

Mid-term Exam (CBT)

ENG 104 (Science/Engineering)

- The mid-term exam is a Computer Based Test (CBT).
- There are 60 questions and each question carries half a mark (1/2).
- The exam duration is 90 minutes.
- All the questions are MCQs with four options.
- The breakdown of the questions is as follows;

Mid-Term Exam (30%)

Item	Marks
Grammar & Vocabulary	20 (10+10)
Reading (2 passages)	20 (10+10)
Listening (1 dialogue + 1 monologue)	20 (10+10)

Mid-term Exam Syllabus:

- The Midterm Exam will be based on the units mentioned below.
- The exam will have four parts; Grammar, Vocabulary, Reading and Listening.
- In addition to the units mentioned below, you also need to cover the grammar and vocabulary list mentioned in this document.

المنهج الخاص بالامتحان النصفي:

- يشمل الامتحان النصفي الوحدات المذكورة أدناه.
- يحتوي الامتحان على أربعة أقسام: القواعد, المفردات, القراءة و الاستماع.
- بالإضافة إلى الوحدات المذكورة أدناه, يجب على الطالب أن يدرس القواعد و المفردات في هذا الملف.

Source	Units
Q Skills 1 R/W	1 – 3
Q Skills 1 L/S	1 - 3

Grammar:

- **10 Multiple Choice Questions.**
- The grammar questions will be based on all the grammar points from **Units 1-3**
- In addition to the grammar points in **Units 1-3**, the following points also need to be covered for the mid-term exam.

GRAMMAR ITEM
Word forms: nouns and verbs
verbs + infinitives (like, want and need)
noun phrases and infinitives
Writing compound sentences with but and so
Word roots: lone, fac, migra, nat, pop
Simple past with regular and irregular verbs
Negative forms of the simple past
Modifying nouns
Sentences with because
Simple present
Simple present statements with regular verbs (affirmative & negative forms)
Simple present statements with be (affirmative & negative forms)
Simple present statements with have (affirmative & negative forms)
Simple past with regular and irregular verbs
Simple past in negative statements
should and shouldn't
It's + adjective + infinitive
Suffixes: -ful and -ing
Be going to
Be going to statements
Be going to questions

Grammar Sample Questions

1. Sarah doesn't like coffee; she usually _____ tea.
- A drinks
 - B drink
 - C drinking
 - D to drink
2. Where does he _____ ?
- A to live
 - B lives
 - C living
 - D live
3. "Are they students?"
"Yes, _____."
- A they are
 - B are they
 - C he is
 - D we are
4. "Whose watch is this?"
"It's _____."
- A your
 - B mine
 - C me
 - D you
5. There _____ a bookshop in our neighborhood.
- A is
 - B are
 - C were
 - D are no
6. You shouldn't _____ too much junk food; it's bad for your health.
- A eating
 - B eats
 - C to eat
 - D eat
7. He _____ travel to Dubai in the vacation.

- A is going
- B are going to
- C is going to
- D are going

8. _____ bag is brown.

- A Sarah is
- B Sarah
- C Sarah's
- D Sarah has

9. Please _____! I'm trying to sleep.

- A don't shout
- B doesn't shout
- C not shout
- D can't shout

10. My friend bought _____ lunch today.

- A he
- B I
- C we
- D me

Vocabulary:

- **10 Multiple Choice Questions.**
- The vocabulary questions will be based from **Units 1-3**
- In addition to the vocabulary in **Units 1-3**, the following vocabulary list also needs to be covered for the mid-term exam.

VOCABULARY	PART OF SPEECH
tell	verb
quickly	adverb
carefully	adverb
tough	adjective
optimistic	adjective
kick	verb
insect	noun
pretty	adjective
help	verb
unnatural	adjective
rise	verb
support	verb
embarrassment	noun
connect	verb
notice	verb
employee	noun
rising	adjective
distracted	adjective
career	noun
plan	noun
success	noun
skill	noun
match	verb
solve	verb
creative	adjective
decision	noun
company	noun
customer	noun
event	noun
flexible	adjective
product	noun
regular	adjective
result	noun
pay	noun / verb
travel	noun / verb
work	noun / verb
celebrate	verb
international	adjective
market	noun
million	number
neighborhood	noun
population	noun

sights	noun
opportunity	noun
lonely	adjective
own	adjective
giggle	verb
several	adjective
community	noun
lone	adjective
alone	adjective
loneliness	noun
factory	noun
immigrate	verb
fac	word root
nat	word root
pop	word root
migra	word root
emigrate	verb
native	adjective
populate	verb
manufacture	verb
produces	verb
employees	noun
competes	verb
average	adjective
improve	verb
likely	adjective
rest	verb
policy	noun
abroad	noun
attitude	noun
benefit	noun
discover	verb
positive	adjective
probably	adverb
reduce	verb
classroom time	collocation
family needs	collocation
life experiences	collocation
work experience	collocation
relaxation time	collocation
work time	collocation
job stress	collocation
family stress	collocation
summer vacation	collocation
vacation policy	collocation
school year	collocation
work schedule	collocation
company president	collocation

work email	collocation
exciting	adjective
effect	noun
requirement	noun
basic	adjective
organized	adjective
degree	noun
application	noun
interview	noun
advertising	noun
assistant	noun
graduate	verb
major	noun
manager	noun
resume	noun
job	noun
business	noun
difficulty	noun
mistake	noun
death	noun
custom	noun
avoid	verb
bottom	noun
breath	verb
confused	adjective
die	verb
invite	verb
offended	adjective
rude	adjective
upset	adjective
wedding	noun
depressed	adjective
disorganized	adjective
considerate	adjective
treated	verb
hilarious	adjective
dangerous	adjective
desert	noun
destroy	verb
history	noun
local	adjective
pollution	noun
tourist	noun
volunteer	noun
unfamiliar	adjective
ancient	adjective
prepare	verb
repair	verb

lead	verb
enjoyable	adjective
-ful	suffix
-ing	suffix
beauty	noun
beautiful	adjective
wonder	noun
wonderful	adjective
excite	verb
interest	noun
interesting	adjective
amaze	verb
amazing	adjective
peace	noun
peaceful	adjective
loudly	adverb
helpful	adjective
charm	noun
charming	adjective
meaning	noun
meaningful	adjective
forget	verb
unpopular	adjective
care	noun
careful	adjective

Vocabulary Sample Questions

1. I don't think I'm _____ enough to climb that mountain.

- A flat
- B tall
- C kind
- D fit

2. I want _____ flight from Riyadh to Dubai, please.

- A an international
- B a national
- C a local
- D an internal

3. She's a very _____ person. Everyone likes her.

- A angry
- B annoying
- C lonely
- D pleasant

4. **My watch is broken. Can you _____ it for me?**

- A repair
- B repeat
- C relate
- D borrow

5. **Someone who is in charge of a business or department**

- A a customer
- B a client
- C a secretary
- D a manager

6. **Special clothes that are worn by members of a group or team**

- A uniform
- B suit
- C trousers
- D shoes

7. **The library was _____ today. There was nowhere to sit.**

- A clean
- B empty
- C crowded
- D quiet

8. **Look at the sky. It's so _____, I think it's going to rain.**

- A sunny
- B cloudy
- C bright
- D blue

9. **An area of land that has water on all sides**

- A a continent
- B a lake
- C an island
- D a country

10. **Fatima's father worked as a doctor for 40 years. He**

_____ six months ago, so he's not working any more.

- A released
- B removed
- C retired
- D relied

Reading:

- **20 Multiple Choice Questions** (2 reading passages with **10 MCQs** each)
- The mid-term exam will be based on the reading skills covered in **Units 1-3**.

Sample Reading Passage with Questions

1. Banana smoothies first appeared in the 1930s. Since then, they have become very popular across the world. Not only is the banana smoothie delicious, but it has many of the nutrients our bodies need to **function**.
2. Banana smoothies are made from fresh bananas using an electric blender. The fresh fruit gives it that chunky but creamy look. The ice keeps it cool in the hot summer heat. Bananas have a lot of healthy carbohydrates which makes them a perfect food for athletes and people with active lifestyles. Smoothies help to give energy after a difficult workout.
3. Doctors recommend bananas to patients who have heart problems and high blood pressure, as they lower the risk of stroke and heart attacks. Another good thing about this wonderful fruit is that **it** protects against depression and keeps you in a good mood.
4. Banana smoothies, when mixed with yogurt and other fruits like apples or mangos, protect you from stomach ulcers and help your digestive system. Bananas are a low-calorie food; there are about 100 calories in a medium sized banana. They make you feel full, so if you eat a banana, you will avoid snacking between meals. This is **beneficial** because it helps you to reach your weight loss goals. But make sure you don't put sugar in your smoothie. Bananas are sweet enough!

1. **What happened in the 1930s?**
 - A. Banana smoothies were first made.
 - B. Banana smoothies became very popular.
 - C. Banana smoothies were made all over the world.
 - D. Banana smoothies were found to have nutrients.

2. **How many calories does a banana have?**
 - A. 100 calories in a large banana
 - B. 100 calories in a small banana
 - C. 100 calories in a medium banana
 - D. 100 calories in any banana

3. **Which of the following is NOT true of bananas?**
 - A. They are good for your heart.
 - B. They are good for your digestive system.
 - C. They can help you lose weight.
 - D. They can cause stomach ulcers.

4. **Banana smoothies should NOT be mixed with _____.**
 - A. apples
 - B. sugar
 - C. Mangoes
 - D. yogurt

5. **In paragraph 1, what does the word 'function' mean?**
 - A. work properly
 - B. play
 - C. be popular
 - D. appear

6. **In paragraph 4, what does the word 'beneficial' mean?**
 - A. Low-calorie
 - B. Sweet
 - C. helpful
 - D. Full

7. What does the underlined word 'it' in paragraph 3 refer to?

- A. Wonderful fruit
- B. Banana
- C. Stroke
- D. Blood pressure

8. Which of these titles is best for this passage?

- A. Smoothies: An Alternative to Food
- B. How To Prepare Apple Smoothies
- C. Have a Banana Smoothie
- D. 101 Banana Recipes

Listening:

- 20 Multiple Choice Questions (2 listening scripts with 10 MCQs each)
- The mid-term exam will be based on the listening skills covered in **Units 1-3**.

Sample Listening Script with Questions

	[sound of phone ringing]
Hotel Clerk	Good afternoon, Grand Palace Hotel. How may I help you?
Mr. Ali	Hello, I'd like to book a room.
Hotel Clerk	Certainly, sir... What dates did you have in mind?
Mr. Ali	Well, my flight from Riyadh arrives in Jeddah on January 10 th and I will be staying for two... no wait... three... yes, I'll be in Jeddah for three nights before leaving for meetings in Taif and Abha...
Hotel Clerk	So you'd like to book a room from January 10 th through January 13 th ...
Mr. Ali	No, not the 13 th , the 12 th ... I said I'd be there for three nights... not four...
Hotel Clerk	Yes, of course, sir, but you will be checking out of the hotel on January 13 th , correct?
Mr. Ali	Ah, yes, of course... you're right. The check-out date will be January 13 th .
Hotel Clerk	Let me just check the computer to see if we have rooms available... mmmm, let's see... we have a double room on January 10 th and 11 th , but there's nothing on the 12 th ... no wait... I'm sorry, my mistake... we do have a junior suite available on the 12 th .
Mr. Ali	No that won't work... I don't want to change rooms.
Hotel Clerk	Let me see then... hmmm... you could book the junior suite for your entire stay...
Mr. Ali	Can you tell me how much the junior suite is?
Hotel Clerk	Of course, sir... it's one thousand two hundred and fifty Riyals per night.
Mr. Ali	And what about a double room?
Hotel Clerk	Our standard rate for the double room is seven hundred and fifty Riyals... so the junior suite is only five hundred Riyals more per night than the double.
Mr. Ali	Hmmm, that's a bit more than I wanted to spend...
Hotel Clerk	If you are travelling on business, I can apply our corporate discount of twenty percent to your booking, sir...
Mr. Ali	Yes, I will be in Jeddah to meet with some clients. So with the discount, that would make the rate... let me think, twenty percent of twelve fifty is...
Hotel Clerk	It would be a discount of two hundred and fifty Riyals per night, sir...
Mr. Ali	Great! Let's book it then...

1. The man is calling the hotel _____.

- A. to make a reservation
- B. to cancel a reservation
- C. to speak to a guest
- D. to make a complaint

2. The hotel is located in _____.

- A. Riyadh
- B. Jeddah
- C. Taif
- D. Abha

3. How long will the man stay in the hotel?

- A. One night
- B. Two nights
- C. Three nights
- D. Four nights

4. When will the man check out of the hotel?

- A. January 10th
- B. January 12th
- C. January 13th
- D. January 30th

5. Why is the man travelling?

- A. He is visiting his family.
- B. He is meeting friends.
- C. He is a tourist.
- D. He is doing business.