

بعض اسئلة الكادر لغة انجليزية

Proficiency Test

for

English Language Teachers

(A)

Section Three : Grammatical Structure

Directions : Questions 93-106 are incomplete sentences.
Beneath each sentence you will see four words or phrases,
marked (A), (B), (C), and (D). Choose the word or phrase that
best completes the sentence

I _____ the book but when I heard what the critics said I - ٩٣
changed my mind

- a) was going to buy
- b) would have bought
- c) was buying
- d) am going to buy

She _____ him before 1968 - ٩٤

- a) has seen
- b) saw
- c) had seen
- d) seen

, ~~~~~ It was snowing when the refugees - ٩٥

- a) have arrived
- b) arrived
- c) had arrived
- d) were arrived

•Mary is waiting _____ the Queen – ٩٦

- a) to see
- b) for seeing
- c) for to see
- d) at see

•She doesn't want _____ her – ٩٧

- a) anybody helped
- b) that anybody helping
- c) anybody to help
- d) that any body helps

In the year 2005,he _____ working here for 50 – ٩٨
•years

- a) will have been
- b) will be
- c) has been
- d) had been

•You _____ drive carefully. The roads are slippery – ٩٩

- a) would better
- b) would rather
- c) had better
- d) had rather

~~~~~ •He doesn't smoke – ١٠٠

- a) I don't too
- b) Neither I do

- c) I don't neither
- d) Neither do I

? ~~~~~ 'It's raining. We have to return home - 1.1

- a) don't we
- b) wouldn't we
- c) didn't we
- d) isn't it

•He knew everything \_\_\_\_\_ was going on - 1.2

- a) what
- b) where
- c) whom
- d) that

Students have to spend a lot of time studying \_\_\_\_\_ - 1.3

- their own
- a) on
- b) by
- c) for
- d) in

•He is very famous \_\_\_\_\_ Great Britain - 1.4

- a) whole
- b) all over
- c) in all
- d) all of

They're staying with their parents \_\_\_\_\_ the time - 1.5

- being
- a) during
- b) for
- c) since
- d) when

•all her efforts the party was ruined ~~~~~ - 1.6

- a) In spite of
- b) Nevertheless

- c) Although
- d) However

#### Section Four : Vocabulary

Directions : Items 107-112 include sentences with missing words or phrases. From the words or phrases below each choose the one that best completes the sentence

Keep your children away from this medicine ! It's \_\_\_\_\_

~~~~~

- a) dead
- b) deadly
- c) death
- d) dying

Shakespeare has written many poems. He is a _____

poet

- a) large
- b) huge
- c) tiny
- d) great

This new pot is _____. You can put it on the stove _____

- a) waterproof
- b) heatproof
- c) bulletproof
- d) soundproof

The patient is now in a _____ condition _____

- a) series
- b) medical
- c) critical
- d) psychological

The new Saudi _____ are twenty and two _____

hundreds

- a) currencies

- b) money
- c) coins
- d) banknotes

I wish you a good result in your exam. When are you _____ it

- a) passing
- b) taking
- c) leaving
- d) doing

Directions : In each sentence below replace the boldface word
, with the one that has the nearest meaning to it

,The Roman armies were defeated in 622 A.D - ١١٣

- a) inscribed
- b) enlisted
- c) retreated
- d) beaten

,Bad deeds are disgraceful - ١١٤

- a) shameful
- b) beautiful
- c) shy
- d) happy

,Birds expand their wings when they are flying - ١١٥

- a) protect
- b) inflate
- c) contract
- d) shrink

The population in Saudi Arabia increased from eight _____
,millions to fourteen millions in the past ten years

- a) produced
- b) decreased
- c) reduced

d) ascended

Section Five : Reading Comprehension

Directions : Read the following text carefully. Then answer the questions on the basis of what is stated or implied by the text.
: Choose the word or phrase that best completes the sentence

Visitors to America are immediately struck by the – 1) tremendous numbers of automobiles filling the highways and crowding the city streets. The automobile, which has transformed the American way of life, is the most indispensable workhorse of the family. During the week, the father drives it to his job in the city, alone, or in a “car pool” arrangement with several of his fellow workers. When he leaves it at home, his wife uses it constantly to do errands, to haul groceries, to drive children to lessons or appointments, to shops or swimming pools. On weekends, the family drives out to the country for a picnic lunch or may take a trip of several hundred miles. On vacations, no corner of the country is beyond the family’s reach. All of America has felt the changes, which came with the – 2) automobile and with the network of highways that have been built to serve it. Farmers, who live far from their neighbors, are no longer isolated. Tractors of the work of the many farmlands they cannot afford to hire, Trucks carry their products to market, to storage elevators or to railroads. Traffic jams in cities and along the approaches to cities, – 3) especially at morning and evening rush hours and at the start and end of weekends, are difficult problems. How to find out enough parking space in the cities, even with underground parking lots and many-storied “pigeonhole” parking structures in another. More highways and wider ones are needed as fast as they can be built.

The main topic of this passage is – 1) 1) 1)

, ~~~~~

- a) The network of highways
- b) The American highways
- c) Trucks and Tractors in America
- d) Cars and the American Life

The automobile has had _____ on the - 118

• American society

- a) A little effect
- b) hardly any effect
- c) an obvious effect
- d) no effect whatsoever

The American father - 119

• ~~~~~

- a) always drives alone to work
- b) may share his car with other colleagues
- c) drives his children to lessons
- d) drives his wife to haul groceries

The American family may spend the weekend - 120

• ~~~~~

- a) abroad
- b) in downtown
- c) out of town
- d) in a family gathering

Thanks to the automobile, all American States have - 121

• ~~~~~ become

- a) within reach
- b) more isolated
- c) beyond reach
- d) torn apart

• Most American families _____ cars - 122

- a) cannot afford
- b) do not badly need
- c) do not have
- d) cannot do without

The word ' which ' in the first line of the second -۱۲۳
, ~~~~~ paragraph refers to

- a) all Americans
- b) automobiles
- c) changes
- d) traffic

Section Six : Linguistics and Pedagogy

is a feature in human language that ~~~~~-۱۲۴
allows for the making and interpretation of an infinite number of
messages

- a) Arbitrariness
- b) Creativity
- c) Interchange
- d) Displacement

The Contrastive Analysis Hypothesis is associated with -۱۲۵
, ~~~~~

- a) the cognitive theory
- b) the behaviorist theory
- c) the native theory
- d) none of the above

validity refers to the correlation ~~~~~ -۱۲۶
between test scores and a trustworthy external criterion

- a) empirical
- b) content
- c) face
- d) rational

In constructing language tests, items are said to be -۱۲۷
, ~~~~~ satisfactory if

- a) they are at suitable level of difficulty
- b) they discriminate among students

- c) they improve students' proficiency
- d) A & B

~~~~~ Transformational grammar - 128

- a) ignores the relationship between sentences with the same meaning
- b) generates only the grammatical sentences of a language
- c) tries to modify the learner's linguistic behavior
- d) is none of the above

suffixes do not usually change the ~~~~~ - 129

- a) grammatical class of the words to which they are attached
- a) Inflectional
- b) Derivational
- c) Morphological
- d) Functional

~~~~~ A native speaker can in most cases - 130

- a) give an account of the rules of his language
- b) list all the possible sentences of his language
- c) A & B
- d) None of the above

The Critical Period Hypothesis presents strong evidence - 131

for the _____ theory of language acquisition

- a) cognitive
- b) behaviorist
- c) nativist
- d) situational

In the production of _____ the passage of the air - 132

stream is relatively unobstructed

- a) vowels
- b) nasals
- c) sibilant
- d) fricatives

- , ~~~~~ In the grammar translation method - 133
- a) elaborate explanations of the intricacies of grammar are given
 - b) grammar is taught inductively
 - c) there is little explanations
 - d) grammar is postponed to a later stage

Within the cognitive approach, language acquisition is - 134

, ~~~~~ seen as

- a) rule formation
- b) habit formation
- c) skill formation
- d) function formation

The eclectic method of foreign language teaching - 135

, ~~~~~ necessitates that the teachers

- a) apply the easiest from the various methods
- b) choose the best from the various methods
- c) apply one method in each class period
- d) apply at least two methods in each class period

, ~~~~~ The best course design is the one that - 136

- a) promotes a positive social climate in the classroom
- b) enhances student motivation
- c) makes teaching enjoyable for the teacher
- d) all of the above

is such a natural and normal human ~~~~~ - 137

activity that few aspects of it really need much overt instruction

- a) Listening
- b) Speaking
- c) Reading
- d) B & C

For students learning to read in a new language some - 138

previous _____ ability is necessary

- a) written language

- b) simple language
- c) oral language
- d) real language

Teaching productive skills means teaching – ۱۳۹

, ~~~~~~

- a) speaking and listening
- b) listening and reading
- c) speaking and reading
- d) writing and speaking

The technique of _____ is an activity where a – ۱۴۰
 student needs information from others to complete a particular
 task

- a) filling in a blank
- b) information gap
- c) critical reading
- d) matching

The primary objective in teaching speaking is the – ۱۴۱
 development of _____ ability

- a) oral communication
- b) phonological
- c) pronunciation
- d) good English

Grammar teaching is the explicit teaching of language – ۱۴۲

, ~~~~~~

- a) forms
- b) words
- c) function
- d) meaning

Reading in a second language normally requires processes – ۱۴۳
 similar to reading in a _____ language

- a) first

- b) second
- c) third
- d) foreign

In preparing a test for intensive reading we should note that _____ texts should be used

- a) short, simple
- b) short, complex
- c) long, detailed
- d) long, complex

Process oriented writing instruction places more emphasis on the _____ in producing a piece of writing

- a) stages that writers go through
- b) knowledge that writers employ
- c) experience that writers have
- d) time that writers spend

Good pronunciation requires the ability to correctly _____ produce and use

- a) Sounds, stress, and intonation
- b) Sounds, stress, and meanings
- c) Sound, words, and meanings
- d) Sound, words and production

A crossword puzzle helps students develop _____ knowledge

- a) reading
- b) orthography
- c) lexical
- d) writing

Teaching words in isolation is not recommended because _____

- a) some words have different meanings
- b) context helps to clarify the meanings of the word

- c) the function of the word in a sentence helps to determine its meaning
- d) all the above

Techniques for guessing meanings of the words from _____ : context include

- a) activating background knowledge
- b) Obtaining clues from structure and surrounding words
- c) Understanding pronunciation and punctuation
- d) All the above

Using technology in teaching helps teachers _____

~~~~~

- a) present demonstrations
- b) enhance course content
- c) provide additional illustrations
- d) all the above

Using multimedia software helps \_\_\_\_\_ students \_\_\_\_\_

to increase their learning ability

- a) disabled
- b) shy
- c) weak
- d) all the above

Road maps are generally used in the teaching of \_\_\_\_\_

~~~~~

- a) grammatical structures
- b) reading comprehension
- c) listening practice
- d) A & B

In effective language teaching, computers are best used as _____

~~~~~

- a) substitutes for teachers
- b) aids to teachers
- c) means of entertainment

d) substitutes for textbooks

In preparing material for language lab practice, it is best to – 104

, ~~~~~

- a) read from the textbook directly
- b) use transcripts for the purpose
- c) dictate to the recording person
- d) memorize the material first

A good language teacher uses magazine pictures to – 100

, ~~~~~

- a) teach language skills and elements
- b) decorate the classroom
- c) make teaching more enjoyable
- d) teach good pronunciation

Flash cards are more commonly used to teach – 106

, ~~~~~

- a) listening
- b) vocabulary items
- c) writing exercises
- d) reading aloud

We can use both flannel boards and magnetic boards to – 107

, ~~~~~ ‘display pictures and cards. However

- a) flannel boards are more effective
- b) magnetic boards are easier to use
- c) they are similar
- d) chalkboards are better than both

Composite pictures may be effectively used in the teaching – 108

, ~~~~~ of

- a) speaking and writing
- b) reading comprehension only
- c) grammatical structures mainly
- d) young learners only

Part 1: Grammar For questions 1-45 read the sentences and then choose from the list a-d the best word or phrase to fill the blank

The lift is out of \_\_\_\_\_ so we'll have to walk - 1

- a) function
- b) order
- c) running
- d) work

What do you \_\_\_\_\_ to do about the problem now - 2  
that the solution has failed

- a) attempt
- b) think
- c) intend
- d) pretend

We have \_\_\_\_\_ for a new secretary but we haven't - 3  
had any replies yet

- a) advised
- b) advertised
- c) announced
- d) noticed

I've \_\_\_\_\_ for the job; I hope I get it - 4

- a) appointed
- b) presented
- c) applied
- d) succeeded

He's so mean he wouldn't give a beggar a \_\_\_\_\_ of bread - 5

- a) skin
- b) peel
- c) shell
- d) crust

I never expected you to turn \_\_\_\_\_ at the meeting, I \_\_\_\_\_ thought you were in France

- a) around
- b) on
- c) up
- d) in

He \_\_\_\_\_ me by two games to one-

- a) won
- b) beat
- c) gained
- d) conquered

His office is on the third \_\_\_\_\_ of the building-

- a) ground
- b) floor
- c) level
- d) flat

I'm \_\_\_\_\_ I didn't pass the exam but I'll do better next \_\_\_\_\_ time

- a) deceived
- b) despaired
- c) disappointed
- d) disillusioned

The lecture was so \_\_\_\_\_ that everyone fell \_\_\_\_\_

- a) bored
- b) boring
- c) tired
- d) tiring

When she \_\_\_\_\_ she wants to be a doctor -

- a) ages
- b) grows
- c) increases
- d) grows up