

مراجعة شاملة

(Super Goal 3)

الفصل الدراسي الثالث

إعداد:

د. إيمان خليل الهندي

Part 1 (Grammar)

A) Choose the correct answer:

- 1-An athletic is someone (who - which - when) enjoys sports.
- 2-The man (who - which - where) was talking to the tourist was friendly.
- 3-The horse (who - which - while) pulled the carriage was black.
- 4-The flowers (who- that - where) grow in the city garden are very colourful.
- 5-The neighbour (which - that - when) lives downstairs is very quiet.
- 6-That's the camera (who - which - when) is on sale.
- 7-While he (drives - was driving - drove - has driven), he was talking on the phone.
- 8-I was looking in the store window when the thief (was grabbing - grabs - grabbed - is grabbing) my bag.
- 9-We (waited - were waiting - are waiting - have waited) for the bus when we saw an accident.
- 10-The thief was dropping his camera while he (was running - has run - were running - ran).
- 11-Dad was drinking coffee (while - when - who - which) he was reading a newspaper.
- 12- She was studying for the exams (When - While - Which - Who) the lights went out.
- 13-(When - While - Which - Who) a car almost hit me, I was crossing the street.
- 14-(Can - Should - Must - Had) I ask you a question? Yes, of course.
- 15-Hello, (Had - Should - May - Must) I speak to the manager? That's not possible. He's busy now.
- 16- (Should - Had - Could - Must) I make a reservation? All right. You have to fill in this form.
- 17-I would like to (booking - book - to booking - to book) a room, please.
- 18- Excuse me, I'd like (meet - to meet - to meeting - met) the owner.
- 19-Are you ready to order? Yes, please. I (like - had liked - would like - will like) to have a steak.
- 20-I'd like to (having - had - have - has) chicken with rice.

Who → people**Which** → things / animals**That** → people / things / animals**Past Progressive**(He-She-It-I) **was**(They-We-You) **were**

+ V (ing)

Past Progressive with "When" & "While"(S + past progressive) **when** (S + simple past)(S + past progressive) **While** (S + past progressive)**Can, May, Could to ask for permission**Can /May/ Could + S + V⁰**Polite request**I would like to + V⁰

B) Do as shown between brackets:

1-A funny person is someone. He makes us laugh. (Use: "who" to connect the sentences)

.....

2-The man was talking to the tourist. He was friendly. (Use: "who" to connect the sentences)

.....

3-Ahmad works in an office. It is noisy. (Use: "which" to connect the sentences)

.....

4- I eat the mango. It is in the refrigerator. (Use: "which" to connect the sentences)

.....

5-I'd like to introduce you to the person which organized the conference. (Correct the mistake)

.....

6-A fashionable person is someone which dresses well. (Correct the mistake)

.....

7-Yesterday, he went to the park who is near his office. (Correct the mistake)

.....

8-He was driving. He was talking on the phone. (Use: "while" to connect the sentences)

.....

9-We were washing the car. A guest arrived. (Use: "when" to connect the sentences)

.....

10-While we(study), the lights(go) out. (Write the correct form of the verbs)

11-They(surf) when it(start) to rain. (Write the correct form of the verbs)

12-Maha and Badriah(study) for the Math test, when the phone(ring). (Write the correct form of the verbs).

13-Ahmad(walk) in the park when he(see) Ha meed. (Write the correct form of the verbs)

14-Can I borrowing your dictionary, Please? (Correct)

.....

15-I'd like to having pizza with soda. (Correct the mistake)

.....

16-Excuse me, may I spoke to the manager? (Correct the mistake)

.....

17-Could I use your laptop? (Answer with agree)

.....

18-Can I ask you a question? (Answer with refuse)

.....



Part 2 (Vocabulary)

A) Complete the following sentences using the words in the box:

Funny - friendly - efficient - rude - clever - talkative - athletic - reliable - optimistic - pessimistic
hardworking - lazy - honest - absentminded - selfish - generous - polite - serious - fashionable

- 1-An person is someone who enjoys sports.
- 2- Aperson is someone who speaks a lot.
- 3-Anperson is someone who does things well and quickly.
- 4- Aperson is someone who isn't polite.
- 5-Aperson is someone who is intelligent.
- 6-Aperson is someone who dresses well.
- 7-Aperson is someone who makes you laugh.
- 8-Aperson is someone who likes to be with others.
- 9-Aperson is someone who doesn't share his things with others.
- 10-An.....person is someone who forgets things and doesn't pay attention.
- 11-A.....person is someone who always does his homework.
- 12-A.....person is someone who isn't energetic and doesn't like to work or move.
- 13-Anperson is someone who doesn't lie and always tells truth.
- 14-An.....person is someone who thinks positively or that tomorrow is better than today.
- 15-A.....person is someone who thinks negatively or that tomorrow is worse than today.
- 16-A.....person is someone who you can depend on.
- 17-Aperson who gives money.
- 18-A.....person who isn't funny.
- 19-A.....person who isn't rude.



Pedal cab - thief - fake - steal - tourist - in a hurry - give .. direction - hand out – on duty - hails
a taxi - grabbed - recognize - flyers - editor.

- 1- I prefer to take a because it's less expensive than a taxi.
- 2- I saw a thief a shirt from the shop.
- 3- Some people are always They don't have time to talk or relax.
- 4- A is a person who is visiting a place on vacation.
- 5- Dad's car broke down so he to get to a business meeting.
- 6- A person who steals things from others is a
- 7- A tourist from another country stopped us to him
- 8- The diamond is not real. It is
- 9- The officer who was saw the thief stealing the backpack.
- 10- Tony Kramer is the of Success Magazine.
- 11- He looks different in a suit. I didn't him.
- 12- I was looking in the store window when the thief my bag.

Real Talk

a real treat = something very pleasant and enjoyable.

Of course = to answer "yes" in a strong way.

I mean = a phrase to introduce an explanation of what one has said.

*poverty = being poor

*to rely on = to depend on

*loan = money you borrow

*to establish = to create

*to reduce = to make less

*unemployment= lack of jobs.



Part 1 (Grammar)

A) Choose the correct answer:

- 1- Have you fed the golden fish (already - yet - just) ?
- 2- We have (yet - already - since) cleaned up the room.
- 3- Has Sara (yet - already - for) ironed the clothes?
- 4- I have (yet - usually - just) hung up the clothes.
- 5- Adel hasn't taken out the garbage (yet - just - already).
- 6- Have Adel and Fares (yet - already - since) put their jackets in the closet?
- 7- Have you brushed your teeth (yet - already - for) ?
- 8- We have (yet - just - since) vacuumed the floor.
- 9- Have you done the dishes (already - yet - just)?
- 10- He can't (stand - standing - stands) waiting in line.
- 11- She can't stand (wait - waiting - waited) in line.
- 12- We miss (being - be - been) with our friends.
- 13- I don't enjoy (sit - sits - sitting) in the sun.
- 14- They stop (play - playing - played) tennis in the winter.
- 15- Badriah couldn't sleep last night. She (can't - can - must - should) be tired.
- 16- Ahmad's just joking. He (can't - can - must - should) be serious.
- 17- You haven't eaten all day. You (can't - must - mustn't - can't) be hungry.
- 18- Look how tall he is! He (can't - can - must - mustn't) be over two meters tall.
- 19- It (can't - can - must - mustn't) be six o'clock already. Where does the time go?
- 20- That's impossible. It (can't - can - must - mustn't) be true.
- 21- He is (so - such - much - many) fast that he won the race.
- 22- It was (so - such - much - many) a difficult test that none of the students did well.
- 23- It was (so - such - much - many) cheap that I could afford it.
- 24- He has (such - so much - so many) books that he can hardly carry them.
- 25- I have (such - so much - so many) homework that I can't go out tonight.

Present Perfect

(She - He - It) **has**

(I - They - We - You) **have**

} + V³ P.P

Present Perfect with already, yet, just

just	already	Yet
+	?	?
(has/have)+ just + V ³	+	-
	(has/have)+ already + V ³	At the end

Verb + Gerund

avoid - enjoy - hate - suggest

give up - imagine - keep - finish

mind - stop - miss - can't stand

} + V (ing)

Must = Sure

Can't = impossible

So.....that

1- So + adj + that

2- So + adv + that

3- So + (many/much) + noun

Such.....that

Such+ (a/an) adj + noun + that



B) Do as shown between brackets:

1-I hate waited for so long. (Correct the mistake)

.....

2-She suggested walked to the park. (Correct the mistake)

.....

3-I avoid stays in a noisy place. (Correct the mistake)

.....

4- I have finished the house chores. (Use: already)

.....

5-She has just painted the room. (Use: Yet)

.....

6-We haven't had lunch yet. (Use: just)

.....

7-Has he already watered the plants? (Use: yet)

.....

8-Put away the toys . (Rewrite the sentence in another way)

.....

9-Turn down the T.V. (Rewrite the sentence in another way)

.....

10-Clean up the mess. (Rewrite the sentence in another way)

.....

Two-Word Verbs

Turn down the T.V.

Turn the T.V down.

Turn it down.



Part 2 (Vocabulary)

A) Complete the following sentences using the words in the box:

dish washing liquid - mess - toothpaste - mirror - nail polish - hair dryer - scissors - shampoo - liquid - nephew

- 1-You look at yourself in the when you brush your hair.
- 2- A is a son of one's brother or sister.
- 3-When ice melts. It becomes.....
- 4- We usually put in water to wash the dishes.
- 5-You use a toothbrush and to brush your teeth.
- 6-Maha uses water and to wash her hair.
- 7-We use to cut paper.
- 8-I use a hairbrush and a to dry my hair.
- 9-A woman at the beauty salon painted Leen's nails with
- 10- Children's room is a

borrow - avoid - clean up - annoy - feed - throw away - hang up - enjoy - put away - turn off – splash – spill – take out

- 1-..... water over his face, it'll help to wake him up.
- 2-I used to leave the dishes in the dishwasher. Now, I'm going to after they're washed.
- 3-He's always late and it's starting to..... me.
- 4-I have to some money.
- 5-You should the lights when you leave a room.
- 6-Try tothe bad behaviours.
- 7-The apartment is very dirty now, but I'm going to
- 8-I have just ironed my clothes. I'm going to, so they don't get wrinkled.
- 9-I used to save empty plastic bottles, but now I'm going to them
- 10-The baby can't himself.
- 11-Don't pour too much. The tea might over.
- 12-I reading horror stories.
- 13-The trash can in the kitchen is full of garbage, so I'm going to



B) Choose the correct answer to fill in the blank:

- 1- Your room is a mess! Put (away - on - off - up) your clothes.
- 2- Turn the T.V (down - away - on - off) I want to watch the news.
- 3- Throw (down - away - on - off) these old shoes. They're worn out
- 4- Take (off - after - out - away) the garbage, please.
- 5- Clean (on - up - in - down) the mess you have made.

Real Talk

At long last = Finally !

That's a bit too much = This has gone too far.

*let out = express yourself freely

*find out = learn

*clean up = make things neat

*give back = return

*call up = phone

*give up = let someone have

*irritate = interrupt



Part 1 (Grammar)

A) Choose the correct answer:

- 1-If you cook an egg in the microwave, it (explode - explodes - exploded).
- 2-If you put water in the freezer, it (became - become - becomes) ice.
- 3-If Ali gets the job, he (will be - won't be - would be) very happy.
- 4-If Imad doesn't go to college, he (goes - is going to - went) be very sorry.
- 5-If Norah doesn't do the homework, she may (fail - fails - failed) the class.
- 6-If Sara doesn't go to college, she (might not - will be -might be) get a good job.
- 7-If we (rent - rents - renting) a boat, we will be able to go across the lake.
- 8-If she (leave - leaves - left) the food on the ground, the ants will take it.
- 9-If the man (catch - catches - caught) a fish, he'll be pleased.
- 10-If you (didn't - don't - doesn't) cross its path, the snake won't bite you.
- 11-If the cow crosses the road, the truck might (hit - hits - hitting) it.
- 12-If people (take - takes - took) the bus, there 'd be less traffic.
- 13-If everyone cared for the environment, (there'd - there'll - there's) be less pollution.
- 14-If he (didn't - don't - doesn't) obey the speed limit, he will get a ticket.
- 15-If we (get - gets - got) this 4K television, we will see the game better.
- 16-If they built a new highway, the farmers (will - would - may) be affected.
- 17-If I (control - controls - controlled) the world, I would end the war.
- 18-If my family (has - have - had) to move to another city, I'd miss my friends.
- 19-I'd rather (drive - driving - drives) along the scenic route.
- 20-I would rather (lived - live - living) in the country than live in city.
- 21-They wish they (has - have - had) more time.
- 22-I wish I didn't (has - have - had) to study today.
- 23-They wish they (are - be - were) rich.
- 24-I wish I (can - could - will) speak French.
- 25-Faisal (wish - wishes - wished) he was rich.
- 26-I (wish - wishes - wished) I could help them much more.

Conditional Sentences (If)

1-Present Facts

If + S + simple present, S + simple present

2-Future Facts

If +S+simple present, S+ future (will/ be going to)+V⁰

3 -May/Might

If + S + simple present, S + (may/might) + V⁰

4-Imaginary Situation

If + S + simple past, S + would + V⁰

I'd rather = I would rather

I'd rather + V⁰

Wish

S + (wish / wishes) + S + simple past



B) Do as shown between brackets:

- 1-If you(heat) water to 100 degrees Celsius, It (boil). (Write the correct form of the verb)
- 2-If they(climb) up to 4.000 meters, they (need) oxygen. (Write the correct form of the verb)
- 3- If we(get) this 4K television, we(see) the game better. (Write the correct form of the verb)
- 4-If you(mix) flour and water, You(end up) with batter. (Write the correct form of the verb)
- 5-If he(not obey) the speed limit, he(get) a ticket. (Write the correct form of the verb)
- 6-If I(spend) money on clothes, I(not have) enough to buy a car. (Write the correct form of the verb)
- 7-If it rain on the farm, it'll be good for the farmer's crops. (Correct the mistake).
.....
- 8-If the boy don't stop hitting their nest, the wasps will sting him. (Correct the mistake)
.....
- 9-If you drop an apple, it fall to the ground. (Correct the mistake).
.....
- 10-If Sultan gets the job, he moves to Dahrn. (Correct the mistake).
.....
- 11-If they build a new highway, the farmers would be affected. (Correct the mistake).
.....
- 12-They'd be happy if they have time to take a vacation. (Correct the mistake).
.....
- 13-Faisal is riding his bicycle by the lake.
Would you rather go shopping at the mall or ride your bicycle by the lake? (Answer the question. Use: I'd rather)
.....
- 14-Sara is reading her favourite book in the park.
Would you rather study math or read your favourite book in the park? (Answer the question. Use: I'd rather)
.....
- 15- What will happen if we build a road around the world? (Answer the question)
.....
- 16-I can't speak French. (Use: "wish")
.....
- 17-I have to study today. (Use: "wish")
.....



Part 2 (Vocabulary)

A) Complete the following sentences using the words in the box:

air show - pollution - preference - choice - generate - resort - conservationist - route - environment - scholarship - farmers - speed - pass - involves - subject - fail - interfere - graduation - care

1-I'm very worried about what is going to happen to the, the river, the animal and the trees.

2- I have learned that the factory will probably create a lot ofin the area.

3- If we build aon this site, it will generate lots of jobs.

4-If I don't go to Fahad's, he is going to be very hurt.

5-I guess I'm abecause I don't want to see the area destroyed.

6-She had to make a between the two dresses.

7-English is my favourite at school.

8-..... are fighting to save our environment.

9-He won the to Harvard University.

10-What is the shortest to the station?

11-I have sweet food over spicy.

12-I'd much rather go to the Saudi Hawks

13- I'll take of my parents when they get old.

14- The program would a lot of new jobs.

15- If you study for the English test, you'll

16- If you along this road, I might get a ticket or even have an accident.

17- I don't want to my tests.

18- Tennis a lot of traveling and you'll be away from your family.

19-My parents always with my unusual ideas.



B) Match the words with the definitions:

Column 1		Column 2
1- To study		A. advantage
2- To fit in		B. A fine
3- A ticket		C. To prepare for a test
4- benefit		D. with beautiful views
5- scenic		E. to be similar to or to blend with

Real Talk

Up in the air = undecided

Make up your mind = decide

It seems to me = a way to introduce an opinion



Part 1 (Grammar)

A) Choose the correct answer:

- 1-We didn't expect (arrives - arriving - to arrive) so late.
- 2-They managed (getting - to get - got) an earlier flight.
- 3-The airline refused (to pay - paid - paying) for our hotel.
- 4-I didn't remember (brought - to bring - bringing) my toothbrush.
- 5-She tried (sleeping - sleeps - to sleep) on plane.
- 6-In Latin America, families allow children (stay up - to stay up - stayed up) late.
- 7-In China, People don't expect you (tipping - tips - to tip).
- 8-(Travel - Traveling - Travels) is a good way to learn about other cultures.
- 9-(Tip - Tipping - Tips) is not common in Japan.
- 10-I am not used to (eats - eating - eat) with chopsticks.
- 11-I am getting used to (drives - driving - drive) on the left side of the road.
- 12-We used to (walk - walks - walking) to school.
- 13-We didn't (use to - used to - using to) take the bus.
- 14-I didn't use to (takes - taking - take) a nap after lunch.
- 15-By the time we got to the airport, our flight had already (leaves - left - leaving).
- 16-After she had gone to the hotel, Amal (exchanges - exchanging - exchanged) some money.
- 17-Had you ever (eaten - eat - ate) sushi before you traveled to Japan?
- 18-No, I'd never (tastes - tasting - tasted) sushi until I visited Japan.
- 19-He'd (has - have - had) the car for ten years before he sold.
- 20-The people here are used to (stand - standing - stands) in line at the bus stop.
- 21-It isn't easy to get used to (live - living - lives) in a new culture environment.
- 22-We are not used to the weather (be - being - is) so cold and rainy.
- 23-She used to (drink - drinks - drinking) coffee in the morning.

Verb + Infinitive (to+V⁰)

afford- choose - decide - promise

expect - forget - hope - refuse

learn - manage - offer- try - remember

+ (to + V⁰)**Verb + Noun/Pronoun + Infinitive**(to + V⁰)**It's + Infinitive**(to + V⁰)**Expression of Advice with Infinitives**

Try to

Try not to

Remember to

Don't forget to

Make sure to

Be sure to

Gerund as a Subject

(V + ing)

Past Perfecthad + V³ p.p

after, already, before, by the time, ever, never, until

Used to

1-Be (is-are-am) + used to + gerund (V+ing) / noun

2-Get + used to + gerund (V+ing) / noun

3-used to + V⁰

B) Complete the sentences with the infinitive or gerund:

- 1-We enjoyed (drive) along the scenic route on the way to the ocean.
- 2-Mahmoud managed(change) the tire in the dark.
- 3-I refuse(try) different kinds of food.
- 4-We kept(look) until we found a good restaurant for dinner.
- 5-I expected(pay) a lot of money for hotels.
- 6-I can't stand(wait) in long lines.
- 7-Please remember(take) your passport with you when you travel.
- 8-I tried(learn) some of the customs of the country before I traveled.

C) Do as shown between brackets:

- 1-He has gotten used to drive on the left side of the road. (Correct the mistake).
.....
- 2-You may find it strange at first, but you'll get used to eat the food. (Correct the mistake).
.....
- 3-I didn't use to taking a nap, but now I rest for an hour every afternoon. (Correct the mistake).
.....
- 4-They(already start) boarding the plane when I(arrive) at the gate. (Write the correct form of the verb)
- 5-Sabah.....(not know) how to use the chopsticks because she.....(never eat) in a Chinese restaurant before.
- 6-I.....(never be) abroad until I(travel) to Paris last Summer. (Write the correct form of the verb)
- 7-.....(you/learn) to speak French before you(go) to Paris? (Write the correct form of the verb)
- 8- good idea/ follow/local customs (Make sentence. Use infinitive. Add " It's " where necessary)
.....
- 9-We / managed / get seats / on the crowded bus (Make sentence. Use infinitive. Add " It's " where necessary)
.....
- 10-not advisable/ carry/a lot of money (Make sentence. Use infinitive. Add " It's " where necessary)
.....
- 11- try / stay / in places that are safe (Make sentence. Use infinitive. Add " It's " where necessary)
.....
- 12-polite / stand in line / for a bus (Make sentence. Use infinitive. Add " It's " where necessary)
.....
- 13- common / have / problems when you travel (Make sentence. Use infinitive. Add " It's " where necessary)
.....



- 14- Try to (Make expression of advice with infinitive).
 15- Be sure (Make expression of advice with infinitive).
 16- Don't forget to (Make expression of advice with infinitive).
 17- Try not to (Make expression of advice with infinitive).

Part 2 (Vocabulary)

A) Complete the following sentences using the words in the box:

break - chopsticks - custom - dust - tricky - guest - host - impression - blocking - lawyer - mud - pocket - porter - shock - adjust - remove - surname - customary - tip - allow - comment - topic - advisable - exchange - punctual

- 1- In many Asian countries, people eat with
- 2- In Germany, being late makes a bad
- 3- In Asian countries, if you can't manage to eat with chopsticks, it's to ask for a fork or a spoon.
- 4- Eating dinner late is a common In Mediterranean countries.
- 5- Try not to spread and in the house and on the carpets of your host.
- 6- Talking about the weather is a favourite of conversation with the British.
- 7- When a person gives you a card, don't put it in your right away.
- 8- Sara asks the to carry the luggage to the second floor.
- 9- After a hard working day give yourself a and get some rest.
- 10- Her father's death was a big to her.
- 11- Her first name is Rand but I don't know her
- 12- A is a person who fights for justice and honour.
- 13- In the United States, remember to taxi drivers and waiters.
- 14- You are always a welcome in our house.
- 15- You should thank the for his hospitality.
- 16- In Japan, business people cards.
- 17- In many countries, people their shoes before entering a home.
- 18- In Germany, it's important to be for business meetings.
- 19- In England, People often about the weather while they're waiting in line for a bus.
- 20- In England, it's to say "please", "thank you" and "sorry".



21-Eating with chopsticks is at first, especially rice and noodles.

22-It is difficult for older people to to the way of city life.

23-We don't eating in the classroom.

24-It's polite to say "excuse me" if someone is your way.

B) Match the words with the definitions:

Column 1		Column 2
1- flexible		A. A. missing home and family
2- frustrating		B. able to change in different situation
3- homesick		C. beliefs about what is right or wrong
4- stage		D. person who has arrived recently
5- newcomer		E. annoying because you cannot do something you want
6- novelty		F. one level or phase in a series
7- values		G. to remember a pleasant feeling for a long time
8- to cherish		H. Something new and interesting

Real Talk

To be honest = used to state something more directly.

To get the hang of = to get used to doing something the right way.

Kind of = rather

No kidding = an expression of surprise and disbelief.

