

# The Exceptional Manager: What You Do, How You Do It

**Chapter One** 

### Major Questions You Should Be Able to Answer

- 1.1 What are the rewards of being an exceptional manager?
- 1.2 What are seven challenges I can look forward to as a manager?
- **1.3** What would I actually do—that is, what would be my four principal functions—as a manager?
- **1.4** What are the levels and areas of management I need to know to move up, down, and sideways?

### Major Questions You Should Be Able to Answer

- 1.5 To be an exceptional manager, what roles must I play successfully?
- 1.6 Do I have what it takes to be an entrepreneur?
- **1.7** To be a terrific manager, what skills should I cultivate?

Managers operate within an organization



→ a group of people who work together to achieve some specific purpose



#### Management is defined as

- 1. The pursuit of organizational goals efficiently and effectively by
- 2. Integrating the work of people through
- 3. Planning, organizing, leading, and controlling the organization's resources



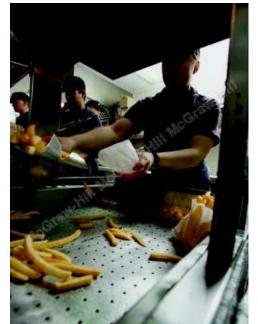
★ To be efficient means to use resources people, money, raw materials, and the like wisely and costeffectively

★ To be effective means to achieve results, to make the right decisions and to successfully carry them out so that they achieve organizational goals

#### Question?

Burger King decided to add breakfast to its hours of operation in order to increase its customers. This was an attempt to improve the organization's:

- A. Effectiveness
- **B.** Planning
- C. Leading strategy
- D. Efficiency



#### Example – Efficiency versus Effectiveness

- ★ Many companies now use a recorded "telephone menu" of options to answer customer calls
- ★ This is efficient for the companies, but not effective
- → Most consumers prefer a live agent



#### Rewards of Studying Management

- ◆ Understanding how to deal with organizations from the outside
- ◆ Understanding how to relate to your supervisors
- ◆ Understanding how to interact with co-workers
- ◆ Understanding how to manage yourself in the workplace

#### Rewards of Practicing Management

- ★ You and your employees can experience a sense of accomplishment
- → You can stretch your abilities and magnify your range
- ★ You can build a catalog of successful products or services

### Seven Challenges to Being an Exceptional Manager

- Managing for competitive advantage staying ahead of rivals
- 2. Managing for diversity the future won't resemble the past
- 3. Managing for globalization the expanding management universe

### Seven Challenges to Being an Exceptional Manager (cont.)

- 4. Managing for information technology
- 5. Managing for ethical standards
- Managing for Sustainability— The Business of Green
- 7. Managing for your own happiness & life goals

### Example – Losing Competitive Advantage: How Did Newspapers Lose Their Way?

- ★ First: Giving Away the Product
  - newspaper proprietors,
    decided to promote
    their product by giving it
    away for free to various
    Web sites
- ★ Second: Relying Too Much on Advertising for Revenue
  - for decades publishers relied for revenues more on advertising than on readers willing to pay

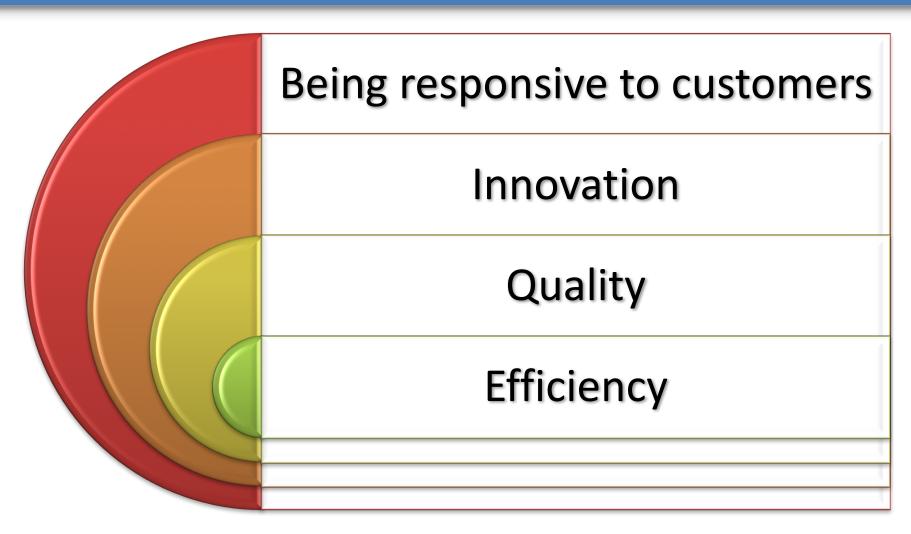
# Managing for Competitive Advantage

#### **★** Competitive advantage

the ability of an organization to produce goods or services more effectively than competitors do, thereby outperforming them



# Managing for Competitive Advantage



#### Question?

John wants his salespeople to use iPhones to improve their sales? Which challenge is he trying to manage?

- A. Diversity
- B. Information technology
- C. Competitive advantage
- D. Globalization



#### Managing for Information Technology

- → By 2015, consumers are projected to spend \$1.4 trillion online, a rise of 13.5 % annually
- ★ Information technology has facilitated e-business, using the Internet to facilitate every aspect of running a business

#### Managing for Information Technology

#### Implications of e-business

- ★ Far-ranging e-management and ecommunication
- Accelerated decision making, conflict, and stress
- Changes in organizational structure, jobs, goal setting, and knowledge management

#### Managing for Sustainability

#### **★** Sustainability

beconomic development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.



### What Managers Do: The Four Principal Functions

Figure 1.1



#### Question?

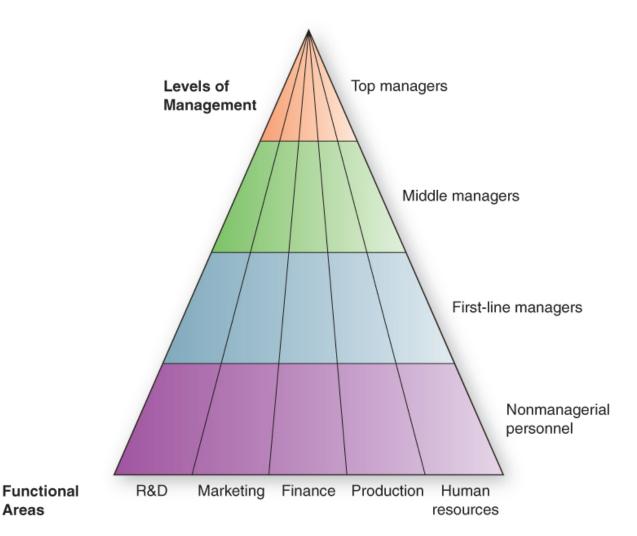
Laura runs a sales and expense report at the end of each work day? Which management function is she performing?

- A. Leading
- **B.** Organizing
- C. Controlling
- D. Planning

#### Pyramid Power: Levels & Areas of Management

Figure 1.2

Areas



### Pyramid Power: Levels & Areas of Management

#### **♦** Top managers

make long-term decisions about the overall direction of the organization and establish the objectives, policies, and strategies for it



### Pyramid Power: Levels & Areas of Management

#### **★ Middle managers**

implement the policies and plans of the top managers above them and supervise and coordinate the activities of the first-line managers below them

#### **★** First-line managers

→ make short-term operating decisions, directing the daily tasks of nonmanagerial personnel

### Pyramid Power: Levels & Areas of Management

- **★** Functional manager
  - responsible for just one organizational activity
- **★**General manager
  - responsible for several organizational activities

#### Question?

Donielle supervises the food assembly line workers. What type of manager is she?

- A. Top manager
- B. Middle manager
- C. First-line manager
- D. General manager



## Roles Managers Must Play Successfully

The manager's roles: Mintzberg's useful findings

- A manager relies more on verbal than on written communication
- A manager works long hours at an intense pace
- 3. A manager's work is characterized by fragmentation, brevity, & variety

#### Three Types of Managerial Roles

#### **★** Interpersonal roles

- managers interact with people inside and outside their work units
- → figurehead, leader, liaison

#### **★** Informational roles

- monitor, disseminator, spokesperson

#### Three Types of Managerial Roles

#### **→** Decisional roles

- managers use information to make decisions to solve problems or take advantage of opportunities
- entrepreneur, disturbance handler, resource allocator, negotiator

#### Question?

CEO, Gary Kelly sets the direction and strategy for Southwest Airlines. What type of managerial role is he performing?

- A. Interpersonal
- **B.** Informational
- C. Decisional
- D. Conclusive

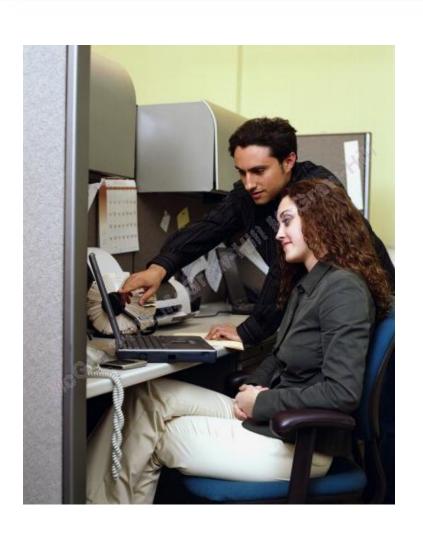
#### **★** Entrepreneurship

- process of taking risks to try to create a new empire



#### **★** Entrepreneur

→ someone who sees a new opportunity for a product or service and launches a business to try to realize it



#### **★**Intrapreneur

→ someone who works inside an existing organization who sees an opportunity for a product or service and mobilizes the organization's resources to try to realize it

### How Do Entrepreneurs & Managers Differ

★ Being an entrepreneur is what it takes to start a business

→ Being a manager is what it takes to grow or maintain a business

### Necessity entrepreneurs

→ people who suddenly must earn a living and are simply trying to replace lost income and are hoping a job comes along

### Opportunity entrepreneurs

those who start their business out of a burning desire rather than because they lost a job

#### Question?

George thought there was an opportunity and opened a new deli in Irmo. He is a(n)

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- A. Manager
- B. Intrapreneur
- C. Entrepreneur
- D.Omni-preneur

### The Skills Exceptional Managers Need

#### **★** Technical skills

the job-specific knowledge needed to perform well in a specialized field

#### **★** Conceptual skills

the ability to think analytically, to visualize an organization as a whole and understand how the parts work together

### The Skills Exceptional Managers Need

#### **→** Human skills



→ the ability to work well in cooperation with other people to get things done

## The Most Valued Traits in Managers

- ★ The ability to motivate and engage others
- **★** The ability to communicate
- ★ Work experience outside the United States
- → High energy levels to meet the demands of global travel and a 24/7 world