

Saudi Electronic University

Mid Term (Form A)

Date: 17.4.2017

Fundamentals of Mathematics MATH 001

Student Name (ARABIC):

Student ID:

Instructor Name:

CRN:

Instructions:

This exam duration is **1 hour.** This is NOT an open book exam. The use of calculators is permitted. The use of mobile phones is NOT permitted. Please answer all the **5** questions. The number of pages are **5 pages** including this page.

Marking Scheme:

	Question	Score	
1	(10 Marks)		
2	(2.5 Marks)		
3	(2.5 Marks)		
4	(2 Marks)		
5	(3 Marks)		Signature
	TOTAL		

Question 1: (10 points)

Choose the correct answer, write your answer in the table below:

	omial $2x^4 - x^5 + 16$ is :		
a) 5	b) 16	c) 9	d) 2
One of the following or	dered pairs is a solution	for the equation $y = \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{1}{3}x -$	2:
a) $\left(\frac{1}{3}, -2\right)$	b) $\left(1,-\frac{1}{3}\right)$	c) (3,-1)	d) (-2,0)
The result of the multip	lication $(x^3 - y^2)(x^3 + y^2)$	y^2) is:	
a) $2x^3 - 2y^2$	b) $x^6 - y^4$	c) x^{6}	d) $2x^3$
The set of numbers for	which the rational expres	ssion $\frac{(x+5)(x-2)}{(x-1)(x+4)}$ is not	defined is:
a) $\{-5,2\}$	b) {-4,1}	c) {-1,4}	d) $\{-2,5\}$
The solution for the equ	uation $2(3x-1) - 4x = 6x$	x+2 is:	
a) 3	b) $-\frac{4}{5}$	c) $-\frac{3}{4}$	d) –1
$GCF(x^2, x^2 - 1) =$			
a) 1	b) x^{2}	c) $x^2(x^2-1)$	d) 0
The factorization of x^3	$+2x^2-3x-6$ is:		
a) $(x+2)(x-3)$	b) $(x^2+2)(x-3)$	c) $(x+2)(x^2-3)$	d) $(x-2)(x-3)$
The result of $(x-2y)^2$ -	$-4y^2$ is:		
		c) x^2 d) $x^2 - 4xy + 8y^2$
	One of the following or a) $\left(\frac{1}{3}, -2\right)$ The result of the multip a) $2x^3 - 2y^2$ The set of numbers for a) $\{-5, 2\}$ The solution for the equ a) 3 $GCF(x^2, x^2 - 1) =$ a) 1 The factorization of x^3 a) $(x + 2)(x - 3)$ The result of $(x - 2y)^2$	One of the following ordered pairs is a solution a) $\left(\frac{1}{3}, -2\right)$ b) $\left(1, -\frac{1}{3}\right)$ The result of the multiplication $\left(x^3 - y^2\right)\left(x^3 + \frac{1}{3}\right)$ a) $2x^3 - 2y^2$ b) $x^6 - y^4$ The set of numbers for which the rational expression a) $\{-5, 2\}$ b) $\{-4, 1\}$ The solution for the equation $2(3x-1) - 4x = 6x^2$ a) 3 b) $-\frac{4}{5}$ $GCF(x^2, x^2 - 1) =$ a) 1 b) x^2 The factorization of $x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x - 6$ is: a) $(x+2)(x-3)$ b) $(x^2 + 2)(x-3)$ The result of $(x-2y)^2 - 4y^2$ is:	One of the following ordered pairs is a solution for the equation $y = \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{1}{$

9. The simplest form for the rational expression $\frac{x^2+5x+6}{x^2+x-2}$ is:									
a) $\frac{x+3}{x-1}$	b) $\frac{5x+6}{x-2}$	c) $4x + 4$	d) $\frac{x-3}{x+1}$						
10. If 25% of a num	ber is 10, then 65% of t	he same number is equal to	0:						
a) 40	b) 10	c) 20	d) 26						

Question	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Answer										

Question 2: (2.5 points)

Perform and simplify the following:

$$\frac{x^2 + 4x - 21}{\left(x + 2\right)^2} \div \frac{x^2 - 49}{x^2 + 3x + 2}$$

Question 3: (2.5 points)

Solve the equation $(x+1)^2 = 25$

Question 4: (2 points)

Solve the following inequality:

$$\frac{x}{5} + \frac{2x}{15} + 2 \ge \frac{x}{10} + 1$$

Question 5: (3 points)

Graph the equation $y = -\frac{x}{3} + 2$

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