KING SAUD UNIVERSITY. DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS

Thermal and Statistical Physics H.W $N^{0}3$

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PROBLEM (1)

Two identical blocks of iron, one at 100° C and the other at 0° C, are brought into thermal contact. What happens? What is the total entropy change? Assume the process occures under constant volume .

PROBLEM (2)

n moles of an ideal gas at temperature T_0 are originally confined to half of an insulated container by a partition. The partition is removed without doing any work. What is the change in entropy?

PROBLEM (3)

2 litres of ideal gas was heated in isobaric conditions from $27^{\circ}C$ to $100^{\circ}C$. Calculate the entropy change.

PROBLEM (4)

If the entropy for a system is given by its energy in the following relation (assume constant volume) :

$$S = k_B \frac{4\pi E^2}{L^2}$$

For k_B is Boltzmann constant and L is a constant. Find its temperature and specific heat.

PROBLEM (5)

- 1. What is the increase in entropy of one gram of ice at $O^{o}C$ is melted and heated to $50^{o}C$?
- 2. Find the change in entropy if 500 g of water at $80^{\circ}C$ is added to 300 g of water at $20^{\circ}C$

PROBLEM (6)

Consider a system coposed of 2 coins, both thrown at once.

- 1. What are the micro states and macrostates ?
- 2. What is the statistical wieght?
- 3. Find the probability of finding the system at each macrostate.

PROBLEM (7)

A system of *N* particles with spin 1/2, that can point in the +z or -z directions. The system is put in a magnetic field given by $\vec{B} = \cos\theta B_0 \hat{x} + \sin\theta B_0 \hat{z}$.

- 1. What is Ω ?
- 2. Find the energy of the system
- 3. For a fixed angle θ_0 . Find the energy of the most probable macrostate.