

Ch2:

## Choose :-

| 1- computer program |
| :---: |
| a- Is sequence of very precise ins that computer executes for an intended purpose |
| b- Plan for upgrading a computer system |
| 2- flow charts |
| a- :- express a sequence of step to perform acertain task |
| b- It software package |
| c- Tool control the speed at which computer program runs |
| 3- Flowgorithm:- |
| 1- Lets new programming build flowcharts that can be executed step by step showing user how value of variable change with each step currently. |
| 2- Free software package to create flowchart |
| 3- Free software packet to execute and debug flowchart |
| 4- All |
| 5- Flowgorithm can change language from press |
| $\text { 1-F12 } \quad 2-f 10 \quad 3-f 5$ |

6- computers need the ability to store or remember values. This is done using 1-variables 2 -number 3 text

7-------in computer programs are containers that can store different kinds of numbers or text

$$
\text { 1- Variables 2-number } 3 \text { text }
$$

8- Types of variables
■ Integer. صحيح ای ارقام صحيحه موجبه و سالبه

- Real. ارقام كسريـه

■ String. الحروف و الرموز

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Boolean } \\ & \text { ©All } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 9- Ex Integer } \\ & \text { 1-1 .3------- } \\ & \frac{2}{3}-\frac{2-}{3} \\ & 4-" 4 " \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 10- $\qquad$ value are write in double quotes ("---") Number store as string cannot used for collations <br> 1- String <br> 2- integar <br> 3- real |
| 11- Stores only 1 bit of inf with one or two possible option 1-String <br> 2- integer <br> 3- real <br> 4- Boolean |
| 12-Simple mathematic operation <br> a- + ---addition <br> b- - ----subtraction <br> c- *----multiplication <br> d- /----- div <br> e- All |
| $\begin{array}{cc} 13-1+3 \wedge 2 \\ a-10 \quad b-12 & c-6 \end{array}$ |
| 14- $7 *(4-1)$ <br> a- 21 <br> b-7 <br> c- 27 |
| $10 \operatorname{Mod} 3$ <br> a. 1 <br> b- 2 <br> c- 4 |
| 16- Task Repetition is an essential element of computer program the structure used to define repetition in computer program is called <br> 1- Loop <br> 2- if <br> 3 sum |
| 17-sequences of blocks, is put inside a loop and is run repeatedly and |



> 3- Pre_test loop 4- Post test loop

26- Each element of an array can be accessed by the name given to the array and a number indicating its location in the array

$$
\text { 1- Index 2-array } 3 \text { - list }
$$

27-. Computer code, or in the case of executable flowcharts like we are using, sequences of blocks, is put inside a loop and is ruh repeatedly and is called the body of the loop( )

28- Function receive value of varuable to work on
1- parameters 2-value
1-29 Allow us to divide complex sequences of operation into multiple smaller flowchart when call statement transfer control to another function
1- Function
2- call

30- read statement value from the keybord and stores the result in a variable 1-Input 2- output 3-if

31- statement evaluates an expression and then displays the result to the screen 1-Input 2 out put 3 - if

32-Parallelogram its represent
1 While 2 input 3 - output 4 -num 2,3

33- statement is used to create variable and arrays these are used to store data while program run

1- Input 2-Declare 3-for loop
34-what mean this chip Declare:-
1-
2-
$\square$ 3-

| 35- calculates an expression and then stores the result in a variable <br> While <br> 2 input <br> 3- Assignment |
| :---: |
| 36- $\qquad$ checks Boolean expression then executes a true or falsebranch based on result |
| 37- diamond chip mean 1-Input 2- if 3-boolen |
| 38-increment or decrement avariable through arrange of value <br> 1- For 2-while 3-do while |
| 39- hexagon 1- For loop 2 - while loop |
| 40- evaluates a Boolean expression and iftrue executes statement. it rechecks the expression and loop untilitis false <br> 1- For 2-while 3-do while |
| 41- Allow program to bothreuse code and simplify logic data is passed into function using parameters <br> 1- Function for <br> 3 - do while |
| 42- transfer control to function inf is passed into the function using "argument" <br> 1- function <br> 2- call <br> 3 array |
| 43- $\square$ <br> 1-Call <br> 2- declear |



56-call it used in the main program ()
57- if condtion is $a>10$ when run by do while the out put $=0$ if the input 0 ()


1- Computer program is ?
b- It's a plan for upgrading a computer system
c- Very precise set of instruction that a computer executes to perform atask
d- A schedule or timetable that tracks of different task $s$ acomputer must perform before shutting down
e- None of the above
2- Flowcharts is ?
a- Is tool to control the speed at which a computer program runs
b- Asoft ware package
c- A graphical tool to express a sequence of steps to perform a task using a standardized set of symbols
d- None of the above
3- Flowgorithm is
a- afree soft were package to create flowchart.
b- Afree softwere package to execute and debug flowchart
c- Afree softwere package to generate code from aflowchart for ahost of diff programming languages
d- All
4- When the number of time a certain task has to be repeated is known beforehand
for most situation the appropriate type of loop to use is a
Do while loop
While loop
c- For loop
d- None of the above
5- When the number of time a certain task has to be repeated is not known beforehand possibly because it is dependent on user input type loop
a- Only a while loop
b- Only do while loop
c- Either a while loop or do while loop depend on the logic of task
d- Neither
6- When the decision of performing a certain number of step depend on truth or falsehood of logical or mathematical statement the appropriate block to use in flow chart is
a- Input block
b- Output block
c- If block
d- Assignment block
7- When flowchart need to remember or store value is does so using
a- User input
b- Output
c- Variable
8- Break point is a block that
a- Can be added to a flowchart to pause the execution of flowchart every time the breakpoint is reached
b- Stands output message to console window
c- None of above
9- Number of type variable
1- 1
2- 2
3- 3
4- 4
10- The key bord symbol used to represent the mathematic multiplication operation is the
a- *
b- /
c-
d- \%

