

(٠_٠)

[T.me/Science_2022bot](https://t.me/Science_2022bot) : تم التحميل بواسطة 



Telegram : @Science_2022bot

(٠_٠)

I- Read the following text then choose the correct answer a, b, c or d: (60 marks)

Most studies have highlighted the role of parents as active agents in the career development of their children. Parents want their children to opt for a career they know well about, but what their children want or aspire to become can be completely different. The child's aptitude is a mirror of his/her personality, strengths, and weaknesses. Hence, a designed aptitude test can reveal a lot of information regarding the child that can help in taking a well-informed career selection. It is very difficult to spend your life working in a field that you are not interested in. Psychologists said that it was very easy for a child to get swayed by peer pressure into choosing a career that the majority was opting for rather than the one which was best for him/her. Though it should not be the most important, remuneration of a career holds importance in one's life. A job's earnings should match the child's aspirations and enable a satisfied comfortable life. Modern society needs professionals in every field.

- 1- Most studies say that parents in their children's choice of career.
 - a. play an essential role
 - b. aren't interested
 - c. never interfere
 - d. have no role
- 2- We can know the suitable career for a child by depending on a test that shows his.....
 - a. scientific knowledge
 - b. parents' opinion
 - c. personal lifestyle
 - d. skills and abilities
- 3- Working in a field you don't like makes you feel.....
 - a. easy to deal with
 - b. more refreshed
 - c. unwilling to do it
 - d. more energetic
- 4- Psychologists say that the child's mates
 - a. can't make him change his mind
 - b. influence him when choosing a career
 - c. have no effect on his choice
 - d. can't make him choose a career
- 5- Nowadays, most people care for..... when choosing a career.
 - a. their friend's aptitude
 - b. the professional's attitude
 - c. who demotivates them
 - d. how much they will earn
- 6- The word "they" refers to.....
 - a. children
 - b. parents
 - c. studies
 - d. career

II- Read the following text then decide if the sentences are true or false: (60 marks)

Silicon Valley is not made of silicon, and it is not a river valley, but Silicon Valley is probably the most famous valley in the world. Although it is not the place where the first computer was built, Silicon Valley was the birthplace of the modern computer industry. For this, we can say thank you to scientists at the universities in California. It was in the nineteen-sixties that American "youth culture" really began. When the students finished university, many of them did not look for jobs with big companies like Ford. Instead they wanted to be free and run their own operations and stay in California. Intel was founded in 1968, and in the same year the first computer mouse was built. Then, in 1976, an electronics student called Steve Jobs started a small computer company in his garage; he gave it the same name as the Beatles' record company: *Apple*. Today, Silicon Valley is still the home of the computer industry; it is still full of high-tech companies.

- 7- Silicon Valley is the place where the first computer was built.
- 8- The "youth culture" started in 1950.
- 9- After graduation, most students try their best to establish their own business in California.
- 10- Both Intel and Apple were founded in the same year.
- 11- Steve Jobs' first computer company was founded in a garage.
- 12- Silicon Valley is considered the centre of high technology.

III - Choose the correct answer (a, b, c or d): (130 marks)

- 13- The checked my eyes yesterday.
 - a. cardiologist
 - b. ophthalmologist
 - c. pediatrician
 - d. dermatologist
- 14- The place where you wash clothes is a
 - a. library
 - b. supermarket
 - c. laboratory
 - d. launderette
- 15- This machine is not working properly, it needs
 - a. hesitation
 - b. maintenance
 - c. employment
 - d. investment

- 16- All parts of the human body are by the brain.
a. spoilt b. ignored c. controlled d. hit
- 17- If you park here, you will be
a. fined b. expelled c. remunerated d. fit
- 18- To make your children work hard, you should them.
a. punish b. neglect c. motivate d. drop
- 19- You can ask for a raise directly. Don't
a. go under the knife b. have a wide face
c. ace a test d. beat around the bush
- 20- Mike is; he's won ten tennis matches.
a. on a roll b. backing the wrong horse
c. on the mend d. at death's door
- 21- The roof is very old; it needs to be
a. got onto b. shored up
c. fit in d. looked up
- 22- You should what you promised to do.
a. break down b. run off
c. follow through d. come in
- 23- The Sun always in the east.
a. has risen b. had risen
c. would rise d. rises
- 24- My mother in the kitchen now.
a. cooks b. is cooking
c. was cooking d. cooked
- 25- Ali in this house since 2008.
a. has lived b. will live
c. lived d. would live
- 26- When you visit me tomorrow, I coffee.
a. have made b. make
c. am making d. will be making
- 27- We married three years ago.
a. get b. got c. will get d. have got
- 28- By the end of this year, I writing six books.
a. finish b. finished
c. will have finished d. was finishing
- 29- I will call you when I home.
a. arrive b. arrived
c. will arrive d. was arriving
- 30- My car at the moment.
a. is fixing b. is being fixed
c. was being fixed d. was fixing
- 31- Suha didn't come to the party. I wish she to the party.
a. came b. comes c. will come d. had come
- 32- I will open the gate myself. I it opened.
a. won't have b. wouldn't have
c. will have d. have
- 33- Sami, father is a doctor, told me about the invention.
a. who b. which c. whose d. whom
- 34- If you had told me earlier, we you with us.
a. take b. will take
c. would take d. would have taken
- 35- She asked me if I the answer.
a. know b. knew
c. have known d. will know
- 36- The word which has a final / id / sound is
a. wanted b. helped c. washed d. loved
- 37- The word which has a silent letter is
a. sat b. direct c. stand d. listen
- 38- A: I passed my driving test!
B:
a. I'm sorry b. Don't be depressed
c. Congratulations d. You can make it later
- A- Ask about the underlined words: (12 marks)**
- 39- I met Maya at the cinema.
- 40- We have been waiting for two hours.
- 41- Nour phoned me last night.
- 42- They will leave after dinner.
- B- Rewrite the following passage after correcting the FOUR mistakes in it. (8 marks)**
- While I am shopping, I met my freind Ahmad. He asked me if could he come with my. I said "With pleasure".
- C- Composition: (30 marks)**
Write a composition of no more than 80 words about the following topic:
"A book fair you have been to recently"
Include the following:
• What kinds of books did you see?
• Which one(s) did you like most?
• Which do you prefer, electronic books or paper books? Why?

انتهت الأسئلة



سَمّ تصحيح مادّة اللغة الإنكليزيّة
لامتحان شهادة الدّراسة الثّانويّة العامّة
الفرع العلميّ
نظام حديث
الدورة الأولى عام ٢٠٢٢ م

الدرجة: ٣٠٠/درجة

مادة اللغة الإنكليزية
الفرع العلمي

سلم تصحيح شهادة الثانوية العامة
الدورة الامتحانية الأولى عام ٢٠٢٢م

I- Group 1: 1 – 12

II- Group2: 13 – 38

III- Group 3: 39 – 42 + Rewriting

IV- Group 4: composition

ملحوظات:

- توضع العلامة المستحقة لكل سؤال على يسار الرقم.
- توضع إشارة (X) على رقم الإجابة الخطأ.
- تجمع درجات الإجابة لكل مجموعة وتوضع في مربع عند نهاية المجموعة في الزاوية اليمنى وتكتب رقماً وكتابة باللغة العربية.
- ترفع درجة كل مجموعة إلى الحقل المخصص لها في جدول الدرجات ويسجل كل من المصحح والمدقق اسمه ويوقع عليها (مع مراعاة حقل الكسور والآحاد والعشرات).

Group1 From 1- 12

Model answers: (1-6)

- 1- a / play an essential role
- 2- d / skills and abilities
- 3- c / unwilling to do it
- 4- b / influence him when choosing a career
- 5- d / how much they will earn
- 6- b / parents

Remarks from (1-6)

- 1- Each item is allotted **10 marks**.
- 2- Only the above mentioned answers are accepted.
- 3- Either the correct choice or the letter that corresponds to the correct answer is accepted.
- 4- Overlook spelling, grammar, copying mistakes and capitalization.

Model answers from (7-12)

- 7- F / false
- 8- F / false
- 9- T / true
- 10- F / false
- 11- T / true
- 12- T/ true

Remarks from (7-12)

- 1- Each item is allotted **10 marks**.
- 2- Only the above mentioned answers are accepted.
- 3- If the student writes only the correction without putting the sign (F/false), the answer is accepted.
- 4- If the student writes (صح / غلط) or any sign that shows true or false , the answer is accepted.

Group 2 From 13 -38

Model answers (13 - 38)

13- b / ophthalmologist

27- b / got

14- d/ launderette

28- c / will have finished

15- b / maintenance

29- a / arrive

16- c / controlled

30 – b / is being fixed

17- a / fined

31- d / had come

18- c / motivate

32- a / won't have

19- d / beat around the bush

33- c / whose

20- a / on a roll

34- d / would have taken

21- b / shored up

35- b / knew

22- c / follow through

36- a / wanted

23- d / rises

37- d / listen

24- b / is cooking

38- c / Congratulations

25- a / has lived

26- d / will be making

Remarks from (13 - 38)

- 1- Each item is allotted **5 marks**.
- 2- Either the letter or the complete answer is accepted or both.
- 3- If the student writes two answers for the same item, consider the first.
- 4- Overlook copying mistakes.

Group 3 (39- 42 + Rewriting)

Model answers (39 -42)

39- Where did you meet Maya?

- What place / In which place did you meet Maya?

40- How long have you been waiting?

- For how many hours have you been waiting?

- For how much time have you been waiting?

41- Who phoned you last night?

-Who did phone you?

42- When will they leave?

Remarks from (21-24)

- 1- Each item is allotted **3 marks**.
- 2- If the student uses a wrong question word, the answer rates zero.
- 3- Deduct **1 mark** for each grammar mistake.
- 4- If the student writes two questions for the same answer, consider the first.
- 5- Overlook capitalization, punctuation and spelling mistakes.
- 6- Any logical question or answer is accepted.

B- Rewriting

- While I **was** shopping, I met my **friend** Ahmad. He asked me if **he could** come with **me**. I said "With pleasure".

OR

- While I **was** shopping, I met my **friend** Ahmad. He asked me if **I could** come with **him**. I said "With pleasure".

Remarks

- 1- Each corrected item is allotted **2 marks**.
- 2-If the student writes the correction only without rewriting the whole passage, the answer is accepted.

Group 4 Composition

Remarks:

- 1- (30 marks) are allotted to this item.
- 2-Before starting the correction of the composition, the teacher should make first reading to the whole paragraph to figure out if it is relevant to the topic or not.
- 3-If a student writes more than the required number of words, his/her topic is accepted.

a- On average, a paragraph between 71 - 80 words rates (30 marks).
Deduct one mark for every mistake as a package of (10 marks: 2 for punctuation and 8 for spelling and grammar).

b- A paragraph between 61-70 words rates (28 marks).
Deduct one mark for every mistake as a package of (10 marks: 2 for punctuation and 8 for spelling and grammar).

c- A paragraph between 51 -60 words rates (26 marks).
Deduct one mark for every mistake as a package of (8 marks: 2 for punctuation and 6 for spelling and grammar).

d- A paragraph between 41-50 words rates (24 marks).
Deduct one mark for every mistake as a package of (8 marks: 2 for punctuation and 6 for spelling and grammar)

N.B. - Overlook the first **two** grammar, **two** spelling and **two** punctuation mistakes for items (a- b – c – d).

e- A paragraph between 31- 40 words (20 marks).
Deduct one mark for every mistake as a package of (6 marks)

f- A paragraph between 21- 30 words (15 marks)
Deduct one mark for every mistake as a package of (4 marks)

g- A paragraph between (10- 20) (10 marks)
Deduct one mark for every mistake as a package of (4 marks)

N.B. - Overlook **the first** grammar, **the first** spelling and **the first** punctuation mistake for items (e- f – g)

h- A paragraph less than 10 words give **2 marks** for each correct sentence.

N.B. Deduct 1 mark once for the same repeated mistakes.

- انتهى السّلم -

T.me/Science_2022bot

I- Read the following text then choose the correct answer a, b, c or d: (60 marks)

Antibiotics are powerful medicines used to fight a wide variety of infections caused by bacteria in people and animals. Antibiotics work to kill the bacteria or stop them from multiplying. Before bacteria can multiply and cause symptoms, the immune system can typically kill them. Sometimes, however, the number of harmful bacteria is excessive, and the immune system can't fight all. At that point, antibiotics are urgently needed. Antibiotics that affect a wide range of bacteria are called broad spectrum antibiotics like amoxicillin, whereas antibiotics that kill bacteria and affect only a few types of bacteria are called narrow spectrum antibiotics such as penicillin. Some people may develop an allergic reaction to antibiotics, especially penicillin. Side effects might include rash and swelling of the tongue and face. The more often antibiotics are taken incorrectly, the more chance bacteria have to change and become resistant to them. Patients should complete the whole course of medication to prevent the return of the infection. Although new medicines are developed, antibiotics resistance will remain a major threat.

1. Antibiotics are used to ----- diseases.
a- stop b- spread c- multiply d- increase.
2. Taking antibiotics is ----- when your immune system isn't working properly.
a- essential b- risky c- unnecessary d- forbidden
3. Broad spectrum antibiotics are used to fight ----- types of bacteria.
a- harmless b- specific c- different d- similar
4. Antibiotics can destroy all the bacteria when patients -----.
a- stop using medicine when feeling better
b- start having symptoms
c- take the full course of medicine
d- delay the use of antibiotics
5. Penicillin is a kind of antibiotics that -----.
a- may cause rash b- suits all patients
c- reduces blood circulation
d- has no side effects for all people
6. The word 'excessive' in bold means -----.
a- less than appropriate b- aggressive
c- greater than reasonable d- being moderate

II- Read the following text then decide if the sentences are true or false: (60 marks)

Not all cultures share the same beliefs and values about what is normal or socially acceptable. These differences can cause severe culture shock. Once a person accepts the difference and acknowledges it, then the process of integration becomes easier. Here are some examples of situations that can cause food culture shock: in some Chinese restaurants, eating chicken feet is common. Although not an everyday food item, horse meat and blood sausage are normal in France. Some restaurants in ancient culture specialized in dog meat dishes. However, recently in Cambodia, animal rights activists have gained a small victory in their effort to end the trade in dog meat. To overcome food culture shock, here are some tips: first, expect food to be different. Second, we don't have to eat strange things quickly. Third, use good judgment and don't insult people by making disgusted facial expressions.

7. Culture shock has no effect on people. F
8. Horse meat is considered a daily meal in France. T
9. Animal rights activists in Cambodia failed to apply a law against dog meat trade. F
10. Eating unfamiliar food slowly is a way of dealing with culture shock. T
11. Showing that you like the food hurts people's feelings. F
12. Approving the differences between cultures makes life abroad less difficult. T

III - Choose the correct answer (a, b, c or d): (130 marks)

13. The council strives to ----- the expectations of the community.
a- give b- meet c- lose d- run
14. I slipped as I stepped ----- the platform.
a- onto b- into
c- from d- out of
15. Patriotism is love of and ----- to one's country.
a- hesitation b- concentration
c- devotion d- intention

16. Our-----recommended that the kid should have his tonsils out.
a- naturopath b- pediatrician
c- allergist d- cardiologist
17. Some citizens take an-----role in the society.
a- action b- net c- active d- actively
18. These chemicals-----with each other.
a- refuse b- reduce c- reuse d- react
19. She has been-----yoga since she was a child.
a- getting into b- running into
c- following through d- fitting in
20. She looks like she's -----several kilos.
a- picked up b- put on
c- got out d- come back
21. The lawyer was unable to-----against the man.
a- beat around the bush b- break the law
c- assemble the case d- ace a test
22. She has a strong opinion and she's not afraid to-----.
a- jump out of her skin b- speak her mind
c- be at death's door d- cost an arm and a leg
23. We-----at 7 o'clock every morning.
a- are getting up b- had got up
c- get up d- have got up
24. I-----very hard for my last exams.
a- study b- studied
c- have been studying d- am studying
25. I-----here all afternoon. I feel tired now.
a- am working b- have been working
c- would work d- will work
26. Ali-----the types of flower when we came in.
a- was describing b- describes
c- has described d- is describing
27. By the time we got there, the lecture-----.
a- started b- was starting
c- starts d- had started
28. My brother-----his leg recently.
a- breaks b- had broken
c- has broken d- is breaking
29. Many offices of large companies-----so far.
a- have built b- were built
c- are building d- have been built
30. I redecorated the house myself. I-----.
a- didn't have it redecorated
b- haven't redecorated it
c- didn't redecorate it
d- had it redecorated

31. She asked him why-----the job.
a- he wants b- he wanted
c- did he want d- does he want
32. If the driver had fastened his seatbelt, he-----his life.
a- saved b- will save
c- would have saved d- would save
33. I don't know how to make a cake. I wish I-----.
a- knew b- have known
c- will know d- knew
34. Damascus is the city-----I was born.
a- who b- which c- when d- where
35. The word that has a silent letter is-----.
a- sheep b- paint c- open d- psychology
36. The verb that has the final /t/ sound is -----.
a- started b- ordered c- asked d- improved
37. A: The bath in your hotel is full of spiders.
B: -----.
a- I 'm awfully sorry
b- I deserve this honour
c- Well done!
d- Not just at the moment
38. A: Would you like some more tea?
B: -----.
a- We are proud of you b- Congratulations!
c- I'm sorry about that d- I 'd love some

- A- Ask about the underlined words: (12 marks)
39. The sport programme often starts at 9 o'clock.
40. Last week we went to Lama's birthday.
41. He has been running for 2 hours.
42. I have discussed the problem with my father.

B- Rewrite the following passage after correcting the FOUR mistakes in it. (8 marks)

Mary is from england. When she was in holiday in Venezuela, some Venezuelan friends invited she to dinner at 9:00. She arrived at exactly 9:00, but her friends had not even arrived home yet.

C- Composition: (30 marks)

Write a composition of no more than 80 words about the following topic:
"The role of parents in their children's future"

Include the following:

- How parents should deal with their children's strengths/weaknesses/interests/needs/failure/success
- How they should help them choose their future career

تمت الامتلاء



سَلَم تصحيح مادّة اللغة الإنكليزيّة
لامتحان شهادة الدّراسة الثّانويّة العامّة
الفرع العلميّ
نظام حديث
الدورة الثّانية عام ٢٠٢٢ م

الدرجة: ٣٠٠/درجة

مادة اللغة الإنكليزية
الفرع العلمي

سلم تصحيح شهادة الثانوية العامة
الدورة الامتحانية الثانية عام ٢٠٢٢م

I- Group 1: 1 – 12

II- Group2: 13 – 38

III- Group 3: 39 – 42 + Rewriting

IV- Group 4: composition

ملحوظات:

- توضع العلامة المستحقة لكل سؤال على يسار الرقم.
- توضع إشارة (X) على رقم الإجابة الخطأ.
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- ترفع درجة كل مجموعة إلى الحقل المخصص لها في جدول الدرجات ويسجل كل من المصحح والمدقق اسمه ويوقع عليها (مع مراعاة حقل الكسور والأحاد والعشرات).

Group1 From 1- 12

Model answers: (1-6)

- 1- a / stop
- 2- a / essential
- 3- c / different
- 4- c / take the full course of medicine
- 5- a / may cause rash
- 6- c / greater than reasonable

Remarks from (1-6)

- 1- Each item is allotted **10 marks**.
- 2- Only the above mentioned answers are accepted.
- 3- Either the correct choice or the letter that corresponds to the correct answer is accepted.
- 4- Overlook spelling, grammar, copying mistakes and capitalization.

Model answers from (7-12)

- 7- F / false
- 8- F / false
- 9- F / false
- 10- T / true
- 11- F / false
- 12- T/ true

Remarks from (7-12)

- 1- Each item is allotted **10 marks**.
- 2- Only the above mentioned answers are accepted.
- 3- If the student writes only the correction without putting the sign (F/false), the answer is accepted.
- 4- If the student writes (صح / غلط) or any sign that shows true or false , the answer is accepted.

Group 2 From 13 -38

Model answers (13 - 38)

- | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 13- b / meet | 27- d / had started |
| 14- a / onto | 28- c / has broken |
| 15- c / devotion | 29- d / have been built |
| 16- b / pediatrician | 30 - a / didn't have it redecorated |
| 17- c / active | 31- b / he wanted |
| 18- d / react | 32- c / would have saved |
| 19- a / getting into | 33- d / knew |
| 20- b / put on | 34- d / where |
| 21- c / assemble the case | 35- d / psychology |
| 22- b / speak her mind | 36- c / asked |
| 23- c / get up | 37- a / I'm awfully sorry |
| 24- b / studied | 38- d / I'd love some |
| 25- b / have been working | |
| 26- a / was describing | |

Remarks from (13 - 38)

- 1- Each item is allotted **5 marks**.
- 2- Either the letter or the complete answer is accepted or both.
- 3- If the student writes two answers for the same item, consider the first.
- 4- Overlook copying mistakes.

Group 3 (39- 42 + Rewriting)

Model answers (39 -42)

39- When/ what time does the sport programme (often) start?

40- Whose birthday did you go to last week?

41- How long has he been running?

- For how many hours has he been running?
- For how long has he been running?
- For how much time has he been running?

42- What/ Which thing have you discussed with your father?

Remarks from (21-24)

- 1- Each item is allotted **3 marks**.
- 2- If the student uses a wrong question word, the answer rates zero.
- 3- Deduct **1 mark** for each grammar mistake.
- 4- If the student writes two questions for the same answer, consider the first.
- 5- If the student writes the question word only, his answer rates **zero**.
- 6- Overlook capitalization, punctuation and spelling mistakes.
- 7- Any logical answer is accepted.

B- Rewriting

- Mary is from **England**. When she was **on** holiday in Venezuela, some Venezuelan friends invited **her** to dinner at 9:00. She arrived at **exactly** 9:00, but her friends had not even arrived home yet.

Remarks

- 1- Each corrected item is allotted **2 marks**.
- 2- If the student writes the correction only without rewriting the whole passage, the answer is accepted.

Group 4 Composition

Remarks:

- 1- **(30 marks)** are allotted to this item.
- 2-Before starting the correction of the composition, the teacher should make first reading to the whole paragraph to figure out if it is relevant to the topic or not.
- 3-If a student writes more than the required number of words, his/her topic is accepted.

a- On average, a paragraph between 71 - 80 words rates **(30 marks)**.
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b- A paragraph between 61-70 words rates **(28 marks)**.
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c- A paragraph between 51 -60 words rates **(26 marks)**.
Deduct one mark for every mistake as a package of (8 marks: 2 for punctuation and 6 for spelling and grammar).

d- A paragraph between 41-50 words rates **(24 marks)**.
Deduct one mark for every mistake as a package of (8 marks: 2 for punctuation and 6 for spelling and grammar)

N.B. - Overlook the first **two** grammar, **two** spelling and **two** punctuation mistakes for items (a- b – c – d).

e- A paragraph between 31- 40 words **(20 marks)**.
Deduct one mark for every mistake as a package of (6 marks)

f- A paragraph between 21- 30 words **(15 marks)**
Deduct one mark for every mistake as a package of (4 marks)

g- A paragraph between (10- 20) **(10 marks)**
Deduct one mark for every mistake as a package of (4 marks)

N.B. - Overlook **the first** grammar, **the first** spelling and **the first** punctuation mistake for items (e- f - g)

h- A paragraph less than 10 words give **2 marks** for each correct sentence.

N.B. Deduct 1 mark **once** for the same repeated mistakes.

- انتهى السلم -

(٠_٠)

[T.me/Science_2022bot](https://t.me/Science_2022bot) : تم التحميل بواسطة 



Telegram : @Science_2022bot

(٠_٠)