

اختبار مادة اللغة الإنجليزية
الصف الثالث الثانوي
الفصل الدراسي الثالث
التاريخ
الزمن



المملكة العربية السعودية
وزارة التعليم
إدارة تعليم
مكتب تعليم
مدرسة

المعلم/ة	التوقيع	المراجعة/ة	التوقيع

السؤال الأول	السؤال الثاني	السؤال الثالث	السؤال الرابع	السؤال الخامس	المجموع كتابة	المجموع رقما
٦	٦	٦	٦	٦	ثلاثون درجة	٣٠

اسم الطالب :	الصف :	رقم الجلوس :
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استعن بالله

Total : 6 /

1- Guided Composition

Write a paragraph that describes your thoughts about " Gossip " :

<p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p>

2- Free Composition

Choose one of the following topics to write about :

- 1- Write about the importance of food to your body
- 2- Write an email to a friend

Total : 6 /

<p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p>

3- Comprehension

Read the text and answer the questions .

We need to eat for several reasons. Firstly, food helps us to grow. Children need to eat so as to become taller. Adults need to eat so that their bodies stay strong and so that their skin goes on growing. Secondly, we eat in order to have energy. We need strength so that we can walk, talk and lift things. Thirdly, we eat so that our bodies can go on operating. Food helps our brains to work; it helps our hearts to pump blood; it helps our eyes to see. Food contains nutrients. These are things which are important for our health. They are: proteins, carbohydrates, fats, vitamins and minerals. It is important for us to have a balanced diet. We should avoid eating too much carbohydrates and too much fat. Because our bodies will gain fat. Proteins are found in milk and eggs. Carbohydrates are found in bread and sugar. Vitamins are in fruit and vegetables. Butter and oil contain fats. Finally, minerals such as iron are important.

A- Choose the correct completion:

Total : 6 /

1- Food helps our brains to

A- work B- see C- pump blood D- hear

2- Proteins are found in

A- eggs B- sugar C- bread D- fruits

3- Vitamins are in

A- milk B- fruit C- butter D- oil

C- Put (√) or (X)

1- Proteins are found in milk and eggs. ()

2- We should eat too much carbohydrates ()

3- Butter and oil contain fats. ()

4- Grammar

A- Choose the correct words :

Total : 6 /

1- She didn't come ? She must have about the meeting .

A- forget B- been forgotten C- forgotten D- forgeted

2- It was long ago that I can't remember it .

A- so B- such C- as D- soon

3- Every mother her children are beautiful.

A- fears that B- found out that C- believes that D- force that

B- Do as shown between brackets:

1- Ali may has gotten lost.

(*correct the error*).

.....

2- She said her sister couldn't went with her.

(*correct the error*) .

.....

3- I saw the man. He stole the wallet

(*combine the sentences*)

.....

5- Vocabulary

Name the pictures:

Total : 6 /

kimono – iceberg – nail polish – lightning – lipstick – hair comb

*End of questions
Good luck*

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استعن بالله

Total : 6 /

1- Guided Composition

Write a paragraph that describes your thoughts about " Gossip " :

In Islam, spreading gossip or any other news that is not true is not acceptable. When you spread a gossip or a lie, there is always a second part that may get hurt even if you just joking. That's why Prophet Muhammad said, " The one who spreads gossip will not enter paradise ". So, we should make sure that any gossip or news we spread is real and true.

2- Free Composition

Choose one of the following topics to write about :

- 1- Write about the importance of food to your body
- 2- Write an email to a friend

Total : 6 /

To

From

I'm writing to invite you to my graduation party . I've invited all the class and they all are coming . I hope that you come so that we can celebrate together for the last time before we part after high school .
Best wishes

3- Comprehension

Read the text and answer the questions .

We need to eat for several reasons. Firstly, food helps us to grow. Children need to eat so as to become taller. Adults need to eat so that their bodies stay strong and so that their skin goes on growing. Secondly, we eat in order to have energy. We need strength so that we can walk, talk and lift things. Thirdly, we eat so that our bodies can go on operating. Food helps our brains to work; it helps our hearts to pump blood; it helps our eyes to see. Food contains nutrients. These are things which are important for our health. They are: proteins, carbohydrates, fats, vitamins and minerals. It is important for us to have a balanced diet. We should avoid eating too much carbohydrates and too much fat. Because our bodies will gain fat. Proteins are found in milk and eggs. Carbohydrates are found in bread and sugar. Vitamins are in fruit and vegetables. Butter and oil contain fats. Finally, minerals such as iron are important.

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3- Vitamins are in

- A- milk B- fruit C- butter D- oil

C- Put (√) or (X)

1- Proteins are found in milk and eggs. (√)

2- We should eat too much carbohydrates (X)

3- Butter and oil contain fats. (√)

4- Grammar

A- Choose the correct words :

Total : 6 /

1- She didn't come ? She must have about the meeting .

- A- forget B- been forgotten C- forgotten D- forgeted

2- It was long ago that I can't remember it .

- A- so B- such C- as D- soon

3- Every mother her children are beautiful.

- A- fears that B- found out that C- believes that D- force that

B- Do as shown between brackets:

1- Ali may has gotten lost.

Ali may have gotten lost

(*correct the error*).

2- She said her sister couldn't went with her.

She said that her sister couldn't go with her

(*correct the error*) .

3- I saw the man. He stole the wallet

I saw the man who stole the wallet

(*combine the sentences*)

5- Vocabulary

Name the pictures:

Total : 6 /

kimono – iceberg – nail polish – lightning – lipstick – hair comb

					
<i>lipstick</i>	<i>kimono</i>	<i>hair comb</i>	<i>nail polish</i>	<i>lightning</i>	<i>iceberg</i>

*End of questions
Good luck*

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2- Free Composition

Choose one of the following topics to write about :

1- Write about the importance of food to your body

2- Write an email to a friend

Total : 6 /

<p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p>

3- Comprehension

Read the text and answer the questions .

The History of Wigs

Do you know anyone who wears a wig? A wig is artificial hair that a person wears on his or her head. There are many different reasons that people wear wigs, and wigs have had a long history in fashion and culture. The ancient Egyptians wore wigs to protect their shaved head from the hot sun. Other ancient cultures used wigs to improve the appearance of their own hair, or else for hygienic reasons. For people who lived in close living conditions, head lice (insects that live on your scalp or in your hair) were a problem. It was much easier to get rid of lice from a wig than it was to get rid of them in natural hair. In the 1600s, wigs became popular with royalty in Europe, and eventually became fashionable for men to wear as well. Later, wigs became popular for men of all social status to wear. The most fashionable wigs were very elaborate and were often heavy and uncomfortable to wear. Some were made from human hair, while others were made from goat or horse hair. In the 1700s people began to wear powdered wigs. The powder turned the wigs bright white or gray. It was at this time in England that powdered wigs became part of the traditional costume of certain professions, such as in legal courts. This tradition of wearing powdered wigs survives to this day in some formal court and government proceedings, particularly in England but also in Australia and New Zealand. Today, wigs are not nearly as fashionable as they once were for everyday use, but they do still serve a purpose. They are commonly worn in the theater and film industry. And some people do still wear wigs to cover hair loss or improve the appearance of their own hair. In any case, wigs have come a long way from what they once were. Today, they are often made from synthetic materials, and they can be very difficult to distinguish from a person's natural hair.

A- Choose the correct answer :

- 1- The ancient Egyptians wore wigs to protect their shaved head from**
A. sun B. rain C. wind D. snow
- 2- Other ancient cultures used wigs to improve the appearance of their**
A. face B. hair C. ear D. nose
- 3- In the 1600s, wigs became popular with royalty in**
A. Asia B. Africa C. Europe D. America
- 4- The underlined word " others " refers to**
A. cultures B. hair C. lice D. wigs
- 5- insects that live on your scalp or in your hair are the definition of**
A. lice B. court C. hair D. flies
- 6- Today , wigs are worn in the and film industry**
A. schools B. theater C. hotels D. hospitals

B- Put (T) or (F) :

- 7- Wigs are not worn at all today. ()
- 8- Powdered wigs were usually blond. ()
- 9- The ancient Egyptians often wore wigs to be fashionable. ()
- 10- It is true that wigs were sometimes made from horse hair. ()
- 11- It is a fact that wigs are still worn today in some courts. ()
- 12- The fashion of wearing wigs endured for hundreds of years. ()

4- Grammar

A- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank in each question.

13. He drives fast that I get nervous riding in the car with him.
A. so B. such C. so much D. so many
14. Sometimes I think I should have a lawyer.
A. been B. be C. being D. was
15. Ali may gotten lost.
A. have B. has C. is D. was
16. The website crashed because of computer error .
A. a B. an C. the D. Ø
17. My father said he looking for a new job .
A. is B. has C. may D. was
18. I was very surprise I heard the news.
A. then B. who C. where D. when
19. After online, we discovered that we live in the same town
A. met B. meets C. meet D. meeting
20. They were just about to when the phone rang .
A. left B. leaves C. leave D. leaving
21. I know a person speaks three languages.
A. where B. who C. that D. which
22. Will you Arabic .
A. speaking B. speak C. speaks D. spoke
- 23- They whether you were coming .
A- said B- asked C- told D- spoke
- 24- She said her sister couldn't with her .
A- go B- went C- gone D- goed

5- Vocabulary

A- Match with the correct meaning:

25- beat around the bush		A- looked again
26- by far		B- very angry
27- fit to be tied		C- by very much; obviously
28- did a double take		D- speak indirectly

B- Complete each sentence with a word from below .

A- elements	B- extracted	C- traced	D- obsession
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29. She seems to have an with handbags.
30. The food poisoning was to a shipment of bad tomatoes.
31. The scientist genetic information from the skin sample.
32. Iron, copper, oxygen, and carbon are all examples of

C- Match with the pictures:

A- nail polish	B- hair comb	C- kimono	D- lipstick
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33-	34-	35-	36-

End of questions
Good luck

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10- It is true that wigs were sometimes made from horse hair. (T)

11- It is a fact that wigs are still worn today in some courts. (T)

12- The fashion of wearing wigs endured for hundreds of years. (T)

4- Grammar

A- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank in each question.

13. He drives **fast that I get nervous riding in the car with him.**
A. so B. such C. so much D. so many
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5- Vocabulary

A- Match with the correct meaning:

25- beat around the bush	28	A- looked again
26- by far	27	B- very angry
27- fit to be tied	26	C- by very much; obviously
28- did a double take	25	D- speak indirectly

B- Complete each sentence with a word from below .

A- <i>elements</i>	B- <i>extracted</i>	C- <i>traced</i>	D- <i>obsession</i>
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29. She seems to have an obsession with handbags.





30. The food poisoning was traced to a shipment of bad tomatoes.

31. The scientist extracted genetic information from the skin sample.

32. Iron, copper, oxygen, and carbon are all examples of elements

C- Match with the pictures:

A- <i>nail polish</i>	B- <i>hair comb</i>	C- <i>kimono</i>	D- <i>lipstick</i>
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33- <i>lipstick</i>	34- <i>kimono</i>	35- <i>hair comb</i>	36- <i>nail polish</i>

End of questions
Good luck



Q. NO.	1 Comprehension	2 Guided Composition	3 Free Composition	4 Grammar	5 Vocabulary	Total written
Mark Given						
Mark	6	6	6	6	6	30
Corrector			Reviser			

1) Comprehension

Read the following passage then answer the questions

6

King Faisal bin Abdul-Aziz was born in Riyadh in 1905. In 1919, he was sent to Paris Peace Conference at the end of World War 1. On the same trip, he visited the UK. There were many important events in Faisal's life. In 1925, he became viceroy of the Hejaz and Foreign Minister. During the 1930s, he made many trips abroad to present the Arab's views on Palestine. Then in 1945, he took the Kingdom into the United Nations. He became Prime Minister in 1962 and King in 1964. He is remembered for his piety, his intellectual powers and his quick mind. He died in 1975 at the age of 70.

A) Answer the following questions:

- Who is this passage about?
- When was he born?
- Where was he sent in 1919?
- When did he die?

B) Put (√) or (X):

- King Faisal was sent to Paris Peace Conference after the World War I. ()
- King Faisal became Foreign Minister in 1962. ()
- King Faisal is remembered for his piety. ()
- King Faisal died at the age of seventeen. ()

C) Complete:

- King Faisal took the Kingdom into the
- In 1925, he became viceroy of the

D) Choose the correct answer:

- He presented the Arab's views on (Syria – Yemen – Palestine).
- He became the king of Saudi Arabia in (1964 – 1975 - 1905).

2) Guided Composition

6

Some animals can not live alone in the jungle. They have to make partnership with other animals. Write a short paragraph about:

" Animal Partners "

(Write not less than 150 word)

Guiding words:

(symbiosis – crocodile / plover bird – lacks – zebra / ostrich ...)

3) Free Composition

6

Choose one topic from the following to write about.

1. There are some places in Saudi Arabia that are visited by many tourists every year. Choose a place and write a paragraph about it.

2. The problem of pollution is widespread all over the world. Write about it

(Write not less than 100 word).

4) Grammar

6

A: Choose the correct answer:

1. I like tea, but (another – other – others – so) like coffee.
2. Nora didn't use to (sleep – sleeps – sleeping – slept) early on the weekends.
3. By 2024, they (will be – will have – will has – will can) completed the bridge.
4. Neither Sarah (not – or – and – nor) Norah likes fish.
5. He sleeps early (so that – because – in order to – if) get up early.
6. He regrets (helps – help – helping – helped) that lady.

Do as shown between brackets:

1. They played football at school. (Emphatic do)
2. They (used to) working for late hours. (Correct)
3. She used to help her mom. (Make Yes/No Question)
4. By 2026, we (complete) our projects. (Use: Future Perfect)
5. Ali can swim. Ahmed can swim. (Join using: Both)
6. They didn't go to school. There was rain. (Join using: because of)

5) vocabulary:

6

A- Match the words with the pictures:

sneakers – prize – Nemo – Language – brain – ostrich



A) Match to form new words or expressions:

- | | |
|---------------------------|---|
| 1. fearsome ---- | a. accept things |
| 2. crucial ---- | b. design symbol of a business or product |
| 3. logo ---- | c. causing great fear |
| 4. go with the flow ---- | d. extremely important |
| 5. broke ---- | e. You don't like |
| 6. Not my cup of tea ---- | f. out of money |

END OF QUESTIONS

BEST OF LUCK

<https://t.me/abokhaledamer>



Q. NO.	1 Comprehension	2 Guided Composition	3 Free Composition	4 Grammar	5 Vocabulary	Total written
Mark Given	Model Answers نموذج اجابة					
Mark	6	6	6	6	6	30
Corrector			Reviser			

1) Comprehension

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Read the following passage then answer the questions

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A) Answer the following questions:

- Who is this passage about? ----- King Faisal bin Abdul-Aziz -----.
- When was he born? --- In 1905 -----.
- Where was he sent in 1919? -- He was sent to Paris Peace Conference. -----.
- When did he die? ----- He died in 1975. -----.

B) Put (√) or (X):

- King Faisal was sent to Paris Peace Conference after the World War I. (X)
- King Faisal became Foreign Minister in 1962. (X)
- King Faisal is remembered for his piety. (√)
- King Faisal died at the age of seventeen. (X)

C) Complete:

- King Faisal took the Kingdom into the United Nations -----.
- In 1925, he became viceroy of the Hejaz -----.

D) Choose the correct answer:

- He presented the Arab's views on (Syria – Yemen – Palestine).
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Do as shown between brackets:

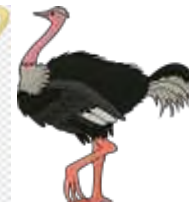
1. They played football at school. (Emphatic do)
----- **They did play football at school.** -----
2. They (used to) working for late hours. (Correct)
----- **are used to** -----
3. She used to help her mom. (Make Yes/No Question)
----- **Did she use to help her mom?** -----
4. By 2026, we (complete) our projects. (Use: Future Perfect)
----- **will have completed** -----
5. Ali can swim. Ahmed can swim. (Join using: Both)
----- **Both Ali and Ahmed can swim.** -----
6. They didn't go to school. There was rain. (Join using: because of)
----- **They didn't go to school because of the rain.** -----

5) vocabulary:

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brain

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| 3. logo -- b -- | c. causing great fear |
| 4. go with the flow -- a -- | d. extremely important |
| 5. broke -- f -- | e. You don't like |
| 6. Not my cup of tea -- e -- | f. out of money |

END OF QUESTIONS

BEST OF LUCK

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Q. NO.	1 Comprehension	2 Guided Composition	3 Free Composition	4 Grammar	5 Vocabulary	Total written
Mark Given						
Mark	6	6	6	6	6	30
Corrector			Reviser			

1) Comprehension

6

Read the following passage then answer the questions

Sheikh Sulaiman bin Abdul-Aziz Al-Rajhi, the world renowned philanthropist and winner of the 2012 king Faisal International Prize for Services to Islam, in recognition of his outstanding service to Islam, by establishing the world's largest Islamic bank and his contribution to charities and humanitarian projects, has not always been a billionaire.

Born in 1920, he spent his youth in Al-Qassim where he and his brother Saleh began their business changing money for pilgrims, on their way to Makkah and Madinah. Their business expanded in the 1970s during the oil bloom in Saudi Arabia. The Al-Rajhi brothers helped migrant workers from Indonesia, Pakistan and other places to send their earnings home. They were granted a permission to establish a bank, the Al-Rajhi Bank, which complied with religious tenets such as a ban on interest.

A) Answer the following questions:

1. Who is this passage about?
2. When was he born?
3. What did he win in 2012?
4. Has he been a billionaire?

B) Put (☒) or (☐):

5. Sheikh Sulaiman was born in Najran. (☐)
6. Sheikh Sulaiman established the world's largest Islamic bank. (☐)
7. They began their business changing money for pilgrims. (☐)
8. Their business expanded in the 1960s during the oil bloom. (☐)

C) Complete:

9. They were granted a permission to establish a
10. He has a contribution to charities and

D) Choose the correct answer:

11. The Bank is compiled with (social – cultural – religious) tenets.
12. Sheikh Sulaiman is the world renowned and (poet – teacher – philanthropist)

2) Guided Composition

6

This is the last week for you in a high school. Next week, you will be considered in the university choosing your major for your future job.

Write a short paragraph about " Your Future Job"

(Write not less than 150 word)

Guiding words:

(many jobs – study – choose – work hard ...)

3) Free Composition

6

Choose one topic from the following to write about.

1. Imagine that you are a scientist who is talking about the future predictions and things that will take place in the future.

2. Write about a person whom you consider as your example in life

(Write not less than 100 word).

4) Grammar

6

A: Choose the correct answer:

1. He is so full of burgers, so he couldn't eat (other – others – another – so).
2. Ali used to (drives – drive – driving – drove) his car to work.
3. By 2026 I will have (completed – completes – completing – complete) my studies.
4. Both Ahmed and Khaled (is – are – was – has) good friends.
5. They didn't go to school (because – since – now that – because of) the heat.
6. He stopped (to smoke – smoke – smoking – smokes). He doesn't smoke now.

Do as shown between brackets:

1. We go to school. We want to learn. (Join using: **in order to**)
.....
2. Ali can play football. Hassan can play football. (Join using: **Either**)
.....
3. By 2025, I will have been (**study**) at Najran University. (Correct the verb)
.....
4. Nora is used to (cook) lunch at home. (Correct the verb)
.....
5. Ali likes eating fish. (Use emphatic do)
.....
6. They used to watch games with their friends. (Make Negative)
.....

5) vocabulary:

6

A- Match the words with the pictures:

shampoo – traffic – clothing – pigeon – aviation – detective



A) Match to form new words or expressions:

- | | |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. No sweet ---- | a. fall asleep |
| 2. cash ---- | b. No problem |
| 3. doze off ---- | c. expensive |
| 4. pioneer ---- | d. position in an ordered group |
| 5. steep ---- | e. money |
| 6. rank ---- | f. a person who first made something |

END OF QUESTIONS

BEST OF LUCK

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Q. NO.	1 Comprehension	2 Guided Composition	3 Free Composition	4 Grammar	5 Vocabulary	Total written
Mark Given	Model Answers نموذج اجابة					
Mark	6	6	6	6	6	30
Corrector			Reviser			

1) Comprehension

6

Read the following passage then answer the questions

Sheikh Sulaiman bin Abdul-Aziz Al-Rajhi, the world renowned philanthropist and winner of the 2012 king Faisal International Prize for Services to Islam, in recognition of his outstanding service to Islam, by establishing the world's largest Islamic bank and his contribution to charities and humanitarian projects, has not always been a billionaire.

Born in 1920, he spent his youth in Al-Qassim where he and his brother Saleh began their business changing money for pilgrims, on their way to Makkah and Madinah. Their business expanded in the 1970s during the oil bloom in Saudi Arabia. The Al-Rajhi brothers helped migrant workers from Indonesia, Pakistan and other places to send their earnings home. They were granted a permission to establish a bank, the Al-Rajhi Bank, which compiled with religious tenets such as a ban on interest.

A) Answer the following questions:

1. Who is this passage about? ----- **Sheikh Suliman bin Abdul-Aziz Al-Rajhi**
2. When was he born? ----- **In Al-Qassim.**
3. What did he win in 2012? ----- **He won the King Faisal International Prize for Services to Islam.**
4. Has he been a billionaire? -- **No, he hasn't** -----.

B) Put (☒) or (☐):

5. Sheikh Sulaiman was born in Najran. (☒)
6. Sheikh Sulaiman established the world's largest Islamic bank. (☒)
7. They began their business changing money for pilgrims. (☒)
8. Their business expanded in the 1960s during the oil bloom. (☒)

C) Complete:

9. They were granted a permission to establish a **a bank** -----.
10. He has a contribution to charities and -- **humanitarian projects.**

D) Choose the correct answer:

11. The Bank is compiled with (social – cultural – **religious**) tenets.
12. Sheikh Sulaiman is the world renowned and (poet – teacher – **philanthropist**)

2) Guided Composition

6

This is the last week for you in a high school. Next week, you will be considered in the university choosing your major for your future job.

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Choose one topic from the following to write about.

1. Imagine that you are a scientist who is talking about the future predictions and things that will take place in the future.

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(Write not less than 100 word).

4) Grammar

6

A: Choose the correct answer:

1. He is so full of burgers, so he couldn't eat (other – others – **another** – so).
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Do as shown between brackets:

1. We go to school. We want to learn. (Join using: **in order to**)
- **We go to school in order to learn.**
2. Ali can play football. Hassan can play football. (Join using: **Either**)
- **Either Ali or Hassan can play football.**
3. By 2025, I will have been (study) at Najran University. (Correct the verb)
- **studying**
4. Nora is used to (cook) lunch at home. (Correct the verb)
- **cooking**
5. Ali likes eating fish. (Use emphatic do)
- **Ali does like eating fish.**
6. They used to watch games with their friends. (Make Negative)
- **They didn't use to watch games.**

5) vocabulary:

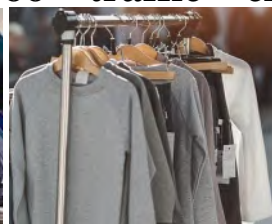
6

A- Match the words with the pictures:

shampoo – traffic – clothing – pigeon – aviation – detective



aviation



clothing



traffic



detective



shampoo



pigeon

A) Match to form new words or expressions:

- | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. No sweet -- b -- | a. fall asleep |
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