

Week 2



New Vocabulary

التجارة الالكترونية E-commerce	تقنية technology	يوحد - يربط incorporate	الشراء purchasing
تعاوني collaborative	البنية التحتية infrastructure	يتفاعل interacting	يمد - يوفر provide
تتبع tracking	توسع expansion	طلب - يطلب order	ربح profit
قرار decision	قيود limitation	ثورة revolution	الدخل revenue
نقل shipping	تسليم handing	فصل isolation	على الارض grounded

Definitions

التجارة الالكترونية شراء منتجات بيع على الانترنت
e-commerce : buying and selling products over the internet .

التعلم يسهل تستخدم انظمة منتجات رقمية الكترونية تكنولوجيا
technology : electronic or digital products and systems used to facilitate learning

محتويات مادة شكل يربط يكون يربط - يوحّد
incorporate: to form or combine into one body or uniform substance as ingredients .

الشراء
purchasing : buying .

عمل جماعي تعاوني
collaborative : teamwork.

اعمال الارضة اساسية البنية التحتية
Infrastructure : base ground works.

يتواصل يتفاعل
interacting : contacting

يعطي يوفر
provide: give

يسير خلف يتتبع
tracking: go after

يزداد يتوسع
expansion: increase .

The bridge

التوصيل شيء يطلب يطلب

order : to **request** something for delivery.

فائدة ربح

profit : benefit

اختيار قرار

decision : choice.

قيود

limitation : restriction.

ابتكار ثورة

revolution : innovation.

دخل

revenue : income .

لآخر مكان من مواد بضائع نقل النقل

shipping : **moving goods** and materials from one place to another.

شخص شيء ادارة تسليم

handing : **the management** of someone or something.

وحدة فصل

isolation : aloneness

الارض يلمس شيء يوضع على الارض

grounded : something that touches down **the ground**

Grammar**The Present Simple Tense** المضارع البسيط**Formation** : تكوينه

I - we - you - they - plural nouns → infinitive المصدر

He - she - it - singular nouns → infinitive + s

Uses : استخدامه**1. permanent situations** – **things in general** الاشياء المعروفة – المواقف الدائمةMr. Chin **lives** in China.A doctor **works** at a hospital**2. repeated habitual actions** الاحداث المتكررةMy father **never smokes** cigarettes.I **go** to school **every** day .We **play** football on **Sundays**.

The bridge

3. General truths. الحقائق العامة

The Moon goes round the Earth.

Water **boils** at 100 °C.

4-Sequence of actions in the present أفعال متتالية في الوقت الحاضر

To make tea, **First** we **add** tea to water. **Then** , we **boil** water .**After that** we **add** sugar.

Finally , we **pour** the tea in cups.

5-Scheduled actions: الاحداث المجدولة

The bus leaves at 10:00 tomorrow.

The flight to Cairo takes off at 10:30

6-After these verbs: بعد الافعال الدائمة التي لا تتوقف

يشعر يلمس يتذوق يشم يسمع يرى
see- hear – smell – taste – touch – feel_

1-أفعال الحواس

يدين لـ يمتلك

have – own – posses – owe

2- أفعال التملك

يحتاج يريد يكره يحب
love – like – hate – want – need –

أفعال العاطفة :

يقصد يقرر يعرف يتعرف على يدرك يعتقد

4-أفعال الفهم و الإدراك : think – believe – realize – recognize – know — decide – mean

اللغة الأم لغة يتحدث يعيش من يأتي يفهم يفهم

comprehend - understand - come from – live – speak a language (native)

verbs for sensory reception : أفعال الحواس

يتذوق يشم يسمع يرى يشعر

feel – see – hear – smell -- taste

Key words : كل شتاء صيف سنة شهر أسبوع يوم

Every + time → day - week - month - year – summer –winter

أبدا نادرا أحيانا غالبا عادة دائما

always – usually – often – sometimes – rarely = seldom – never

عند النفي : نضع كلمة do not \ does not قبل الفعل مباشرة ثم نحذف حرف s

I -We - You - They - plural → **do not** + infinitive المصدر

He - She - It - singular → **does not** + infinitive

I speak English well . → I **do not** speak English well .

My friend swims very fast . → My friend **does not** swim very fast .

عند السؤال نستخدم do-does كفعل مساعد لبدء السؤال أو بعد كلمة الاستفهام

I work in Cairo .


The bridge

- Do you work in Cairo ?
- Where do you work ?

The doctor examines patients .

- Does the doctor examines patients ?
- Who does the doctor examine ?

The Present Progressive Tense**Form:-**

I	—————→	am	
He –She – It + المفرد	—————→	is	+ verb الفعل + ing
We – You – They + الجمع	—————→	are	
	past		future

1-Actions happening now فعل يحدث الانStudents **are writing** homework **at the moment**.My father **is driving** to Jeddah **now**.**2-Actions going on in a recent period of time** أحداث مستمرة في فترة زمنية حاليةWe **are studying** for exams **nowadays**.They **are preparing** the land **these days**.**3-Temporary actions and situations** المواقف المؤقتةMy neighbour **is building** an expansion of his house.Sami **is having** some ice cream.**4-Future plan** خطة مستقبليةTomorrow, She **is buying** a new dress .We **are flying** to London **next week**.**5-Repeated actions which are irritating to the speaker** مواقف متكررة تسبب الضيق

You are always phoning me late at night.

The baby is always crying.

Key words :- علامات المضارع المستمر

الآن	أنظر	اسمع	هذه الايام	هذه الايام
<u>Now</u>	<u>Look !</u>	<u>listen !</u>	<u>nowadays</u>	<u>these days</u>

Next + time .. week , month , year etc... . – in + 2 weeks – 3 month – 5 years في خلال

غدا	قريبا	لاحقا	في المستقبل
Tomorrow	soon	later	in the future

ينفى المضارع المستمر بوضع كلمة not بعد am/is/are

They are playing football now
They are not playing football now

عند السؤال نقدم am – is – are لنبدأ بها السؤال

I am playing football .
Are you playing football ?

They are studying maths .
Are they studying maths?

هناك بعضا لأفعال لا تستخدم في المضارع المستمر و تسمى stative verbs

يشعر يلمس يتذوق يشم يسمع يرى

see- hear – smell – taste – touch – feel

1-أفعال الحواس

يدين لـ يمتلأ ك

have – own – posses – owe

2- أفعال التملك

يحتاج يريد يكره يحب

love – like – hate – want – need –

أفعال العاطفة :

يقصد يقرر يعرف يتعرف على يدرك يعتقد

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يتذوق يشم يسمع يرى يشعر

feel – see – hear – smell -- taste

Add ing

إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف e غير منطوقة ، فإننا نحذفها و نضيف ing

Drive	smile	make	take	write	bake
↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓
Driv <u>ing</u>	smil <u>ing</u>	mak <u>ing</u>	tak <u>ing</u>	writ <u>ing</u>	bak <u>ing</u>

لاحظ ← see → seeing ← be → being لأنها منطوقة

إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف ساكن يسبقه حرف من a-e-i-o-u فإننا ندبل الحرف الاخير و نضيف ing

stop	clap	put	swim	let
↓	↓	↓	↓	↓
stop <u>ping</u>	clap <u>ping</u>	put <u>ting</u>	swim <u>ming</u>	let <u>ting</u>

هناك ثلاث حالات لا ندبل الحرف الاخير

1- إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف W- X – Y

blowing bowing playing obeying mixing

2- إذا سبق الحرف الاخير بحرفين علة من a- e- i – o – u

Cleaning cooking beating meeting feeding

٣- إذا كان المقطع الأول من الكلمة اعلى نطقا من الثاني stressed syllable

openinging

listening

happening

editing

orbiting

Use the Present Simple or the Present Progressive

1-My sister (be) tall and she (have) dark hair and blue eyes.

2-I (not believe) In fortune tellers. العرافين

3-She (practice) Her piano lessons right now.

4-We (walk) To work every day.

5-Tom (be)lazy boy. He (get up) At 12 every day.

6-I (like) pasta very much.

7-My grandmother (enjoy) v(be)visiting her grandchildren.

8-They (play) chess at weekends.

9-We (not believe) in miracles.

10-He (wash)his own clothes.

11-Peter (not smoke)too much .

12-My grandfather (not know) anything about music.

13-Earrest (have) a shop. He (sell) pets.

14-I always (wear)comfortable clothes.

15-Mum (wash) the dishes now .She always (wash)the 16-
dishes after every meal .

17-They (have) a bath now .

18-We (not / do) the homework after class .

Complete with Simple Present or Present Continuous

I (study / usually) in the morning .

Tom and Peter (have) breakfast at the moment.

Elisa sometimes (get)..... home at 6:00.

At weekends, Paul (meet / always)..... his friends at the club.

The bridge

My daughter (study) English but now she (study) Spanish .

Steve usually (go) to work by bus .

We can't go out now. It (rain) .

Sarah usually (take) A bus to school But this week she (go) by car

We (not swim) now .

I (not cook) dinner at the moment . I (watch) TV.

Lisa (not do) Yoga on Saturdays. She (do) Yoga on Wednesdays and Fridays.

Children usually (ask) many questions.

Look! Tom (climb) that tree.

Grammar**The Present Perfect Tense**

بالفعل	توا	حتى الان	منذ	لمدة	هل سبق	أبدا
Already	just	Yet	since	for	ever	never
بالفعل	حديثا	مؤخرا				
So far	lately	recently				

I – You – We – They – جمع → have + V³

He – She – It – مفرد → has + V³

كلمات تأتي آخر الجملة

- already:** → نهاية الجملة المثبتة
so far → نهاية الجملة المثبتة
before → مع كل انواع الجمل
yet → نهاية الجملة المنفية و السؤال

كلمات تأتي وسط الجملة (قبل التصريف الثالث)

- already / just** → وسط الجملة المثبتة
ever → وسط السؤال قبل التصريف الثالث
Never → وسط الجملة البادئة ب no أو منفية بالمعنى

فعل حدث في الماضي و لم يذكر الوقت

1-for actions that happened in the past but the exact time is not mentioned**2-for recently completed actions** حدث تم و اكتمل حدوثه الان او من فترة قصيرة

3-for past actions whose results are obvious in the present فعل ماضي له أثر ما زال موجودا

4-for actions which started in the past and continue up to the present (emphasis on the action) حدث بدأ في الماضي و ما زال مستمرا حتى الان

5-with adjectives in the superlative form and expressions like *the only/first/second...*

- Choose the right word(s) :-

1- The boy his bike already .

a-mends b-has mended c-mend d- is

2- They started work already.

a-are b-have c- is d- has

3- He the homework so far.

a- has written b-writing c- write d-is writing

4- She hasn't finished it

a-since b- for c-yet d-just

5-Ali has studied his lessons

a-never b- already c- yet d- ever

6-They haven't finished work

a-never b- already c- yet d- ever

7-Have you found a large sum of money?

a-never b- already c- yet d- ever

8-Has your friend left school ?

a-never b- already c- yet d- ever

9-No, I have Written my homework yet.

a-never b- already c- yet d- ever

10- She her room already .

a- clean b-has cleaned c- cleaned d-cleans

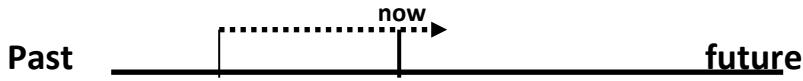
11-She five stories since nine o'clock.

a-has read b-have read c- is reading d- read

12-They Computer games for three hours.

a-has played b- was playing c- have played d- are playing

The Present Perfect Continuous Tense المضارع التام المستمر



I - You - We - They + جمع → have + been + verb + ing

He - She - It + اسم مفرد → has + been + verb + ing

Uses :

1-for actions which started in the past and continue up to the present (emphasis on the duration of the action) حدث بدأ في الماضي ومستمر للآن و ما بعد الآن أي .. التركيز على استمرارية الفعل

They have been building that bridge for three month now.

Mona has been cooking since 12:00.

2-for actions which happened over a period of time in the past and may have finished, but the results are obvious in the present حدث قد يكون انتهى و لكن اثره ما زال مستمرا

Ali has been running for a long time. He is hot.

It has been raining for hours. Streets are muddy.

3- to show annoyance resulting from a recent action لإظهار الضيق من حدث مستمر

You have been always making such strange sounds.

Keywords:

Since منذ

for لمدة

all my life طوال عمري

1-Since+ اسم الوقت

الساعة	اليوم	الشهر	الفصل	السنة	الشهر الماضي
Three o'clock	Sunday	May	Summer	1425	last month

2-For + period of time مدة زمنية

an hour – hours – three hours

a day - days - two days

a month months four months

a year years five years

for a long time = for ages

for a while =for a short time

Choose the right answer:

1- We to solve the problem for two hours now .

a- tried

b- have tried

c- have been trying

d- are trying

2- I..... to drive for a month and I'm still learning it .

a- have been learning

b- has been learning

c- learned

d- learning

3-The school..... English courses for ten years and it still offering up till now .

- a-has been offering
- c-offered

- b-have been offering
- d- is offering

4- Some students here for five years and they still doing that .

- a-have been learning
- c- learned

- b-has been learning
- d-are learning

5-They that house since last Ramadan .

- a-built
- c- has been building

- b- have been building
- d- building

6-She cakes since the morning .

- a-making
- c-is making

- b- has been making
- d- have been making

7-I'm hot because I

- a-running
- c- b- has been running

- d- have been running
- d-run

8- She's tired because she all day.

- a-shopping
- c- b- has been shopping

- d- have been shopping
- d-shopped

Complete with Simple Present or Present Continuous

Linda (travel) around the world for three months.

She (visit)six countries so far .

Jimmy (play) football since he was 5 years old .

He (win)the national championship four times .

Bill and Andy (make)ten films since they left college.

They (make)films for many years now.

Look ! somebody (break)..... the window.

I (read) the book you gave me all morning , but I (not finish) yet.

Sorry I'm late . That's all right. I (not wait) for a long time .

Peter (clean) the windows for some time .



