A) Read and choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D)

Famous British author Charles Dickens was born on February 7, 1812, in England. Despite his parents' best efforts, the family remained poor. In 1816 the family moved to Chatham, Kent, where Charles and his brothers were free to roam the countryside and explore Old Rochester Castle. In 1822, the family moved to Camden, a poor district of London. During this period, the family's economic conditions deteriorated, and his father was imprisoned in 1824, when Charles was only 12 years old. As a result, Charles Dickens had to drop out of school and work in a boat-painting factory beside the Thames. Later, Dickens began his work as a freelance report writer in the London law courts. Only a few years later, he became a reporter for two major newspapers in London. In 1833, he began presenting skits to various magazines and newspapers under the pseudonym (Boz). His first stories were published in his first book in 1836, Sketches by Boz. Dickens' writing became so popular with readers that he began publishing his first novel, Oliver Twist, as episodes in a newspaper, telling the tale of an orphan living on the streets. The story was inspired by the feeling of Dickens, a poor child forced to make a living through his own wits.

1-Charles had to leave school because ... a-his family moved to the country b-he didn't like it. c-he had to fund his family d-his father died

2- When the family lived in Camdena-they witnessed a financial recoveryb-their economic condition got worsec-his father was set freed-Charles was an adult

3- His refers to ...
a-Dicken's father b-Boz
c-Charles Dickens d- reporter
4-Oliver Twist was
a-the last novel written by Dickens.
b-the first poem written by Boz.
c-Dicken's first novel
d-Dicken's newspaper
5- Oliver Twist was affected by
a-Charles' life in London b-Charles life as a teenager
c-Charles childhood d-Charles work in boatpainting

6-His parents made a lot of efforts to... a-move to the country b-overcome poverty c-move to Camden d-live in London

Read and write (T) or (F) :

Our society is so competitive and focused on winning that we sometimes overlook the silver sides of failure. Failure can activate creativity and innovation, as well as conferring other benefits. Everyone can learn from failure, improving their resilience to the setbacks they will inevitably encounter in life. People who fail repeatedly develop persistence in the face of difficulties. Thomas Edison is remembered for the incandescent light bulb, among many other key inventions in the Age of Electricity. He is said to have failed with a thousand different filaments before hitting on a material that worked. Only people with extensive histories of failure could survive the difficulties that these individuals endured. With success, people keep on doing the same thing. When they fail, they are forced to adapt and change.

7-Failure can be the path to creativity and innovation.

8-People who usually fail are unable to overcome difficulties in the future.

9-Before Edison could invent the light bulb , he had failed a lot.

10-Failure makes people change and fit in.

11-People who have a long history of failure will never make success.

12-Those who always succeed do the things similarly.

II- Choose the correct answer (a, b, c or d) (130 marks)

13-The word that has the sound $\ d \ is:a-fixed$ b-ordered c-talked d-collected

14-The word that has a silent letter is :a-cute bbroken c-laughed d-media

15-The word that starts with a voiceless sound is:amoral b-sure c-killing d-how

16-Carol: Would you join our band?Layal :

a-I'm not sure if it's the best thing to do.b-I'm certain you'll be better .c-You'd better do it .d-Is it OK if I do it?

	انتهت ۱ انتهت ۱
31-They wouldn't have had the accident if heslowly. a-had driven b-drove c-drives d-was driving	
30-If only my sisterclean the house yesterday. a-helped b-didn't help c-would help d-had helped	d-When do some people come back ?
29-They wondered whya-did I leave early?b-had I left early ?c-I had left early .d-I have left early.	<u>People travel abroad for many reasons .</u> a-What makes people travel? b-What challenges do they face abroad? c-How can they overcome them?
28-WhatRamion Fridays ? a-did\do b-does\do c-is\doing d-has\done	Mina was a Syrian novelist, described as the country's "most prominent".
27-Raniaan apple when she suddenly cut her finger.a-was peeling b-peeled c-had peeled d-has peeled	career.Mina's 1989 novel <i>The End of a Brave Man</i> was adapted into a 1994 television miniseries of the same name. His early novels belong to the movement of social realism, and focus on class conflict.Hanna
26-She booked her ticket andfor the train. a-had waited b-was waiting c-waited d-waits	In 1947, he moved to Beirut in search for a job, later moving to Damascus where he began his literary
a-had written b-have written c-wrote d-will have written	42-I'm <u>a teacher of English.</u> B- Reorder the sentences and rewrite the paragraph:
a-had written b-have written c-wrote d-waswriting25- By the time the boss arrives , 1the report.	40-He lent me <u>his brother's</u> tap. 41-The protagonist is <u>brave</u>
24-By the time the boss arrived , Ithe report.	39-I took his car to <u>the garage.</u>
c-has studied d-are studying 23-Hethree tests so far. a-had b-is having c-has d-has had	38-A\Anhas a sad ending. a-novel b-cast c-tragedy d-epic <u>III- Writing – A- Ask about the underlined word</u>
c-beat around the bush d- keep up with 22-Not only my friend but also my cousinbiology this term. a-had studied b-study	37-Youblow cigarette smoke in her face. It's annoying. a-mustn't b-don't have to c-couldn't d-mustn't
21-The police asked the suspect not to a-ace the test b-shore up	a-has cut her hair b-had cut her hair c-had her hair cut d-has her hair cut
20-I couldn't hear the song well because my sister was reading the storya-over b-out c-off d-on	35-Carless people usuallytroubles. a-get into b-run into c-fit in d-keep up with 36-My mother alwaysby the hairdresser.
19-They don't know when he willa-look up b- came back c-pick up d-put on	34-The boss lost his temper when Ilate. a-turned down b-turned off c-turned on d- turned up
18-When I was in Canada , I got used tonew people .a-met b-meeting c-meet d-have met	33-What would happen if hethe law ? a-breaks b-broke c-had broken d-break
17-Maher: My brother has failed his exams. Tala:a-We are proud of him. b-He'd better go now.c-I'm sure he'll be better. d-How amazing !	32-This is the womanchildren broke our window. a-whom b-who c-whose d-when

A) Read and choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D)

Poetry was for centuries a mainstream art, and writers such as Milton and Donne created a world of beauty, of images and forms, as enduring as the painting of the Renaissance or the music of the classical age. Their work became part of the English consciousness. The story of English poetry could be seen in terms of a tension between formal mastery and individual expression, a tension in which the Romantic Movement was crucial in focusing attention on the personal vision of the poet. Shelley and Keats were exploring their own selfhood and their response to the world; they were no longer interested in perfecting existing models, or in being part of any school. Yet by the 20th and 21st centuries, Modernism and the waves of change brought about by world war also influenced poetry, resulting in works by poets with distinct voices who came to enjoy global circulation. Poetry may no longer enjoy this position of centrality in our culture, but the music of ideas that these poets developed is still among the most precious legacies that we have received from the past. This history explores that legacy and shows how vital and challenging modern poetry can still be.

1-By the 20th and 21st century, poetry war.

a-retained itself b-was fixed and static c-changed d-didn't survive 2-Because of Modernism, poetry.... a-is still the center of our culture. b-lost its statue as the center of culture c-no longer has music of ideas d-is no longer important 3- Poetry has been the mainstream art for.... b-thousands of years a-many years d-hundreds of years c-ages 4-The Romantic Movement concentrated on.... a-the world of beauty b-personal vision of the poet c-perfection of existing models d-being a part of specific schools 5-The work of Milton and Donne is....the painting of the Renaissance. a-surviving as b-temporary compared to d-temporary as c-not stable as 6-**They** refers to : a-individuals b-expressions c-Keats and Shelly d-models

Read and write (T) or (F):

Gender equality is at the very heart of human rights and United Nations values. Gender-based discrimination is prohibited under almost every human rights treaty. Despite much progress made in securing women's rights globally, millions of women and girls continue to experience discrimination and violence, being denied of their equality, dignity and even a life.

Promoting women's human rights and achieving gender equality are core commitments of the UN Human Rights Office. We promote women and girls' equal enjoyment of all human rights, including freedom from violence, reproductive rights, access to justice, socio-economic equality, and participation in decision-making. We do this by monitoring and advocating for women's rights, building capacity of stakeholders, and providing technical advice. We promote gender integration within the UN. We also support UN mechanisms and treaty bodies working to promote gender equality.

7- Gender-based discrimination is not accepted under any

human rights treaty. 8-Today all women and girls enjoy equality and dignity. 9-Defending women's rights leads to justice and socioeconomic equality. 10-Internationally, there has been much progress in securing women's rights.

11- the UN Human Rights Office aims to achieve gender equality.

12-the UN Human Rights Office promotes women and girls' equal enjoyment of a few human rights.

	II- Choose the correct answer (a, b, c or d) (130		
	marks)		
	13-His story was No one understood it.		
	a-ambiguous b-persuasive		
	c-invaluable d-outcast		
	14-Many epics discussed the idea of		
:	.a-aptitude b-excavations		
	c-immortality d-methodology		
	15-Nizar Qabbani was a very famous romantic a-poetry b-poems c-poetic d-poet		
	16-Making success requires self		
	a-confidence b-vanity c-rejection d-		
	performance		

....because of

17-Sheher temper when her children broke her favourite vase.	32-Hundreds of young peoplefrom university every year.
a-met b-lost c-raised d-made	a-graduate b-are graduating
10 You have to the new words in the distioners	c -graduated d-have graduated
18-You have tothe new words in the dictionary. a-get out b-pick up c-look up d-put out	33-She can't help you now. Sheher homework.
19-Neverto Lebanon before.	a-is doing b-does c-has been doing d-had done 34-She sat down at the tired, overworked desk. Is a
a-he goes b-he went c-has he been d-he has been	a-metaphor b-personification c-simile d- homophone
20-He failed his exams. His dream of going to university was	35-A: I have a complaint to make B: I'm sorry.
a-by the law b-on a roll	a-I've had my hair dyed green.
c-an act of God d-dead in the water	b-The hotel room is full of spiders.
	c-Would you like me to open the windows?
21-The word that has a silent letter is:	d-Would you mind if I didn't come to work
a-autumn b-normal c-hall d-kill	tomorrow?
22 The second that has the final around hit his s	
22-The word that has the final sound t is : a-painted b-concluded c-brushed d-proved	36-A:We are travelling to Lattakia next week . Would
a-painted b-concluded c-brushed d-proved	you like to join us?
23-Two testsby the Syrian students a year.	B:
a-do b-are done c-are being done d-did	a-I'm proud of you . b-I don't know whether I can .
0	c-No wonder.
24-Our house was painted by three men. We	d-You are always nagging on me.
a-have it painted b-didn't have it painted	37-The teacher questions and the children wrote
c-had painted it d- had it painted	them down in their notebooks.
	a-read off b-read on c-read out d-read over
25-It was very cold last night . If only itwarmer.	38-If you have a chance, do you your exam
a-had been b-wasn't c-hadn't been d-would be	paperbefore giving it to the teacher.
26-She'd have given her job up if sheit. a-hadn't liked b-didn't like c-doesn't like d-hasn't	a-read out b-read over c-read into d-read on
liked	
	<u>III- Writing – A- Ask about the underlined word</u>
27-He was crossing the street when he suddenly	39-I quit my job <u>a month ago.</u>40-He is used to <u>drink coffee after breakfast.</u>
a-was slipping b-slipped c-had slipped d-has	41- <u><i>Hamlet</i></u> was written by Shakespeare.
slipped	42-Ranis has her hair cut twice a year.
28-Ithree books so far.	<u>B- Reorder the sentences and rewrite the paragraph:</u>
a-read b-was reading c-had read d-have read	My sister went to canada last month. She took many
20 I wandared what	laggage with her which annoyed hers husband . He said that he has paid a fine at the airport .
29-I wondered what a-had they bought ? b-did they buy?	
c-they had bought . d-they have bought.	Reading is one of the best hobbies for old people.
	a-Why is reading a favourable hobby for most people?
30-I will never forget the dayI broke my leg.	b-When do you usually read ?
a-who b-where c-which d-when	cWhat kind of books do you read ?
31-Ifor two hours when dad arrived.	d-Is watching a movie better than reading its story
a-have studied b-had been studying	?Give reasons.
c-study d-was studying	

انتهت الأسئلة

Read and choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D)

The Arabian Nights, also known as The Thousand and One Nights, is one of the most famous collections of stories from the Islamic golden age. They are centred around the frame story of the Sultan Shahrayar and his wife Scheherazade. Since the 18th century, foreign cultures had characterised the epic by different literary responses caused by its vague authorial identity. As a result of its translation into many languages, The Arabian Nights has been influencing many world literary writers. Critics, therefore, have identified the utilisation of its literary techniques, such as repetitive designation, framestory, and dramatic visualisation. The Arabian Nights is one of the richest sources for the magical turn in contemporary cultures by using ghosts, jinns or shapeshifting. It is seen as a book of exceptional literary values. The reception of *The Arabian Nights* in the world paves the way to better understanding of Arabic literature among the world's arts. In this sense, The Arabian Nights functions as a means of cultural "language" between east and west. The great significance of The Arabian Nights in literature is indebted to the distinctive use of the narration technique. 1- Dramatic visualisation is ------- in The Arab Nights. a- not employed b-used c- excluded d-rejected 2-A person may overcome culture shock when ... a-rejecting others' help b-arriving in a country c-getting help from locals d-visiting a new place 3- The reception of The Arabian Nights in the wor understanding of Arabic literature. a-hinders b-distorts

c-gives birth to worse d-leads to better
4- *The Thousand and One Nights* is considered ..
a-the only story that uses ghosts, jinns or shape-shifting.
b-the least famous collections of stories
c- a book of special literary values

d-the worst literary work

5-According to the text , *The Arabian Nights* ... a-belongs to the current age

b-is available in many languages

c-is about the death of Scheherazade

d-is a very famous tragedy.

6-The word '**vague** ' in bold means.. a-useful b-grateful c-unfamiliar

Read the following text then decide if the sentences are true or false :

The student must have all the possible conditions to evolve harmoniously within higher education institutions. It therefore has rights that only make sense if they are accompanied by a responsibility that translates into homework. The student is entitled to quality education and research training. To do this, he is entitled to quality supervision using modern and adapted teaching methods. The program of the course must be given to him at the beginning of the year. The course materials (Syllabus, and references of books ...) must be made available to him and brought to his attention. The student has the right to respect and dignity from members of the university community.

On the other hand, The student must respect the right of members of the university community to free expression and their dignity and integrity. The student must demonstrate civility and good manners in all of his behaviours.

7-The text discusses the idea of advantages to higher

education. 8-All students should have access to the course materials 9-Rights of students must be associated with his responsibilities.

10-Students must behave well in all situations.

11- It is the right of students to get meaningful education and training.

12-Students can start their course whenever they want.

1			
	II- Choose the correct answer (a, b, c or d)		
in the world	(165marks)		
e.	13has a negative effect on children's mental		
5	health.		
better	a-perseverance b-der	notivation	
idered	c-paternity d-ram	nification	
or shape-	14-When migrants experien	ce the frustration stage,	
	theythe new culture.		
-	a-enjoy b-balance c-reje	ect d-accept	
5			
	15-Everyone at work likes her. She		
	a-loses face	b-saves face	
ights	c-breaks bread with others	d-has a wide face	
	16-Tragedies are based around		
	a-misery	b-happiness	
	c-terror	d-discrimination	
	17-He's too young toin an election.		
d-not clear	a-aspire b-fine c-vote	d-adopt	

18-I'll work hard tomy new boss	32-If our teamthe match yesterday ,we'd have
a-give\a lift b-lose\temper	been very happy.
c-meet\expectations d-run\risk	a-won b-win c-was winning d-had won
19-My uncle hastennis since he was 20 years	33-The word that has a silent letter is
old.	a-bomb b-physics c-letter d-winter
a-run into b-got into	
c-read off d-looked up	34-The word that starts with a voiced sound is
	a-sure b-pure c-care d-garden
20-He always makes right	
a-decide b-decisive c-decisions d-deciding	35-A:My sister always gets up late. B:
21people often benefit from others' experiences.	a-We're proud of her .
a-successful b-success c-succeed d-successfully	d-I am not sure about that .
	c-Why doesn't she sleep early ?
22-I can't buy this car . It	d-I'll put you through.
a-follows its heart b-costs an arm and a leg	
c-speaks its mind d-is a pain in the neck	36-Ritta likes fashion. She usually readsthe most famous fashion designers.
23-These curtainstomorrow.	a-out b-on c-over d-back
a-are cleaning b-will be cleaned	
c-are cleaned d-clean	37-All the actors moved fastthe stage.
	a-into b-out of c-onto d-from
24-The police has taken away his driving license .	
a-He has taken away his driving license.	38-'My thoughts are stars'is
b- He hasn't had his driving lidense taken away.	a-personification b-simile c-metaphor d-
c- He has had his driving license taken away. d-He has his driving license taken away.	hoptophone
25-Shehere until the train arrives.	Ask about the underlined words: (40 marks)
a-will wait b-is waiting c-waits d-had waited	39-My parents are proud of me.
	40-His car was sent to <u>the scrap</u> .
26-When the guest arrived , Icoffee already.	41-The meal cost more than 20000 Syrian pounds.
a-have made b-made	42- <u>Her</u> husband quit his job yesterday.
c-had made d-would make	
	Rewrite the following passage after correcting the
27-I wish Imore interesting book last night.	four mistakes in it: (20 marks)
a-read b-had read c-was reading d-didn't read	
	The robbery has happened at four o'clock at the
28-The roof had fallen before weto shore it up.	afternoon when her was watching news on TV. The
a-were trying b-tried c-try d-had tried	theif stole her purse and left . <u>-Composition: (40 marks)</u>
29-Some raw meatfor dinner now.	Write a composition of no more than 80 words
a-is cooking b-are cooked	about the following topic:
c-is being cooked d-has been cooking	Travelling abroad has its advantages and
	disadvantages.
30-I think peoplestillcars in the	Include the following:
future.	-The reasons of travelling abroad
a-will \use b-will \have used	-The advantages of travelling
c-will\be using d-are\using	- The disadvantages of travelling
31-Tartous,is small, is a coastal city.	-How people can overcome culture shock
a-that b-where c-which d-who	

Read and choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D)

The Mona Liza is a painting by Leonardo da Vinci, one of the artists of the Italian renaissance, born in 1452. It is the most famous painting in the world. This painting is in the Louvre Museum in Paris, where millions of people visit it annually. The Mona Liza gained its greatest fame in the 20th century, when the genius artist, Da Vinci, was highlighted. The most important question is "who is Mona Liza, and what is her story?"

The painting contains no visible brushstroke, so the Mona Liza looks very realistic as if it were of flesh and blood. Is Mona Liza a real woman who stood before Leonardo to paint her, or is it an imagined image of an ideal beauty than a female face? To find out who Leonardo painted, the Louvre Museum put the painting for scientific scrutiny, using the latest technology. The painting was examined with x-rays, light and infrared imaging and other techniques to reveal its mysteries. The idea of the Mona Liza dates back to 1503, when the Italian silk merchant, Francisco Dell agreed with the artist, Da Vinci, to portray his wife, Liza Gioconda. Leonardo finished itin 1519, when he took it with him to France at the invitation of King Francois I, but he died before returning to Italy and delivering the painting to Francisco.

1-Mona Liza is. a-Leonardo's wife c-imaginary figure d- Dell's wife

b-An Italian queen

2-To uncover who Leonardo painted a-the Louvre Museum displays the painting. b-x-rays, light and infrared imaging were used. c-It was left in Italy. d-It was sent back to France. 3-it refers to ... a-the painting b-the brushstroke c-the museum d-the invitation 4-The idea of the Mona Liza dates back to b-the 15th century a-the 20th century d-the 14th century c-the 16th century 5-the Mona Liza looks very realistic because ... a-it is of flesh and blood b-it underwent scientific scrutiny c-it portraits a woman face d-its brushstrokes are invisible 6- Gioconda was taken to France in order to....

a-be gifted to King Francois I b-be kept in the Louvre Museum c-be completed by da Vinci. d-be examined.

Read the following text then decide if the sentences are true or false :

An interview is a chance for an employer to see if you're the right person for the job. It's also a chance for you to make sure the job and company are the right fit for you. There are different types of interviews which employers might use. You should prepare for the one you're attending. Your interview may only be with one person which is more common in smaller companies. Some interviews are with a panel of 2 or more people. To help make sure you're prepared, you should go over your CV or application form and think about things the employer may ask you about . You can prepare some examples that show you have the right skills, personal qualities and experience. You should also pick out something suitable and comfortable to wear. Plan to arrive 5 to 10 minutes before the interview starts. Unless you have a very good excuse and call ahead to rearrange, turning up late for an appointment will not be preferred. Using foul and inappropriate language is generally not acceptable at any time in the workplace, so it is an especially bad idea in an interview. VVVVVVV

7-A job interview is important for both employer and employee.

8-In small firms, face-to-face interviews are common. 9-It's Ok to arrive late for your interview. 10-Putting on something comfortable is recommended 11-You won't be asked about your skills and capacities. 12-You should use suitable and polite language while having an interview.

II- Choose the correct answer (a, b, c or d) (165marks)

13-Laws areby the government. a-broken b-passed c-reduced d-acquired 14-Making success requires a-remuneration b-demotivation c-vanity d-perseverance 15-Syrian..... can be acquired by paternity. a-nationally b-nationality c-national d-nation 16-A.....is a machine which is used to clean carpets. a-drill b-vacuum cleaner c-launderette dphotocopier 17-If parentstheir children , they affect their mental health. a-encourage b-prove c-demotivate d-unload

18-His parents are very proud of him . He is	33-Itin our city lately .
a-on a roll b-assembling the case	a-is raining b-hasn't rained c-rained d-rains
c-joining the ranks d-running the risk	34-She watches American movies but sheall the
	words.
19-He has toan effort to achieve his dream.	a-isn't understanding b-hasn't understood
a-give b-run c-raise d-make	c-doesn't understand d-understands
20-The verb that has the final sound t is:	
a-avoided b-aced c-loved d-played	35-A:I think you'll be a champion in the future.
21-The word that has the first sound voiced is :	B:
a-through b-stayed c-know d-sire	a-We're proud of you .
	d-You are exaggerating .
22-He didn't jack up his car himself. He	c-Why don't you go ?
, 1	d-I'll hold on .
a-didn't have it jacked up	
b-had jacked it up.	36-The woman took the keyher purse to open
c-had it jacked up	the door.
d-has it jacked up.	a-into b-off c-out of d-off
	37-The actorstheir best play a year ago.
23-The pipesa week ago.	a-put up b-put on c-put out d-put off
a-mended b-were mended	
c-were being mended d-had mended	38-"The heart wants what it wants – or else it does
24-He the report by this time next week .	not care "is
a-will have written b—will write	a-personification b-simile c-metaphor d-
c-will be writing d-will be written	homophone
	1
25-I felt angry with my son Hecomputer	Ask about the underlined words: (40 marks)
games all morning	39-A tragedy has a sad ending.
a-has been playing b-had been playing	40-Nizzar Qubbani wrote poetry.
c-was playing d-is playing	41-The rich have to reach out to the poor.
c-was playing d-is playing	42-The theater is <u>2 kilometres</u> away from the city
26 Mary will visit may have sha anough time	center.
26-Mary will visit me when sheenough time. a-will have b-has had c-had d-has	Reorder and Then rewrite the following passage :
a-will have b-has had c-had d-has	(20 marks)
	(20 marks)
27-If only my brothersmoking. It's unhealthy.	The novelist diad of a stroke on June 0, 1970, aged 59
a-would stop b-stops c-will stop d-has stopped	The novelist died of a stroke on June 9, 1870, aged 58 years. After three years he returned to school, before he
	began his literary career as a journalist. Born
28-I'm very interested in music .I always read	in <u>Portsmouth</u> , Dickens left school at the age of 12 to
the latest musical techniques.	work in a boot-blacking factory when <u>his father</u> was
a-over b-off c-on d-out	incarcerated in a <u>debtors' prison</u> . Dickens edited a weekly
	journal for 20 years, wrote 15 novels, five novellas,
29-Don't make noise. My grandfather	hundreds of short stories.
a-sleeps b-has been sleeping c-slept d-is sleeping	induction of shore stories.
	-Composition: (40 marks)
30-By the time the police , the burglar had run	Write a composition of no more than 80 words
away.	about the following topic:
a-arrived b-arrive c-had arrived d-have arrived	Women have played a vital role in building
	society.
31-The carpenteryou told me about is skillful.	
a-who b-which c-whom d-whose	Include the following:
	-Who is your female role model?
32-The tailor would have shortened your shirt if	-Why do you admire her?
youhim .	- How do women contribute to society?
a-has asked b-had asked c-asked d-ask	-What should we do to support women