

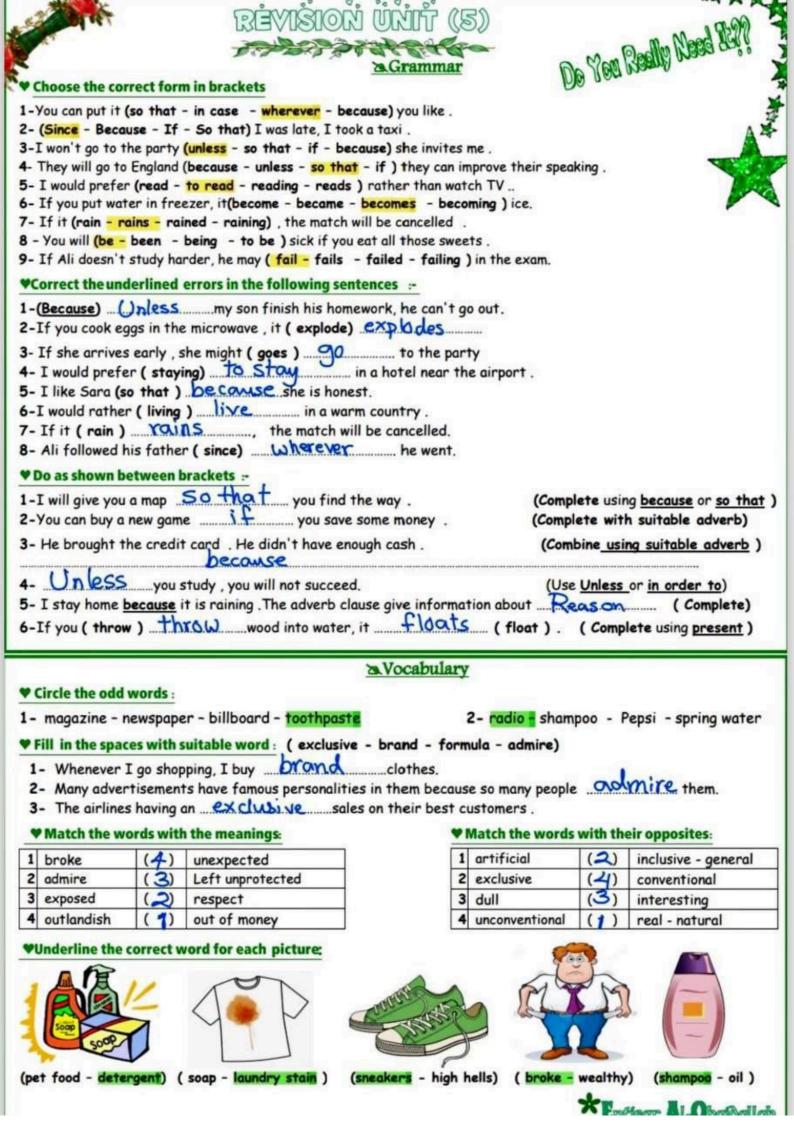
موقع اجاباتكم

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@aikhtibart

	- Man Megel Berry
Choose the correct form in brackets	De Yea Really Need Bir
 Gnoose the correct form in prackets 1-You can put it (so that - in case - wherever - because) you like. 	
2- (Since - Because - If - So that) I was late, I took a taxi.	A 2
3-I won't go to the party (unless - so that - if - because) she invites	
 4- They will go to England (because - unless - so that - if) they can 5- I would prefer (read - to read - reading - reads) rather than was 	
6- If you put water in freezer, it (become - became - becomes - bec	
7- If it (rain - rains - rained - raining) , the match will be cancelled	
8 - You will (be - been - being - to be) sick if you eat all those swa 9- If Ali doesn't study harder , he may (fail - fails - failed - failing	
♥ Do as shown between brackets :-) in the exam
1-I will give you a map	(Complete using because or so that
2-Because my son finish his homework , he can't go out. Unles	
3-You can buy a new game	(<u>Complete</u> with suitable adver
4- I study my lessons . I can pass the exam . If i study my lessons. I can pass the exam.	(<u>Join using suitable adverb</u>)
5- He brought the credit card . He didn't have enough cash .	(Combine using suitable adverb)
He brought the credit card because he didn't have enough cash.	
6- I like Sara . She is honest .	(Join using suitable adverb)
7- Unless you study , you will not succeed.	(Use <u>Unless</u> or <u>When</u>)
8- I stay home <u>because</u> it is raining .The adverb clause give informat	
9- Ali followed his father lf	(<u>Write</u> the suitable <u>adver</u>
10-If you cook eggs in the microwave , it (explode) Explodes.	(<u>Correct</u> the <u>verb</u>)
11- If she arrives early , she might (goes)	rty (<u>Correct</u>)
11- If she arrives early , she might (goes) to the pa 12- I would prefer (staying) to stay in a hotel near t	he airport . (<u>Correct</u>)
 11- If she arrives early , she might (goes) go to the pa 12- I would prefer (staying) to stay in a hotel near t 13-I would rather (living) live in a warm country . 	he airport . (<u>Correct</u>) (<u>Complete</u>)
 11- If she arrives early , she might (goes)	he airport . (<u>Correct</u>) (<u>Complete</u>) (float). (Complete using <u>present</u>)
 11- If she arrives early, she might (goes)	he airport . (<u>Correct</u>) (<u>Complete</u>) (float). (Complete using <u>present</u>) (Complete)
11- If she arrives early, she might (goes) go to the part 12- I would prefer (staying) to stay in a hotel near to 13-I would rather (living) live in a warm country. 14-If you (throw) throws wood into water, it floats 15-If it (rain) rains, the match will be cancelled . XVocabulary	he airport . (<u>Correct</u>) (<u>Complete</u>) (float). (Complete using <u>present</u>) (Complete)
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11- If she arrives early, she might (goes)90	he airport . (<u>Correct</u>) (<u>Complete</u>) (float). (Complete using <u>present</u>) (Complete) 2- <u>radio</u> - Nova - Pepsi - Kentucky nula - admire)
11- If she arrives early, she might (goes)	the airport . (<u>Correct</u>) (<u>Complete</u>) (float). (Complete using <u>present</u>) (Complete) 2 - radio - Nova - Pepsi - Kentucky nula - admire) the so many people <u>admire</u> them .
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	ander Ulles
Choose the correct form in brackets	The Gender Divide
-They stopped (have - has - to have - having) lunch at the restaurant .	0
- He will never forget (spend - to spend - spends - spending) so much money	on his first car. A
B-He stopped (smoke - to smoke - smoked - smoking) .	A
I- I hate (told - be told - been told - being told) what to do.	
5-I didn't expect (invited - to be invited - been invited - being invented) the	to this party.
5- We don't like fishing (or - and - but - so) our father does .	
7-I like tea (or - and - but - so) Sara does too. 8- She (explained - has explained - have explained - has been explaining) th	nan lassons
9 - How long have you (teach - be taught - be teaching - been teaching)?	
10-(How much - How long - How often - How many) magazines has he read?	
11 - I'm not very good at (cook - cooks - cooked - cooking)	
2-I'm interested (on - at -in - of) reading all sorts of stories.	
Correct the errors in the following sentences =	
I-I forget t (buy)	
2- I remember (switch) Switching off the light when I went	outside.
3- They expect their baby (be)	
4- She enjoys (be)	
5- The kids (play). Have been playing	(<u>Complete</u>)
7- It (take)	(Correct the verb)
Do as shown between brackets	
I - I read newspaper every day . Ali reads newspaper every day .	(Combine using but or and)
. I read newspaper every day and ali does too	
	(Combine using <u>but</u> or <u>and</u>)
2- He drove fast . I didn't drive fast. He drove fast, but didn't.	(Change into passive)
He drove fast, but didn't. 3-Teenagers like someone talking to them.	
He drove fast, but didn't.	(<u>Rewrite</u> using passive)

1 - Computer - laptop - stamps - Internet

2- detective stories - novel - writer - play games

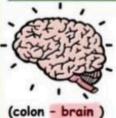
Fill in the spaces with suitable word : (restless - anxiety - repetitive - temperament)

- 1- Layla has a lovelytemperament. She's always happy and smiling.
- 3- That film is very ______ . It shows the same place over and over.

Match the words with the meanings:

- 1 feminine (4)relating to men or boys 2 intimate Subject matter (3)
- 3 content (2)emotionally close
- 4 masculine (1)relating to women or girls

Underline the correct word for each picture:







1

verbal

2 feminine

3 unified

4 tedious



masculine

interesting

non-verbal

divided

Match the words with their opposites:

(2)

(3)

(4)

(1)



ثالث ثانوي الترم الثانى

<u>Unit 5</u>

1- Match each word with its definition:

	Concession of the local distance of the loca		
1. admire	()	a . meant or planned
2. brand	()	b. causing big change
3. exclusive	()	c. combination of ingredients
4. formula	()	d. respect
5. intended	()	e. having high-class tastes
6. revolutionary	()	f. belonging only to one (company)
7. sophisticated	()	g. the name that identifies a product or
			manufacturer

2- Complete each sentence with a word from the box:

brand	exclusive	formula	sophisticated
consumer	logo	revolutionary	intend

1. A secret is used for the new shampoo that is being advertised everywhere.

2. A is a person who buys things.

4. They to make the TV commercial for a wide range of consumers.

5. Our company has rights to this product. No other company can sell it.

1

6. Advertisements for expensive cars and designer goods, target wealthy and consumers.



3 - Choose the best answer:

1- I bought two bottles of soap ______ they were on sale. (because - because of - in order to - so that)
2- All I want to do is sit and watch television ______ there is nothing good on. I am too tired to do anything else. (so that - since - if - even if)
3- Please take your cell phone ______ you need it. (because of - in case - unless - even if)
4- You can find a coffee shop ______ you go. (in order to - in case of - wherever - where)
5 - He drove slowly ______ the rain. (because of - because - now that - everywhere)
6- I brought my computer ______ I could use the Internet. (in order to - now that - so that - because of)
7- Let's go home ______ we are done with the work. (unless - now that - so that - in order to)

4- Match the words with their meanings:

1. consumer	()	a. out of money
2. exposed	()	b. design symbol of a business or product
3. logo	()	c. waste money
4. broke	()	d. spend up to the limit
5. blow	()	e. a person who buys things or services
6. max out	()	f. left unprotected

5- Complete using the simple present or will in the second clause:

1. If you _____ (heat) water to 100°C, it _____ (boil).

2. If they _____ (climb) up to 4,000 meters, they _____ (need) oxygen.

3. Unless you _____ (stop) spending, you _____ (be) completely broke before

the end of the month.

MORTONA



ثالث ثانوي الترم الثانى

<u>Unit 5 ثالث ث</u>

1 - Match each word with its definition:

1. admire	(5)	a . meant or planned
2. brand	(6)	b. causing big change
3. exclusive	(4)	c. combination of ingredients
4. formula	(1)	d. respect
5. intended	(7)	e. having high-class tastes
6. revolutionary	(3)	f. belonging only to one (company)
7. sophisticated	(2)	g. the name that identifies a product or
		manufacturer

2- Complete each sentence with a word from the box:

brand	exclusive	formula	sophisticated	M
consumer	logo	revolutionary	intend	

1. A secret **formula** is used for the new shampoo that is being advertised everywhere.

2. A **consumer** is a person who buys things.

3. That restaurant has a very well-known **logo**. People all over the world recognize the picture and associate it with the restaurant.

4. They **intend** to make the TV commercial for a wide range of consumers.

5. Our company has **exclusive** rights to this product. No other company can sell it.

6. Advertisements for expensive cars and designer goods, target wealthy and **sophisticated** consumers.



3 - Choose the best answer:

1- I bought two bottles of soap _____ they were on sale. (<u>because</u> – because of – in order to – so that) 2- All I want to do is sit and watch television _____ there is nothing good on. I am too tired to do anything else. (so that - since - if - even if)3- Please take your cell phone _____ you need it. (because of – in case – unless – even if) 4- You can find a coffee shop _____ you go. (in order to – in case of – wherever – where) 5 - He drove slowly _____ the rain. (because of – because – now that – everywhere) 6- I brought my computer _____ I could use the Internet. (in order to - now that - so that - because of) 7- Let's go home _____ we are done with the work. (unless - now that - so that - in order to)

4- Match the words with their meanings:

		<u> </u>		
1. consumer	(-	4)	a. out of money
2. exposed	(3)	b. design symbol of a business or product
3. logo	(5)	c. waste money
4. broke	(6)	d. spend up to the limit
5. blow	(1)	e. a person who buys things or services
6. max out	(2)	f. left unprotected

5- Complete using the simple present or will in the second clause:

1. If you ____ heat ____ (heat) water to 100°C, it ___ boils ____ (boil).

2. If they <u>climb</u> (climb) up to 4,000 meters, they <u>need</u> (need) oxygen.

3. Unless you <u>stop</u> (stop) spending, you <u>will be</u> (be) completely broke A lonamada

before the end of the month.



<u>Unit 6</u>

<u>1-Complete each sentence with a word from the box.</u>

.

(anxiety _ gender_ repetitive _ stereotype _ temperament _ capacity_ intensity_ restless _ tedious)

1. The that blond-haired people are not smart is ridiculous.
2. We were bored and , so we decided to find something to do.
3. That film is very It shows the same place over and over.
4. I always feel overwhelming the night before a test.
5. The of the thunderstorm made the animals nervous.
6. Some people believe that animals have the to feel the same
emotions that humans do.
7. Luisa has a lovely
8. Finding sources for an essay can be a time-consuming and task.
2 - Choose the best answer: 1. Did you remember the window before it started raining?
<pre>(to shut - shutting - shut - shuts) 2. He stopped football after he hurt his knee.</pre>
(to inform – informing – inform – informs) 7. Mom has been for me. (wait – waits – waiting – waited) 8. She has just a new dress for me. (finish – finishes – finishing – finished)

3- Match the words	<mark>s with t</mark>	heir	<mark>r meanings:</mark>
1. content	()	a. of or relating to women or girls
2. convey	()	b. observe an incident
3. feminine	()	c. emotionally close
4. intimate	()	d. subject matter
5. literal	()	e. communicate by statement or suggestion
6. masculine	()	f. category or type of living thing
7. species	()	g. concerned with facts only
8. witness	()	h. of or relating to men or boys

<u>4-Match the words to make compound nouns:</u>

1. stamp	a. seller
2. internet	b. sport
3. stuffed	c. café
4. science	d. collection
5. comic	e. books
6. athletic	f. track
7. best	g. toys
8. water	h. fiction

Name:



<u>Unit 6</u>

<u>1-Complete each sentence with a word from the box.</u> (anxiety _ gender_ repetitive _ stereotype _ temperament _ capacity_ intensity_ restless _ tedious)

1. The **stereotype** that blond-haired people are not smart is ridiculous.

2. We were bored and **restless**, so we decided to find something to do.

3. That film is very **repetitive.** It shows the same place over and over.

4. I always feel overwhelming **anxiety** the night before a test.

5. The **intensity** of the thunderstorm made the animals nervous.

6. Some people believe that animals have the **capacity** to feel the same

emotions that humans do.

7. Luisa has a lovely **temperament**. She's always happy and smiling.

8. Finding sources for an essay can be a time-consuming and **tedious** task.

<u> 2 - Choose the best answer:</u>

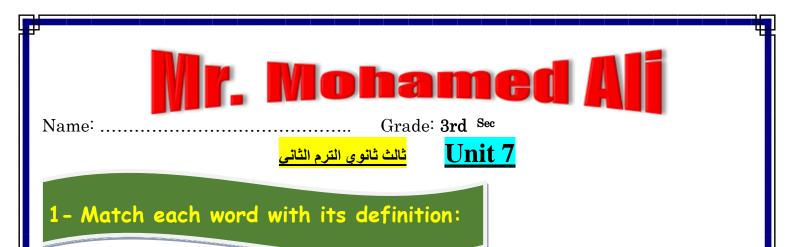
1. Did you remember the window before it started raining?
(<u>to shut</u> – shutting – shut – shuts)
2. He stopped football after he hurt his knee.
(to play – <u>playing</u> – play – plays)
3. If you haven't been able to get an answer from the boss on the phone, maybe you should
try him an email.
(to send – <u>sending</u> – send – sends)
4. He'll never forget that goal in the last minutes of the game.
(to score – <u>scoring</u> – score – scores)
5. Don't forget me the photos.
(<u>to email</u> – emailing – emails)
6. We regret you that your application has been declined.
(<u>to inform</u> – informing – inform – informs)
7. Mom has been for me.
(wait – waits – <u>waiting</u> – waited)
8. She has just a new dress for me.
(finish – finishes – finishing – <mark>finished</mark>)

3- Match the words v	<mark>vit</mark> ł	n th	neir	<mark>r meanings:</mark>
1. content	(3)	a. of or relating to women or girls
2. convey	(8)	b. observe an incident
3. feminine	(4)	c. emotionally close
4. intimate	(1)	d. subject matter
5. literal	(2)	e. communicate by statement or suggestion
6. masculine	(7)	f. category or type of living thing
7. species	(5)	g. concerned with facts only
8. witness	(6)	h. of or relating to men or boys

<u>4-Match the words to make compound nouns:</u>

1. stampd_	a. seller
2. internet _c	b. sport
3. stuffedg_	c. café
4. scienceh_	d. collection
5. comice_	e. books
6. athleticf_	f. track
7. best <mark>a</mark>	g. toys
8. waterb	h. fiction

Name:



1. boost	()	a. very angry
2. endure	()	b. put up with
3. flop	()	c. new thing
4. novelty	()	d. failure
5. outraged	()	e. interfered with
6. tampered	()	f. raise

2- Complete each sentence with a word from the box:

outraged	flop	boost	novelty
tamper	endure	adhesive	

1- You need to use an to make the paper stick to the door.

2-The new car model was a complete Hardly anyone bought one.

3- To sales, the department store is having a big sale this weekend.

4-Many people were to learn that they could no longer buy software for their old computers.

- 5- Abdullah must eight hours of interviews before he gets the job.
- 6- Do not with our computer system. Otherwise, it will not work properly.





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Grade: 3rd Sec

<u>3 - Choose the best answer:</u>

1. I have a sore throat. I caught your cold. (should have – may have – was supposed to – were supposed to) 2-My phone is not working. I broken it when I dropped it. (should have – might have – was supposed to – were supposed to) 3- I ordered that new laptop. It was way too expensive. (shouldn't have – might have – was supposed to – were supposed to) 4-Did you get the package? It arrive by today. (should have – may have – was supposed to – were supposed to) 5- You said that. Now you've hurt your friend's feelings. (shouldn't have – may have – was supposed to – were supposed to) 6-I don't know where she is, but she was very tired. She gone to bed. (should have – may have – was supposed to – were supposed to) 7- He know about the business deal, but he found out by accident. (shouldn't have – may have – wasn't supposed to – weren't supposed to) 8- You have a big smile on your face in all pictures. You had a great time. (should have - must have - was supposed to - were supposed to) 9- I paid more attention in English class. Now I'm confused about the (should have – must have – was supposed to – were supposed to) grammar. 10-How jobs have you had? (many - much - long - old)11-How gold did they sell? (many – much – long – old) 12-He only has friends. (any - much - a few - a little)13-There is money left. (many – any – few – little)

4- Rewrite each sentence as a passive sentence:

1. Someone must have dropped these keys at the meeting.

2. The coach should have chosen Abdullah for the football team.

.....

3. A professional photographer must have taken this picture.

3. A professional photographer must have taken this picture.

4. A computer error may have caused the accident.

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Grade: 3rd Sec

ثالث ثانوي الترم الثانم Unit 7

1 - Match each word with its definition:

1. boost	(5)	a. very angry
2. endure	(2)	b. put up with
3. flop	(4)	c. new thing
4. novelty	(3)	d. failure
5. outraged	(6)	e. interfered with
6. tampered	(1)	f. raise

2- Complete each sentence with a word from the box:

outraged	flop	boost	novelty
tamper	endure	adhesive	

1- You need to use an adhesive to make the paper stick to the door.

2-The new car model was a complete flop Hardly anyone bought one.

3- To boost sales, the department store is having a big sale this weekend.

4-Many people were ... **outraged.** to learn that they could no longer buy software for their old computers.

5- Abdullah must eight hours of interviews before he gets the job.

6- Do not tamper with our computer system. Otherwise, it will not work properly.





Name

Grade: 3rd Sec

3 - Choose the best answer:

.....

1. I have a sore throat. I caught your cold. (should have – may have – was supposed to – were supposed to) 2-My phone is not working. I broken it when I dropped it. (should have – might have – was supposed to – were supposed to) 3- I ordered that new laptop. It was way too expensive. (shouldn't have – might have – was supposed to – were supposed to) 4-Did you get the package? It arrive by today. (should have – may have – was supposed to – were supposed to) 5- You said that. Now you've hurt your friend's feelings. (shouldn't have – may have – was supposed to – were supposed to) 6-I don't know where she is, but she was very tired. She gone to bed. (should have – may have – was supposed to – were supposed to) 7- He know about the business deal, but he found out by accident. (shouldn't have – may have – <u>wasn't supposed to</u> – weren't supposed to) 8- You have a big smile on your face in all pictures. You had a great time. (should have - <u>must have</u> - was supposed to - were supposed to) 9- I paid more attention in English class. Now I'm confused about the (<u>should have</u> – must have – was supposed to – were supposed to) grammar. 10 - How jobs have you had? (**many** – **much** – **long** – **old**)11- How gold did they sell? (many - <u>much</u> - long - old)12- He only has friends. (any - much - <u>a few</u> - a little)13- There is money left. (many – any – few – little)

4- Rewrite each sentence as a passive sentence:

1. Someone must have dropped these keys at the meeting.

- 2. The coach should have chosen Abdullah for the football team.
-Abdullah should have been chosen for the football team.....
- 3. A professional photographer must have taken this picture.
- 4. A computer error may have caused the accident.
- **HODEMED**

Mr. Mohamed

Name: Grade: 3rd Sec

ثالث ثانوي الترم الثانی Unit 8

1 - Match the words with their meanings:

1. detectable	() a. remaining whole and unharmed
2. disoriented	() b. imagining things that are not real
3. exhilarating	() c. very thin and tired
4. haggard	() d. able to be found
5. hallucinating	() e. the quality of radio waves received by a device
6. intact	() f. very surprising
7. reception	() g. causing a strong feeling of excitement and happiness
8. startling	() h. confused

2- Do as shown:

1. Ahmed (cook) his favorite meal when the pan	(catch) fire.	(correct)
2. By the time we (arrive) at the picnic, the rain	(stop).	(correct)
3. It is a beautiful day. I'm going for a walk.	(suchthat)	
4. The test was hard. Most of the students failed it.	(sothat)	
5. While we were eating dinner, we talked about our day.	(eating)	
6. Before he interviewed for the job, he prepared very carefully.	(interviewin	ng)
7. Fatima (talk) on the phone while her mother (co	ook) lunch.	(correct)
1	•••••	

Name: Grade: 3rd Sec
3 - Choose the best answer:
1. He drives fast that I get nervous riding in the car with him. (so - such - so much - so many)
2. There are seats left that I'm not sure we'll all be able to sit together. (so little – so few – so much – so many)
3. This is a popular mall that you can't find anywhere to park the car. (so – such – so much – so many)
4. I got sleep this week that I am very tired now. (so – such – so little – so few)
5. There are books that I want to read that I can't choose just one. (so – such – so much – so many)
6. There is snow on the ground that we cannot walk out of our house. (such – such a – so much – so many)
7. After online, we discovered that we live in the same town. (meet – meets – meeting – met)
8. I ran into him on the street while him on my cell phone. (call – calls – calling – called)
9. I was home from work. (drive – drives – drove – driving)
10. What were you in Dubai? (do – does – did – doing)
11. I was going to Engineering, but my father advised me otherwise.
(study – studies – studied – studying)
12. They were just about to leave when the phone rang. (leave – leaves – left – leaving)
13. It was a difficult test that many students didn't pass.
(so – such – so little – so few)
14. There was food that they could have died.
(so – such – so little – so few)

2

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1- Match the words with their meanings:

Name:

1. detectable	(6)	a. remaining whole and unharmed
2. disoriented	(5)	b. imagining things that are not real
3. exhilarating	(4)	c. very thin and tired
4. haggard	(1)	d. able to be found
5. hallucinating	(7)	e. the quality of radio waves received by a device
6. intact	(8)	f. very surprising
7. reception	(3)	g. causing a strong feeling of excitement and happiness
8. startling	(2)	h. confused

r. Mohamed A

<mark>ثالث ثانوي الترم الثاني</mark>

Grade: 3rd Sec

Unit 8

2- Do as shown:

1. Ahmed (cook) his favorite meal when th	he pan (catch) fire. (correct)
had cooked	caught
2. By the time we (arrive) at the picnic, the	e rain (stop). (correct)
arrived	had stopped
3. It is a beautiful day. I'm going for a walk.	(suchthat)
It's such a beautiful day that I'm going for a	walk
4. The test was hard. Most of the students failed it.	(sothat)
The test was so hard that most of the students	ts failed it
5. While we were eating dinner, we talked about our of	day. (eating)
While eating dinner, we talked about our day	y
6. Before he interviewed for the job, he prepared very	y carefully. (interviewing)
Before interviewing for the job, he prepared	very carefully
7. Fatima (talk) on the phone while her mothe	her (cook) lunch. (correct)
was talking	was cooking

Name: Grade: 3rd Sec
3 - Choose the best answer:
1. He drives fast that I get nervous riding in the car with him. (<u>so</u> – such – so much – so many)
2. There are seats left that I'm not sure we'll all be able to sit together. (so little - <u>so few</u> - so much - so many)
3. This is a popular mall that you can't find anywhere to park the car. (so $-$ such $-$ so much $-$ so many)
4. I got sleep this week that I am very tired now. (so – such – <u>so little</u> – so few)
5. There are books that I want to read that I can't choose just one. (so - such - so much - <u>so many</u>)
6. There is snow on the ground that we cannot walk out of our house. (such – such a – <u>so much</u> – so many)
7. After online, we discovered that we live in the same town.
(meet – meets – meeting – met) 8. I ran into him on the street while him on my cell phone.
(call - calls - calling - called)
9. I was home from work. (drive – drives – drove – driving)
10. What were you in Dubai?
(do - does - did - doing)
11. I was going to Engineering, but my father advised me otherwise. (<u>study</u> – studies – studied – studying)
12. They were just about to leave when the phone rang.
$(\underline{\text{leave}} - \text{leaves} - \text{left} - \text{leaving})$
13. It was a difficult test that many students didn't pass.
(so – <u>such</u> – so little – so few) 14.There was food that they could have died.
(so – such – <u>so little</u> – so few)