



مدونة المناهج السعودية

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الموقع التعليمي لجميع المراحل الدراسية

في المملكة العربية السعودية

KING ABDULAZIZ UNIVERSITY
 LANE 423 EXTERNAL STUDENTS FINAL EXAM
 SECOND SEMESTER 2012 مدة الاختبار 90 دقيقة فقط

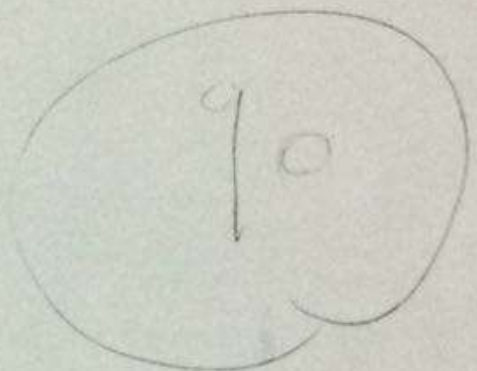
B

Choose the correct/most appropriate answer for each question below:

1. Early sentences made by children are called:
 - a. Behaviourist
 - b. Innatist
 - c. Telegraphic
2. The 'wug' test shows that children's language is a set of memorized words.
 - a. True
 - b. False
3. The word children use to express negation in English is:
 - a. 'Yes'
 - b. 'Never'
 - c. 'No'
4. Which of the following words becomes a children favorite when they learn it?
 - a. How
 - b. Who
 - c. Why
5. When do children learn about different registers and varieties?
 - a. School years
 - b. First year of their lives
 - c. Second year of their lives
6. What is a language variety?
 - a. Child's own language differs according to the situation
 - b. A regional version of the same language by different children
 - c. Both
7. The 'behaviourist' school of language was influential in:
 - a. 1920s
 - b. 1940s and 50s
 - c. It was never popular
8. Who is the best-known behaviourist theorist?
 - a. Noam Chomsky
 - b. B F Skinner
 - c. Vygotsky
9. Imitation and practice explain all forms of language.
 - a. True
 - b. False
10. What were Chomsky's views of behaviourism?
 - a. He liked them
 - b. He challenged them
 - c. He didn't care
11. According to Chomsky, the environment plays a basic role in language development.
 - a. True
 - b. False
12. CPH suggests there is a period of learning a language beyond which learning becomes very difficult.
 - a. True
 - b. False
13. How important social interaction is Piaget?
 - a. Very important
 - b. Not important at all
14. Kaluli mothers speak to their children all the time because they think they are good conversational partners.
 - a. True
 - b. False
15. First language can only be a disadvantage when learning a second language.
 - a. True
 - b. False
16. Who find it more difficult to express themselves when their language is limited?
 - a. Children
 - b. Adults
 - c. Both find it difficult
17. Some teachers in second language classroom switch to the students' language to:
 - a. Discipline them
 - b. Organize the class
 - c. Both A and B
 - d. None of the above
18. Is switching to the first language in classroom a good thing?
 - a. Yes
 - b. No
19. 'Child-directed speech' is very similar to:
 - a. Monitor hypothesis
 - b. Universal grammar
 - c. Modified input
20. Audio-Lingual Method belongs to what school of thought?
 - a. Interactionist
 - b. Innatist/cognitive
 - c. None of the above
21. Most exercises in audio-lingual classes focus on conversation and communication with little attention to grammar.
 - a. True
 - b. False
22. Which of the following hypotheses developed by Stephen Krashen?
 - a. Learning/acquisition
 - b. Monitor
 - c. Natural order
 - d. All of them
23. Which of the following approaches to language learning focus on communication?
 - a. Grammar Translation
 - b. Audio Lingual
 - c. Communicative Language Teaching
24. People believe younger learners are more successful.
 - a. True
 - b. False
25. Progress of students is identical in all classrooms.
 - a. True
 - b. False

26. What other personal traits people believe indicate success in language learning?
a. Intelligence
b. Aptitude
c. Both
d. None
27. Research shows that intelligence helps language learners in which areas?
a. Listening and speaking
b. Grammar and vocabulary
c. Intelligence does not help learners
28. PALB and MLAT measure what?
a. Drugs
b. Intelligence
c. None of the above
29. Aptitude tests measure what?
a. Ability to differentiate between sounds
b. Ability to find patterns in language
c. Ability to memorize new vocabulary
d. All of the above
30. 'Visual' learners tend to learn by:
a. Seeing
b. Hearing
c. Moving
31. How many types of 'motivation' are there according to Lambert (1972)?
a. Two
b. Three
c. Four
32. It is always easy to differentiate between different types of motivation.
a. True
b. False
33. Anxiety is always bad for language learning.
a. True
b. False
34. If an adult from an ethnic group speaks a language with perfect accent, his people will think he is:
a. Stupid
b. Smart
c. Less loyal to them
35. Do learners have an intuition about which parts can be transferred from their mother tongue and which ones cannot.
a. Yes
b. No
36. When specific areas in language development stop changing, we call this:
a. Realization
b. Fossilization
c. Materialization
37. Which of the following morphemes are easier to learn?
a. -ing
b. -ed

38. When you do not use a language feature because it is very different from your first language, this is called:
a. Avoidance
b. Inhibition
c. Foreigner talk
39. Cognates are:
a. Two words in two different languages which resemble each other
b. A type of chocolate sold at big supermarkets
c. None of the above
40. When you learn a language via other subjects, this is called:
a. Universal Grammar
b. Two for one approach
c. Second Language Acquisition



مفاتيح

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