

أوجد مجموعة تعريف كل من التوابع الآتية :

$$\textcircled{1} f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 1$$

$$\textcircled{2} f(x) = \frac{2x - 3}{x - 5}$$

$$\textcircled{3} f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 1}{2x + 1}$$

$$\textcircled{4} f(x) = \frac{2x - 1}{x^2}$$

$$\textcircled{5} f(x) = \frac{3x - 1}{x^2 - 1}$$

$$\textcircled{6} f(x) = \frac{3x - 1}{x^2 + 1}$$

$$\textcircled{7} f(x) = \frac{2x^2 + 1}{x^2 - 5x}$$

$$\textcircled{8} f(x) = \frac{x - 5}{2x^2 + 3x}$$

$$\textcircled{9} f(x) = \frac{2x - 1}{x^2 - 5x + 6}$$

$$\textcircled{10} f(x) = \frac{x - 3}{x^2 - 2x + 1}$$

$$\textcircled{11} f(x) = \frac{x-5}{2x^2-x-3}$$

$$\textcircled{12} f(x) = \frac{x-5}{2x^2-x+3}$$

$$\textcircled{13} f(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

$$\textcircled{14} f(x) = \sqrt{x-1}$$

$$\textcircled{15} f(x) = \sqrt{x+2}$$

$$\textcircled{16} f(x) = \sqrt{3x-1}$$

$$\textcircled{17} f(x) = \sqrt{4-2x}$$

$$\textcircled{18} f(x) = \sqrt{x^2+1}$$

$$\textcircled{19} f(x) = \sqrt{x^2-1}$$

$$\textcircled{20} f(x) = \sqrt{4-x^2}$$

$$\textcircled{21} f(x) = \sqrt{x^2-3x}$$

$$(22) f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 7x + 12}$$

$$(23) f(x) = \sin x$$

$$(24) f(x) = \cos x$$

$$(25) f(x) = |x|$$

$$(26) f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{2x-1}}{x-5}$$

$$(27) f(x) = \frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{x-5}}$$

$$(28) f(x) = \frac{3x-1}{2-\sqrt{x+5}}$$

$$(29) f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x}-1}{2x-6}$$

$$(30) f(x) = 2x-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$(31) f(x) = \sqrt{x-1} - 2\sqrt{x}$$

$$(32) f(x) = 3x^2 - 1 + \sqrt{x-2}$$

$$(33) f(x) = \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$(34) f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{|x|}} + \cos(3x)$$

$$(35) f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} + 2x - 1$$

$$(36) f(x) = \frac{2x - 1}{|x| - 1}$$

$$(37) f(x) = \frac{2x - 1}{|x| + 1}$$

$$(38) f(x) = \tan x$$

$$(39) f(x) = \cot x$$

$$(40) f(x) = \frac{2x - \sqrt{x}}{(x-1)(x+3)^2}$$

$$(41) f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x-2}}$$

$$(42) f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{3-x}{x-5}}$$

$$(43) f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 6x + 8}{x-3}}$$

أوجد مجموعة تعريف لكل من التوابع الآتية:

$$\textcircled{1} f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 1$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} \quad (\text{تابع صريح})$$

$$\textcircled{2} f(x) = \frac{2x - 3}{x - 5}$$

$$f \text{ معرف حيث } x - 5 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq 5$$

$$D = \mathbb{R} \setminus \{5\}$$

$$] -\infty, 5[ \cup ] 5, +\infty [$$

$$\textcircled{3} f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 1}{2x + 1}$$

$$f \text{ معرف حيث } 2x + 1 \neq 0$$

$$2x \neq -1$$

$$x \neq -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$D = \mathbb{R} \setminus \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \right\}$$

$$\textcircled{4} f(x) = \frac{2x - 1}{x^2}$$

$$f \text{ معرف حيث } x^2 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq 0$$

$$D = \mathbb{R}^* = \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\}$$

$$\textcircled{5} f(x) = \frac{3x-1}{x^2-1}$$

$x^2-1 \neq 0$  : تعريف  $f$

$$x^2 \neq 1$$

$$x \neq -1$$

$$x \neq 1$$

$$D = \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-1, 1\}$$

$$] -\infty, -1[ \cup ] -1, 1[ \cup ] 1, +\infty [$$

$$\textcircled{6} f(x) = \frac{3x-1}{x^2+1}$$

$x^2+1 \neq 0$  : تعريف  $f$

$$x^2+1 = 0$$

$$x^2 = -1$$

لا

$$D = \mathbb{R}$$

$$\textcircled{7} f(x) = \frac{2x^2+1}{x^2-5x}$$

تعريف  $f$

$$x^2-5x \neq 0$$

$$x^2-5x = 0$$

$$x(x-5) = 0$$

$$x = 0 / x = 5$$

$$D = \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0, 5\}$$

$$\textcircled{8} f(x) = \frac{2x-5}{2x^2+3x}$$

$$2x^2+3x \neq 0$$

$$x(2x+3) = 0$$

$$\underline{\underline{!}} \quad x = 0, \quad \underline{\underline{!}} \quad x = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$D = \mathbb{R} \setminus \left\{ -\frac{3}{2}, 0 \right\}$$

$$\textcircled{9} f(x) = \frac{2x-1}{x^2-5x-6}$$

$$x^2-5x-6 \neq 0$$

$$(x-6)(x+1) = 0$$

$$x = 6 \quad / \quad x = -1$$

$$D = \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-1, 6\}$$

$$\textcircled{10} f(x) = \frac{x-3}{x^2-2x+1}$$

$$x^2-2x+1 \neq 0$$

$$(x-1)^2 \neq 0$$

$$x-1 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq 1$$

$$D = \mathbb{R} \setminus \{1\}$$

$$\textcircled{11} \quad f(x) = \frac{x-5}{2x^2-x-3}$$

$$2x^2-x-3 \neq 0$$

$$2x^2-x-3=0$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} a=2 \\ b=-1 \\ c=-3 \end{array} \right\} \Delta = b^2 - 4ac$$
$$= 1 - 4(2)(-3)$$
$$= 1 + 24$$
$$= 25$$

$$\sqrt{\Delta} = 5$$

$$x_1 = \frac{-b + \sqrt{\Delta}}{2a} = \frac{+1 + 5}{2(2)} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$x_2 = \frac{-b - \sqrt{\Delta}}{2a} = \frac{+1 - 5}{2(2)} = -1$$

$$D = \mathbb{R} \setminus \left\{ -1, \frac{3}{2} \right\}$$

$$\textcircled{12} \quad f(x) = \frac{x-5}{2x^2-x+3}$$

$$2x^2-x+3 \neq 0$$

$$2x^2-x+3=0$$

$$\Delta = 1 - 24 = -23 < 0$$

لا شيء

$$D = \mathbb{R}$$



$$(13) f(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

$$x \geq 0$$

$$D = [0, +\infty[$$

$$(14) f(x) = \sqrt{x-1}$$

$$x-1 \geq 0$$

$$x \geq 1$$

$$D = [1, +\infty[$$

$$(15) f(x) = \sqrt{x+2}$$

$$x+2 \geq 0$$

$$x \geq -2$$

$$D = [-2, +\infty[$$

$$(16) f(x) = \sqrt{3x-1}$$

$$3x-1 \geq 0$$

$$3x \geq 1$$

$$x \geq \frac{1}{3}$$

$$D = \left[\frac{1}{3}, +\infty[$$

$$(17) f(x) = \sqrt{4-2x}$$

$$4-2x \geq 0$$

$$4 \geq 2x$$

$$2 \geq x$$

$$D = ]-\infty, 2]$$

$$(18) f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$$

$$x^2 + 1 \geq 0$$

$$x^2 + 1 = 0$$

$$x^2 = -1$$

نتيجة  $\rightarrow$

$$D = \mathbb{R}$$

$$(19) f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 1}$$

$$x^2 - 1 \geq 0$$

$$x^2 - 1 = 0$$

$$x^2 = 1$$

$$x = -1$$

$$x = 1$$

x	$-\infty$	-1	1	$+\infty$		
معادلة		+	0	-	0	+
تراجمة		حقيقة	خبر	حقيقة		حقيقة

$$D = ]-\infty, -1] \cup [1, +\infty[$$

$$(20) f(x) = \sqrt{4 - x^2}$$

$$4 - x^2 \geq 0$$

$$4 - x^2 = 0$$

$$x^2 = 4$$

$$x = -2$$

$$x = 2$$

x	$-\infty$	-2	2	$+\infty$		
معادلة		-	0	+	0	-
تراجمة		خبر	حقيقة	خبر		خبر

$$D = [-2, 2]$$

$$(21) f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 3x}$$

$$x^2 - 3x \geq 0$$

$$x^2 - 3x = 0$$

$$x(x-3) = 0$$

$$x = 0 \quad / \quad x = 3$$

$x$	$-\infty$	$0$	$3$	$+\infty$		
معاينة		+	0	-	0	+
مراجعة		مفيدة	غير مفيدة	مفيدة		

$$D = ]-\infty, 0] \cup [3, +\infty[$$

$$(22) f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 7x + 12}$$

$$x^2 - 7x + 12 \geq 0$$

$$(x-4)(x-3) = 0$$

$$x = 4 \quad / \quad x = 3$$

$x$	$-\infty$	$3$	$4$	$+\infty$		
معاينة		+	0	-	0	+
مراجعة		مفيدة	غير مفيدة	مفيدة		

$$D = ]-\infty, 3] \cup [4, +\infty[$$

$$(23) f(x) = \sin x$$

$$D = \mathbb{R}$$

$$(24) f(x) = \cos x$$

$$D = \mathbb{R}$$

$$(25) f(x) = |x|$$

$$D = \mathbb{R}$$

$$(26) f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{2x-1}}{x-5}$$

$$\sqrt{2x-1}$$

$$2x-1 \geq 0$$

$$2x \geq 1$$

$$x \geq \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x \in \left[ \frac{1}{2}, +\infty[ \right.$$

$$\sqrt{x-5}$$

$$x-5 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq 5$$

$$D = \left[ \frac{1}{2}, +\infty[ \setminus \{5\} \right]$$

$$(27) f(x) = \frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{x-5}}$$

$$\sqrt{2x-1}$$

$$x-5 \geq 0$$

$$\sqrt{x-5}$$

$$\sqrt{x-5} \neq 0$$

$$x-5 \neq 0$$

$$x-5 > 0$$

$$x > 5$$

$$D = ]5, +\infty[$$

$$(28) f(x) = \frac{3x-1}{2-\sqrt{x+5}}$$

شروط

$$x+5 \geq 0$$

$$x \geq -5$$

$$x \in [-5, +\infty[$$

شروط

$$2 - \sqrt{x+5} \neq 0$$

$$2 \neq \sqrt{x+5}$$

$$4 \neq x+5$$

$$x \neq -1$$

$$D = [-5, +\infty[ \setminus \{-1\}$$

$$(29) f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x}-1}{2x-6}$$

شروط

$$x \geq 0$$

$$x \in [0, +\infty[$$

شروط

$$2x-6 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq 3$$

$$D = [0, +\infty[ \setminus \{3\}$$

$$(30) f(x) = \frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$x > 0$$

$$D = ]0, +\infty[$$

$$(31) f(x) = \sqrt{x-1} - 2\sqrt{x}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \text{, i.p. } b^2$$

$$x-1 \geq 0$$

$$x \geq 1$$

$$\textcircled{1} \text{, i.p. } b^2$$

$$x \geq 0$$

$$D = [1, +\infty[$$

$$(32) f(x) = \underbrace{3x^2 - 1}_{x \in \mathbb{R}} + \underbrace{\sqrt{x+2}}_{x+2 \geq 0}$$

$$x \geq -2$$

$$D = [-2, +\infty[$$

$$(33) f(x) = \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$x \neq 0$$

$$D = \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\}$$

$$(34) f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{|x|}} + \cos 3x$$

$$|x| > 0$$

$$x \neq 0$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$D = \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\}$$

$$(35) f(x) = \underbrace{\sqrt[3]{x}}_{x \in \mathbb{R}} + \underbrace{2x-1}_{x \in \mathbb{R}}$$

$$D = \mathbb{R}$$

$$(36) f(x) = \frac{2x-1}{|x|-1}$$

$$|x|-1 \neq 0$$

$$|x| \neq 1$$

$$x \neq 1 \quad x \neq -1$$

$$D = \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-1, 1\}$$

$$(37) f(x) = \frac{2x-1}{|x|+1}$$

$$|x|+1 \neq 0$$

$$|x|+1 = 0$$

$$\underline{\text{no}} \rightarrow |x| = -1$$

$$D = \mathbb{R}$$

$$(38) f(x) = \tan x$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$\cos x$$

$$\cos x \neq 0$$

$$x \neq \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi k \quad : k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$D = \mathbb{R} \setminus \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi k \right\}$$

$$(39) f(x) = \cot x$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}$$

$$\sin x$$

$$\sin x \neq 0$$

$$x \neq \pi k \quad : k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$D = \mathbb{R} \setminus \{ \pi k \}$$

40)  $f(x) = \frac{2x - \sqrt{x}}{(x-1)(x+3)^2}$

شروط

$x \geq 0$   $(x-1)(x+3)^2 \neq 0$   
 $x \in [0, +\infty[$   $x \neq 1, x+3 \neq 0$   
 $x \neq -3$

$D = [0, +\infty[ \setminus \{1, -3\}$   
 $= [0, +\infty[ \setminus \{1\}$

41)  $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x-1}}{\sqrt{x-2}}$

$\frac{x-1}{x-2} \geq 0$   $x-2 \neq 0$   
 $x \neq 2$

$x-1 \geq 0$   
 $x \geq 1$

$x-2 < 0$   
 $x < 2$

$x$	$-\infty$	$1$	$2$	$+\infty$
العدد	+	0	-	+
الترتيب	كقوة	نقطة	كقوة	كقوة

$D = ]-\infty, 1] \cup ]2, +\infty[$



42  $f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{3-x}{x-5}}$

$\frac{3-x}{x-5} \geq 0$   
 شرط  $x-5 \neq 0$

$x \neq 5$

$3-x=0$

$x=3$

$x$	$-\infty$	3	5	$+\infty$
معاينة	-	0	+	-
ملاحظة	غير حقيقية	حقيقة	غير حقيقية	غير حقيقية

$D = [3, 5[$

43  $f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x^2-6x+8}{x-3}}$

$\frac{x^2-6x+8}{x-3} \geq 0$   
 شرط  $x-3 \neq 0$

$x \neq 3$

$x^2-6x+8=0$

$(x-4)(x-2)=0$

$x$	$-\infty$	2	3	4	$+\infty$	$x=4$ / $x=2$
بسط	+	0	-	0	+	
مقام	-	-	0	+	+	
كسور	-	0	+	-	0	+
ملاحظة	غير حقيقية	حقيقة	غير حقيقية	حقيقة	غير حقيقية	حقيقة

$D = [2, 3[ \cup [4, +\infty[$