



#### Quiz 1 /

#### Choose the correct answer

## I. Chronic illness is characterized by

- a) reversible and temporary change
- b) lasting only for relatively short time
- c) irreversible and permanent change
- d) rapid onset of symptoms

# 2. A pathological change in structure and/or function of the body is called

a. Illness b. Wellness c. Disease d. Health

# 3. Screening of early signs of breast cancer (mammogram) is an example of

- a) Tertiary preventative care
- b) Secondary preventative care
- c) Quaternary preventative care
- d) Primary preventative care

#### 4. Illness is

- a) The response of person to health
- b) The response of person to disease
- c) The response of person to healthcare
- d) The response of person to wellness

#### 5. Health is

- a. The absence of disease
- b. Being free from symptoms of disease
- c. Being active and do what you want
- d. All of the above

Homework 1 ch2	Н	on	۱e۱	NΩ	rk	1	Ch	12	
----------------	---	----	-----	----	----	---	----	----	--

- 1- Skin remains elevated after pinching the skin of the back of hand is an indicator of:
- A-Oedema
- B-Hypoxia
- C- Dehydration
- D-Fever

#### Answer C

- 2- Community healthcare focuses on all of the following, except:
- A-Acute and chronic health problems
- B-Health promotion
- C-Individual and family healthcare needs
- D-Healthcare needs for older people only

#### Answer D

- 3- Considering all the patient's" dimensions that affect how basic needs are met in health and illness" refers to:
- A- Urgent care
- B- Intensive care
- C-Holistic care
- D- Primary preventative care

#### Answer C

- 4- Parents and their children living in the same house refers to:
- A- Dyadic nuclear family
- B- Nuclear family
- C- Extended family
- D- Single-parent family

#### Answer B

- 5- regarding maslow's hierarchy of basic human needs , physiological needs include the following except:
- A- Food
- B- Body image
- C- Air
- D- Water

#### Answer B

#### Quiz 2 ch3:

#### 1.All of the following illustrate the approach of public health, except

A-Identifying the problem and populations who are at risk for certain diseases.

B-Determining the causes and risk factors of illness

C-Evaluating the effectiveness of interventions.

D-Providing treatment for patients in clinical settings.

E- Implementing intervention that have been proven to be effective

Answer E

## 2. Public health is concerned with the following areas, except

A- Individual-centered care

B- Health service systerm

C- Health behavior and motivation

D- Environmental hazards

Answer A

#### 3. Prevention of health problems before they occur refers to

A-Tertiary preventative care

B- Secondary preventative care

C-quaternary preventative care

D-Primary preventative care

Answer D

## 4. A group of people who come together to solve a problem that affects all of them

Is called:

A- Healthy community

B-Community of solution

C- Common interest community

D-Geographic community

Answer B

## 5. Members of professional organization or scientific society is an example of

A-Community of solution

B-Community of place

C-Geographic community

D-Common interest community

Answer D

#### Homework 2 ch4

- 1-Continuity of care is characterized by the following, except:
- A- Smooth transition between different levels of care and settings
- B- Uninterrupted care.
- C- Lack of sharing of patient's medical information among members of the healthcare team
- D- Requires collaboration and communication between care providers

#### 2-ambulatory care facilities include:

- A- outpatient service
- B- emergency room
- C- same-day surgery
- D- all of the above
- 3-Each of the following is part of discharge planning, except:
- A- Assessment and identification of the patients' needs is a preliminary step in the discharge plan
- B- Setting goals and follow up plan with the patient
- C- Education of family members who will be the caregivers after discharging the patient is not needed
- D- Providing health education to the patient and family
- 4-Which of the following statements demonstrate continuity of care:
- A- Referring the patient from hospital to rehabilitation center
- B- Ignoring the patient's role as member of the medical team and decision-making
- C- Transferring the patient from acute care to a hospital room
- D- Considering no adjustment in 4 the medical care plan based on the evolving patients needs only
- 5-Which of the following is true regarding admission:
- A- Physician should not be notified when patient has been admitted
- B- Signed consent for treatment and privacy are not a priority during admission
- C- Requires obtaining information about the patient and print it on an admission sheet
- <u>D- It is usually done at the admission office before the patients is transferred to nursing unit or his room</u>

## Quiz 3 ch5:

1- Which of the following caused by consumption food containing toxins :

A-food infection

B- food intoxication

C-food borne illness

D-food borne outbreak

Answer B

2-Irritation to the eyes, nose and throat caused by :

Answer: air pollution

3-What cause methemoglobinemia known as blue baby syndrome:

Answer: drink water contain nitrates and nitrites

4-All of the following are common air bollutants except

A-so2

B-no2

C-co

D-co2

Answer D

5-Which of the following change during spoilage:

A-taste

B-texture

C-aroma

D-all of above

Answer D

## Homework(3) ch7

## 1-A safe hospital environment includes all of the following EXCEPT?

- a) Reduced physical hazards to the patient .
- b) The environment should meet the patient's basic needs
- c) Full of pathogens and physical hazards
- d) Reduced transmission of pathogens
- 2-Prevention of falls include the following except?
  - a) Getting out of bed even if patient is unsteady
  - b) Using rails or guards on beds
  - c) Keeping the floor dry
  - d) Holding wheel chairs securely while assisting patients
- 3-Which of the following is a source of thermal hazards
  - a) Explosion of gases and x-ray films
  - b) Needle sticks
  - c) Use of strong chemical on skin.
  - d) Contaminated medical instruments
- 4-Factors that affect the individual ability to protect himself from environmental hazards include?
  - a) Slippery floor.
  - b) Impairment of vision and hearing
  - c) Mobility impairment due to muscle weakness
  - d) All of the above
- 5-Which of the following is a source of chemical hazards
  - a) Exposure to extreme temperature
  - b) Overexposure to x-rays
  - c) Overdose of a prescribed drug
  - d) Slippery or wet floor

Which of the following is the major safety problem in healthcare facilities? <u>a. Falls</u> b. Fires c. Violence d. Poisoning

#### Quiz 4 / ch 8

- 1. Which of the following is not considered a portal entry of bacteria?
- A. Respiratory tract
- B. Gastrointestinal tract
- C. Urinary tract
- D. Intact skin

Answer: D

- 2. Incubation period of an Infectious diseases is characterized by?
- A. Severe and specific symptoms of the disease
- B. No symptoms or signs of infection
- C. Early and mild signs of the disease
- D. No symptoms due to recovery from the infection

Answer: B

- 3. Decontamination includes the following processes?
- A. Cleansing, Disinfection and Sterilization
- B. Sterilization and sharp disposal
- C. Sterilization, washing hands and floors
- D. Sterilization, washing hands and floors and patient linen

Answer: A

- 4. The period between the appearance of initial symptoms or (invasion of pathogens) and the full development of an infection is known as ?
- A. Prodromal
- B. incubation
- C. Illness
- D. Symptoms

Answer: A

- 5. Chain of Infection consists of six links :Infectious Agent, Reservoir, Portal of Exit, Means of Transmission, Portal of Entry and ?
  - A. Direct contact
  - B. Susceptible Host
  - C. Immunocompetent host
  - D. All of the above

Answer: B

## Homework(4) ch9,10

- 1-Values, beliefs, attitudes, languages, symbols, rituals, behaviors and customs shared by a particular group of people refer to?

  a)Normas b)Traditions c)Culture d)Ethnicity
- 2-A culture in which there are multiplicity of sub-cultures and different value systems in a multicultural society is called?
- .a Competent culture .b Diverse culture
- .C Integrated culture .d Oppressive culture
- 3-All of the followings are hidden elements of culture ?except .a Norms .b Values .c Language .d Assumptions
- 4-Which of the following defines cultural competency
  - a) Things to be achieved or the things which are considered of great worth or value in a particular culture
  - b) The ability of healthcare system to provide care to patients with diverse values and beliefs, including tailoring delivery to meet patient's social, cultural and linguistic needs
  - c) The belief that everyone should conform to the majority belief system
  - d) The result of ignoring differences and proceeding .as they don't exist
- 5-The feeling and experiences of someone when placed in a new culture is called?
- a) Cultural assimilation . b) Cultural Conflict . c) Cultural shock
- d) cultural competency

## Quiz 5 ch11.12 : characteristics of skeletal muscle

- 1. In the context of law, many of the wrongdoing in health care are considered?
- a. Civil wrongs b. Crimes c. Invasion of privacy d. Negligence
- 2. All of the following represent disease prevention except?
- a. Prevent the occurrence of a disease
- b. Slow down the progression of a disease
- c. Reduce the consequences of a disease
- d. Behaviors that increase the susceptibly of a disease
- 3. Which of the followings best describe Laissez-faire model of value transmission?
- a. Observe and model observed behavior
- b. The child explores values on his own without guidance
- c. Children are rewarded for good values and punished for unacceptable values
- d. Moralizing from parents or school
- 4. Among torts occurring in healthcare, a wrongful act by a professional that results in injury, damage, or loss to the patient is called?
- a. Malpractice
- b. Revealing patient's information without consent
- c. Battery
- d. Invasion of privacy
- 5. In health education, which of the following is an advantage of lecture?
- a. Creates passive learning environment
- b. Can be used with a large group of people
- c. Creates active learning environment
- d. The best method to teach a psychomotor skills

#### Homework(5) ch13,14

- 1-Tertiary healthcare level focuses on ?
  - a) Providing Prevention
  - b) Providing all types of advanced surgical interventions.
  - c) Providing services for Women only
  - d) Providing services for elderly patients only
- 2-Healthcare team includes?
  - a) Physician
  - b) Nurse
  - c) Physician assistant
  - d) All of the above
- 3-A team has been set up to investigate a specific issue or problem. This team is a \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) Task force
  - b) Work team
  - c) Product design team
  - d) Committee
- 4-All the following represent "input" of healthcare system except?
  - a) Human resources
  - b) Infrastructure
  - c) Medical equipment
  - d) Satisfaction
- 5-Which Level of health care: Specialists, inpatients or outpatients, surgical procedures, manage medical emergencies?
  - a) Primary healthcare
  - b) Secondary healthcare
  - c)Tertiary healthcare
  - d) Quaternary healthcare