

# الفيزياء

نشاط الفاينل 2020



We have 100 resistances connected in parallel and each has a value of 1 k $\Omega$ . With each of these resistances we connected another resistance R in series. If the total resistance is 30  $\Omega$ , R has a value of:

- 10 kΩ
- $\bigcirc$  4 k $\Omega$
- 2 kΩ
- 0 5 kΩ

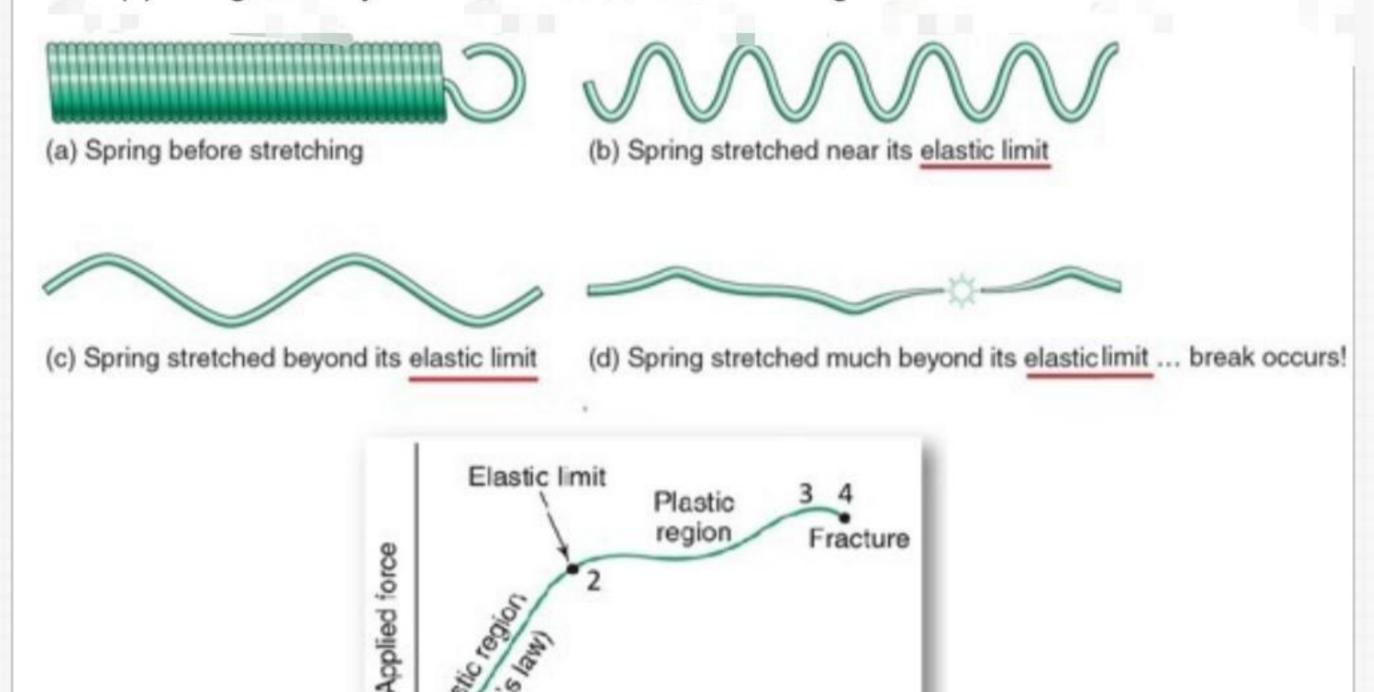
A charge  $Q = 2 \mu C$  exerts a force F on a charge q located at point (P) which is 3 cm from Q. The magnitude of the electric field resulting from Q at the point (P) equals:

- 2×10<sup>6</sup> N/C
- 2×10<sup>7</sup> N/C
- O 2×10<sup>5</sup> N/C
- 2×10<sup>8</sup> N/C

A sample of wood from an old boat is found to contain 6.25 % of the number of carbon-14 nuclides in an equivalent <u>piece</u> from a modern sample. If the half-life of carbon-14 is 5730 years, how old is the "old boat"?

- 22920 years
- 17190 years
- 11460 years
- 5730 years

The figures below represent a direct application of Hooke's law. Which parts in the upper figure fully match those in the lower figure?



(a) matches region 1-2 and point 4; (b) matches region  $\overline{2}$ - $\overline{3}$ ; (c) matches region 1-2 (d) matches region 1-2

 $\Delta I$ 

- (a), (b) and (c) match region 1-2: (d) matches reξ ion 2-3
- (a) and (b) match point 4; (c) matches region 1-2; (d) matches region 2-3
- (a) and (b) match region 1-2; (c) matches region 2-3; (d) matches point 4

An object is placed 9 cm in front of a convex mirror. If an image is formed with a magnification of M = + 1/3, the focal length of this mirror is:

- -7.5 cm
- -3 cm
- -9 cm
- -4.5 cm

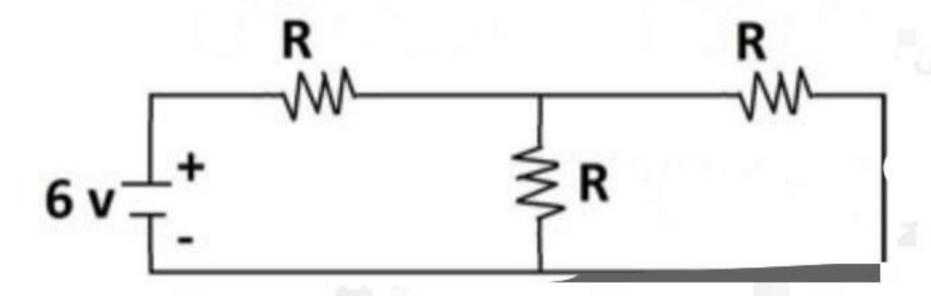
Two equal electric charges of 0.5 mC each separated by a distance r repel each other by a force of 25 kN. The distance r is;

- 0.3 cm
- 300 cm
- 3 cm̄
- 30 cm

Gamma rays do not deflect in a magnetic field because they are:

- uncharged photons
- electrons with too much charge.
- charged photons
- O charged particles

In the circuit below, R = 20 Ohms. The total current in the circuit is:



- 200 mA
- 600 mA
- 30<del>0</del> mA
- 100 mA

A building has 30 class rooms each has 40 lamps and each lamp operates at a power of 40 watts. If each class works 8 hours a day and 20 days a month, how much is the cost of the energy consumed in a month if the price of one kWh is 0.32 SAR.?

- 61.44 SAR
- 122.88 SAR
- 2457.6 SAF
- O 81.92 SAR

Nuclear medicine uses Tc-99 isotope, which has a half-life of 6 hours years. It the initial amount is 20 mCi, the amount of that isotope remaining after 12 hours will be (mCi is the unit of radioactivity):

- 5 mCi
- 10 mCi
- 2.5 mCi
- O zero.

The following electromagnetic radiations are in order from high frequency to low frequency:

- ultraviolet, infrared, visible light, X-rays
- X-rays ultraviolet, visible light, infrared
- infrared, X-rays, ultraviolet, visible light
- X-ray, infrared, ultraviolet, visible light

The properties of an image formed by a convex mirror are:

- inverted, smaller and closer to the mirror than the object.
- upright, larger and closer to the mirror than the object.
- inverted, larger and closer to the mirror than the object.
- upright, smaller and closer to the mirror than the object.

A billion electrons pass a given point in a heating element every 0.1 ns, which is operated at 220 V. The rate of energy consumption of this element is:

- 325 watt
- 138 watts
- O 563 watts
- 352 watts

A concave mirror with a focal length of 15 cm forms a real image that is magnified 3 times for an object. The object distance from the mirror is:

- 40 cm
- 20 cm
- 0 10 cm
- 45 cm

Fill in the gaps: When a radioactive element decay by emitting alpha radiation, a new element. of mass and atomic numbers less than the parent by \_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_, respectively, is formed. If this emission of radiation incident on a body of mass M, then the absorbed dose can be calculated by \_\_\_\_ and the results is given in \_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_ ?. For health effects of radiation, the dosage is expressed in the unit of \_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_.

- 4; 2; multiplying incident energy (J) by the mass of the body (kg); Gray; rad, Sievert, Joule
- 4; 1; dividing incident energy (J) by the mass of the body (κg); Sievert; rem, rad, Gy
- 4; 2; dividing incident energy (J) by the mass of the body (kg); Gray; rad, mSv, mrem
- 2; 2; dividing incident energy (J) by the mass of the body (kg); Gray; rad, Joule, rem

The amount of heat required to change 3 liters of water at 15 Celsius to steam at 117 Celsius approximately equals:

- 7.95 Mcal
- 2.26 Mcal
- 9.15 Mcai
- 1.9 Mcal

The melting point of an element is 422 R. What kelvin temperature is this?

- O 243.1 K
- O 373.2 K
- O 273.1 K
- 234.1 K

Heat is a form of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_ energies, so when we heat a block of iron, the kinetic energy of the iron atoms \_\_\_\_\_. Heat maybe transferred trom an object at \_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_ temperature:

- kinetic, potential, increases, lower, higher
- kinetic, potential, vanishes, lower, higher
- kinetic\_ potential, decreases, higher, lower
- kinetic, potential, increases, higher, lower

Which of the following radiation dose is lethal?

- 450 rem
- 450 mrem
- 500 mrem
- 550 rem

When a ray of light is incident perpendicular to a mirror surface, its angle of incidence is:

- 45°
- **◯** 180°
- O 0
- O 90°