for t		American public.			
	(A) the	(B) concerts	1 '	C) ninety-three, merican		(D) public	
25.		<u>les</u> from the sentenc nted diva gave up an	e:				
	(A) the, an	(B) diva		C) an	(D) (	career	

26.		onstrative adjectives:						
		e the best I've ever rea		(D)				
	(A) These	(B) stories	(C) the	(D) ever				
27.	Choose the <u>demonstrative adjectives</u> :  Do you want this CD or that one?							
	(A) you	(B) want	(C) this, that	(D) one				
28.	Choose the dem	onstrative adjectives:						
20.	Those cats have	been resting on the w	rindowsill for two h	nours.				
	(A) cats	(B) Those	(C) resting	(D) two				
29.	Choose the prop	oer adjectives:						
25.	The French nove	elist Jules Verne predic	ted such invention	IS.				
	(A) Jules	(B) novelist	(C) predicted	(D) French				
30.	Choose the prop	oer adjectives: the Italian pasta.						
	(A) I	(B) really	(C) Italian	(D) pasta				
31.		erlined word as noun,	pronoun, adjective	e or verb:				
31.	Some people like their salsa hot.							
	(A) noun	(B) pronoun	(C) adjective	(D) verb				
32.	Classify the und	erlined word as noun,	pronoun, adjective	e or verb:				
	(A) noun	(B) pronoun	(C) adjective	(D) verb				
22	+ ` '	erlined word as noun,		1 , ,				
33.	The rookie hit th	ne <u>baseball</u> over the ou	utfield fence.					
	(A) noun	(B) pronoun	(C) adjective	(D) verb				
	<b> ♣SPELLIN</b>	IG – UNIT 1						
1.	Fill in the missin	g letters: ut_er_nce						
	(A) t-a	(B) b-l	(C) u-v	(D) i-r				
2.	Fill in the missin	g letters: rec_usi_e						
	(A) r-b	(B) t-s	(C) I-v	(D) b-s				
3.	Fill in the missin	g letters: cra_l_d						
	(A) h-f	(B) g-s	(C) w-e	(D) p-l				
4.	Fill in the missin	g letters: b_tt_e						
	(A) r-y	(B) o-l	(C) v-d	(D) x-y				
5.	Fill in the missin	g letters: mou_nf_l						
	(A) r-b	(B) t-s	(C) r-u	(D) b-s				
İ	1		1					

6.	Unscramble the letters: n/i/a/s/i/t/b/a/e/l							
	(A) insatiable	(B) satianible	(C) tansiaible	(D) itsanbiale				
7.	Unscramble the	letters: n/n/o/c/a/y						
	(A) conyan	(B) cannoy	(C) yancon	(D) canyon				
8.	Unscramble the letters: r/l/ a/ c/ b/ m/e							
	(A) calmber	(B) clamber	(C) malcber	(D) blamcer				
9.	Unscramble the	letters: m/u /l/ r/e/b						
	(A) lumreb	(B) lubrem	(C) lumber	(D) berlum				
10.	Choose the corr	ect spelling:						
	(A) strenger	(B) stranjer	(C) strandger	(D) stranger				
.11.	Choose the corr	ect spelling:						
	(A) cowered	(B) coverred	(C) cowerred	(D) kowered				
12.	Choose the correct spelling:							
	(A) puzzeld	(B) puzzled	(C) pazziled	(D) puzzlede				
	<b>♣VOCAB</b>	ULARY - UNIT	1					
1.		ULARY - UNIT e boy crying was very						
1.				(D) reclusive				
1.	The sound of the	e boy crying was very	(C) cowered	(D) reclusive				
	The sound of the	e boy crying was very	(C) cowered	(D) reclusive (D) mournful				
	The sound of the (A) insatiable  Most big animal (A) lumber	(B) mournful	(C) cowered (C) cowered					
2.	The sound of the (A) insatiable  Most big animal (A) lumber	(B) mournful  (B) mournful  (B) when the (B) clambered	(C) cowered (C) cowered					
2.	The sound of the (A) insatiable  Most big animal (A) lumber  The little girl's the (A) insatiable	(B) mournful  (B) clambered  (B) clambered	(C) cowered (C) cowered (C) cowered (C) reclusive	(D) mournful (D) lumber				
3.	The sound of the (A) insatiable  Most big animal (A) lumber  The little girl's the (A) insatiable	(B) mournful  (B) clambered  (B) cowered	(C) cowered (C) cowered (C) cowered (C) reclusive	(D) mournful (D) lumber				
3.	The sound of the (A) insatiable  Most big animal (A) lumber  The little girl's the (A) insatiable  The child  (A) insatiable	(B) mournful  (B) clambered  (B) clambered  (B) cowered  (B) cowered	(C) cowered  (C) cowered  (C) cowered  (C) reclusive  (C) reclusive  (C) reclusive	(D) mournful  (D) lumber  tiger in the zoo.				
3.	The sound of the (A) insatiable  Most big animal (A) lumber  The little girl's the (A) insatiable  The child  (A) insatiable	(B) mournful  (B) clambered  (B) cowered  (B) cowered  (B) cowered	(C) cowered  (C) cowered  (C) cowered  (C) reclusive  (C) reclusive  (C) reclusive	(D) mournful  (D) lumber  tiger in the zoo.				
3.	The sound of the (A) insatiable  Most big animal (A) lumber  The little girl's the (A) insatiable  The child  (A) insatiable  The handicappe  (A) insatiable	(B) mournful  (B) clambered  (B) cowered  (B) cowered  (B) cowered  (B) cowered  (B) cowered	(C) cowered  (C) cowered  (C) cowered  (C) reclusive  (C) reclusive  (C) reclusive  (C) cowered	(D) mournful  (D) lumber  tiger in the zoo.  (D) lumber				
2. 3. 4.	The sound of the (A) insatiable  Most big animal (A) lumber  The little girl's the (A) insatiable  The child  (A) insatiable  The handicappe  (A) insatiable	(B) mournful  (B) mournful  (B) clambered  (B) clambered  (B) cowered  (B) cowered  (B) cowered  (B) cowered  (B) reclusive	(C) cowered  (C) cowered  (C) cowered  (C) reclusive  (C) reclusive  (C) reclusive  (C) cowered	(D) mournful  (D) lumber  tiger in the zoo.  (D) lumber				

	<b>♣</b> SPELLING – UNIT 2							
1.	Fill in the missing	g letters: ebamin	g					
	(A) m-l (B) n-k (C) n-l (D) m-o							
2.	Fill in the missing letters: aatmy							
	(A) n-u	(B) m-o	B) m-o (C) n-o (D) m-u					
3.	Fill in the missing	g letters: difigre						
	(A) s-u	(B) k-m	(C) o-m	(D) m-r				
4.	Fill in the missing	g letters: recgnial	ble					
	(A) k-n	(B) m-a	(C) a-c	(D) o-z				
5.	Fill in the missing	g letters: elaorte						
	(A) t-l	(B) t-o (C) b-a (D) m-k						
6.	Fill in the missing letters: proccpied							
	(A) z-i	(B) e-u (C) I-m (D) q-i						
7.	Choose the corre	ect spelling:						
	(A) ancient	(B) ancniet	(C) ancinet	(D) ancenit				
8.	Choose the corre	ect spelling:						
	(A) peresrive	(B) preserve	(C) peresevre	(D) piresirve				
9.	Choose the corre	ect spelling:						
	(A) presits	(B) priests	(C) preists	(D) preists				
	<b>♣</b> VOCAB	ULARY – UNI	T 2					
1.	The teacher		the lesson for	the students.				
	(A) elaborates	(B) embalming	(C) anatomy	(D) disfigure				
2.	The Egyptians them.	preserve the dead	bodies by					
	(A) anatomy	(B) embalming	(C) elaborate	(D) preoccupied				
3.	Doctors study	about	of the human bo	ody.				
	(A) recognizabl	e (B) anatomy	(C) disfigure	(D) elaborate				

4.	The accident her face.						
	(A) elaborated	(B) disfigured	(C) anatomy	(D) embalming			
5.	Her attempts to improve her language skills were from the test results.						
	(A) recognizab	le (B) disfigure	(C) anatomy	(D) embalming			
6.	My father is with his job.						
	(A) anatomy	(B) elaborate	(C) preoccupied	(D) embalming			

## Question 2: (Pairing Questions) VOCABULARY UNIT 1

From questions (1) to (14), for every question in column (1) shade the appropriate circle from column (2).

Column (1)	Column (2)
1. mournful	A. walks heavily
2. lumbers	B. scared and hid
3. insatiable	C. sad
4. cowered	D. angry
5. reclusive	E. climbed
6. clambered	F. unsatisfied
7. canyon	G. keep away from others
8. research	H. valley
9. puzzled	I. remark
10.bottle	J. luck
11.humorous	K. outsider
12.stranger	L. confused
13.utterance	M.container
14.crawled	N. create
	O. study, examine
	P. funny
	Q. moved slowly
	R. water



# Question 2: (Pairing Questions) VOCABULARY UNIT 2

From questions (1) to (15), for every question in column (1) shade the appropriate circle from column (2).

Column (1)	Column (2)
1. elaborate	A. The methods of placing a dead body in oil
2. embalming	B. to destroy the form of
3. anatomy	C. able to be known from a previous encounter
4. disfigure	D. cutting up a body
5. recognizable	E. thoroughly worked out
6. preoccupied	F. completely possessed
7. linen	G. funeral
8. funeral	H. hall, assembly room
9. rituals	I. protect
10.chamber	J. customs
11.ancient	K. burial service
12.preserve	L. rite ritual
13.priests	M. a type of cloth material
14.ceremony	N. very old
15.burial	O. religious head

## Question 3: Comprehension#1:

Use the information in the passage to answer the questions below.

#### Bear in the Family - by Ben Mikaelsen

The twenty-pound, sixteen-week old rascal who joined our family caught us unprepared. The first night, I lay in bed listening to his haunting cry, a lost, mournful little sound. I crept out and sat near him in his den. After a few minutes he crawled on my lap and sucked the pads on his front feet, voicing his fear with a high-pitched clucking sound. I began to hum and rock him. When he finally fell asleep, I tucked him into the straw.

The first six months that Buffy lived with us, I rocked him to sleep every night. I spent hours feeding him, playing with him, observing him. At first, every utterance and gesture puzzled me. Because Buffy's muscle structure and coordination resembled that of a human, his play was very humanlike. Emotionally the puzzle was much more complex. One moment he would stand and shake his head playfully at a neighbor's Angus bull. The next moment he cowered behind me at the sight of a small bum lamb.

Originally Buffy nursed from a bottle. When I tried to wean him, he refused to switch over to solid foods. Melanie solved the problem by substituting water. Buffy took one suck and angrily threw the bottle across the pen. Then he ran to retrieve it and sucked hopefully. A second time he flung it. By that night he had abandoned his beloved bottle. . . . Our friendship with Buffy grew painfully slowly. His distrust made him reclusive. I realized that friendship depended on us somehow joining him in his world. That opportunity came all too soon.

#### Choose the correct answer by referring to the passage:

1. Who wrote this na	rrative?					
(A) Buffy	(B) Ben Mikaelsen (C) Buff		Buffy Mikaelsen		(D) Melanie	
2. How much did Buffy weigh when he joined the family?						
(A) twenty pounds	(B) sixteen pounds (C) sixty pounds		(D) twenty ounces			
3. How old was Buffy	when he first cam	e into	the family?			
(A) Sixty weeks	(B) Six weeks	(C) sixty-six weeks (D) Six		xteen weeks		
4. In the passage, 're	clusive' means:					
(A) Keep away from others	(B) Being close to others		(C) hurting o	thers	(D) giving gif others	ts to
5. Every utterance and gesture of Buffy the writer.						
(A) scared	(B) saddened		(C) puzzled		(D) startled	

6. Buffy's muscle structure and coordination resembled that of a						
(A) robot	(B) human	(C) chimpanzee	(D) panda			
7. Sometimes Buffy behind the writer even at the sight of a smooth bum lamb.						
(A) jumped	(B) hit	(C) cowered	(D) laughed			
8. Originally Buffy nu	rsed from a	·				
(A) glass	(B) jar	(C) jug	(D) bottle			
9. Buffy refused to switch over to solid foods. Melanie solved the problem by water.						
(A) showing	(B) substituting	(C) allowing	(D) removing			
10. After Buffy fell asleep, he was tucked in into the						
(A) straw	(B) blanket	(C) cage	(D) box			

For statements <u>below</u> shade in the letter 'T' if the statement is True or 'F' if the statement is False.

1.	Buffy was very happy the first night at the author's house.			
2.	In the passage, 'old rascal' refers to the bear.	Т	F	
3.	The first six months, the author rocked Buffy to sleep every night.	Т	F	
4.	The author didn't spend much time with Buffy.	T	F	
5.	At first, Buffy's every utterance and gesture puzzled the author.	Т	F	
6.	Buffy was happy to switch over to solid foods.	Т	F	
7.	The antonym of 'angrily' is 'painfully'.	Т	F	
8.	Buffy's play was very human-like.	Т	F	
9.	Buffy would stand and shake his head playfully all the time.	Т	F	
10.	In the sentence: "A second time he flung it." The pronoun "it" refers to the bottle.	Т	F	



#### 2: Comprehension: #2

Use the information in the passage to answer the questions below.

#### First Time on an Airplane

Story By: Andrew Frinkle

It was Amanda's first time on the airplane. She was nervous. Everyone said it was really safe, but it still seemed scary and also exciting. In the airport, Amanda went to the counter with her parents to get her ticket first. A nice lady in a uniform took her bag and weighed it. Then they went through the security check. It was supposed to be like an x-ray at the doctor's office. Her bag had to get checked, also. Men that looked like policemen smiled at her as she walked through the machine. Then she got to get her stuff back. After that, they had a long walk down a hall to find their gate. It seemed more like a door than a gate, though. Everywhere there were more gates and people waiting for their turns to ride their planes. She found her gate, but she couldn't sit down to wait. She wanted to look out the window. Wow! How could such a big airplane fly? Her plane looked like it had 50 windows on each side. Its wings were so large, that she could have run around and played on them. The front of the airplane where the pilot sat looked like a neat place, too. Finally, they called for her rows to start boarding. Another lady smiled at her as she walked down a narrow hallway.

Then she got on the plane. It was like being on a school bus, but the engines were louder. She found her seat number and buckled in. Dad helped her with her bag, which had to go in the cabinets above her. Fifteen minutes later, the airplane began to roll backward. The lady in the front of the airplane explained how to use their seatbelts and swim in case the airplane landed in water. That made her a little nervous, but her mom just patted her head and said, "Don't worry." When the plane took off, it was like being on a rollercoaster. She felt her stomach drop and she was pushed back into her chair. It only took a few minutes before the feeling went away. Then they were flying straight on to their destination. There were movies, snacks, and naps on the way. Afterward, she yawned and walked out in a new airport, where she got to get her bags back finally. Her teddy bear was still inside. She wondered if he'd enjoyed the ride! The airplane ride was pretty fun, but best of all, Grandpa and Grandma were waiting outside to pick them up.

#### Choose the correct answer by referring to the passage:

1. Who is the author of this story?						
(A) Andrew Frinkle	(B) Amanda	(B) Amanda (C) Grandpa and grandma		(D) Amanda's dad		
2. What is Amanda doing for the first time?						
(A) riding a bike	(B) riding a train		(C) riding a plane		(D) riding a horse	
3. Which word describes how Amanda was feeling in the story?						
(A) heavy	(B) guilty	(C) sad (D) no		ervous		
			•	•		

4. When the plane took off, it was like being on a					
(A) rollercoaster	(B) bus	(C) cycle	(D) horse		
5. Who weighed her bags at the airport?					
(A) A man with a big	(B) A nice lady in a	(C) A policeman	(D) A pilot with a		
moustache	uniform	in white uniform	blue cap		
6. Amanda thought that the gates looked more like					
(A) rooms	(B) bridges	(C) halls	(D) doors		
7. Instead of sitting d	lown to wait, Amanda wa	nted to	_•		
(A) run around the	(B) eat an ice-cream	(C) look out of	(D) play on the		
airport	(b) eat an ice-cream	the window	phone		
8. The airplane wing	8. The airplane wing was so large that Amanda thought she could have				
(A) danced on them	(R) slent on them	(C) painted on	(D) run around and		
	(b) siept on them	them	played on them		
9. Amanda and her p	9. Amanda and her parents were flying straight on to their				
(A) destination	(B) balcony	(C) theatre	(D) hotel		
10. Who was waiting outside the airport to pick them up?					
(A) Their net	(B) Grandpa and	(C) Their driver	(D) Their		
(A) Their pet	Grandma	(C) Then driver	neighbour		

# For statements <u>below</u> shade in the letter 'T' if the statement is True or 'F' if the statement is False.

1)	Amanda's parents were going on the plane for the first time.	T	F
2)	Security check was supposed to be like an x-ray at the doctor's office	Т	F
3)	Amanda went to the counter with her parents to get her ticket first.	Т	F
4)	Her plane looked like it had no windows on each side.	Т	F
5)	On the plane, Amanda felt like being on a school bus.	Т	F
6)	There were movies, snacks, and naps on the way.	Т	F
7)	Her teddy bear was still in her bag at the end of the flight.	Т	F
8)	Their airplane landed in water.	Т	F
9)	When the plane took off, Amanda felt very relaxed.	T	F
10)	Grandpa and Grandma were waiting outside to pick them up.	Т	F

# **Writing**

### **Question 4: Chapter 19. (Learning about Paragraph)**

#### **1-Answer the following questions:**

A. What is a paragraph?

#### **Choose the correct answer:**

- 1-It Used to tell a *story* or recount an event. (arranged in chronological order) (Persuasive Narrative Descriptive- Expository)
- 2-It Used to provide i*nformation*, including *facts*, instructions, and definitions. (Persuasive Narrative Descriptive -Expository)
- 3-It Used to *describe* a person, animal, scene, or object. ( arranged in spatial order) ( Persuasive Narrative Descriptive -Expository )
- 4- It Used to share *opinions* and convince others to agree with those opinions and sometimes take action.

( Persuasive – Narrative – Descriptive Expository )



# B. Writing Composition (100 Words) Chapter 20: Personal Narrative

1. Directions: Write a personal narrative of the most valuable experience you had in your life.

Helping Box: sound, tightly, clear day, clouds, pleasant breeze, play and disturb,

while driving, notice, getting hit, applying, incident, taught, careful, fasten



# **Chapter 20: Descriptive Writing** 2. Directions Write a letter or a paragraph to a friend describing a pet in detail. You may describe your own or someone else's pet, or the pet you wish you had. Helping Box: How are you, great, heard, bought, its name, soft fluffy, smooth white, ball, walks, plays, sips, eats, have fun, regards The End