

Revision of Tenses:

Present Perfect:

have/has + V3

الماضي التام

• already - just - before - yet

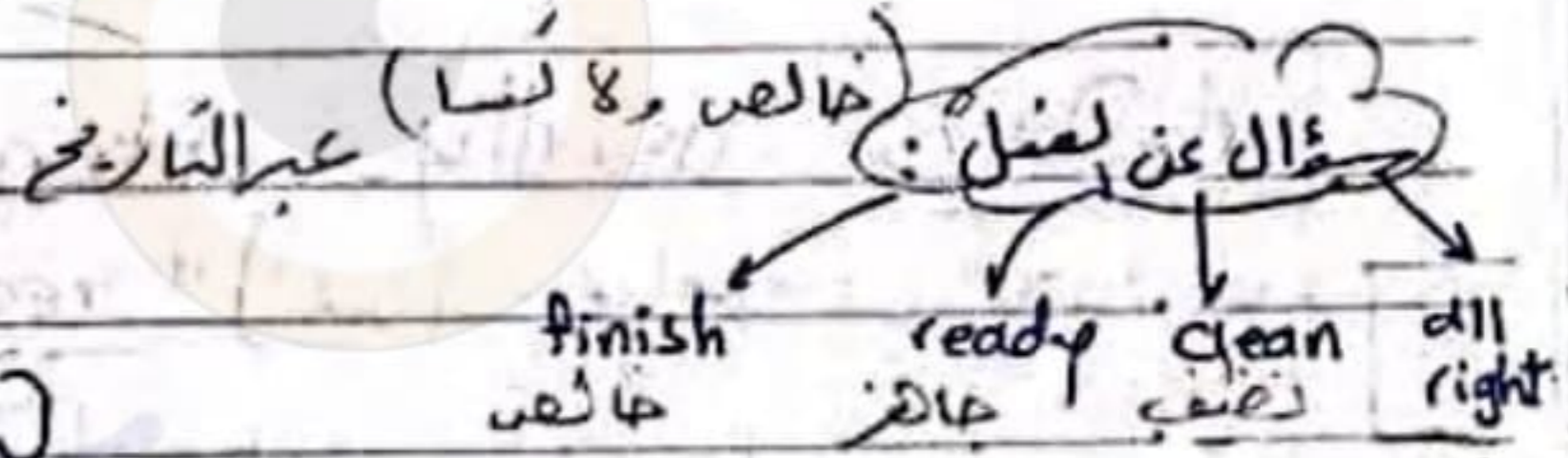
• ever / never

• since / for

• recently - in recent

lately - in the last few / قَم in the last few years

• throughout history



• So far = until now

• ... times / twice

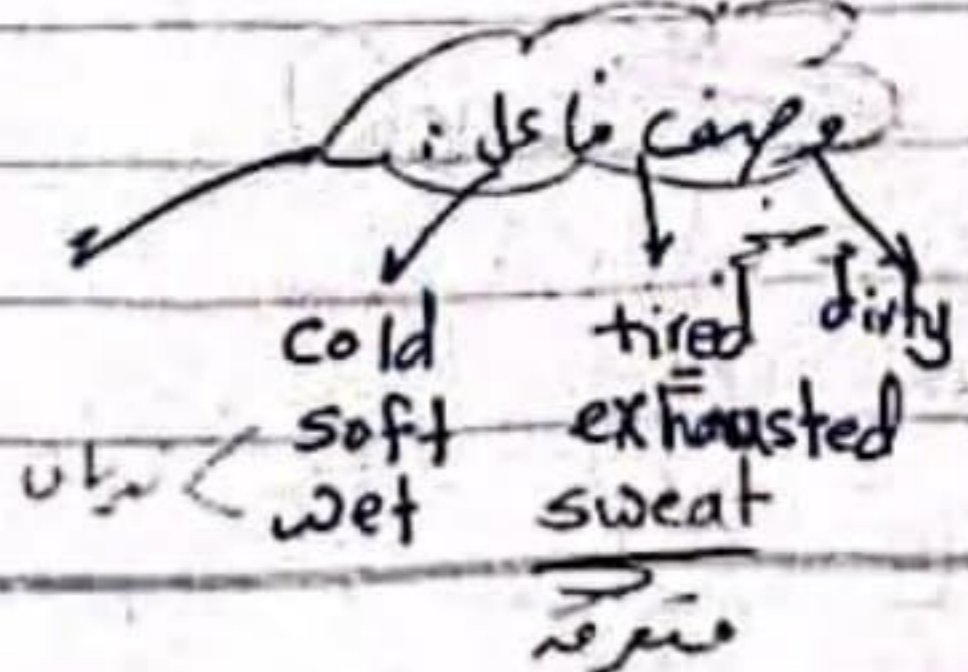
Present Perfect Continuous:

have/has been + Ving

الماضي التام المستمر

• طول all day

eyes red



Past Perfect:

had + V3

الماضي التام:

نفس دلالات الحاضر التام مع وجود فعل ماضٍ بالجملة.

دلالة تام + فعل حاضر = حاضر تام

دلالة تام + ما في فعل = حاضر تام

دلالة تام + فعل ماضٍ = ماضٍ تام

دلالات خاصة:

- تاريخ ماضٍ / before

- by the time

ماضي ماضٍ

before / after

عاشي مع الماضٍ ولا الحاضر
ومن فرائض

[After ماضٍ تام / ماضٍ ماضٍ]

[after ماضٍ ماضٍ / ماضٍ تام]

before

بالعكس

I ^{V2} knew ^{had} that ... ماضٍ تام
* علمت أن
Know realised that
أدركت أن

Past Perfect Continuous:

had + been + Ving

الماضي التام المستمر:

نفس دلالات الحاضر التام المستمر مع وجود فعل ماضٍ بالجملة
اللات المشتركة

I ^{dm} was tired because I ^{for} an hour.

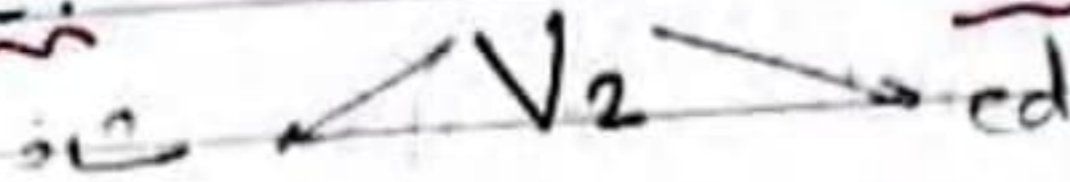
a. have been running

b. was running

c. had been running

d. will run.

Past Simple: الماضي البسيط



(not / ?) did

(be) was / were
(not be) wasn't / weren't

(have) had

(not have) didn't have I ~~hadn't~~ enough money with me.
didn't have

• yesterday - last... - ago - in the past...

أيام بالماضي
كل
بعض
by/before

وجود فعل بالماضي
بالجمله

ترتيب أحداث
ملاحظة
First... then...
and...

Past Continuous:

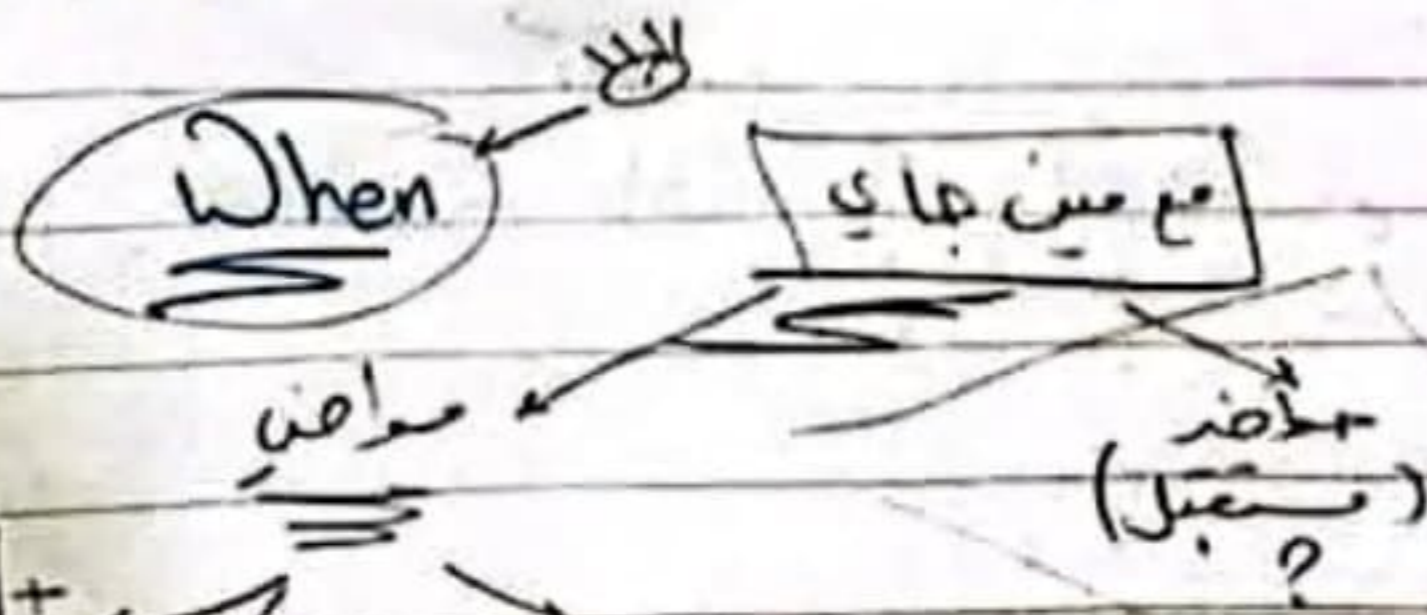
was/were + V-ing

الماضي المستمر:

While

في نفس الوقت
مع فعل بالماضي

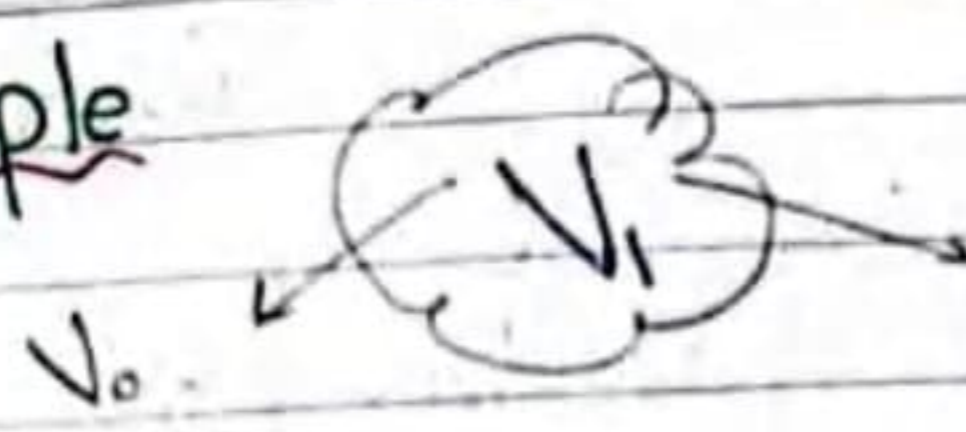
Yesterday at 8, I was eating.



في الماضي + مع ماضٍ

Present Simple

الحاضر البسيط



(?/not)
do / does

(be) is / am / are I am always happy.
(not be) isn't - am not - aren't I am not always happy.

(have) have / has I have two sisters.
(not have) don't have / doesn't have I haven't two sisters.

Adverb of frequency: ظرف التكرار

• always usually - often - sometimes
Seldom - rarely (نادرًا) regularly - normally - naturally.

• every... / a... / times / twice + a every (كل يوم / كل يومين) (+S)

• مقارنة On Saturday afternoons

Present Continuous:

الحاضر المستمر:

is / am / are + V_{ing}

الآن
الآن
• now
Right now

• at the moment
• today / tonight

• this week
• these weeks

By ١٧/٧٠
in ١٧/٧٠

ومعك حاضرا

• (!)
(please) قلب

yesterday

الأمس

منذ Since

last...

اليوم
اليوم
اليوم
اليوم

اليوم
اليوم

كلمة كاملة

S + V₂
منذ

عام
ماض
2008

~~A~~

I Retaj [Since I was ten]

a. have known

b. knew

(c) had known

d. will know

X

منذ

I have known Ahmad (since) weeks..

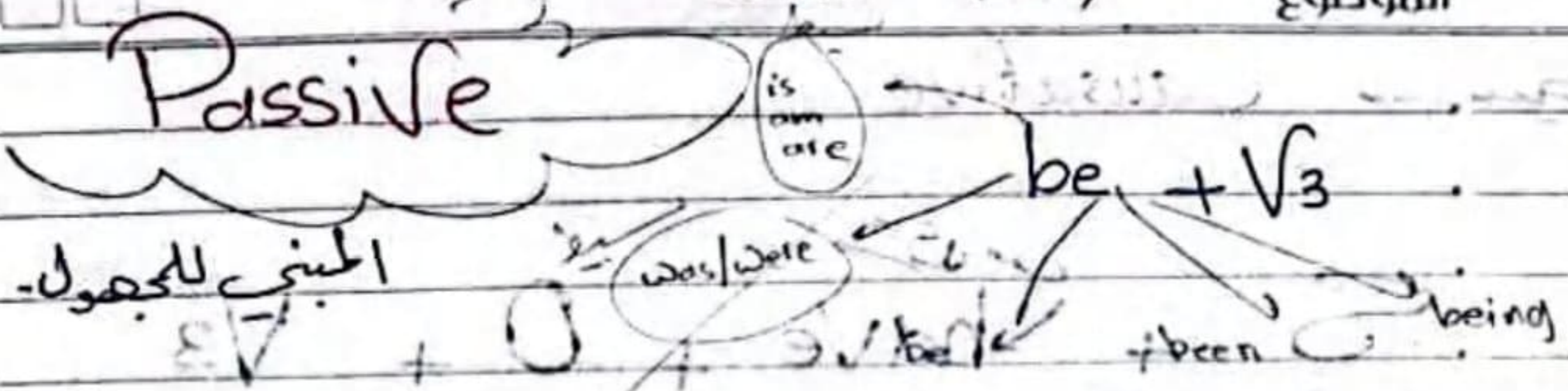
(for)

منذ

(a) week

d. long time

Passive



المضارع للمجهول is/am/are + V3

الماضي للمجهول was/were + V3

الماضي التام have/had been + V3

الماضي التام had been + V3

المضارع المستمر is/am/are being + V3

الماضي المستمر was/were being + V3

المضارقات can be cleaned + V3
 should/can/could/must
 will/would/ (to)

المضارقات + have should have been + V3
 have (دلالة على
 ما مضى)
 (am/are)

ع. الأغلب زعمه (29)
 ع. الأغلب كظنك (by)
 بعد الفراغ ماضياً (م)
 يكون في ظرف أو زمن م.

Unit (4)

الواجب
 من واجب
 تطابقه نفس
 انشيد الفعل
 نفس اثبات (انفس)

Causative

S + ^{تعد من} have + O + V3
 (فاعل مفعول) حسب زمن الجملة it/them دائماً الفعل الآخر

المضارع البسيط S + have/has + O + V3
 don't have / doesn't have

الماضي البسيط S + had + O + V3
 didn't have

المضارع التام S + have/has had + O + V3

ماضي تام S + had had + O + V3

المضارع المستمر S + is/am/are having + O + V3

الماضي المستمر S + was/were having + O + V3

المضارع S + will have + O + V3
 going to
 must

إذا ما في ضمير انكاسي
 إذا في ضمير واحد نفسي → اثبات
 نفسي ← اثبات
 إذا ما في ضمير انكاسي

Relative Pronouns

اسماء لوصول

Who ← عاقل
 Whom ← جملة كاملة
 Which ← غير عاقل

that
مجموع ماضية
قبل

كل مرة بنزل
Whom
كان (Who)

جميع ال (to) قبل الفراغ

Sami Who I

Sami (to) Whom I

to whom / to who

I saw Ahmad (is) a civil engineer

Whose ملكية

Who Whom (X2)
لأنه
أنا

When أنا Here's Ahmad (I) talked to you about.

whose (that) which where

Where أنا = in Which = Which... in
that... in.

(2)

Whose (مستعمل)
 (فعل)
 (a/the)
 (فلس I)
 projects (are)

city (in) I

where which

Unit (6)

المستقبل

Future Forms

in the future

one day

tomorrow

this

next

اعوام مستقبلية
in a few seconds
في غضون دقائق

مستقبل مستمر

1

Will be + Ving

لتصوير حدث رح يكون
مستقبلاً المستمر

this time tomorrow
next...
at 7...

Don't call at 7,

[When] will be Ving

When you visit me tomorrow, I will be making coffee.
When it goes into the orbit, the spacecraft will be carrying 26 k.g.

2

Will have + V3

مستقبل تام
لتصوير حدث رح يكون
مستقبلاً تاماً

- by/before 2030
- by the time I'm sixty, will have
- get, will have
- by the end of this year
- next...

In a time
بعد... من هذا

نقسم سلك الفتل حسب ...
 ... شت طرف هذا السلك من ...
 $\pi^2 = 10$

20

1 Will + V₀
 Won't

الموضوع
 تنبؤات
 predictions / immediate decisions
 قرارات / قرارات فورية
 A: B

think, sure, assure
 weather, win, hope
promise

One day, people will travel to Mars.

A: It's hot here!
 B I will open the window.

The weather nice tomorrow.

2 be going to + V₀
 I am / are

قرارات / نوايا
 decisions / intends (نية)

- I'm going to clean my room this afternoon.
- I'm going to get up early tomorrow.
- I'm going to use my laptop for the next two years.
- The two companies are going to provide different experiences.

ظية تنبؤية (تنبؤ) Look!! There are black clouds. It's going to rain.

I've seen the plan. We a nice trip.

3 be + V_{ing}

ترتيبات (arrangements)
 (hold) → party We are holding a party next...
 meeting He is holding a meeting.

A bank called Steve to start his work on Sunday. Steve is starting work on Sunday.

4 does / do V₁ (exams)

جدول ساعة الاضافي
 (timetable / أوقات الربط)
 (plane) (train)

If, when, after, before
 Until, unless, as soon as, the moment
 as long as

عانت من ...
 When - برا
 Will

20
 Want
 Went

Unit (7)

الشرطيات

Unless/IF

Conditionals

الشرطيات

مراعاة حال (will)
ولا حال (will)

I = was
were

[IF حاضر]

should + V₀
will + V₀
can + V₀

will
can + V₀
should +

[if حاضر]

[IF ماضي]

could + V₀
would + V₀

would + V₀
could + V₀

[if ماضي]

[IF ماضي]

could have + V₀
would have + V₃

would have + V₃
could have + V₃

[if ماضي]

I would have some money if I

a. had it spent (b) didn't spend (تبيع)

If I had some money, I buy villa.

a. would buy b. will buy c. would have bought

Unit (8) (منهج زينة)

• spent → saved
 • refused → ^{رفضت} accepted
 • missed → ^{أخطأ} caught
^{الغالب} eqiqoll

Wish / If only

بتكبي جوابه

- ماض بسيط
- V₂ / did
 - could + V₀
 - would + V₀
- ماض فاعل
- had + V₃

الجملة الأولى

قد كنت... عروبي الفيل... ماغن

I can't sing. → (could)

I'm tired → (was/were) not

He won't give me my (ID). → would

He has lost his keys. → had found

ماغن قد كنت... (فعل الفاعل)

تغير اذا عادة... امرأة

drives fast
 leaving books on the floor

He smokes alot.

(would stop) (wouldn't smoke)

makes fun never answers emails blows cigarette isn't telling truth (lying)

I don't know how to dance. (V₂ / didn't) (knew)

My class doesn't have coloured walls. (had)

الجملة الأولى

ماغن تام وسين

He smoked alot.

hadn't smoked

had stopped

• He couldn't play the match. he wishes.....

• had played

• b: could play

• ~~can~~ play

• d: could have played

Paired Conjunctions

حرف العطف
المزدوجة

- 1. كلا وجهه وجوداً
- 2. منطوع مع النفي
- 3. منطوع مع الفعل (جمع / مفرد)

تعاظم معاظمة الجميع دائماً	Both	and	كل من ... و ...
تعاظم معاظمة الأطعمة الكلمة	Either	or	إما ... أو ...
	Neither	nor	لا ... ولا ...
	Not only	but also	ليس فقط ... بل أيضاً

- Both Ahmad and Omar (is/are) here
- Not only Ahmad but also Omar (is/are) here.

• Neither Ahmad nor Omar (liked / didn't like) the film.
منع بمناقض

- Ahmad (is/are) both happy and excited.
- I didn't like (both/neither) the film (and/nor) the music.

إذا كان فرائدك أول الجملة - (جواز الصح)

(طلي مع الفعل) جمع / مفرد

إذا كان فرائدك ماله أول الجملة - (جواز الصح)

(طلي مع النفي إذا متى قبل الفرائد) (neither)

ما في نفي (تبرهن)



A true friend (is) both/and

— caring — loving

a. both/and b. neither/nor c. either/or d. both/or

Obligations

الالتزام واجباً
 اجباري
 Must + V₀ ممنوع بالقرآن
 (لا يجزئ)
 have to / has to + V₀ عند ذكرهم
 الفئة الخاصة
 Drivers
 Students
 Passengers

نصيحة
 Should + V₀
 had 'd better + V
 You should apologise

منوعاً
 Mustn't + V₀
 You mustn't eat in the class.
 Employees mustn't waste work
 (disturb) time chatting.

لا يجزئ
 لا يجزئ
 don't have to / doesn't have to + V₀

نصيحة
 لا يجزئ
 Shouldn't + V₀
 'd better not
 You shouldn't carry heavy things
 if you have backache.

When I ^{كان} was young, I

Uniform.

X a. have to wear

X c. must have worn

X b. should have worn

d. had to wear

كان

الالتزام بالمال

had to + V₀

اجباري

(كان يجب عليّ)

وعلى

didn't have to + V₀

(ما كان يجب عليّ)

Should have + V₃

(كان يجب عليّ) وعلى

Shouldn't have + V₃

(ما كان يجب عليّ) وعلى

must have + V₃

I didn't see Retaj in the meeting. she must have left early

I didn't get a ticket for the train. I

كان يجب عليّ ان احجز - should have reserved (احجز) ^{studied}

كان يجب عليّ ان احجز - must have reserved

You hard! You results are (too bad) the best!

Unit (11)

Reported Speech / Questions



asked - said - told
 wanted to know - admitted...

سألت
 سألتني
 سألتني

كلام : قوله - الجملة - الجملة

"I am travelling tomorrow" she said....
 travelled was travelling had travelled

إذا كانت
 فعل
 فعلك
 فعلك

She said she ... the previous night.
 the night before

ما قبل قولاً (إذا كان)
 ال سابق ال قول

ال

قوله المنقول :

She asked me where

- a. her key are
- c. are her keys

- b. were her keys.
- d. her keys were
- x her keys were?

She asked me
where are my keys
where my keys are

where were my keys
where my keys were

"Are you happy?" She asked me

- a. were I happy
- c. was I happy
- b. if was I happy
- d. if I was happy

دائماً تبدأ بها فعل



في حالة السؤال

1. سؤال بقلب سؤال: (غير مباشر)

Where do you live?
Can you tell me where you live?

Where are my keys?
Do you know where my keys are?

2. سؤال استفهامية بقلب سؤال:

I wonder What time it is.

I have no idea when they are leaving.

Where (does she live/she lives), I have no idea.

3. السؤال المنقول:

She asked me What time it was.

He asked her Where his keys were.

he asked me if I knew the answer.

INversion القلت

عكس الطبيعي

في حالة الجملة العادية: (فاعل - فعل - مفعول)
 (ناحية الفعل) بالعرض فعل - فاعل

So, Neither, Nor
(وإنما أيضاً وجهاً مادياً بين (2))

A: I have been to London.

A: I am not happy.

B: So, have I.

B. Neither, am I.

Nor, am I.

Here ... arrive / come / There go ...
(أين يكون الفاعل هنا / حيث تأتي يكون الـ come/go مفعولاً)

Here comes the professor. ✓

There go the students.

~~Here comes he~~

Here he comes ✓

There we go.

Here! the boss arrives on time.

Here arrives the boss on time. ✓

Here has the boss arrived on time. X Here the boss has arrived on time.

(if) (if) شرطية
(were) / (should) / (had) (if)

If I were you, I would call him.

If were I you I would call him.

(tag) نفس الفعل + نفي أو إثبات
You aren't happy, are you?

Never, Only, Hardly, Rarely:
 Seldom, No sooner, Only when / only after.

Never, have I been to London.