## UMM AL QURA UNIVERSITY

English Language Institute





English for Specific Purposes Preparatory Year Students Scientific Stream 2016-17 /2<sup>nd</sup> Term

## **Practice Test A2**

(DON'T WRITE ON OR MARK THIS QUESTIONS BOOKLET) Time: 50 Min

Listen to the recording. You will hear it <u>twice</u> . Choose the best option A, B, C, or D. (Track 1.01)	
1. Ozan is from Turkey but he lives in	2. Who is from Syria?
(A) Syria	(A) his wife
B Nigeria	B his father
© Britain	© his mother
3. They speak at home.	4. The Lebanese restaurant is
3. They speak at nome.	7. The Debanese restaurant is
(A) Japanese	(A) next to their house
(B) Turkish	B across the road
© English	© near the American university
5. Ozan plays football and likes watching	
A action films	
football matches	
© foreign films	
(Grammar & Vocabulary) Read the questions and choose the best option A, B, C, or D.	
6. I have three friends names are Ali,	7. A: you from London?
Feisal and Mohammed.	B: Yes, I am.
A His	A Are
B Their	B Am
© Its	Ĉ Aren't
	D Isn't
8. Ozan's children in Turkey.	D family is from Jordon.
(A) was born	A Ahmad is
	B) Ahmad
	C Ahmad's
	D Ahmads
	11. Many are moving to the city.
	in thany are moving to the city.
	A familyies
(A) are	A familyies B family
(A) are (C)	•
(A) are (C) am (C)	B family

12. Most like football.	13. I very interested in art.
A mens	A amn't
B men's	B am not
© men	© aren't
① man	① isn't
14. A city has many people from different	15. My name's Abdullah and I'm
countries living in it.	
(A) national	A Saudi
® local	Saudi Arabia
© overseas	© Saudi Arabian
© multicultural	① Arabic
16. Some illnesses have reasons.	17. It is in many Islamic countries to eat
(A) typical	with ones' hand.  (A) local
(A) typical	B multicultural
B genetic	
© multicultural	© typical © forbidden
D advantage  18 children look the same! One can	
hardly say who is who!	19. My aunt has a son. He is my
(A) All	A brother in law
B Twin	B brother
© Nephew	© cousin
Niece	© siblings
20. That boy is Fiasal's	21. Alwali, Mecca, Saudi Arabia. That is my
A niece	(A) job
B step-father	B studies
© nephew	© interests
① grandfather	① address
22. Where are the?	23. A: What's your?
	B: I'm single.
(A) child	A marital status
(B) children	® mother tongue
© childrens	© gender
① childs	① nationality
24. We are from a small town in Greece.	25. Choose the correct spelling.
a very nice town.	
(A) Its	(A) doughter
B It's	B dauter
	© dauhgter
-	
① He's	(D) daughter

## Read the passage below and choose the best answer to the question.

Kodinhi is a small village in Kerala in south India. It is a typical village, but is people are not typical. 2,000 families live there and 290 families have twins. In India four babies in 1,000 are twins, but in Kodinhi 45 babies in 1,000 are twins.

Mohammed Ali Pottayi's family is from Kodinhi. He and his wife have seven boys. Four of their sons are twins. Mohammed says, " my wife and I are very happy with our family. Everyone in the village is happy."

But why are there so many twins in Kodinhi? How is it possible? The village doctor says it isn't genetic; he thinks it is something in the water or the food. But no one has an answer and scientists want to know more.

- 26. One of the following statements is wrong.
- A Kodinhi is a usual village
- B giving birth to babies in Kodinhi is usual
- © Kodinhi is in the south of India
- 27. In comparison to whole India, Kodinhi has more twin babies.
- A forty one
- **B** forty five
- © one thousand
- 28. \_\_\_\_ kids of Mohammed's family are twins.
- (A) Seven
- **B** forty five
- © Four
- 29. A doctor in Kodinhi thinks there are many twins in it because.
- A it is genetic
- **B** the food and water are polluted there
- © food and water help giving birth to twins there
- 30. Scientists \_\_\_\_\_why people in Kodinhi have a lot of twins.
- A are sure about
- (B) have no answers
- © are about to know