

**2.7 Implicit Differentiation**

**Exercise :**

Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  if  $y^3 + 7y = x^3$

**Solution**

$$3y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} + 7 \frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (3y^2 + 7) = 3x^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3x^2}{3y^2 + 7}$$

**Example 1:** Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  if  $4x^2y - 3y = x^3 - 1$

**Solution**

$$4 \left( 2xy + x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} \right) - 3 \frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2$$

$$8xy + 4x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} - 3 \frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2$$

$$4x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} - 3 \frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2 - 8xy$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (4x^2 - 3) = 3x^2 - 8xy$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3x^2 - 8xy}{4x^2 - 3}$$

Example 2 : Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  if  $x^2 + 5y^3 = x + 9$

**Solution**

$$2x + 15y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} = 1$$

$$15y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} = 1 - 2x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1 - 2x}{15y^2}$$

Example 3 : Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve of

$y^3 - xy^2 + \cos xy = 2$ , at the point (0,1)

**Solution**

$$3y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} - \left( y^2 + x \cdot 2y \frac{dy}{dx} \right) - \left( y + x \frac{dy}{dx} \right) \sin xy = 0$$

$$3y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} - y^2 - 2xy \frac{dy}{dx} - y \sin xy - x \frac{dy}{dx} \sin xy = 0$$

$$3y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} - 2xy \frac{dy}{dx} - x \frac{dy}{dx} \sin xy = y^2 + y \sin xy$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (3y^2 - 2xy - x \sin xy) = y^2 + y \sin xy$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y^2 + y \sin xy}{3y^2 - 2xy - x \sin xy}$$

$$\text{At } (0,1) \rightarrow y' = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\therefore \text{Equation of tangent line: } y - 1 = \frac{1}{3} (x - 0)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{3} x + 1$$

Example 4: If  $y = 2x^{5/3} + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$ , find  $D_x y$

**Solution**

$$\begin{aligned}y &= 2x^{5/3} + (x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\D_x y &= 2 \cdot \frac{5}{3} x^{\frac{5}{3}-1} + \frac{1}{2}(x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{2}-1}(2x) \\&= \frac{10}{3} x^{\frac{2}{3}} + \frac{1}{2}(x^2 + 1)^{-\frac{1}{2}}(2x) \\&= \frac{10}{3} x^{\frac{2}{3}} + x(x^2 + 1)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \\&= \frac{10}{3} x^{\frac{2}{3}} + \frac{x}{(x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \\&= \frac{10}{3} x^{\frac{2}{3}} + \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}\end{aligned}$$