## بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

## اختبار الفصل الدراسي الثاني ١٤٣٥ – ١٤٣٦ه 'المقال' د. أحمد السقوفي مصور النصديد: المحنوى.

1) Each subsequent sentence becomes increasingly focused on
the topic until the last sentence, which states very specifically what the
essay will be about.
A- Statistics
B- correspond
C- Model
D- Funnel Introduction
2) both and,
A- correlative conjunctions
B- subordinating conjunction
C- quotation
D- logical order
3) To a source means to tell where you got the information.
A- avoid
A- avoid  B- cite Collaboration  Entire entsab.com
C- idea
D- guilty
4) The information in angle brackets <> is the address (URL)
where the article can be found.
A- Safety
B- topic
C- date
D- Web site
5) A Paragraph is a group of relatedthat discuss one (and usually
only one) main idea.
A- words
<u>B- sentences</u>
C- idea
D- Paragraph
6) Driving on freeways requires skill and alertness (a topic is)
A- Driving on freeways
B- skill and alertness
C-requires skill
D-freeways requires
7) The rise of indie films is due to several factors. (a controlling idea is)
A- The rise

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B-several factors
C-due to several
D- The rise of indie films
8) A topic sentence is a; that is, it contains at least one subject
and one
verb.
A- supporting sentences
B- complete sentence
C-controlling idea
D- Paragraph
9) A topic sentence is a complete sentence; that is, it contains at least
one
A- supporting sentences
B- complete sentence
C- subject and one verb
D- Paragraph
10) Superstitions have been around forever. This sentence is :
A-too general
B-too specific
C-topic sentence
D-incomplete
11) The concluding sentence: It signals theof the paragraph.
A- end
B- incomplete
C- new idea
D- beginning
12) The signals the end of the paragraph and leaves the
reader with important points to remember.
A- supporting sentences
B-topic sentence
C-controlling idea
D- concluding sentence
13) means that a paragraph discusses one and only one main idea
from beginning to end.
A- Unity
B- Coherence
C- transition signals
D- Consistent
14) The easiest way to achieve coherence is to repeat key
frequently in your paragraph.
A- pronouns
B- nouns
C- number

D- verb
15 When you use, make sure that you use the same person and
number
throughout your paragraph.
A- pronouns
B- nouns
C- number
D-verb
16) Unless
A- correlative conjunctions
B- subordinating conjunction
C-conjuctive adverbs
D-transition phrases
17) -Such as (another, additional),
A- adjectives
B- verb
C- adverbs
D- phrases
18) -Era also suggested that rising wages were one of the primary causes
of inflation;, the government should take action to control wages
A :- contract
B- however entsal. Com
C- for example
<u>D-therefore</u>
19) Chronological order signals include all time
A- expressions
B- steps
C- stories
D- essay
20) -Changing Direct Quotations to Indirect Quotations: He says, "I can
finish it today."
A-he said that he can finish it today
B- He says that he can finish it today
C-he said that he could finish it today
D- "He says "that he can finish it today
21) -Forin writing, the sentences must hold together; that is, the
movement
from one sentence to the next must be logical and smooth.
A-core
B- repeat
C-concept
D- coherence

22) -For coherence in writing, the sentences must hold together; that is,
the movement
from one sentence to the next must be logical and
A- idea
B- repeat
<u>C- smooth</u>
D- quotation
23) is using someone else's words or ideas as if they were your
own,
A- plagiarism
B- repeat
C- quotation
D- coherence
24) -Reporting verbs can be used either with or without the as.
A- coherence
B- subordinator
C- transition
D- Consistent
25) - An is a piece of writing several paragraphs long.
A- introduction
B- attract
C- idea entsab.com
D- essay
26) The thesis statement: 1- States thetopic.
A- general
B- specific
C- sentence
- D-complete
27) -The is the most important sentence in the introduction.
A- thesis statement
B- General statement
C- statement
D- none
28) The body paragraphs in an essay are like the supporting sentences in
a paragraph. They are the place to develop your and prove your
points.
A- ideas
B- topic
C- sentence
D-subtopics
29) - logical division of ideas. In this pattern, you divide your topic
into and then discuss each subtopic in a separate paragraph.
A- ideas

B- topic
C- sentence
<u>D- subtopics</u>
30) -An not only organizes your thoughts, but it also keeps you on
track once you begin to write.
A- important
B- repeat
C- outline
D- introduction
31has all sorts of uses. We use it to tell stories, to relate
historical events, and to write biographies and autobiographies.
A- organization
B- chain organization
C- block organization
D- chronological order
32)In this pattern, causes and effects are linked to each other in
a chain.
One event causes a second event, which in turn causes a third event,:
A- organization
B- chain organization
C- block organization
D- chronological order
D- chronological order  33) - In block organization, a paragraph often separates one major
section from another major section.
A- short
B- long
C- block
D- order
34) a short paragraph often separates one major section from another
major section. This paragraph is called a
A- long sentence
B- short paragraph
<u>C- transition paragraph</u>
D- concluding sentence
35) - You do not always have to write a transition paragraph, but it is
helpful when your topic is long and
A- short
B- long
C- easy
<u>D- complex</u>
36) A paragraph is a group of related sentences that discuss one:
A- Always only one main idea
B- usually only one main idea

C- Always only two main idea
D- usually only two main idea
37) -Including the source of the borrowed information with the reporting
expression gives to your writing because it lets your reader know
immediately that your information is from a credible source.
A- opinion
B- fact
C- proof
D- authority
38) -student writers often fail to support their ideas adequately. They need
to use details to be thorough and convincing.
A- general
B- specific
C-topic
D- fact
39) At sea level, water boils at 100 degrees Celsius.( statement is)
A- an opinion
B- a fact
C-a specific supporting detail
D-a fact that needs proof
40) We mark a paragraph by indenting the first word about
41) Chronological order is order by <u>time</u> a sequence of events or steps in
a process.
42) To <u>introduce borrowed information</u> you can use a reporting verb
such as (say, write, maintain and declare.
43) 'Not only but also' is an example of correlative conjunctions.
44) The block pattern is usually easier with <u>larger</u> , <u>complex topics</u> such
as global warming or homelessness.
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وصل اللهم وسلم على سيدنا محمد.

نادر الشمري