

Midterm Exam (CBT)

ENGL 113 (Science)

- ✓ The Midterm Exam is a Computer Based Test (CBT).
- ✓ There are 60 questions and each question carries half a mark (1/2).
- ✓ The exam duration is 90 minutes.
- ✓ All the questions are multiple-choice questions (MCQs) with four options.
- ✓ The breakdown of the questions is as follows:

Midterm Exam (30%)

Item	Marks
Grammar & Vocabulary	20 (10+10)
Reading (2 passages)	20 (10+10)
Listening (1 dialogue + 1 monologue)	20 (10+10)

Midterm Exam Syllabus:

- ✓ The Midterm Exam will be based on the units mentioned below.
- ✓ The exam will have four parts; Grammar, Vocabulary, Reading and Listening.
- ✓ In addition to the units mentioned below, you also need to cover the grammar and vocabulary list mentioned in this document.

المنهج الخاص بالامتحان النصفى:

- يشمل الامتحان النصفى الوحدات المذكورة أدناه.
- يحتوي الامتحان على أربعة أقسام: القواعد, المفردات, القراءة و الاستماع.
- بالإضافة إلى الوحدات المذكورة أدناه, يجب على الطالب أن يدرس القواعد و المفردات في هذا الملف.

Source	Units
Q Skills 5 R/W	1 - 2
Q Skills 5 L/S	1 - 2

Grammar:

- ✓ **10 Multiple Choice Questions.**
- ✓ The grammar questions will be based on all the grammar points from **Units 1-2.**
- ✓ **In addition** to the grammar points in **Units 1-2**, the following points also need to be covered for the Midterm Exam:

Grammar Items
Present real conditional (If clause)
Future real conditional
Using descriptive adjectives (with prefixes)
Use of adjectives
Parallel structure
Conjunctions: and, but, so, and or
Suffixes: -ful, -able, -ial, -er, -ment, -tion, -ship, -ness, -ly
Compound sentences

Coordinating conjunctions: and, but, or and so to write compound sentences

Shifts between past and present time frames

Suffixes: -acy, -er/-or, -ment, -ness, -tion, -ate, -en, -ize, -able, -al, -ful, -ive, -ous, -ly, -ally

Auxiliary verbs: do for simple present and simple past

Auxiliary verbs: be with present and past continuous

Auxiliary verbs: have with present perfect

Contractions with auxiliary verbs

Adjective-noun collocations

Quantifiers with count/uncount nouns

Tag questions

Modals expressing attitude (must not, can't, have to, has to, must, should, shouldn't, ought to, don't have to)

Word families: nouns, verbs and adjectives

Past perfect

Contraction of had

Grammar Sample Questions

1. **Sarah doesn't like coffee; she usually _____ tea.**
A drinks
B drink
C drinking
D to drink

2. **Where does he _____?**
A to live
B lives
C living
D live

3. **They aren't moving home, _____?**
A are they
B aren't they
C will they
D they are

4. **"Whose watch is this?"
"It's _____."**
A your
B mine
C me
D you

5. **There _____ a bookshop in our neighborhood.**
A is
B are
C were
D are no

6. You shouldn't _____ too much junk food; it's bad for your health.

- A eating
- B eats
- C to eat
- D eat

7. He _____ travel to Dubai in the vacation.

- A is going
- B are going to
- C is going to
- D are going

8. If he studies hard, he _____ the exam.

- A will pass
- B will passed
- C would pass
- D will be passing

9. Please _____! I'm trying to sleep.

- A don't shout
- B doesn't shout
- C not shout
- D can't shout

10. He _____ his homework before he left home.

- A had written
- B has written
- C writes
- D wrote

Vocabulary:

- ✓ **10 Multiple Choice Questions.**
- ✓ The vocabulary questions will be based from **Units 1-2.**
- ✓ **In addition** to the vocabulary in **Units 1-2**, the following vocabulary list also needs to be covered for the Midterm Exam.

Vocabulary List

VOCABULARY	PART OF SPEECH
appreciate	verb
confidence	noun
demonstrate	verb
effective	adjective
impress	verb
lead to	phrasal verb
maintain	verb
offensive	adjective
select	verb
stranger	noun
accomplishment	noun
consider	verb
exaggerate	verb
expect	verb
professional	adjective
punctual	adjective
research	noun
responsible	adjective
slang	noun
weakness	noun
accomplish	verb
accomplished	adjective
confident	adjective
consideration	noun
considerable	adjective
considerably	adverb
demonstration	noun
demonstrative	adjective
impression	noun
offense	noun
offend	verb
responsibility	noun
selection	noun
selective	adjective

balanced	adjective
identify	verb
likely	adjective
be made up of	phrasal verb
recognize	verb
at risk	phrase
sensitive	adjective
system	noun
typically	adverb
concept	noun
consume	verb
cuisine	noun
influence	verb
method	noun
portion	noun
practice	noun
principle	noun
property	noun
region	noun
constitutes	verb
dishes	noun
view	noun
taste	noun
textures	noun
harmony	noun
benefit	noun
data	noun
limitation	noun
manufacturer	noun
obey	verb
obstacle	noun
occur	verb
respond	verb
sense	verb
adapt	verb
digital	adjective
discover	verb
eventually	adverb
experiment	noun
feedback	noun
interactive	adjective
monitor	verb
reliable	adjective
revolutionize	verb
anticipation	noun
appealing	adjective
appear	verb
claim	verb

come close to	phrasal verb
critic	noun
deceptive	adjective
figure out	phrasal verb
hire	verb
particularly	adverb
annoying	adjective
annual	adjective
broadcasting	noun
donation	noun
entertain	verb
exposure	noun
memorable	adjective
support	verb
surrounding	adjective
-ful	Suffix
-able	Suffix
-ial	Suffix
-er	Suffix
-ment	Suffix
-tion	Suffix
-ship	Suffix
-ness	Suffix
-ly	Suffix
unpredictable	adjective
relationship	noun
recently	adverb
painful	adjective
dissatisfaction	noun
distrustful	adjective
happiness	noun
certainly	adverb
colorful	adjective
aspect	noun
challenge	noun
mental	adjective
notable	adjective
perceive	verb
precaution	noun
pursuit	noun
tolerance	noun
trait	noun
vivid	adjective
bravely	adverb
conquer	verb
determined	adjective
distinctive	adjective
earn	verb

goal	noun
role	noun
significant	adjective
ultimate	adjective
appetite	noun
face	noun
ingredient	noun
consume	verb
drive	verb
embrace	verb
assume	verb
behavior	noun
briefly	adverb
encounter	noun
error	noun
form an impression	phrasal verb
negative	adjective
positive	adjective
sample	noun
trait	noun
conscious	adjective
expert	noun
fake	noun
instinct	noun
snap judgment	phrasal verb
suspicious	adjective
unconditionally	adverb
-acy	Suffix
-er/-or	Suffix
-ate	Suffix
-en	Suffix
-ize	Suffix
-al	Suffix
-ive	Suffix
-ous	Suffix
-ally	Suffix
accuracy	noun
assumption	noun
consciously	adverb
prediction	noun
effectively	adverb
instinctive	adjective
calories	noun
concentrate	verb
diet	noun
mix	verb
mood	noun
rely on	phrasal verb

spicy	adjective
wise	adjective
complex	adjective
disgusting	adjective
distinguish	verb
estimate	verb
flavor	noun
keep an eye on	phrasal verb
occasionally	adverb
swallow	verb
texture	noun
trend	noun
light meal	collocation
cold drink	collocation
fast food	collocation
fresh fruit	collocation
soft drink	collocation
junk food	collocation
juicy steak	collocation
balanced diet	collocation
quick snack	collocation
crisis	noun
curious	adjective
fulfilled	adjective
handle	verb
justify	verb
position	noun
steady	adjective
suffer	verb
cope	verb
exhausted	adjective
firsthand	adverb
informed	adjective
permanent	adjective
struggle	verb
support (oneself)	verb
unemployed	adjective
wages	noun
get	verb
change	verb
make	verb
appeal	noun
brand	noun
campaign	noun
logo	noun
persuade	verb
relate to	phrasal verb
competitor	noun

edge	noun
fast	verb
focus	verb
humorous	adjective
integrated	adjective
mark	verb
merchandising	noun
peak	noun
take advantage of	phrasal verb
context	noun
circulation	noun
target	noun
infomercials	noun
eye-catching	adjective
tedious	adjective
prime time	noun
push	verb
hype	noun
catchy	adjective
audience	noun
embarrass	verb
expose	verb
financial	adjective
funds	noun
income	noun
model	noun
promote	verb
publish	verb
threaten	verb
discover	verb
invention	noun
investigate	verb
locate	verb
mystery	noun
previous	adjective
reputation	noun
retire	verb
solve	verb
discovery	noun
finance	noun
inventor	noun
location	noun
proof	noun
solution	noun
create	verb
invent	verb
embarrassing	adjective
inventive	adjective

creatively	adverb
inventively	adverb
embarrassingly	adverb
financially	adverb
I'm going to talk about....	phrase
I want to talk about....	phrase
in order to	phrase
My topic is.....	phrase
This presentation is on.....	phrase

Vocabulary Sample Questions

1. I don't think I'm _____ enough to climb that mountain.

- A flat
- B tall
- C kind
- D fit

2. I want _____ flight from Riyadh to Dubai, please.

- A an international
- B a national
- C a local
- D an internal

3. She's a very _____ person. Everyone likes her.

- A angry
- B annoying
- C lonely
- D pleasant

4. My watch is broken. Can you _____ it for me?

- A repair
- B repeat
- C relate
- D borrow

5. **Someone who is in charge of a business or department**
- A a customer
 - B a client
 - C a secretary
 - D a manager
6. **Special clothes that are worn by members of a group or team**
- A uniform
 - B suit
 - C trousers
 - D shoes
7. **The library was _____ today. There was nowhere to sit.**
- A clean
 - B empty
 - C crowded
 - D quiet
8. **Look at the sky. It's so _____, I think it's going to rain.**
- A sunny
 - B cloudy
 - C bright
 - D blue
9. **An area of land that has water on all sides**
- A a continent
 - B a lake
 - C an island
 - D a country
10. **Fatima's father worked as a doctor for 40 years. He _____ six months ago, so he's not working any more.**
- A released
 - B removed
 - C retired
 - D relied

Reading:

- ✓ **20 Multiple Choice Questions** (2 reading passages with **10 MCQs** each)
- ✓ The Midterm Exam will be based on the reading skills covered in **Units 1-2**.

Sample Reading Passage with Questions

1. Banana smoothies first appeared in the 1930s. Since then, they have become very popular across the world. Not only is the banana smoothie delicious, but it has many of the nutrients our bodies need to **function**.
2. Banana smoothies are made from fresh bananas using an electric blender. The fresh fruit gives it that chunky but creamy look. The ice keeps it cool in the hot summer heat. Bananas have a lot of healthy carbohydrates which makes them a perfect food for athletes and people with active lifestyles. Smoothies help to give energy after a difficult workout.
3. Doctors recommend bananas to patients who have heart problems and high blood pressure, as they lower the risk of stroke and heart attacks. Another good thing about this wonderful fruit is that **it** protects against depression and keeps you in a good mood.
4. Banana smoothies, when mixed with yogurt and other fruits like apples or mangos, protect you from stomach ulcers and help your digestive system. Bananas are a low-calorie food; there are about 100 calories in a medium sized banana. They make you feel full, so if you eat a banana, you will avoid snacking between meals. This is **beneficial** because it helps you to reach your weight loss goals. But make sure you don't put sugar in your smoothie. Bananas are sweet enough!

1. **What happened in the 1930s?**
 - A. Banana smoothies were first made.
 - B. Banana smoothies became very popular.
 - C. Banana smoothies were made all over the world.
 - D. Banana smoothies were found to have nutrients.

2. **How many calories does a banana have?**
 - A. 100 calories in a large banana
 - B. 100 calories in a small banana
 - C. 100 calories in a medium banana
 - D. 100 calories in any banana

3. **Which of the following is NOT true of bananas?**
 - A. They are good for your heart.
 - B. They are good for your digestive system.
 - C. They can help you lose weight.
 - D. They can cause stomach ulcers.

4. **Banana smoothies should NOT be mixed with _____.**
 - A. apples
 - B. sugar
 - C. Mangoes
 - D. yogurt

5. **In paragraph 1, what does the word 'function' mean?**
 - A. work properly
 - B. play
 - C. be popular
 - D. appear

6. **In paragraph 4, what does the word 'beneficial' mean?**
 - A. low-calorie
 - B. sweet
 - C. helpful
 - D. full

7. What does the underlined word 'it' in paragraph 3 refer to?

- A. doctor
- B. banana
- C. stroke
- D. blood pressure

8. Which of these titles is best for this passage?

- A. Smoothies: An Alternative to Food
- B. How To Prepare Apple Smoothies
- C. Have a Banana Smoothie
- D. 101 Banana Recipes

Listening:

- ✓ 20 Multiple Choice Questions (2 listening scripts with 10 MCQs each)
- ✓ The Midterm Exam will be based on the listening skills covered in **Units 1-2**.

Sample Listening Script with Questions

	[sound of phone ringing]
Hotel Clerk	Good afternoon, Grand Palace Hotel. How may I help you?
Mr. Ali	Hello, I'd like to book a room.
Hotel Clerk	Certainly, sir... What dates did you have in mind?
Mr. Ali	Well, my flight from Riyadh arrives in Jeddah on January 10 th and I will be staying for two... no wait... three... yes, I'll be in Jeddah for three nights before leaving for meetings in Taif and Abha...
Hotel Clerk	So you'd like to book a room from January 10 th through January 13 th ...
Mr. Ali	No, not the 13 th , the 12 th ... I said I'd be there for three nights... not four...
Hotel Clerk	Yes, of course, sir, but you will be checking out of the hotel on January 13 th , correct?
Mr. Ali	Ah, yes, of course... you're right. The check-out date will be January 13 th .
Hotel Clerk	Let me just check the computer to see if we have rooms available... mmmm, let's see... we have a double room on

	January 10 th and 11 th , but there's nothing on the 12 th ... no wait... I'm sorry, my mistake... we do have a junior suite available on the 12 th .
Mr. Ali	No, that won't work... I don't want to change rooms.
Hotel Clerk	Let me see then... hmmm... you could book the junior suite for your entire stay...
Mr. Ali	Can you tell me how much the junior suite is?
Hotel Clerk	Of course, sir... it's one thousand two hundred and fifty Riyals per night.
Mr. Ali	And what about a double room?
Hotel Clerk	Our standard rate for the double room is seven hundred and fifty Riyals... so the junior suite is only five hundred Riyals more per night than the double.
Mr. Ali	Hmmm, that's a bit more than I wanted to spend...
Hotel Clerk	If you are travelling on business, I can apply our corporate discount of twenty percent to your booking, sir...
Mr. Ali	Yes, I will be in Jeddah to meet with some clients. So with the discount, that would make the rate... let me think, twenty percent of twelve fifty is...
Hotel Clerk	It would be a discount of two hundred and fifty Riyals per night, sir...
Mr. Ali	Great! Let's book it then...

1. The man is calling the hotel _____.

- A. to make a reservation
- B. to cancel a reservation
- C. to speak to a guest
- D. to make a complaint

2. The hotel is located in _____.

- A. Riyadh
- B. Jeddah
- C. Taif
- D. Abha

3. How long will the man stay in the hotel?

- A. one night
- B. two nights
- C. three nights
- D. four nights

4. When will the man check out of the hotel?

- A. January 10th
- B. January 12th
- C. January 13th
- D. January 30th

5. Why is the man travelling?

- A. He is visiting his family.
- B. He is meeting friends.
- C. He is a tourist.
- D. He is doing business.