

تجميعات احياء الكويز الاول

الكلول صحيله ،
دعواتكم 

Question No. 10

Prokaryotic cells are

- Cells have true Nucleus containing and DNA
- Cells do not have true Nucleus
- Cells have Nucleus without DNA
- Cells do not have a cell membrane

B

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 9

Question No. 8

Which class of biological polymer has the greatest functional variety?

- polysaccharides
- DNA
- proteins
- RNA

C

Question No. 7

Photosynthetic organisms are called.....

- All answers are correct
- Consumers
- Decomposers
- Producers

D

[Back](#)

Q1 BIO2018_SOMA



11 of 66

Question No. 6

Dynamics of an ecosystem include 2 major processes: flow of energy and.....

- Energy processing
- Interaction with Environment
- Photosynthesis
- Cycling of nutrients

D

MKCL OES

Question No. 19

DNA are composed of monomers called.....

- Nitrogen bases
- Sugars
- Nucleotides
- Amino acids

C

Question No. 9

The entire array of organisms in an ecosystem is called

- Population
- Organ system
- Community
- Biosphere



Question No. 10

The _____ is the building block of matter.

- molecule
- element
- atom
- compound



Question No. 7

Protists are a diverse collection of mostly organisms

- Single-celled
- Multi-cellular
- Bacteria
- Fungus

A

Question No. 5

DNA is inherited from parents to.....

- Organs
- Offspring
- Organelles
- Nature

B

Question No. 21

Organic compounds are chemicals mainly made up of.....

- Carbon
- Phosphate
- Nitrogen
- Silicon

Question No. 1

Which one of these is NOT one of the common 7 properties of life?

- Adaptation
- Order
- Energy Processing
- Sleeping

D

Question No. 14

The primary atom in all organic compounds is

- Nitrogen
- Oxygen
- Phosphate
- Carbon

D

Question No. 8

In the following taxonomic categories which is the highest in hierarchy?

- Domain
- Genus
- Family
- Kingdom

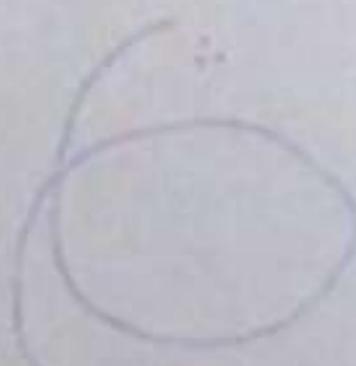
A

Question No. 15

In which form glucose is stored in animals?

- Cellulose
- Glycogen
- Starch
- Chitin

B



LE1711

Question No. 23

A polyunsaturated fat has

- Fatty acid with several double bonds
- Fatty acid with single double bond
- Glycerol with no double bond
- Fatty acid with no double bonds

A

Question No. 8

Tails in the membrane phospholipid's bilayer are:.....

- Hydrolysis
- Hydrophobic
- Hydrophilic
- Hydrocellular



B

Question No. 23

RNA is translated into protein by using...

- amino acid language
- nucleotide language
- Monosaccharide language
- Fatty acid language



A

Question No. 5

Plant cell wall is mainly consists of.....

- Nucleic acid
- Collagen
- Cellulose
- Starch



Question No. 18

DNA is

- Composed of 2 polynucleotide chains
- Composed of 4 polynucleotide chains
- Composed of 6 polynucleotide chains
- Composed of 8 polynucleotide chains



A

Save & Next

..... are made up of tissues that perform specific functions.

- Cells
- Organs
- Organ systems
- Muscles



B

Save & Share

Question No. 6

In the body, fats give about _____ times the energy as carbohydrates

- half
- twice
- 4
- 6

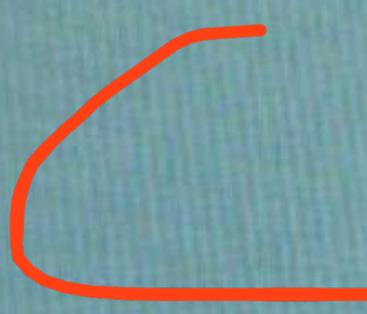
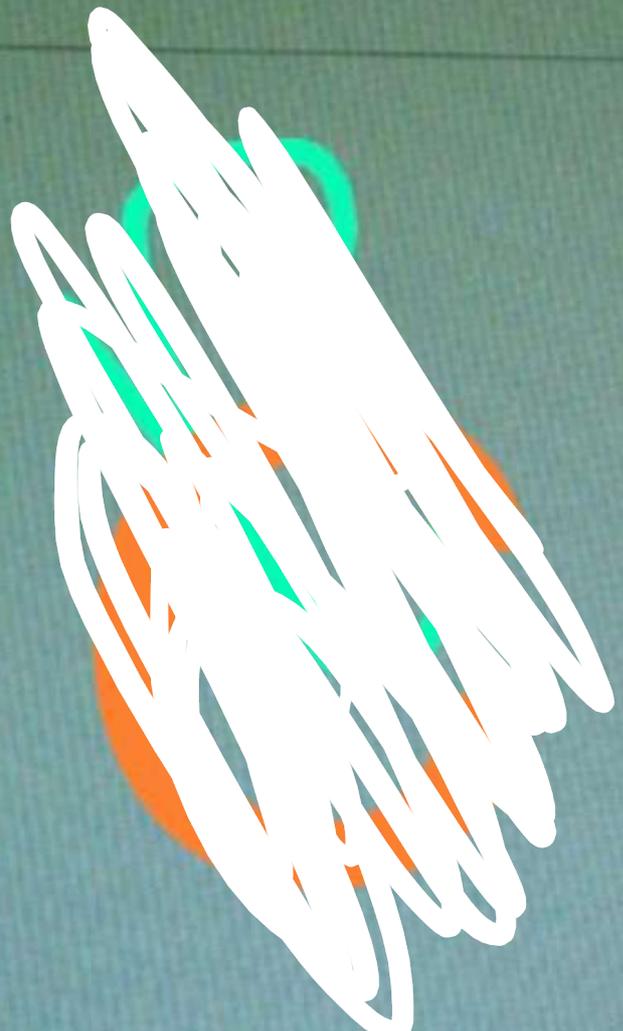


B

Question No. 18

The nucleotide backbone consists of

- Nitrogen base and sugar
- Phosphate and nitrogen base
- Sugar and phosphate
- Fatty acid and glycerin

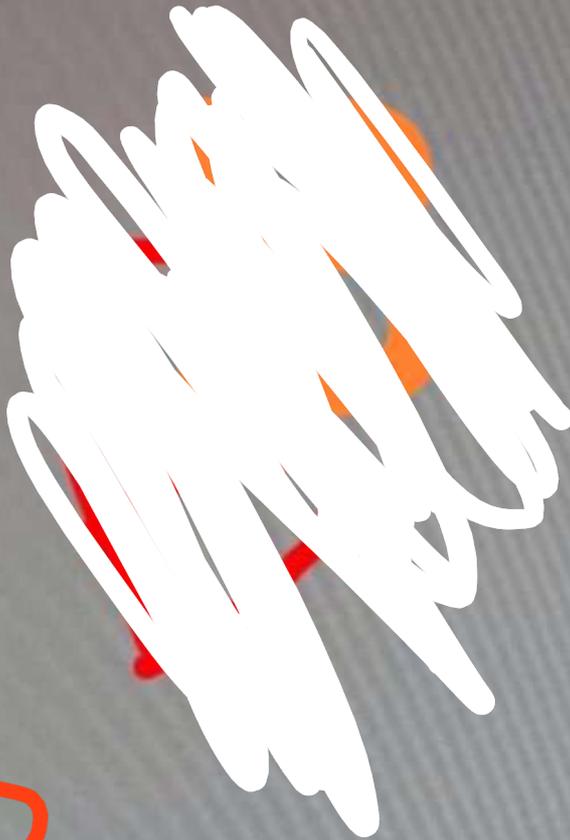


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Question No. 12

A _____ is a biologist who names, describes, and classifies organisms.

- Ecologist
- Taxonomist
- Physician
- Physiologist



B

Question No. 15

Fructose belongs to.....

- Monosaccharalides**
- Amino acids**
- Polysaccharides**
- Disaccharides**

A

Question No. 4

Energy exits from the Ecosystems as

- Kinetic energy
- Chemical energy
- Light energy
- Heat energy

D

Question No. 4

Which of the following is a producer in an ecosystem?

- Green Plants
- Animals
- Fungi
- Human

A

Question No. 23

A polyunsaturated fat has

- Fatty acid with several double bonds
- Fatty acid with single double bond
- Glycerol with no double bond
- Fatty acid with no double bonds

A



Question No. 8

Which of the following are the producers in an ecosystem?

- A Animals and Fungi
- B Bacteria and Algae
- C Plants and animals
- D Plants and Algae

D

Question No. 4

Taxonomy is the science which.....

- Study the ecosystems
- Group and classify organisms
- Study organisms at the cell level
- No answer is correct

B

Question No. 16

Which one of these compounds is the simplest form of organic compounds.

- Lipids
- Methane
- Ethan
- Polysaccharides

B

Question No. 21

Molecules with the same formula but different structural arrangements are

- Polymers
- Shapes
- Skeletons
- Isomers

D

Question No. 18

Polymers are made by linking monomers in a Reaction

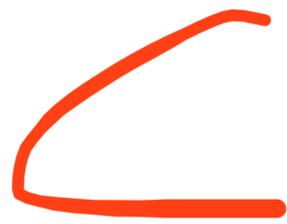
- Dehydration
- Rehydration
- Reduction
- Oxidation

A

Question No. 19

When two-amino acids monomers join together form a

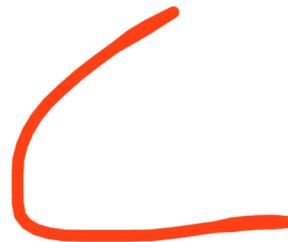
- Polysaccharide
- Disaccharide
- Dipeptide
- Polypeptide



Question No. 20

What way is the production of a dipeptide similar to the production of a disaccharide?

- Polymers are joined together by a dehydration reaction
- Monomers are joined by esterification reaction
- Monomers are joined by a dehydration reaction
- Monomers are joined by hydrolysis reaction



Question No. 17

The difference between ribose and deoxyribose sugar is.....

- Lack of a nitrogen atom in ribose
- Lack of an oxygen atom in deoxyribose
- Lack of ring in deoxyribose
- Lack of a carbon atom in ribose

B

Question No. 15

Fats are lipids which are made of

- Fatty acids and carbohydrates
- Amino acids and glycerol
- Fatty acids and amino acids
- Fatty acids and glycerol

D

Question No. 22

Each nucleotide unit is made of

- Pentose sugar - phosphate - fatty acid
- Pentose sugar - nitrogen base - fatty acid
- Pentose sugar - phosphate - nitrogen base
- Amino acid - phosphate - nitrogen base



Question No. 17

The compounds that contains only carbons and hydrogen are called

- Hydrocarbons
- Fatty acids
- No answer is correct
- Amino acids

A

Save & Next

Question No. 18

Polymers are made by linking monomers in a Reaction

- Dehydration
- Rehydration
- Reduction
- Oxidation

A

Question No. 7

Tissues are made up of.....

- Cells
- Organ system
- Organs
- Organisms



Similar cell

A

Save & Next



Question No. 17

The primary atom in all organic compounds is

- Nitrogen
- Oxygen
- Carbon
- Phosphate



Question No. 10

Which of these organelles are absent in bacteria?

- Nucleus
- Chloroplasts
- Mitochondria
- All answers are correct

D

Question No. 20

Proteins are made of small subunits called.....

- Fatty acid
- Triglycerides
- Amino acids
- Nucleotides



Question No. 24

Molecules with the same formula but different structural arrangements are called:

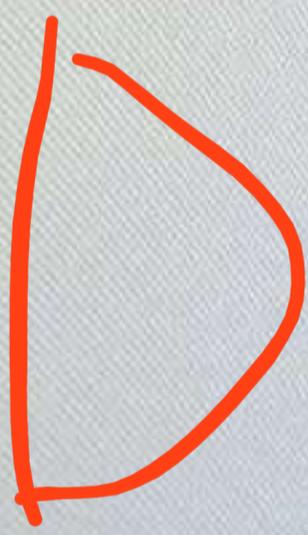
- Skeletons
- Shapes
- Isomers
- Polymers



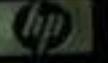
Question No. 17

Cholesterol is an example of.....

- True fats
- Phospholipids
- Proteins
- Steroids



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Question No. 25

The functional groups are groups of atoms that

- Participate in chemical reactions only
- Participate in chemical reactions but not determine the properties of organic compounds
- Determine the properties of the organic compound only
- Participate in chemical reactions and determine the properties of organic compounds

D



Question No. 23

Fatty acids which have double bonds between carbon atoms are called

- Saturated
- Polysaccharides
- Phospholipids
- Un-saturated

D

Question No. 12

Which of the following is a decomposer in an ecosystem?

- Algae
- Animals
- Plants
- Bacteria

D

Save & Next حفظ و التالى

Question No. 3

Which one of the following is a basic unit of life.....

- Molecules
- Cells
- organelles
- Tissues

B

Save & Next حفظ والتالي

Question No. 5

Dynamics of an ecosystem include 2 major processes: flow of energy and.....

- Interaction with Environment
- Energy processing
- Photosynthesis
- Cycling of nutrients

D

Question No. 7

Which of the following is NOT A BASIC characteristic of all living organisms?

- Living organisms contain a nucleus and organelles
- Living organisms respond to environment
- Living organisms grow and develop
- Living organisms reproduce

A

Question No. 9

Protists are belonging to.....

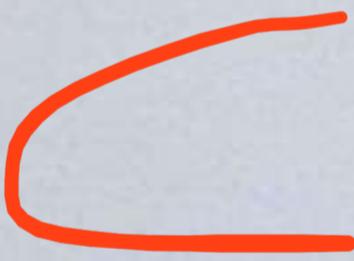
- Domain Eukarya
- Domain Archaea
- Domain Bacteria
- Kingdom Animalia

A

Question No. 22

Two or more polypeptide chains join to provide the _____

- Primary structure of a protein
- Secondary structure of a protein
- Quaternary structure of a protein
- Tertiary structure of a protein



Question No. 10

Which sequence CORRECTLY increases complexity in the levels of biological organization?

- Atoms, Molecules, Cells, Organs, Tissues
- Atoms, Molecules, Tissues, Organs, Cells
- Molecules, Atoms, Cells, Organs, Tissues
- Atoms, Molecules, Cells, Tissues, Organs

D

Question No. 14

Alcohols are characterized by its functional group

- Hydroxyl
- Phosphate
- Methyl
- Carboxyl

A

Question No. 15

Fructose belongs to.....

- Monosaccharaides
- Amino acids
- Polysaccharides
- Disaccharides

A

Question No. 13

Water-hating molecules are called.....

- Hydrophilic
- Hydrocarbons
- Hydrophobic
- Hydrolysis



Question No. 11

All of changes that occur from birth, in childhood and adulthood are called.....

- Reproduction
- Organization
- Adaptation
- Development



Question No. 9

To which domain of life does humans belong

- Bacteria
- Archaea
- Eukarya
- Multiple domains



Question No. 4

Taxonomy is the science which.....

- Study the ecosystems
- Group and classify organisms
- Study organisms at the cell level
- No answer is correct

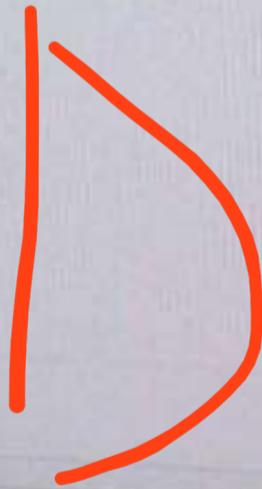
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Question No. 7

Which of the following is the characteristic of all living things?

- Living things respond to the environment
- Living things grow and develop
- Living things reproduce
- All answers are correct

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Question No. 3

small chemical units (atoms) combined together by chemical bonds is called

- Organ
- Cell
- Tissue
- Molecule



Question No. 4

Which of the following is a producer in an ecosystem?

- Green Plants
- Animals
- Fungi
- Human

A

Question No. 2

The ecosystems on the planet together are called the

- Atmosphere
- Hydrosphere
- Biosphere
- Lithosphere



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Question No. 13

The protecting carbohydrate in insects is

- Chitin
- Cellulose
- Sucrose
- Glycogen

A

Question No. 7

Protists are a diverse collection of mostly organisms

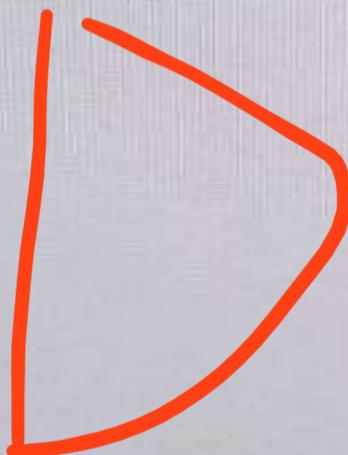
- Single-celled
- Fungus
- Multi-cellular
- Bacteria

A

Question No. 11

Which of the following includes living and non-living components?

- Population
- Individual
- Species
- Ecosystem



Question No. 13

In which form carbohydrates are stored in plants?

- Cellulose
- Starch
- Glycogen
- Chitin

B

Question No. 21

..... (CH₄) is considered to be the simplest organic molecule

- Methane
- Butane
- Ethane
- Benzene

A

Question No. 18

Compounds composed of only carbon and hydrogen are called

- Carbohydrates
- Hydrocarbons
- Fatty acids
- Nucleic acids

3

Question No. 22

Hemoglobin is a complex protein that has a.....

- Secondary structure
- Primary structure
- Tertiary structure
- Quaternary structure

D

Question No. 12

Amoeba is an example of

- Unicellular eukaryotes
- Unicellular prokaryotes
- Multi-cellular eukaryotes
- Multi-cellular prokaryotes

A

Question No. 15

..... reaction is the addition of water molecule to break polymer molecules

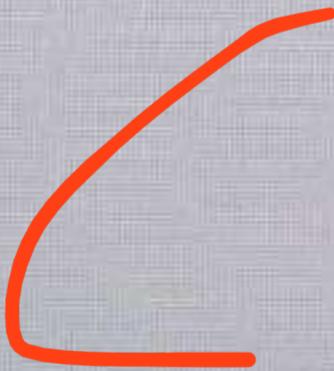
- Dehydration
- Hydrolysis
- Saturation
- Denaturation

B

Question No. 24

Which of the followings are main energy sources for a cell?

- Carbohydrates and minerals
- Fats and vitamins
- Fats and carbohydrates
- Minerals and vitamins



Question No. 23

The primary structure of the protein results from.....

- An interaction between the R groups of various amino acids
- The folding and coiling of the polypeptide
- A unique amino acid sequence
- All answers are correct



Question No. 4

Energy exits from the Ecosystems as

- Kinetic energy
- Chemical energy
- Light energy
- Heat energy

D

Question No. 12

Prokaryotic cells are

- Cells have Nucleus without DNA
- Cells have true Nucleus containing and DNA
- Cells do not have a cell membrane
- Cells do not have true Nucleus



Question No. 12

Single-celled amoebas and bacteria are grouped into different Domains because

- Bacteria are prokaryotic organisms
- Amoebas not cells
- Bacteria are not cells
- Both are unicellular organisms

A

Question No. 3

An ecosystem consists of.....

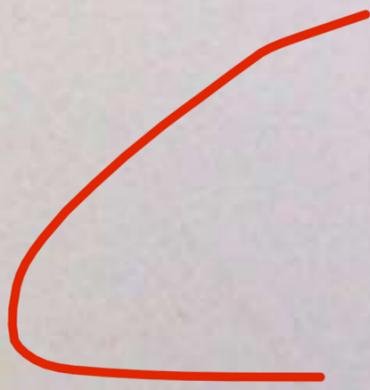
- Communities
- Organisms
- Cells
- populations

A

Question No. 9

The entire array of organisms in an ecosystem is called

- Population
- Organ system
- Community
- Biosphere



Question No. 5

DNA is inherited from parents to

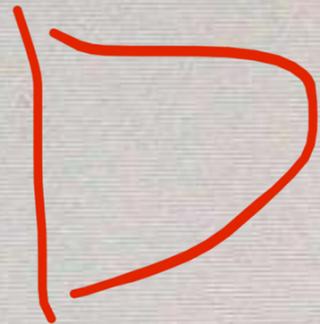
- Organs
- Offspring
- Organelles
- Nature

B

Question No. 6

Dynamics of an ecosystem include 2 major processes: flow of energy and.....

- Energy processing
- Interaction with Environment
- Photosynthesis
- Cycling of nutrients



Question No. 17

Cholesterol is an example of.....

- Phospholipids
- Steroids
- True fats
- Proteins

B

Question No. 16

Polymers are large molecules consists of small units called.....

- Macromolecules
- Monomers
- Atoms
- Cells

B

Save & Next حفظ و التالي

Question No. 7

The cells characteristics are:

- Able to divide
- All answers are correct
- Enclosed by a membrane
- have DNA

B

Question No. 8

An organ system is made up of several.....

- Populations
- Ecosystem
- Organs
- Tissues



Question No. 24

When the temperature around you become very warm and you sweat, this is example

- response to environment
- order
- reproduction
- regulation

A

Question No. 25

Why are human sex hormones considered to be lipids?

- They are not soluble in water
- They are essential components of cell membranes
- They are made of fatty acids
- They contribute to atherosclerosis

A

Question No. 24

Different levels of biological organization is called

- history
- cells
- hierarchy
- histology

E

Question No. 22

The primary structure of the protein results from.....

- A unique amino acid sequence
- All answers are correct
- The folding and coiling of the polypeptide
- An interaction between the R groups of various amino acids



A

MRCL OES
Online Evaluation System

Question No. 10

The nuclear membrane is absent in:

- Plants
- Archae
- Animals
- Fungi

B

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Question No. 17

Fructose belongs to.....

- Monosaccharaides
- Disaccharides
- Polysaccharides
- Amino acids



A

Save & Next 18/11/2019

Question No. 11

Both eukaryotic and prokaryotic cells have

- True organelles
- All answers are correct
- True nucleus
- DNA

D

Question No. 12

Which order shows a decreasing biological level of organization

- Cells, Organelles, Molecules, Atoms
- Organs, Tissues, Cells, Organ systems
- Tissues, Organ systems, Cells, Organs
- Organ systems, Organism, Organs, Tissues

A

Save & Next حفظ والتالي

Question No. 13

Sucrose is made from.....

- Glucose and fructose
- Two galactose sugars
- Glucose and galactose
- Two glucose sugars

A

Question No. 9

Human cells are.....

- Eukaryotic cells
- Bacterial cells
- Prokaryotic cells
- Plant cells

A

Question No. 11

Single-celled amoebas and bacteria are grouped into different Domains because

- Amoebas not cells
- Bacteria are not cells
- Bacteria are prokaryotic organisms
- Both are unicellular organisms



Question No. 7

The cells characteristics are:

- Able to divide
- All answers are correct
- Enclosed by a membrane
- have DNA

3

Question No. 25

All of the following contain amino acids except

- Antibodies
- Enzymes
- Cholesterol
- Hemoglobin

ع

Question No. 10

Which sequence CORRECTLY increases complexity in the levels of biological organization?

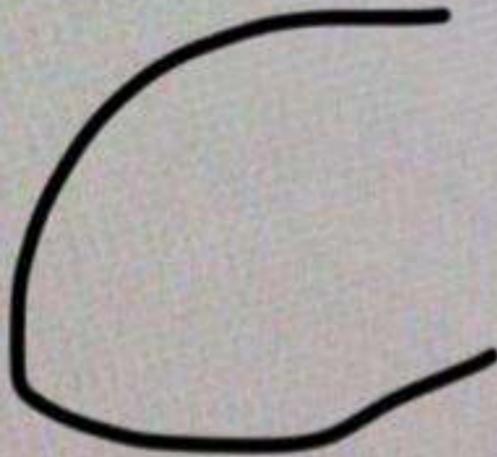
- Atoms, Molecules, Cells, Organs, Tissues
- Atoms, Molecules, Tissues, Organs, Cells
- Molecules, Atoms, Cells, Organs, Tissues
- Atoms, Molecules, Cells, Tissues, Organs



Question No. 10

The _____ is the building block of matter.

- molecule
- element
- atom
- compound



السؤال الثاني

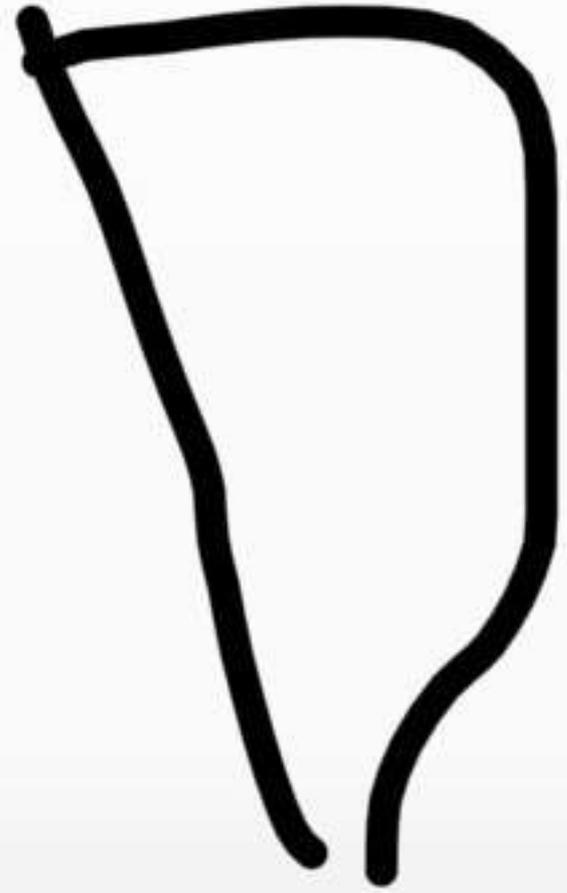
A membrane-bound structure that do specific function:

Organ

Organ systems

Molecules

Organelle



Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 4

Question No. 3

Changes that happens to a living organism during its live are called:

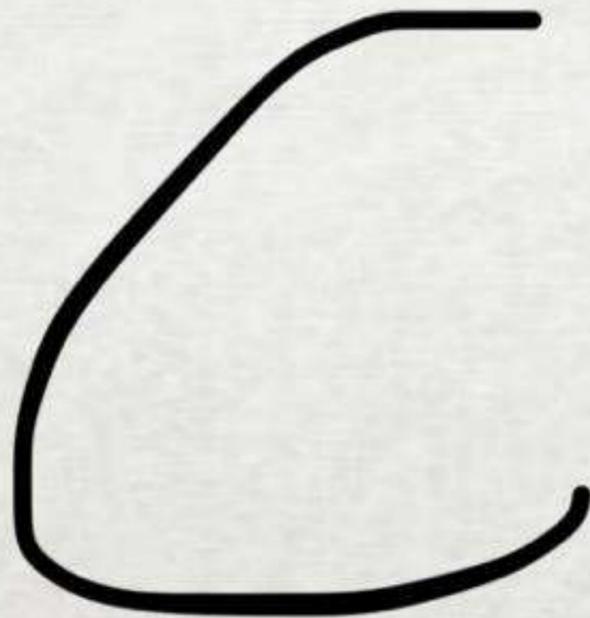
- Energy processing
- Organization
- Development
- Reproduction

C

Question No. 15

The plasma Membranes are composed mainly/largely of _____

- Steroids
- Carbohydrates
- Phospholipids
- Triglycerides



Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 8

Which class of biological polymer has the greatest functional variety?

- polysaccharides
- DNA
- proteins
- RNA

C

Question No. 7

DNA in liver, brain and muscle cells in a person's body

- is totally different
- is different in some organs
- is exactly similar
- is similar in some organs

Save & Next

Question No. 4

Two of the three domains of life contain what sort of organism?

- Eukaryotes
- prokaryotes
- animals
- plant

B

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 13

Question No. 10

Which type of lipid has a skeleton of four fused carbon rings?

- Maltose
- Cholesterol
- Phospholipid
- Triglyceride

B

Question No. 5

All of the following contain amino acids except

- Cholesterol
- Hemoglobin
- Antibodies
- Enzymes

A

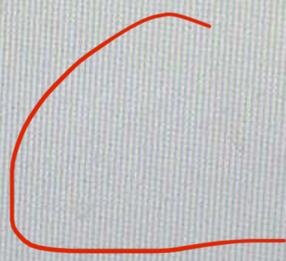
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Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 13

Question No. 13

..... is the process in which water is removed when two monomers join to form a polymer

- Diffusion
- Hydrolysis
- Dehydration
- Osmosis



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Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 5

Question No. 2

Maltose is composed of which two sugars.....

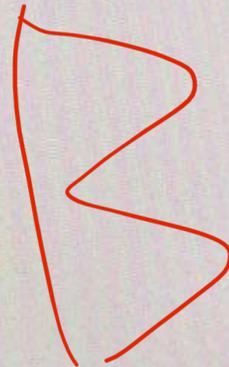
- no answer is correct
- glucose + glucose
- glucose + galactose
- glucose+ fructose

B

Question No. 16

Polymers are large molecules consists of small units called.....

- Macromolecules
- Monomers
- Atoms
- Cells



Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 5

Question No. 3

Which of the following is true of cellulose?

- it is a protective polysaccharide for energy in animal cells
- It is a polymer composed of glucose
- It is digestible by bacteria in the human stomach
- It is a storage polysaccharide for energy in plant cells

B

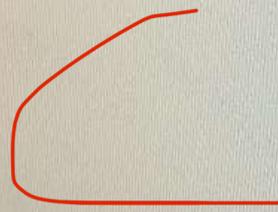
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Question No. 9

Cholesterol

- is made of fatty acids
- contributes to energy storage
- is not soluble in water
- is a compound that contain genetic information

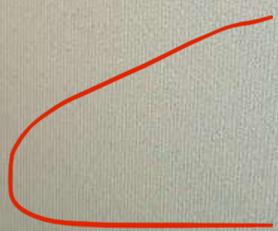
Save & Next



Question No. 10

To which domain of life does humans belong

- Archaea
- Bacteria
- Eukarya
- Multiple domains



Save & Next

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 7

Which of the following are the units of inheritance

- Monosaccharides
- Genes
- RNA
- Amino acids

B

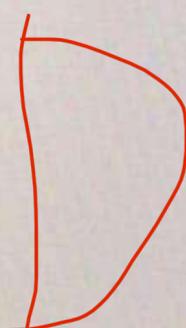
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Question No. 15

Milk sugar is while the table sugar is

- Cellulose, lactose
- Glycogen, fructose
- Starch, maltose
- lactose, sucrose





Question No. 3

Hemoglobin is a complex protein that has a

- Primary structure
- Secondary structure
- Tertiary structure
- Quaternary structure



Save & Next

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 11

Question No. 11

What type of lipids are the female sex hormone (estradiol)?

- Glycerol
- Steroids
- Fatty acids
- Phospholipids

B



Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 12

Question No. 12

Which of the following types of cells use DNA as their genetic material but DO NOT have a nuclear membrane?

- Plant
- Protists
- Archaea
- Fungi



Save & Next حفظ والتالي

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 2

Question No. 1

A saturated fatty acid contains more atoms than the same unsaturated fatty acid

- Hydrogen
- Carbon
- Oxygen
- Phosphorous

A

Save & Next

Question No. 22

Which order shows a decreasing biological level of organization?

- Organs, Tissues, Cells, Organ systems
- Tissues, Organ systems, Cells, Organs
- Cells, Organelles, Molecules, Atoms
- Organ systems, Organism, Organs, Tissues

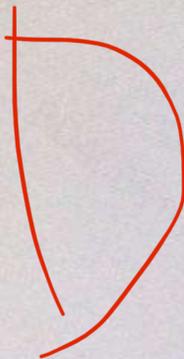
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Question No. 9

Which of the following is TRUE of both chitin and glycogen?

- All answers are correct
- Both are used for energy storage
- Both are found in the plant cell wall
- Both are polysaccharides



Save & Next حفظ و التالي

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 27

Question No. 28

The sugar ribose has.....

- one less oxygen than deoxyribose
- Two more oxygen than deoxyribose
- Two less oxygen than deoxyribose
- one more oxygen than deoxyribose

D



Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 3

Question No. 2

The difference between ribose and deoxyribose sugar is

- Lack of a nitrogen atom in ribose
- Lack of ring in deoxyribose
- Lack of a carbon atom in ribose
- Lack of an oxygen atom in deoxyribose

D



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Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 7

Question No. 6

Glucose is a building unit in.....

- All disaccharides
- Only Maltose
- Only Sucrose
- Only Lactose

A

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Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 11

Question No. 8

Organic compounds are-based molecules

- Nitrogen
- Hydrogen
- Oxygen
- Carbon

D



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11 Photos

Select

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Question No. 20

The common chemical shared bases for all life is—

- Fatty acids
- Polysaccharides
- DNA
- Proteins



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Question No. 14

Proteins are made of small subunits called.....

- Amino acids
- Fatty acid
- Triglycerides
- Nucleotides

A

Question No. 22

Two or more polypeptide chains join to provide the.....

- Primary structure of a protein
- Secondary structure of a protein
- Quaternary structure of a protein
- Tertiary structure of a protein



Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 21

Question No. 23

Galactose is a but glycogen is a

- Monosaccharide, polysaccharide
- Polysaccharide, monosaccharide
- Protein, steroid
- Monosaccharide, disaccharide

A

Question No. 13

The protecting carbohydrate in insects is

- Chitin
- Cellulose
- Sucrose
- Glycogen

A

Question No. 12

Which of the following are characteristics of prokaryotic cells?

- Able to divide
- All answers are correct
- Enclosed by a membrane
- Have DNA

B

Save & Next

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 10

Question No. 14

Macromolecules are made by joining smaller molecules into chains called

- Isomers
- Starch
- Tetramers
- Polymers

D

Question No. 19

All amino acids contain the two functional groups of

- Amino + Carboxyl
- Hydroxyl + Carboxyl
- Methyl + Amino
- Amino + Hydroxyl

A

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 24

Question No. 16

Changes that happens to a living organism during its live are called.....

- Organization
- Development
- Reproduction
- Energy processing

B

Question No. 8

An ecosystem consists of.....

- Communities
- populations
- Organisms
- Cells

A



Question No. 10

A poly-unsaturated fat has

- Fatty acid with no double bonds
- Glycerol with no double bond
- Fatty acid with several double bonds
- Fatty acid with single double bond



Save & Next

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 5

Question No. 12

Which of the following are the producers in an ecosystem?

- Plants and animals
- Plants and Algae
- Bacteria and Algae
- Animals and Fungi

B

Question No. 21

Which of these organelles are absent in bacteria?

- All answers are correct
- Nucleus
- Chloroplasts
- Mitochondria

A

Question No. 3

Milk sugar is while the table sugar is

- Glycogen, fructose
- lactose, sucrose
- Starch, mallose
- Cellulose, lactose

Save & Next

B

Total questions in exam 25 | Answered 8

Question No. 5

Organs are made up of

- Tissues
- Cells
- Organs
- Organ system

A

Save & Next

Question No. 5

Water-hating molecules are called.....

- Hydrocarbons
- Hydrophilic
- Hydrophobic
- Hydrolysis



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Question No. 3

DNA are composed of monomers called.....

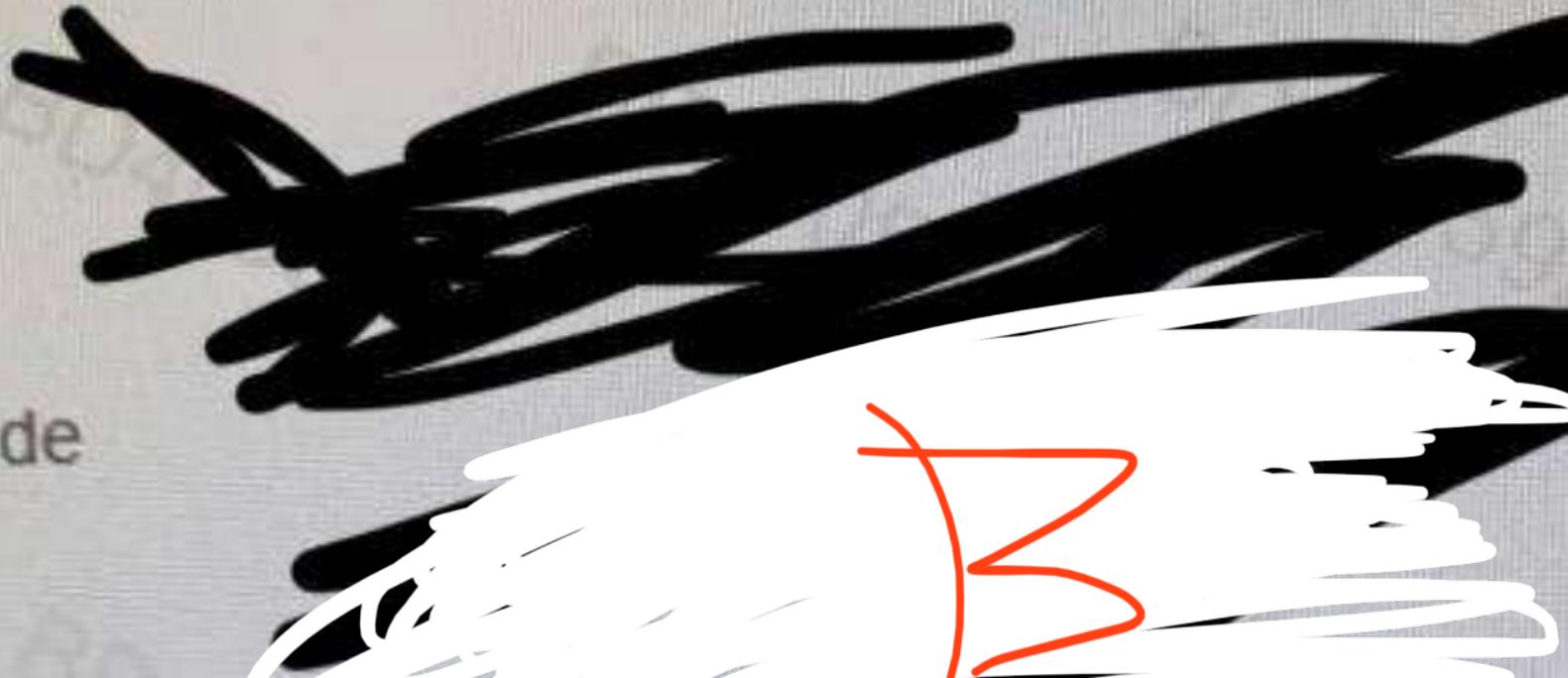
- Amino acids
- Nucleotides
- Nitrogen bases
- Sugars

B

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~~_____~~
Which of the following categories includes all others in the list?

- disaccharide
- carbohydrate
- monosaccharide
- starch



Question No. 7

Photosynthetic organisms are called.....

- All answers are correct
- Consumers
- Decomposers
- Producers

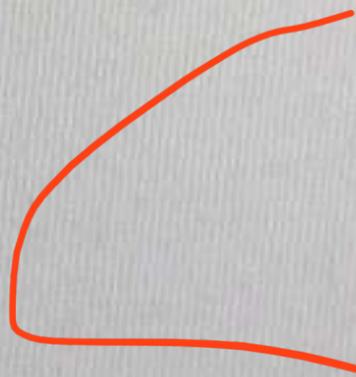
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Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 10

Question No. 10

How many basic types of cells?

- Four
- One
- Two
- Six



Question No. 9

Hemoglobin is a complex protein that has a.....

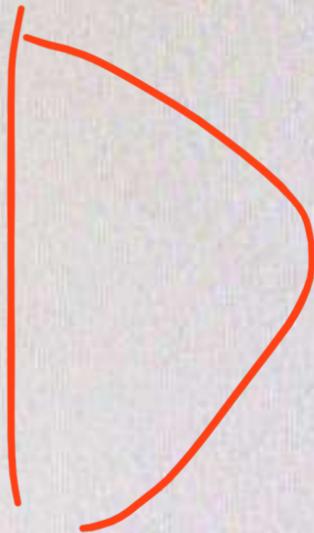
- Quaternary structure
- Primary structure
- Secondary structure
- Tertiary structure

A

Question No. 14

Amoeba is an example of

- Multi-cellular prokaryotes
- Unicellular prokaryotes
- Multi-cellular eukaryotes
- Unicellular eukaryotes



Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 16

Question No. 15

The nuclear membrane is absent in:

- Archaea
- Animals
- Plants
- Fungi

A

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 18

Question No. 16

What type of lipids is the testosterone?

- Glycerol
- Steroids
- Phospholipids
- Fatty acids

B

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Question No. 19

Which of the following is the characteristic of all living things?

- All answers are correct
- Living things grow and develop
- Living things reproduce
- Living things respond to the environment

A

Question No. 19

Energy enters the Ecosystems as

- Chemical energy
- Light energy
- Heat energy
- Kinetic energy

B

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Question No. 25

The ecosystems on the planet together are called the

- Hydrosphere
- Lithosphere
- Atmosphere
- Biosphere

D

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Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 15

Question No. 12

Which of the following includes living and non-living components?

- Ecosystem
- Individual
- Species
- Population

A

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Question No. 11

Reproduction is one common property in all _____ organisms

- dead
- living
- active
- non living

B

Bio_Qz3_Ch09Sec1_2014-15

Q01 Q02 Q03 Q04 Q05 Q06

Bio_Qz3_Ch10Sec1_2014-15

Q01 Q02 Q03 Q04 Q05 Q06 Q07 Q08 Q09

Bio_Qz3_Ch09Sec2_2014-15

Q01 Q02 Q03 Q04

INSTRUCTION: *تعليمات* Please choose the BEST answer from the given options for e

Question:

A difference between DNA and RNA is.....

Options:

- DNA has the base Thymine but RNA has a Uracil
- DNA has a ribose sugar but RNA has a deoxyribose
- DNA is a single strand while RNA is a double helix
- DNA is nucleic acid but RNA is not

A

Exam Name: Biology_Qz3_2014-15
Level:

Curre

Click on the question number to solve it.

Bio_Qz3_Ch09Sec1_2014-15

Q01 Q02 Q03 Q04 Q05 Q06

Bio_Qz3_Ch10Sec1_2014-15

Q01 Q02 Q03 Q04 Q05 Q06 Q07

Bio_Qz3_Ch09Sec2_2014-15

Q01 Q02 Q03 Q04

INSTRUCTION: **تعليمات** Please choose the BEST answer from the given opt

Question:

A nucleotide that found in DNA but NOT in RNA is

Options:

- Guanine
- Thymine
- Cytosine
- Adenine

B

INSTRUCTION: تعليمات Please choose the BEST answer

Question:

The DNA consists of

Options:

- Three strands
- Four strands
- One strand
- Two strands

D

Level.

Click on the question number to solve it.

Bio_Qz3_Ch09Sec1_2014-15

Q01 Q02 Q03 Q04 Q05 Q06

Bio_Qz3_Ch10Sec1_2014-15

Q01 Q02 Q03 Q04 Q05 Q06

Bio_Qz3_Ch09Sec2_2014-15

Q01 Q02 Q03 Q04

INSTRUCTION: **تعليمات** Please choose the BEST answer from the given

Question:

Simply, translation is a copy of.....

Options:

- Protein from RNA
- DNA from DNA
- DNA from Mma
- RNA from DNA

A