# الاختبار النصفي المحوسب (الفصل الأول)

## المسار العلمي/الهندسي (Science) ENG 105

- The exam is a Computer Based Test (CBT).
- There are 50 questions.
- The exam duration is 75 minutes.
- All the questions are MCQs with four options.
- ullet The breakdown of the questions is as follows:  $\Box$

- يحتوي الإختبار على 50 سؤالا
  - مدة الإختبار 75 دقيقة
- جميع الأسئلة تعتمد على صيغة اختر الإجابة الصحيحة (من أربع خيارات)
  و فيما يلي توزيع الأسئلة:

Midterm Exam Marks: (30%)		
Item	Marks	
Grammar & Vocabulary	20 (10+10)	
Reading (1 passage)	10	
Listening (1 dialogue + 1 monologue )	20 (10+10)	

#### Midterm Exam Syllabus

The exam will be based on the units mentioned below.

The exam will have four parts: Grammar, Vocabulary, Reading and Listening.

In addition to the units mentioned below, you also need to study the grammar and vocabulary lists mentioned in this document.

## المنهج الخاص باالامتحان النصفي (الفصل الأول)

- يشمل الامتحان الوحدات المذكورة أدناه.
- يحتوي الامتحان على أربعة أقسام: القواعد, المفردات, القراءة و الاستماع.
- بالاضافة إلى الوحدات المذكورة أدناه, يجب على الطالب أن يدرس القواعد و المفردات الموجودة في هذا الملف.

Source	Units
Q Skills 2 R/W	1 - 5
Q Skills 2 L/S	1 - 5

#### **Grammar (10 Multiple Choice Questions)**

The grammar questions will be based on all the grammar points from the units mentioned.

In addition to the grammar points in the units, the following points also need to be covered for the exam.

Word forms: nouns, verbs, adjectives, etc.

Verbs + infinitives (like, want and need)

Word roots: lone, fac, migra, nat, pop (lone, alone, lonely, loneliness; pop, population, etc.)

Writing compound sentences with but and so

Negative forms of the simple past

Writing compound sentences with because, so, but, when

Simple present statements with regular verbs (affirmative & negative forms)

Simple present with (be) and (have) (affirmative, questions, & negative forms)

Simple past with regular & irregular verbs (affirmative, questions, & negative forms)

Should and shouldn't

It's + adjective + infinitive (It is common to wear; it is important to remember, etc.)

Suffixes: -ful and -ing; Prefixes un

Be going to for future (statements, negative, questions)

Prepositions of location

Gerunds as subjects and objects

	Grammar Sample Questions			
1. She usually	coffee before breakfast.	6. You _	to	oo much junk food.
Α	drinks		Α	shouldn't eating
В	drink		В	shouldn't eats
С	drinking		С	shouldn't to eat
D	to drink		D	shouldn't eat
2. Where does	he?	7. He _	tr	avel to Dubai in the vacation.
Α	to live		Α	is going
В	lives		В	are going to
С	living		С	is going to
D	live		D	be going
3. A: B: Yes, they	students? are.	9. Pleas	se	! I'm trying to sleep.
Α	They are		Α	don't shout
В	Are they		В	doesn't shout
С	Be they		С	not shout
D	They be		D	can't shout
4. A: When B: Today.	the homework?	10. My	friend _	me lunch today.
Α	are going submit	,	A	buyed
В	are you going to submit		В	bought
С	is you going submitting		С	buys
D	are you going submit		D	was buy
5. It	in class on time.	10. I		he was rude.
Α	be to important		Α	didn't know
В	is important to be		В	isn't know
С	is importance being		С	wasn't know
D	is important be		D	didn't knew

#### Reading (ONE reading passage with 10 MCQs)

The exam will be based on the reading skills covered in the units mentioned.

#### **Sample Reading Passage with Questions**

- 1. Banana smoothies first appeared in the 1930s. Since then, they have become very popular across the world. Not only is the banana smoothie delicious, but it has many of the nutrients our bodies need to **function.**
- 2. Banana smoothies are made from fresh bananas using an electric blender. The fresh fruit gives it that chunky but creamy look. The ice keeps it cool in the hot summer heat. Bananas have a lot of healthy carbohydrates which makes them a perfect food for athletes and people with active lifestyles. Smoothies help to give energy after a difficult workout.
- 3. Doctors recommend bananas to patients who have heart problems and high blood pressure, as they lower the risk of stroke and heart attacks. Another good thing about this wonderful fruit is that <u>it</u> protects against depression and keeps you in a good mood.
- 4. Banana smoothies, when mixed with yogurt and other fruits like apples or mangos, protect you from stomach ulcers and help your digestive system. Bananas are a low-calorie food; there are about 100 calories in a medium sized banana. They make you feel full, so if you eat a banana, you will avoid snacking between meals. This is **beneficial** because it helps you to reach your weight loss goals. But make sure you don't put sugar in your smoothie. Bananas are sweet enough!

1. What happened in the 1930s?		6. In parag	raph 4, what does the word 'beneficial' mean?
А	Banana smoothies were first made.	A	low-calorie
В	Banana smoothies became very popular.	В	sweet
С	Banana smoothies were made all over the worl	С	helpful
D	Banana smoothies were found to have nutrient	D	full
2. How many o	calories does a banana have	7. What do	es the underlined word <u>'it'</u> in paragraph 3 refer to?
Α	100 calories in a large banana	Α	wonderful fruit
В	100 calories in a small banana	В	banana
С	100 calories in a medium banana	С	stroke
D	100 calories in any banana	D	blood pressure
3. Which of the	e following is NOT true of bananas?	8. What do	es the underlined word <u>'it'</u> in paragraph 3 refer to?
Α	They are good for your heart.	Α	wonderful fruit
В	They are good for your digestive system.	В	banana
С	They can help you lose weight.	С	stroke
D	They can cause stomach ulcers.	D	blood pressure
4. Banana sm	oothies should NOT be mixed with	9. Which o	f these titles is best for this passage?
Α	apples	Α	Smoothies: An Alternative to Food
В	sugar	В	How to Prepare Apple Smoothies
С	mangoes	С	Have a Banana Smoothie
D	yogurt	D	101 Banana Recipes
5. In paragraph 1, what does the word 'function' mean?			
Α	work properly		
В	play		
С	be popular		
D	appear		

## Listening (TWO listenings with 10 MCQs on each)

The exam will be based on the listening skills covered in the units mentioned.

Sample Listening Script with Questions		
	[sound of phone ringing]	
Hotel Clerk	Good afternoon, Grand Palace Hotel. How may I help you?	
Mr. Ali	Hello, I'd like to book a room.	
Hotel Clerk	Certainly, sir What dates did you have in mind?	
Mr. Ali	Well, my flight from Riyadh arrives in Jeddah on January 10th and I will be staying for two no wait three yes, I'll be in Jeddah for three nights before leaving for meetings in Taif and Abha	
<b>Hotel Clerk</b>	So you'd like to book a room from January 10th through January 13th	
Mr. Ali	No, not the 13th, the 12th I said I'd be there for three nightsnot four	
Hotel Clerk	Yes, of course, sir, but you will be checking out of the hotel on January 13th, correct?	
Mr. Ali	Ah, yes, of course you're right. The check-out date will be January 13th.	
Hotel Clerk	Let me just check the computer to see if we have rooms available mmmm, let's see we have a double room on January 10th and 11th, but there's nothing on the 12th no wait I'm sorry, my mistake we do have a junior suite available on the 12th.	
Mr. Ali	Ali No that won't work I don't want to change rooms.	
Hotel Clerk	Ÿ	
Mr. Ali	·	
<b>Hotel Clerk</b>	otel Clerk Of course, sir it's one thousand two hundred and fifty Riyals per night.	
Mr. Ali	And what about a double room?	
Hotel Clerk	Our standard rate for the double room is seven hundred and fifty Riyals so the junior suite is only five hundred Riyals more per night than the double.	
Mr. Ali	Ali Hmmm, that's a bit more than I wanted to spend	
Hotel Clerk	tel Clerk If you are travelling on business, I can apply our corporate discount of twenty percent to your booking, sir	
Mr. Ali	Yes, I will be in Jeddah to meet with some clients. So with the discount, that would make the rate let me think, twenty percent of twelve fifty is	
Hotel Clerk		
Mr. Ali	Great! Let's book it then	

## Sample Questions

1.The man is calling the hotel		4.When will	the man check out of the hotel?
Α	to make a reservation	А	January 10th
В	to cancel a reservation	В	January 12th
С	to speak to a guest	С	January 13th
D	to make a	D	lanuary 20th
U	complaint	D	January 30th
2.The hotel	is located in	5.Why is the	e man travelling?
Α	Riyadh	А	He is visiting his family.
В	Jeddah	В	He is meeting friends.
С	Taif	С	He is a tourist.
D	Abha		
3.How long	will the man stay in the hotel?		
Α	One night		
В	Two nights		
С	Three nights		
D	Four nights		

## **Vocabulary (10 Multiple Choice Questions)**

The vocabulary questions will be based on the units mentioned.

In addition to the vocabulary in the units mentioned, the following vocabulary list also needs to be covered for the exam.

	Vocabulary Sample Questions		
1. I don't think	I'm enough to climb that mountain.	6. Special clo	thes that are worn by members of a group or team
Α	flat	Α	uniform
В	tall	В	suit
С	kind	С	trousers
D	fit	D	shoes
2. I want	flight from Riyadh to Dubai, please.	7. The library	was today. There was nowhere to sit.
Α	an international	Α	clean
В	a national	В	empty
С	a local	С	crowded
D	an internal	D	quiet
3. She's a very	person. Everyone likes her.	8. Look at the	sky. It's so, I think it's going to rain.
Α	angry	Α	sunny
В	annoying	В	cloudy
С	lonely	С	bright
D	pleasant	D	blue
4. My watch is	broken. Can you it for me?	9. An area of	land that has water on all sides
Α	repair	Α	a continent
В	repeat	В	a lake
С	relate	С	an island
D	borrow	D	a country
5. Someone wi	no is in charge of a business or department		father worked as a doctor for 40 years.
or compone this is an enal go of a such loco of apparation.			k months ago, so he's not working any more.
A	a customer	Α	released
В	a client	В	removed
С	a secretary	С	retired
D	a manager	D	relied

Vocabulary List		
VOCABULARY	PART OF SPEECH	
career	noun	
plan	noun	
success	noun	
skill	noun	
match	verb	
solve	verb	
creative	adjective	
decision	noun	
company	noun	
customer	noun	
event	noun	
flexible	adjective	
product	noun	
regular	adjective	
result	noun	
pay	noun / verb	
travel	noun / verb	
work	noun / verb	
celebrate	verb	
international	adjective	
market	noun	
million	number	

neighborhood	noun
population	noun
sights	noun
opportunity	noun
lonely	adjective
own	adjective
support	verb
several	adjective
community	noun
lone	adjective
alone	adjective
loneliness	noun
factory	noun
immigrate	verb
fac	word root
nat	word root
pop	word root
migra	word root
emigrate	verb
native	adjective
populate	verb
manufacture	verb
produces	verb
employees	noun
competes	verb
average	adjective
improve	verb
likely	adjective
rest	verb
policy	noun
abroad	noun
attitude	noun
benefit	noun
discover	verb
positive	adjective
connect	verb
reduce	verb
classroom time	collocation
family needs	collocation
life experiences	collocation
work experience	collocation
relaxation time	collocation
work time	collocation
job stress	collocation
family stress	collocation
summer vacation	collocation
vacation policy	collocation
school year	collocation
work schedule	collocation
company president	collocation
work email	collocation
natural	adjective
pretend	verb
honest	adjective
nervous	adjective
embarrassed	adjective
surprise	verb
protect	verb
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breathe	verb
rate	noun
concentrate	verb
effect	noun
prevent	verb
increase	verb
distracted	adjective
jokes	noun
dinner	noun
tell	verb
funny	adjective
loudly	adverb
anger	noun
protects	verb
laugh	verb
whole	adjective
quickly	adverb
introduce	verb
nature	noun
popular	adjective
exciting	adjective
according to	preposition
volume	noun
notice	verb
familiar	adjective
fit	verb
fan	noun
association	noun
disorganized	adjective
form	verb
history	noun
invent	verb
kick	verb
similar	adjective
tie	noun
-un	prefix
unfamiliar	adjective
unlucky	adjective
bored	adjective
not bored	adjective
friendly	adjective
unfriendly	adjective
happy	adjective
unhappy	adjective
important	adjective
unimportant	adjective
unexciting	adjective
unnatural	adjective
quiet	adjective
unquiet	adjective
unpopular	adjective
not similar	adjective
employee	noun
requirement	noun
basic	adjective
organized	adjective
degree	noun
application	noun
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interview	noun
advertising	noun
assistant	noun
graduate	verb
major	noun
manager	noun
resume	noun
job	noun
business	noun
difficulty	noun
mistake	noun
death	noun
custom	noun
avoid	verb
bottom	noun
carefully	adverb
confused	adjective
die	verb
invite	verb
offended	
	adjective
rude	adjective
upset	adjective
wedding	noun
depressed	adjective
tough	adjective
considerate	adjective
treated	verb
optimistic	adjective
dangerous	adjective
desert	noun
destroy	verb
insect	noun
local	adjective
pollution	noun
tourist	noun
volunteer	noun
pretty	adjective
ancient	adjective
prepare	verb
repair	verb
lead	verb
enjoyable	
	adjective
-ful	suffix
-ing	suffix
beauty	noun
beautiful	adjective
wonder	noun
wonderful	adjective
excite	verb
interest	noun
interesting	adjective
amaze	verb
amazing	adjective
peace	noun
peaceful	adjective
help	verb
helpful	adjective
charm	noun
helpful	adjective

charming	adjective
meaning	noun
meaningful	adjective
rise	verb
rising	adjective
care	noun
careful	adjective
comical	adjective
talented	adjective
sense of humor	phrase
professional	adjective
however	adverb
hit	noun
describe	verb
huge	adjective
communicate	verb
make fun of	phrase
wrong	adjective
feelings	noun
understand	verb
probably	adverb
afraid	adjective
imagine	verb
amusing	adjective
famous	adjective
well-known	adjective
hilarious	adjective
silly	adjective
enormous	adjective
giggle	verb
emotions	noun
benefit	noun
humans	noun
active	adjective
brain	noun
lower stress	phrase
coach	noun
escape	verb
forget	verb
patient	adjective
traditional	adjective
special	adjective
move	verb
study	noun
problem	noun
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