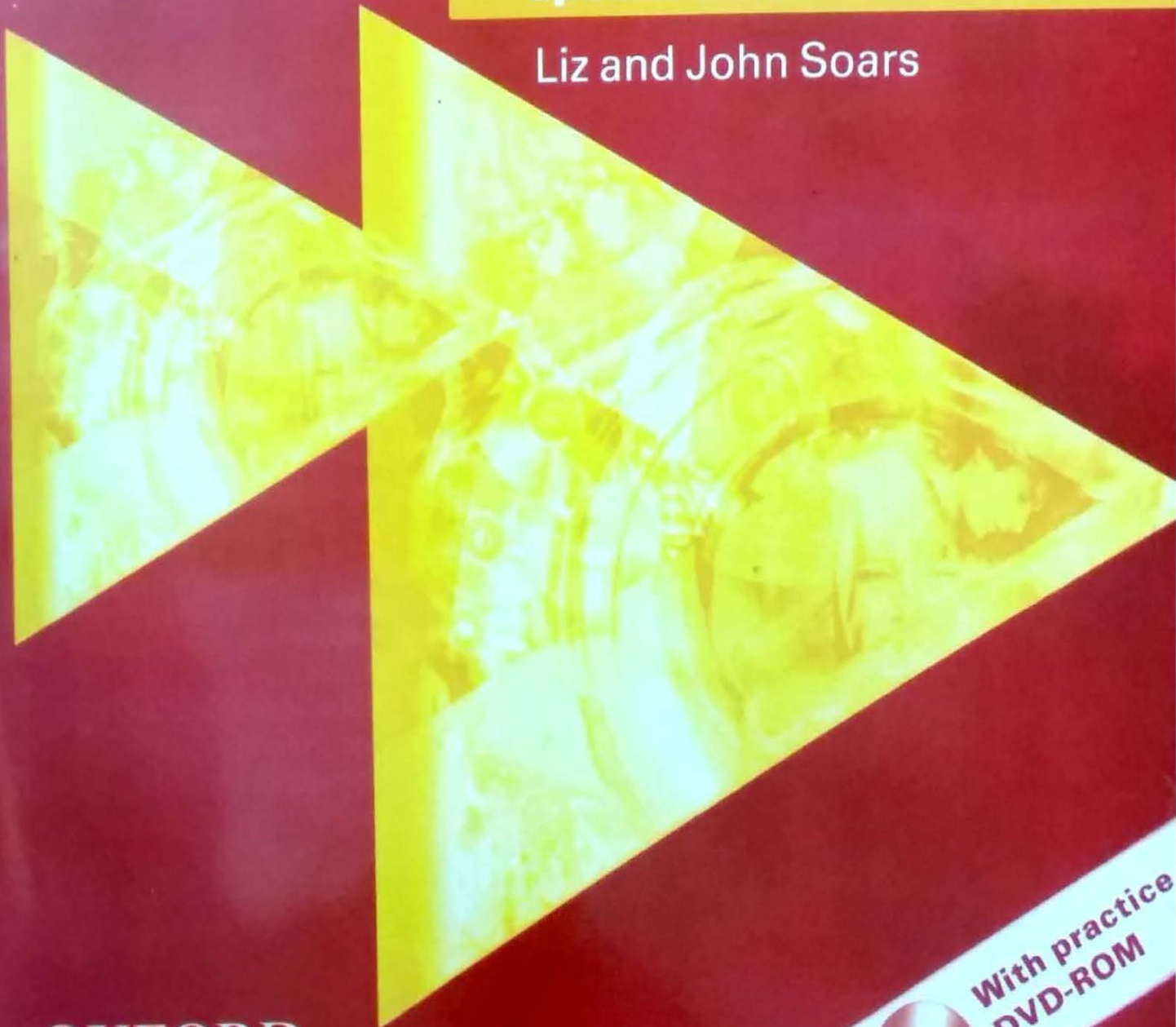


Elementary Workbook without key

New
Headway
Plus

Special Edition

Liz and John Soars



OXFORD



With practice
DVD-ROM

New Headway Plus

Special Edition

**Elementary
Workbook without key**
with DVD-ROM

John and Liz Soars

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UNIVERSITY PRESS

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1

am/is/are • *my/your/his/her*
Countries and nationalities • *a or an?*
Numbers 1-20

Hello everybody!

am/is/are

1 What's your name?

Complete the conversation.

A Hello. What's your name?

B Scott. What's _____ ?

A My name _____ John. Where _____ you _____, Scott?

B I _____ from London. _____ you from?

A _____ New York.



2 I'm from France

Write sentences.

1 Pierre
I'm from France.

2 Max and his wife Lisa
We're from the USA.

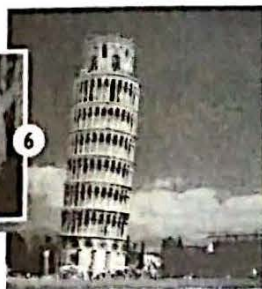
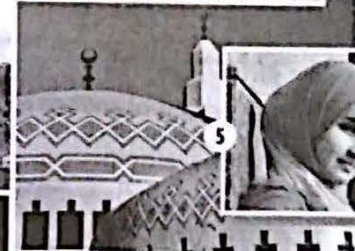
3 Kurt

4 Tomoko

5 Jana

6 Marco


7 Steve and his wife Mary




3 He's a doctor from Mexico

T.1.1 Write about the people.


He's Rafael Ramos.
 He's from Mexico.
 He's a doctor.
 He's thirty.

Surname	Ramos	
First name	Rafael	
From	Mexico	
Job	Doctor	
Age	30	

- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____

Surname	Al-Majali	
First name	Jana	
From	Jordan	
Job	Student	
Age	19	

- 5 _____
- 6 _____
- 7 _____
- 8 _____
- 9 _____

Surname	Novak	
First names	Ilona and László	
From	Hungary	
Job	Teachers	
Age	Ilona - 26 László - 28	

4 Long forms

T.1.2 Write the long forms.

- 1 I'm a student.
I am a student.
- 2 What's your name?

- 3 She's from Italy.

- 4 I'm twenty years old.

- 5 They're from the USA.

- 6 You're English.

- 7 We're students.

5 Short forms

T.1.3 Write the short forms.

- 1 She is a student.
She's a student.
- 2 My name is Maria.

- 3 He is married.

- 4 They are from Brazil.

- 5 I am from Mexico. I am not from Spain.

- 6 We are from the USA.

- 7 He is a teacher. He is not a doctor.

Possessive adjectives

6 *my* and *your*

Complete the sentences with *my* or *your*.

- Hello. _____ name's Jenny.
- What's _____ name?
- Is Catherine _____ sister?



- 4 **John** Andy, this is _____ brother, Dick.
Andy Hello, Dick.

7 *his* and *her*

Complete the sentences with *his* or *her*.

- 'What's _____ name?'
'Elizabeth.'
- _____ name is James Baker.
- I have a brother. _____ name is David.
- Marie is from France. _____ flat is in Paris.

Vocabulary and pronunciation

8 Countries and nationalities

T1.4 Match the countries and nationalities.

Country	Nationality
England	Hungarian
Germany	Mexican
Italy	Egyptian
France	English
Spain	Japanese
Portugal	German
Egypt	Brazilian
Japan	Russian
the United States	Italian
Russia	French
Hungary	American
Brazil	Portuguese
Mexico	Spanish

9 Where's the stress?

1 **T1.5** Put these two-syllable words into the correct columns, A or B.

England	Japan	Russia	Ireland
Brazil	Spanish	German	Egypt

A ●●	B ●●	C ●●●	D ●●●
England _____	Japan _____	Germany _____	Portuguese _____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

2 **T1.6** Put the three-syllable words in the box into the correct columns above, C or D.

Germany	Portugal	Portuguese	Italy
Mexico	Mexican	Japanese	

a or an?

10 What's this in English?

Write *a* or *an* or the plural noun.

1 a bag _____



4 _____



7 _____



10 _____

2 an ice-cream _____



8 _____



11 _____

3 keys _____



5 _____



6 _____



9 _____



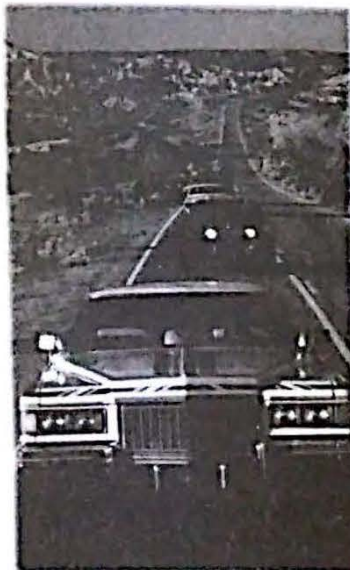
12 _____

11 An American car

Complete the sentences with one word from each column.

	American	car
a	French	university
an	international	city
	English	camera
	Japanese	name
	German	language
	Italian	car

- 1 A Cadillac is *an American car* .
- 2 Pierre is _____ .
- 3 Oxford is _____ .
- 4 English is _____ .
- 5 Milan is _____ .
- 6 A Mercedes is _____ .
- 7 A Pentax is _____ .



Check it

12 Right or wrong?

Tick (✓) the correct sentence.

- 1 He's from Germany.
 He's from Germany.
- 2 She's a teacher.
 She's teacher.
- 3 Where she from?
 Where's she from?
- 4 What's her name?
 What's she name?
- 5 I'm a student.
 I'm student.
- 6 I have two sisters.
 I have two sister.
- 7 They from Japan.
 They're from Japan.
- 8 It's a Spanish orange.
 It's an Spanish orange.
- 9 He's name's Jamal.
 His name's Jamal.
- 10 Her name is Fatima.
 Her name it's Fatima.

Numbers

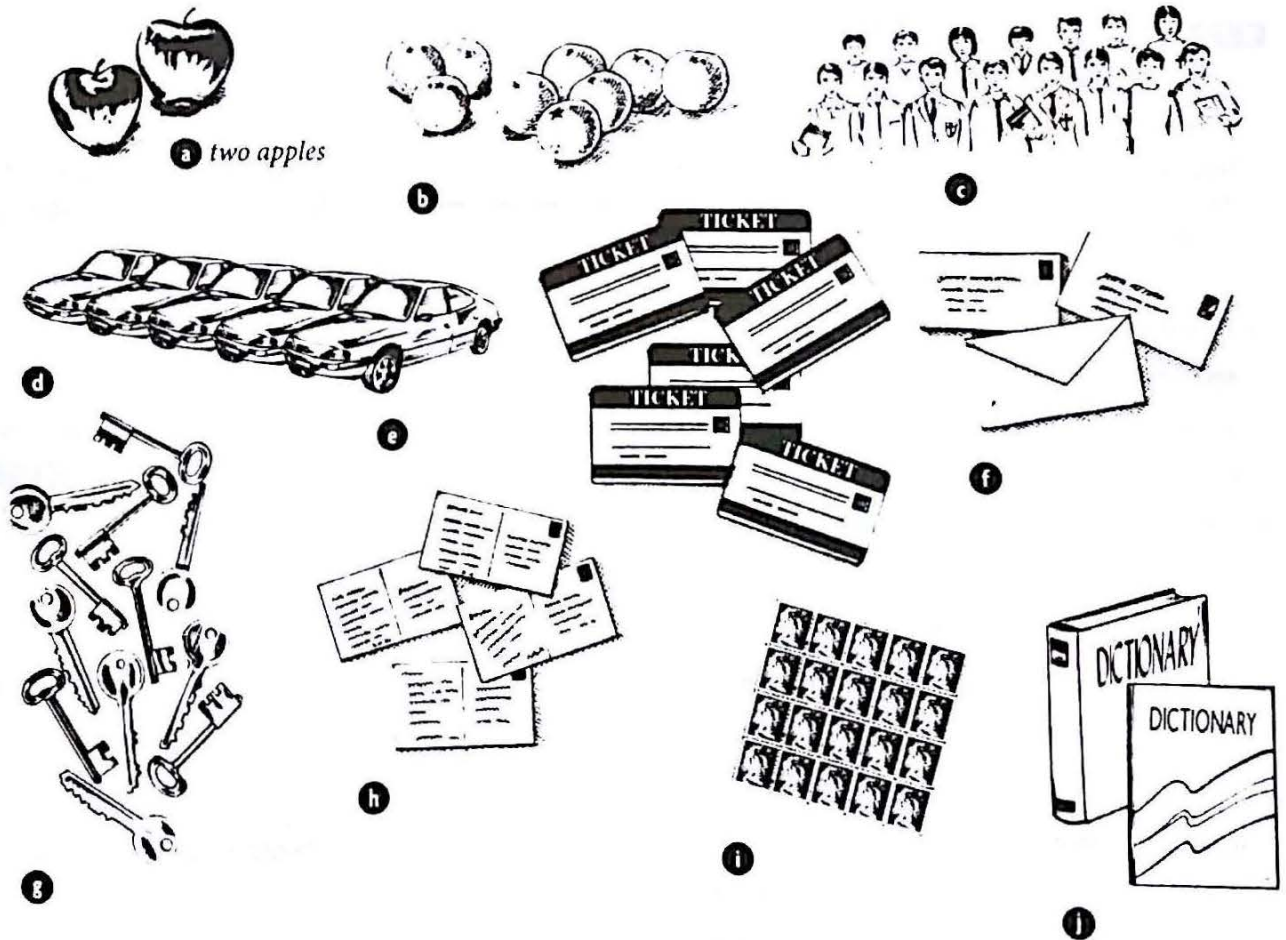
13 1-20

T1.7 Match the numbers and words.

10	seven	2	nine	7	eight	15	three	17
twelve	18	fourteen	5	two	20	seventeen		
4	ten	9	five	13	four	11	nineteen	
fifteen	12	eleven	8	eighteen	14	twenty		
16	one	3	sixteen	6	thirteen	19	six	1

14 How many?

Write the numbers and objects.



2

Questions and negatives • Possessive 's
Adjectives and nouns • Plural nouns
Numbers 1–100 and prices

Meeting people

Questions and negatives

1 Question words

T2.1 Match the questions and answers.

1 Where's the Colosseum?	a 01494 762890.
2 How are you?	b £1.20.
3 How old are you?	c Isabel Flett.
4 What's your phone number?	d It's in Rome.
5 Who's your teacher?	e Fine, thanks.
6 How much is a cup of tea?	f Twenty-one.

2 Making questions

T2.2 Read about the Evans family.

THE EVANS FAMILY AT WORK

Paul Evans is a maths teacher. He's thirty-nine. He's at school now. His address is 34 King Street, Bristol.

His wife, Penny, is at work in her office. She's a bank manager. Her phone number at work is 830 9771.

They have two children, Mark and Jane. Mark is ten and Jane is seven. They are at school.

Write questions for these answers.

About Paul

- 1 What's *his job* ? He's a teacher.
- 2 How ? He's thirty-nine.
- 3 Where now ? At school.
- 4 What ? 34 King Street, Bristol.

About Penny

- 5 Where ? In her office.
- 6 ? She's a bank manager.
- 7 ? 830 9771.

About the children

- 8 ? Ten and seven.
- 9 ? At school.

3 Questions about you

T 2.3 Answer the questions about you.

- 1 What's your surname? _____
- 2 What's your first name? _____
- 3 Where are you from? _____
- 4 What's your job? _____
- 5 What's your address? _____
- 6 What's your phone number? _____

4 Making negatives

T 2.4 Correct the sentences.

- 1 Brazil is in Europe.
Brazil isn't in Europe. It's in South America.
- 2 Cairo is in Turkey.

- 3 Snow is hot.

- 4 Five and six is twelve.

- 5 You're English.

- 6 We're in a Russian class.

- 7 Rolls-Royce cars are cheap.

5 Short answers

T 2.5 Write true answers.

- 1 Are you English? *No, I'm not.*
- 2 Are you a student? *Yes, I am.*
- 3 Is it hot today? _____
- 4 Is English difficult? _____
- 5 Are you twenty-one years old? _____
- 6 Are you at school? _____
- 7 Are your parents at home? _____

6 Short forms

T 2.6 Write the short forms.

- 1 Italy is in Europe.
Italy's in Europe.
- 2 It is not hot today.

- 3 I am not married.

- 4 Where is the newspaper?

- 5 They are not from Oxford.

- 6 We are at work.

- 7 You are a student.

7 Long forms

T 2.7 Write the long forms.

- 1 They're Italian.
They are Italian.
- 2 You aren't old.

- 3 My flat's small.

- 4 Her son isn't an accountant.

- 5 His wife's a journalist.

- 6 They're at work.

- 7 We aren't rich.

Possessive 's

8 Possessive 's or is?

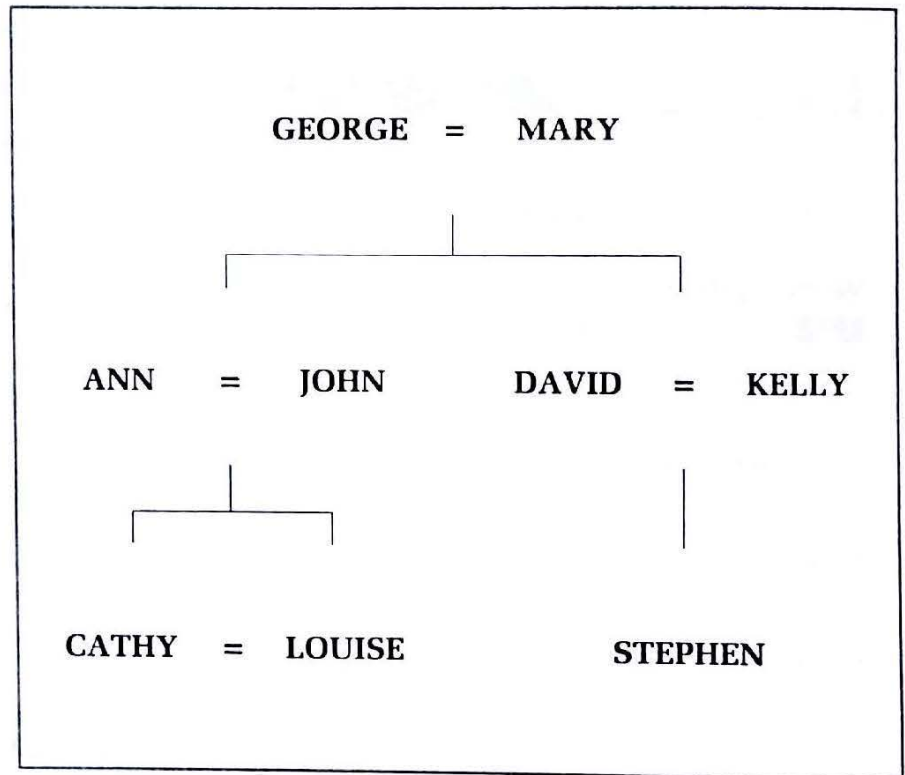
T 2.8 Write **P** if 's = possession.
Write **is** if 's = is.

- 1 John's car is new. **P**
- 2 It's a Mercedes. **is**
- 3 It's cold today.
- 4 Jack's a policeman.
- 5 Jack's wife is thirty-five.
- 6 My father's in Ireland at the moment.
- 7 My son's flat is very nice.
- 8 My daughter's school is very good.
- 9 Peter's a teacher.
- 10 Peter's school is in the city centre.

Vocabulary

9 A family tree

Look at the family tree and complete the sentences.



- 1 Ann is John's wife.
- 2 Cathy _____ sister.
- 3 Stephen _____ David's _____.
- 4 Ann _____ aunt.
- 5 George _____ husband.
- 6 Mary _____ Cathy's _____.
- 7 David _____ Cathy's _____.
- 8 David _____ Ann's _____.

10 Your family

Draw your family tree. Write about your family.

11 Adjectives and nouns

Look at the pictures.
Describe them using the words from the box.

	exciting	man
a	expensive	exercise
an	fast	day
	easy	city
	hot	car
	difficult	girl
	old	camera
	young	language



1 an exciting city



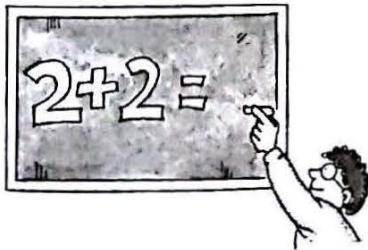
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3



4



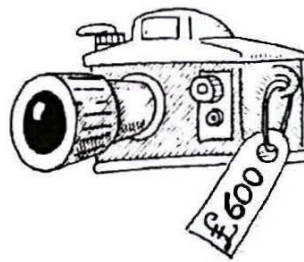
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6



7



8

Plural nouns

12 Spelling of plural nouns

Write the plural forms of the nouns.

1 car _____

2 class _____

3 city _____

4 woman _____

5 family _____

6 address _____

7 person _____

8 boy _____

9 sandwich _____

10 university _____

Numbers and prices

13 1-100

1 **T 2.9** Study the numbers.

1 one	11 eleven	21 twenty-one	31 thirty-one
2 two	12 twelve	22 twenty-two	40 forty
3 three	13 thirteen	23 twenty-three	50 fifty
4 four	14 fourteen	24 twenty-four	60 sixty
5 five	15 fifteen	25 twenty-five	70 seventy
6 six	16 sixteen	26 twenty-six	80 eighty
7 seven	17 seventeen	27 twenty-seven	90 ninety
8 eight	18 eighteen	28 twenty-eight	100 one hundred
9 nine	19 nineteen	29 twenty-nine	
10 ten	20 twenty	30 thirty	

2 Write the numbers. Read them aloud.

one	<u>1</u>	two	_____
ten	_____	twelve	_____
one hundred	_____	twenty	_____
3	_____	fourteen	_____
13	_____	forty-five	_____
30	_____	fifty-four	_____
5	<u>five</u>	sixteen	_____
15	_____	twenty-six	_____
50	_____	sixty-one	_____
7	_____	eighteen	_____
17	_____	eighty-seven	_____
78	_____	ninety-eight	_____
19	_____	40	_____
90	_____	65	_____
99	_____	82	_____

14 How much?

Do the calculations. Write the answer in two ways.

1 How much is 60p and 55p?

£1.15

One pound fifteen p.

2 How much is 20p and 70p?

3 How much is 90p and 40p?

4 How much is £6.80 and 35p?

5 How much is £9.50 and £4.25?

6 How much is £33 and £48?

7 How much is £50 and £75.50?

3

Present Simple 1 • Jobs
Daily routines • Time
Writing – using pronouns

The world of work

Present Simple

1 What does he/she do?

T.3.1 Write the sentences in the correct columns.

- She wears a uniform.
- He works outside.
- She works in a hospital.
- He works in a hotel.
- She travels a lot.
- He walks a lot.
- She helps sick people.
- He answers the phone.
- She speaks three languages.
- She serves drinks.
- He speaks four languages.
- She works with nurses.
- He delivers letters.
- He works with a computer.
- He starts work at 5.00 a.m.
- She wears a white coat.



She's a flight attendant.
She wears a uniform.



She's a doctor.



He's a receptionist.



He's a postman.

2 Spelling of the third person singular

Complete the sentences with a verb from the box.

start have go study live fly play speak

- 1 He *speaks* four languages.
- 2 Bernadette _____ in a flat in Paris.
- 3 He's a pilot. He _____ all over the world.
- 4 Peter _____ two children.
- 5 In winter, Alice _____ skiing and in summer she _____ tennis.
- 6 My daughter _____ French and German at university.
- 7 John _____ work at six o'clock every day.

3 Daily routines

- 1 **T3.2** What do you do first in the day? What do you do next? Number the activities in the correct order for you.

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> have lunch | <input type="checkbox"/> have dinner |
| <input type="checkbox"/> have a shower | <input type="checkbox"/> watch television |
| <input type="checkbox"/> go to work | <input type="checkbox"/> get up |
| <input type="checkbox"/> have breakfast | <input type="checkbox"/> read a book |
| <input type="checkbox"/> start work | <input type="checkbox"/> go to bed |
| <input type="checkbox"/> go home | <input type="checkbox"/> leave home |
| <input type="checkbox"/> get dressed | |

- 2 Complete the sentences about Rupert's day. Use the correct form of the verbs in 1.

- 1 Rupert *gets up* at seven o'clock.
- 2 He _____
- 3 Then he _____
- 4 He _____ tea and toast for breakfast.
- 5 He _____ his flat at half past eight.
- 6 He _____ to work by bus.
- 7 He works in a bookshop. He _____ work at nine o'clock.
- 8 At one o'clock he _____ lunch in a small café.
- 9 He leaves work at half past five and _____ home.
- 10 First he _____ dinner.
- 11 Then he _____ television.
- 12 He _____ to bed at eleven o'clock and _____ a book.

RUPERT'S DAY



Questions and negatives

4 Question words

T 3.3 Match the questions and answers.

1 Where does he live?	a Thirty-two.
2 What does she do in her free time?	b Because he's a pilot.
3 Who does he play football with?	c In a flat in Manchester.
4 When does she go skiing?	d His two sons.
5 How does he go to work?	e By car.
6 How many languages does she speak?	f Two. French and English.
7 How old are you?	g She goes swimming.
8 Why does he travel a lot?	h In winter.

5 Questions about Rupert

1 Make the questions to the answers about Rupert in exercise 3.

1 does / what / up / get / he / time / ?

What time does he get up?

At seven o'clock.

2 for / does / have / breakfast / he / what / ?

Tea and toast.

3 to / how / he / work / does / go / ?

By bus.

4 lunch / where / have / does / he / ?

In a café.

5 he / does / what / evenings / do / the / in / ?

He watches television.

6 bed / does / to / when / he / go / ?

At eleven o'clock.

2 Write the questions for these answers.

1 _____ At nine o'clock.

2 _____ In a bookshop.

3 _____ At one o'clock.

4 _____ At half past five.

5 _____ do in the evenings? He likes watching television and reading.

6 does, is, or has?

Complete the conversation with *does, is, or has*.

A My sister _____ very clever.

B What _____ she do?

A She _____ an interpreter.

B Where _____ she live?

A She _____ a lovely flat in London.

B _____ she married?

A Yes. Her husband's name _____ Rob.

B _____ she have any children?

A Yes. She _____ one son. He _____ eight years old.

7 Yes/No questions

Look at the questionnaire about Sally and Mike.

A Questionnaire

Does he/she ... ?	SALLY	MIKE
live in a city	X	✓
like reading	✓	X
speak a foreign language?	✓	X
have a car	X	X
like his/her job	✓	✓
have a mobile phone	X	✓

1 Here are the answers to some *Yes/No* questions about Sally. Write the questions.

1 *Does she live in a city?*
No, she doesn't. She lives in the country.

2
Yes, she does. Especially science fiction.

3
Yes, she does. She speaks French and Spanish.

4
No, she doesn't.

5
Yes, she does. She's a journalist.

2 **T 3.4** Write short answers to the questions about Mike.

1 Does Mike live in a city?
Yes, he does.

2 Does he have a mobile phone?

3 Does he speak a foreign language?

4 Does he have a car?

5 Does he like his job?

. He's an accountant.

8 Making negatives

1 Complete the sentences about Sally and Mike.

1 Sally *doesn't live* in a city.

2 She _____ a mobile phone.

3 Mike _____ reading.

4 He _____ a foreign language.

5 He _____ a car.

2 **T 3.5** Correct the sentences.

1 A journalist sells things.

A journalist doesn't sell things. A journalist writes for a newspaper.

2 The Queen of England lives in New York.

3 Our teacher arrives late every day.

4 An architect translates things.

5 School starts at six o'clock in the morning.

6 *Headway* teaches German.

Vocabulary revision

9 Verbs and nouns that go together

Match a verb in A with a noun in B.

A	B
1 have	a a car
2 watch	b the phone
3 read	c tennis
4 go	d television
5 play	e in a flat
6 drive	f a shower
7 wear	g a book
8 live	h a uniform
9 answer	i by bus

10 Word groups

T 3.6 Put the words into the correct list.

- house
- boat
- hospital
- scientist
- taxi
- exciting
- country
- interpreter
- busy
- nurse
- city
- shopkeeper
- cheap
- bus
- new
- policeman
- car
- horrible
- office
- plane

1 Jobs

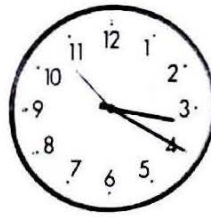
2 Transport

3 Places

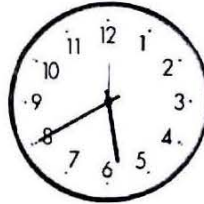
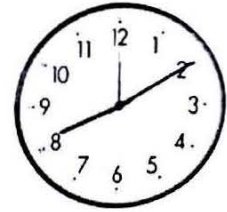
4 Adjectives

11 What time is it?

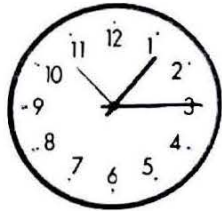
Write the times. Practise saying them.



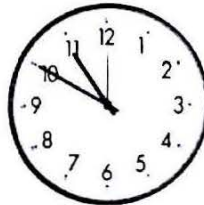
1 *It's twenty past three.*



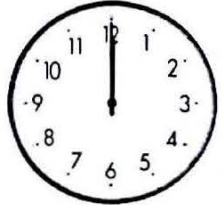
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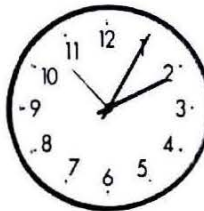
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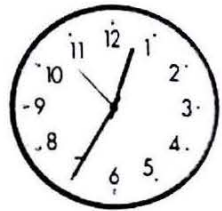
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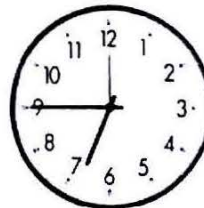
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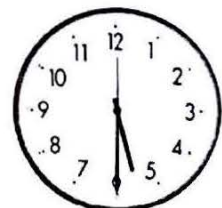
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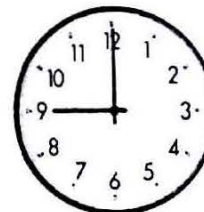
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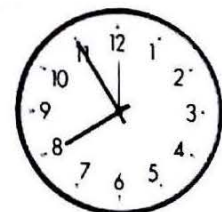
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8



11



10

12

Writing

12 Using pronouns in a text

1 Complete the table.

Subject pronouns	Object pronouns	Possessive adjectives
I	me	my
_____	you	_____
he	him	his
_____	her	_____
it	it	its
we	us	_____
_____	them	their

! 1 Subject pronouns come *before* the verb.
He likes them. I love **him**. **She** wants it.
 Object pronouns come *after* the verb.
 He likes **them**. I love **him**. She wants **it**.

2 We use pronouns and possessive adjectives to replace nouns.

Anna drinks orange juice because she likes it.

John's son is a doctor and his daughter is a dentist.

2 Complete the sentences with the correct pronoun.

- 1 My brother has a new car, but he doesn't like it.
- 2 Harry has two sons. _____ plays football with _____ in his free time.
- 3 That's my dictionary. Can I have _____ back, please?
- 4 Irma's new teacher is Mr Banks. _____ likes _____ a lot.
- 5 Jane and I are good students. _____ like our teacher Estella and she likes _____.
- 6 Our teacher gives _____ a lot of homework.
- 7 Kate likes Joanna, but Maria doesn't like _____ at all.
- 8 Anna buys a newspaper every day. _____ reads _____ on the train.
- 9 Look! This is a photo of _____ with my family.
- 10 Sally lives near Paul and Sue. _____ goes to work with _____ every day in their car.

13 Natural writing

1 Read the text about Mona Halalsheh. It is not very natural. Which nouns can you replace with pronouns or possessive adjectives? Underline them.

MONA AND HER FAMILY



Mona Halalsheh is Jordanian, but Mona lives in New York because Mona works as an interpreter for the UN. Mona likes New York because New York is interesting, but Mona's husband, Hussain, doesn't like New York. Hussain wants to leave and go back to Jordan.

Mona and Hussain have two children. Hussain takes the two children out of the city in Hussain's free time. Hussain and the two children go walking in summer and skiing in winter. Mona doesn't go with Hussain and the children because Mona doesn't have any free time.

2 Rewrite the text to make it more natural. Begin like this.

Mona Halalsheh is Jordanian, but she lives in New York because ...

4

Present Simple 2 • Adverbs of frequency
Prepositions of time • Opposite verbs
Writing – a letter to a penfriend

Take it easy!

Present Simple

1 They work in a hotel

1 Read about Jack and Isabel Tippit. Complete the sentences with the correct verb.

come go like love visit speak speaks
don't speak have has work works



THE REGENT HOTEL, LONDON

Jack Tippit and his wife, Isabel, who is Spanish, both work at the Regent Hotel in the centre of London. Jack is a receptionist and Isabel works in the hotel restaurant.

Jack says: 'Ten million people (1) *visit* London every year. Our hotel (2) _____ sixty rooms, and visitors (3) _____ from all over the world, especially from America and Japan. I (4) _____ English, German, and Spanish. I (5) _____ Japanese, but I want to learn it. Isabel (6) _____ English and French and Spanish, of course. 'Our visitors (7) _____ doing many things. They often (8) _____ breakfast in the hotel, an English breakfast of eggs and toast. Then perhaps after breakfast they visit the Houses of Parliament and Buckingham Palace and (9) _____ shopping in Harrods. They come back to the hotel at four o'clock and have tea and relax. Then in the evening they go out in London. Isabel and I work long hours. I (10) _____ from six o'clock in the morning till three in the afternoon, and Isabel (11) _____ from six in the evening till one in the morning, but we (12) _____ our work.'

2 Complete the text with the correct form of the verb.

Isabel says: 'Jack and I (1) *live* (live) in a room in the hotel. Jack (2) _____ (start) work at six in the morning but I (3) _____ (not start) until six in the evening. He (4) _____ (get up) at five o'clock. I (5) _____ (stay) in bed. I (6) _____ (not get up) until ten o'clock. We always (7) _____ (meet) at three o'clock in the afternoon when Jack (8) _____ (finish) work. We (9) _____ (go) back to our room and we (10) _____ (have) lunch before I (11) _____ (go) to work at quarter to six.'

3 Ask Jack questions.



- 1 What *do you do*?
I'm a receptionist in a hotel.
- 2 What _____ your wife _____?
She works in the hotel restaurant.
- 3 Where _____ you _____?
At the Regent Hotel in London.
- 4 How many languages _____ you _____?
Three. English, German, and Spanish.
- 5 _____ you _____ Japanese?
No, I don't. But I want to learn it.
- 6 _____ your wife _____ English?
Yes, she does. She speaks it fluently.
- 7 What time _____ you _____ work?
At six o'clock in the morning.
- 8 Why _____ you _____ working in the hotel?
Because we meet people of all nationalities.

2 We want to go on holiday

Mr and Mrs Adams are with a travel agent. Put the conversation in the correct order.

Travel agent

- a Yes, of course. Where do you want to go?
- b Children? How many children do you have?
- c Good morning. Can I help you?
- d French! Ah yes! That gives me a good idea! I think I have the perfect winter holiday for the Adams family!
- e And how old are they? What do they like doing?

Mr and Mrs Adams

- f Yes, please. My husband and I want to have a winter holiday.
- g Well. Our son's twelve. He loves all sports – skiing, swimming, football ... our daughter is sixteen. She doesn't like sports. She likes relaxing, reading, drinking coffee ... And she wants to practise her French.
- h Two ... two children, a son and a daughter.
- i Well. This is the problem. I like skiing and winter sports, but my husband doesn't. He wants to relax and sit in the sun, and the children ...

3 Short answers

1 **T 4.1** Write short answers to the questions about the Adams family. Use *do*, *does*, *don't*, and *doesn't*.

- | | |
|---|-------------------------|
| 1 Do they want a summer holiday? | No, they <i>don't</i> . |
| 2 Do they want a winter holiday? | Yes, they _____. |
| 3 Do Mr Adams and his daughter like skiing? | No, they _____. |
| 4 Do Mrs Adams and her son like skiing? | Yes, they _____. |
| 5 Does their daughter like sports? | No, she _____. |
| 6 Does their daughter speak French? | Yes, she _____. |

2 **T 4.2** Answer the questions about you.

- 1 Are you American?
No, I'm not.
- 2 Do you speak French?
- 3 Are you French?
- 4 Do you work in a hotel?
- 5 Are you a teacher?
- 6 Do you like learning English?

4 *am/is/are, do/does*

Complete the sentences with *am, is, are, do, or does*.

- 1 I _____ an accountant.
- 2 _____ he like his job?
- 3 Where _____ they live?
- 4 _____ New York exciting?
- 5 Why _____ you want to learn English?
- 6 We _____ American.
- 7 What _____ he do at weekends?

5 Making negatives

Complete the sentences with a negative.

- 1 I like swimming, but I
don't like tennis.
- 2 I like coffee, but I _____
- 3 We like playing tennis, but we _____
- 4 Sue likes fruit, but she _____
- 5 I speak French, but I _____
- 6 Tom speaks Arabic, but he _____
- 7 Mr and Mrs Green have a son, but
they _____

Adverbs of frequency

6 Position of adverbs

Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

- 1 always/France/to/go/we/spring/in
- 2 stay/hotel/a/usually/we/in
- 3 plane/sometimes/by/go/we
- 4 sometimes/train/go/we/by
- 5 children/with/never/our/us/come
- 6 we/restaurant/go/a/often/evenings/Thursday/to/on

7 Questions about you

1 **T 4.3** Answer the questions about you. Use an adverb of frequency in your answer.

- 1 How do you come to school?
I usually walk.
- 2 What's the first thing you do in the morning?
- 3 Do you have tea or coffee for breakfast?
- 4 What do you do in the evenings?
- 5 What do you do at weekends?
- 6 Where do you go on holiday?
- 7 Do you have a winter holiday?
- 8 What does your family do at the Eid holiday?
We _____

2 **T4.4** Answer the questions about you. Use the phrases in the box to help you.

every morning/evening
 every day
 every (Friday)
 once a week
 three or four times a year
 never

- How often do you go swimming?
About once a week.
- How often do you eat in restaurants?

- How often do you phone your family?

- How often do you go shopping?

- How often do you read a newspaper?

- How often do you watch a DVD?



Prepositions of time

8 in, on, at

Complete the sentences with *in, on, or at*.

- _____ summer I play tennis _____ Thursdays.
- The train leaves Paris _____ 4 p.m.
- He likes playing football _____ weekends.
- My brother's exams are _____ March.
- They often eat in a restaurant _____ Fridays.
- Siberia is very cold _____ winter.

Vocabulary

9 Opposite verbs

1 Match a verb in **A** with its opposite in **B**.

A	B
1 love	a close
2 start	b relax
3 come	c hate
4 open	d go
5 leave	e finish
6 get up	f arrive
7 work	g be early
8 be late	h go to bed

2 Complete the sentences with the opposite verb in the correct form.

- Sally hates coffee, but she loves tea.
- The bank opens at 9.30 in the morning and _____ at 4.00 in the afternoon.
- The match starts at 8.00 and _____ at 9.45.
- I get up at 6.30 and _____ at 10.30 on weekdays.
- She _____ to work at 8.30 in the morning and comes home at 6.00.
- John is often late for school, but I am _____.
- The train leaves Paris at 1 p.m and _____ in Lyon at 3.08 p.m.
- I work eight hours a day, so I always _____ in the evening.

Writing

10 A letter to a penfriend

- 1 **T4.5** Read Max's letter to his penfriend and study the organization of the letter.

We put the number of the street first, not ~~School Lane 10~~

Your address, but not your name

10 School Lane
Saffron Walden
CB10 3ST
5th April

The post code at the end

The date

We begin all letters with *Dear*

Dear Hans,

I'm a student at a school in Cambridge and I'm sixteen years old. I don't live in Cambridge but in a town just outside. I go to school by bus. I like reading and playing football. At weekends I go out with my friends. Sometimes we go ice-skating and sometimes we just go for a walk.

I speak English and French, but I don't speak German. My favourite subjects at school are computer studies and maths. What about you? Please write to me.

Best wishes,
Max

We end letters to a friend with *Best wishes*

We use *Love* if we know the person very well

Your signature

- 2 Write a similar letter to a penfriend about you.



5

there is/are, some/any • Prepositions
this/that/these/those • Rooms and activities
Writing – describing where you live

Where do you live?

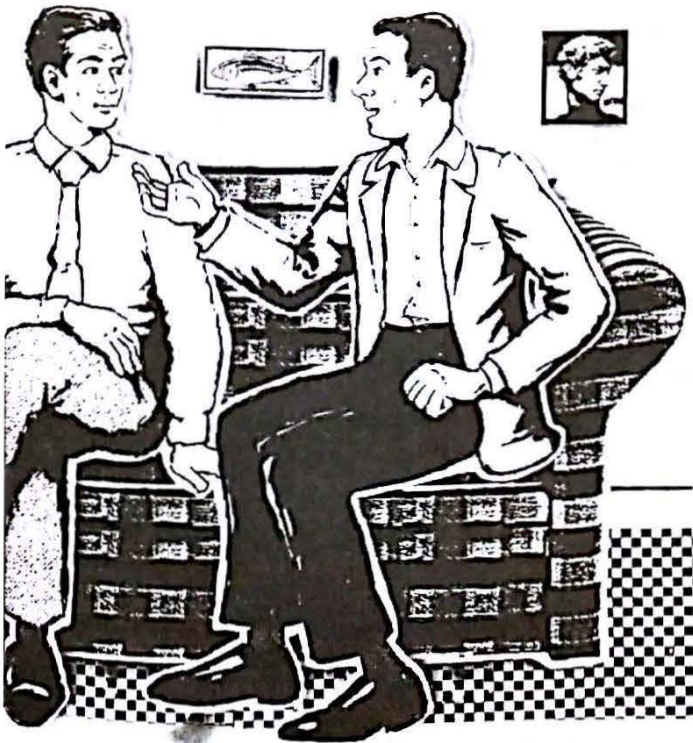
there is/are, some/any – prepositions



1 Describing a room

T 5.1 Look at the picture of an office. Are the sentences true (✓) or false (X)?

- 1 There's a coffee table in front of the sofa.
- 2 There are some people in the office.
- 3 There's a mirror on the wall next to the sofa.
- 4 There aren't any plants.
- 5 There are some magazines under the coffee table.
- 6 There's a computer next to a fax machine.
- 7 There's a plant next to the door.
- 8 There's a photo on the desk, in front of the telephone.
- 9 There's a bag on the chair.
- 10 There's a woman on the sofa next to two men.



2 Questions and answers

1 Look at the picture of the office again. Complete the questions and answers.

- 1 A Is there a desk?
B Yes, *there is*.
- 2 A there any cups?
B Yes, . They're the coffee table.
- 3 A Is ?
B Yes, it's in the bag.
- 4 A umbrella?
B No, .
- 5 A flowers?
B No, .
- 6 A letters?
B Yes, . They're the fax machine.

2 Look at the picture again. Complete the conversations.

- 1 A Is there a chair?
B Yes, *there is*.
A Where *is it*?
B It's *in front of the desk*.
- 2 A Is there a fax machine?
B Yes, .
A Where ?
B It's .
- 3 A Are there pictures?
B Yes, .
A Where ?
B They're behind the sofa.
- 4 A Are there any people?
B Yes, .
A Where ?
B They're .
- 5 A coffee table?
B .
A Where ?
B the sofa.

3 A cottage near the sea

- 1 **T 5.2** Paul, his wife Jenny, and their two children want a cottage for their summer holiday. Read the advertisement, then complete the conversation.

Torr Cottage, South Devon

This beautiful cottage is 500 years old. It is in the countryside near the village of Ringmore, where there is a post office and a small shop. The cottage has two double bedrooms, a big bathroom, and a toilet. The living room has lovely antique furniture and an open fire. There is a big garden with flowers and trees. There are some very good restaurants nearby.



Phone 01548 810765

• COLOUR TV • GARAGE • ELECTRIC COOKER • SEA THREE MILES AWAY •

Jenny Paul, look at this cottage!

Paul That's nice. (1) *Where is it?*

Jenny It's in Devon. Isn't it beautiful?

Paul Yes, it is. But is it big enough? How many bedrooms (2) _____ ?

Jenny (3) _____ two. That's just right for the four of us.

Paul The living room is nice, with antique furniture in it. But where do we eat? (4) _____ a dining room?

Jenny It doesn't say. But (5) _____ an electric cooker and also there are (6) _____ good restaurants nearby. And (7) _____ a big garden for the children.

Paul Mm. Is it (8) _____ a village?

Jenny Not exactly, but it's (9) _____ a village. The village of Ringmore.

Paul What about shops? (10) _____ there _____ shops in the village?

Jenny Yes, (11) _____ a small one and a post office.

Paul OK. Why don't we book it?

Jenny Good idea!

Paul (12) _____ a phone number in the advertisement?

Jenny Yes. It's 01548 810765.

Paul Right!

- 2 Complete the sentences about Torr Cottage with *some, any, a, or an*.

- 1 Is there *a* garden?
- 2 There are _____ good restaurants nearby.
- 3 The village of Ringmore has _____ post office and _____ shop.
- 4 Are there _____ good beaches near the cottage?
- 5 Does the cottage have _____ dining room?
- 6 Are there _____ trees and flowers in the garden?
- 7 There's _____ open fire in the living room.
- 8 Upstairs there's _____ big bathroom.
- 9 There are _____ big cupboards in the kitchen.
- 10 There's _____ electric cooker.

4 Short answers

T 5.3 Answer the questions about your college and your city.

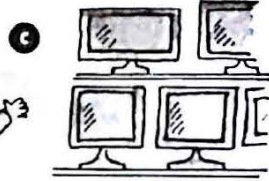
- 1 Is there a coffee bar in your college?
Yes, there is.
- 2 Is there a language laboratory?
- 3 Is there a library?
- 4 Are there any computers?
- 5 Are there any bookshelves in your classroom?
- 6 Is there a supermarket near your house?
- 7 Are there any parks in your city?

this/that/these/those

5 this or that?

T.5.4 Match the conversations and pictures.

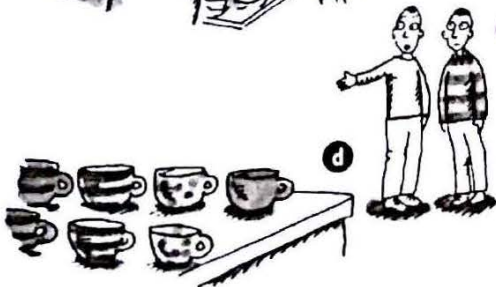
- 1 A Do you like this photograph?
B Yes, I do.
- 2 A Do you like that picture?
B No, I don't. It's horrible.
- 3 A How much is this camera?
B It's £100.
- 4 A How much is that TV?
B It's £250.



6 these or those?

T.5.5 Match the conversations and pictures.

- 1 A How much are these plates?
B They're £5 each.
- 2 A Look at those cups.
B They're nice.
- 3 A Look at those boys!
B They're Anna's children.
- 4 A These are my children.
B They're lovely.



7 this/these, it/they

Complete the sentences with *this, these, it, or they*.

- 1 A Bob, *this* is my mother.
B Hello, Mrs Smith.
- 2 Take _____ bags into the kitchen.
- 3 I don't like _____ game.
- 4 A Is _____ book John's?
B Yes, _____ is.
- 5 A Are _____ books Mary's?
B Yes, _____ are.
- 6 A How much are _____ glasses?
B They're very cheap.
- 7 A _____ exercise is very easy.
B No, _____ isn't. _____'s difficult!

8 that/those, it/they

Complete the sentences with *that, those, it, or they*.

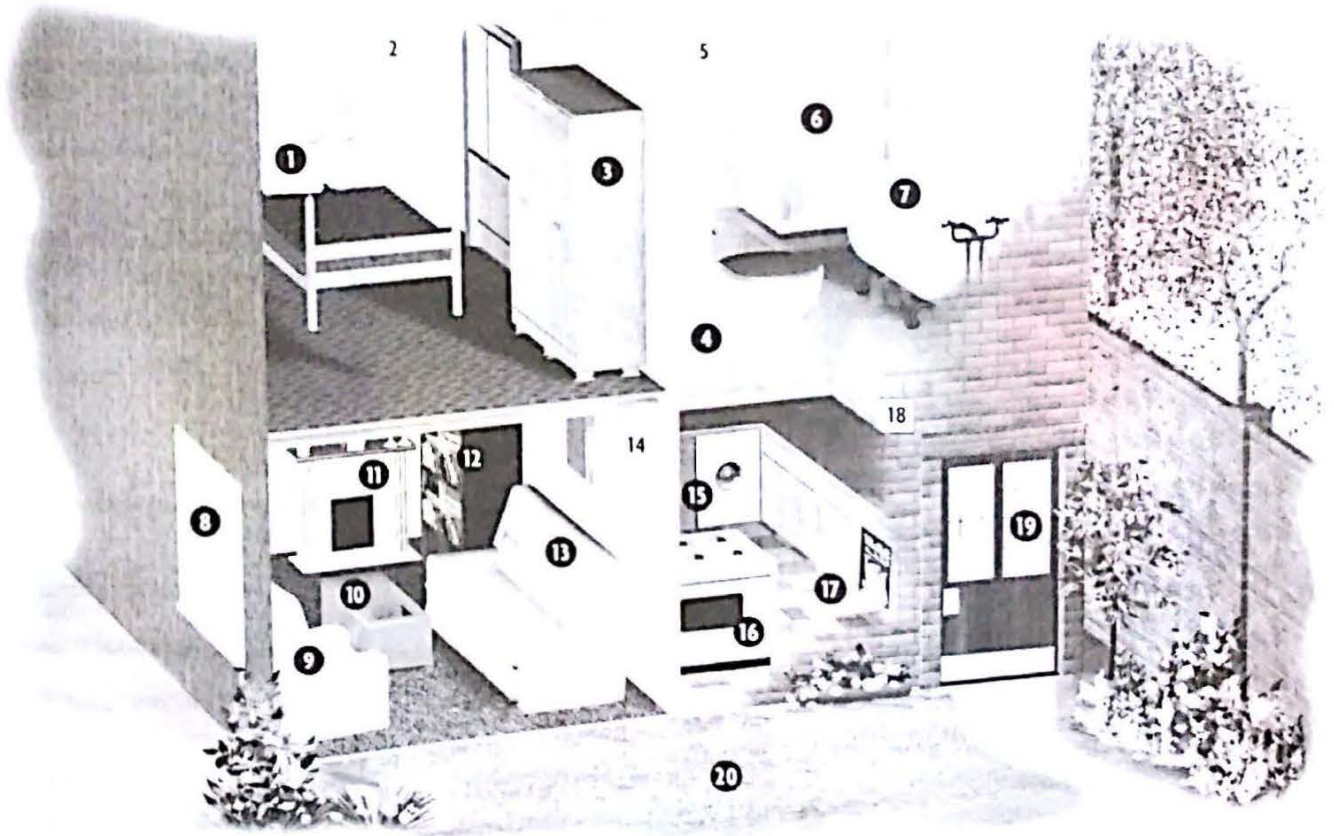
- 1 Is _____ your brother over there?
- 2 Look at _____ beautiful flowers!
- 3 What's _____ in your bag?
- 4 A Is _____ house Ann's?
B Yes, _____ is.
- 5 A Are _____ boys your brothers?
B Yes, _____ are.
- 6 A How much is _____ ?
B _____'s £350.
- 7 A Do you like _____ shoes?
B No, I don't. _____'re horrible.

Vocabulary

9 Rooms and activities

1 **T5.6** Look at the picture and write the words in the correct place.

living room	coffee table	window	toilet	garden
bedroom	door	sofa	bed	fireplace
cooker	bath	wardrobe	bathroom	kitchen
armchair	bookshelves	shower	dishwasher	washing machine



- | | | | | |
|-------|---|----|----|----|
| 1 bed | 5 | 9 | 13 | 17 |
| 2 | 6 | 10 | 14 | 18 |
| 3 | 7 | 11 | 15 | 19 |
| 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 |

2 Match a verb in A with a line in B.

A	B
1 read	a my hair
2 cook	b a shower
3 wash	c my book
4 clean	d dressed
5 go	e my teeth
6 have	f my homework
7 get	g to bed
8 do	h dinner

3 Where do you do the things in 2? Write sentences.

- I read my book in the living room.
-
-
-
-
-
-
-

Writing

10 Linking words – *and, so, but, because*



Notice how *and, but, so, and because* join sentences.

I like coffee. I like tea.

I like coffee **and** I like tea.

I like Tom. I don't like his brother.

I like Tom, **but** I don't like his brother.

I like Judy. I often visit her.

I like Judy, **so** I often visit her.

I like my job. It's interesting.

I like my job **because** it's interesting.

Complete the sentences with *and, so, but, or because*.

- 1 In my bedroom there's a bed *and* a wardrobe.
- 2 We live in a flat on the top floor, _____ we don't have a garden.
- 3 Our flat's small, _____ it's comfortable.
- 4 I like living here _____ it's near the shops.
- 5 I like Chinese food, _____ my husband doesn't like it at all.
- 6 We both like sailing, _____ we live near the sea.
- 7 I'm always tired in the evenings _____ I like to stay at home and relax.
- 8 New York is expensive, _____ I like it.
- 9 I like New York _____ it's very exciting.

11 Describing where you live

1 **T 5.7** Read the text.

MY HOUSE



I live in a house near the sea. It's an old house, about 100 years old, and it's very small. There are two bedrooms upstairs but no bathroom. The bathroom is downstairs next to the kitchen and there's a living room where there's a lovely old fireplace. There's a garden in front of the house. The garden goes down to the beach and in spring and summer there are flowers everywhere.

I live alone, but I have a lot of visitors. Many of my friends work in the city, so they often stay with me because they want to relax.

I love my house for many reasons: the garden, the flowers in summer, the fire in winter, but the best thing is the view from my bedroom window.

2 Write a similar description of your house or flat in about 100 words.

Paragraph 1

- Where is it?
- Is it old or new?
- How many rooms are there?
- Is there a garden?

Paragraph 2

- Who do you live with?

Paragraph 3

- Do you like it? Why? What is the best thing?

6




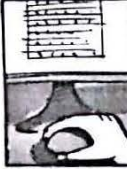


can/can't/was/were • could/couldn't
 Words that go together • Prepositions
 Writing – formal letters 1

Can you speak English?

can/can't

1 What can they do?

T 6.1 What can the people do? What can't they do? Complete the sentences with *can* or *can't* + verb.

	 play golf	 play chess	 use a computer	 program a computer	 ride a motorbike	 drive a car
Adam	X	X	✓	X	✓	✓
Faisal	X	X	✓	✓	X	✓
Sam	X	✓	X	X	X	✓
Carl	X	X	X	X	✓	✓

- Adam *can't* play golf and he *can't* play chess.
- Adam _____ a motorbike and he _____ a car.
- Adam _____ a computer, but he _____ a computer.
- Faisal _____ a car, but he _____ a motorbike.
- Only Sam _____ .
- Only Faisal _____ .
- Sam _____ and Faisal can't either, but Carl and Adam can.
- Nobody _____ .
- Everybody _____ .

2 What can you do?

Complete the questions with *can* and a verb from the box. Then match the questions and answers.

play (x2) speak
 ride use cook drive

- Can you play football?
 - _____ you _____ any other languages?
 - _____ you _____ golf?
 - _____ you _____ a motorbike?
 - _____ you _____ a computer?
 - _____ you _____ Italian food?
 - _____ you _____ a car?
- Yes, I can. French and Spanish.
 - Yes, I can, but I can't program one.
 - No, I can't. I think they're dangerous.
 - No, I can't, but I love eating it.
 - No, I can't, but I can play tennis.
 - Yes, I can. I'm a goalkeeper.
 - Yes, I can. I have a Mercedes.

was/were

3 Present or past?

Complete the sentences with *am, is, are, was, or were*.

- 1 The homework *was* very difficult yesterday.
- 2 Hello, everybody! I _____ sorry I _____ late!
- 3 'Where _____ you born?'
'I _____ born in India.'
- 4 'Where _____ your sister born?'
'She _____ born in India, too.'
- 5 The weather _____ beautiful today. It _____ terrible yesterday.
- 6 The children _____ very tired today. They _____ at a picnic yesterday afternoon.
- 7 I could play chess when I _____ five.
- 8 We _____ married when I _____ eighteen and Roger _____ twenty.

4 How much was it before?

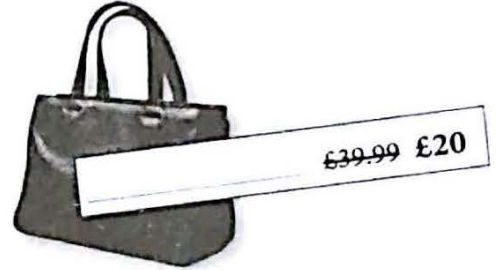
1 Label the pictures in 2 below using the words in the box.

camera bag trainers pens briefcase television

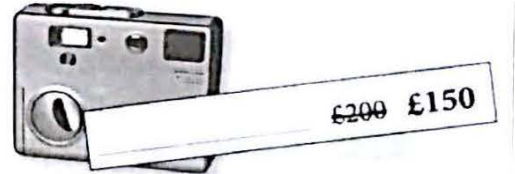
2 **T.6.2** Look at the prices. Write a conversation for each picture.

SALE!!! SALE!!! SALE!!! SALE!!!

- 1 A How much is the bag?
B It's only £20.
A How much was it before?
B It was £39.99.
A Well ... what a bargain!



- 2 A _____
B _____
A _____
B _____
A _____



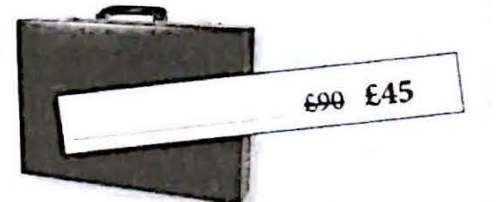
- 3 A _____
B _____
A _____
B _____
A _____



- 4 A _____
B _____
A _____
B _____
A _____



- 5 A _____
B _____
A _____
B _____
A _____



- 6 A _____
B _____
A _____
B _____
A _____



5 Questions and short answers

1 **T 6.3** Read about David and his wife Rosa.

DAVID AND ROSA'S DAY

David is an architect and Rosa is a doctor in a large hospital. David gets up at 7.30 a.m. and has a shower. He leaves home at 8.30 and goes to work by train. He arrives at the office at 9.00. Rosa gets up at 9.30 because she doesn't start work until 1.00 in the afternoon. She goes by bus to the hospital at 12.15. David finishes work at 5.30 p.m. and goes shopping in a supermarket near the office. Then he goes home and cooks the dinner. He eats alone in the kitchen at 7.00 and then he usually watches TV in the living room until Rosa arrives home at 10.00. She often has her dinner in front of the TV. David goes to bed at 11.00, but Rosa usually goes to bed a bit later.



2 **T 6.4** Write short answers to the questions. Some of the questions are about yesterday.

- 1 Is David a doctor? *No, he isn't.*
- 2 Does Rosa work in a hospital?

- 3 Where were David and Rosa at seven o'clock yesterday morning?

- 4 Was David in the bathroom at twenty-five to eight?

- 5 Was David at work yesterday?

- 6 Was Rosa at work yesterday morning?

- 7 Where was Rosa at twenty past twelve?

- 8 Can David cook?

- 9 Where was Rosa at seven o'clock yesterday evening?

- 10 Where were they at half past ten last night?

could/couldn't

6 When I was three I could ...

- 1 Write three things you could do when you were three.
 - 1 *I could run.*
 - 2 _____
 - 3 _____
 - 4 _____
- 2 Write three things you can do now that you couldn't do when you were three.
 - 1 *I couldn't swim when I was three, but I can now.*
 - 2 _____
 - 3 _____
 - 4 _____
- 3 Write two things you couldn't do when you were three and you still can't do!
 - 1 *I couldn't ski when I was three and I still can't.*
 - 2 _____
 - 3 _____

Vocabulary

7 Words that go together

1 Match a verb in A with a word or phrase in B.

A	B
stay	fluently
ask	the answer
know	a question
start	a phone call
go	in a hotel
get up	work
live	home
speak English	football
make	early
play	alone

2 Complete the conversations with a word or words from exercise 1 in the correct form.

- A Maria! Do you _____ the answer?
 B I'm sorry. I can't remember the question!
- A Your son is a very good footballer.
 B Thank you very much. He could _____ when he was just five.
- A Can you play tennis at nine o'clock tomorrow?
 B I'm sorry. I never _____ at weekends. I stay in bed until eleven.
- A What time do you _____ every day?
 B I'm always in the office and at my desk at 9.00.
- A Is your friend English?
 B No, she isn't, but she _____.
- A Does your grandfather _____?
 B No, he doesn't. He lives with us.
- A Do you want to go out for a meal after work?
 B No, thanks. I'm really tired. I just want to _____.

8 Prepositions

Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.

by with of in on at to

- I was _____ Mark's house _____ Saturday.
- John lives _____ home _____ his parents.
- Tom is _____ the garden _____ his friend Sam.
- I go _____ work _____ bus and I'm _____ work until 5.30 p.m. every day.
- She was _____ the shopping mall _____ her friends _____ Thursday afternoon.
- Queen Elizabeth II was born _____ London _____ 1926.
- 'Can you help me _____ my homework?'
 '_____ course I can; give it _____ me.'
- Look _____ this photo _____ my family.

Writing

9 Formal letters 1

1 Read the advertisement for a job.

Carol is interested in the job. Read the information about her and complete her letter.

Name	Carol Barnes
Age	28
Address	4 Hope Road, Oxford OX6 5PP
Present job	Tourist guide
Last job	Hotel receptionist
Languages	French, Spanish

THE OXFORD INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL

wants
a receptionist

- Do you like working with people?
- Can you speak two foreign languages?
- Can you use a computer?
- Do you know Oxford well?

*Please write to Anne Watson
Director
The Oxford International School
16 College Street
Oxford OX2 7PT*

2 Study the organization of Carol's letter.

4 Hope (1) _____
 Oxford OX6 5PP

Anne Watson
 Director
 The Oxford International School
 16 College (2) _____
 Oxford OX2 7PT

[August 19

[Dear Ms Watson

I am interested in the job of (3) _____ in your school.
 I (4) _____ years old and I (5) _____ in Oxford. At
 the moment I (6) _____ guide, but last year
 I (7) _____ a hotel receptionist. I (8) _____ working
 with people very much and I (9) _____ speak two
 (10) _____, French and Spanish. I can also (11) _____
 a computer. I (12) _____ born in Oxford, so I know it
 very well.

I look forward to hearing from you. _____

Yours sincerely
Carol Barnes
 Carol Barnes

The name and address of the person you are writing to go here.

The date goes here.

We begin all letters, both formal and informal, with *Dear ...*

We use *Ms, Miss, or Mrs* for a woman. We use *Mr* for a man.

We do not use short forms (*I'm, he's, it's, they're*) in formal letters.

We end formal letters with *Yours sincerely*.

Sign the letter and print your name.

Paragraph 1
Introduction

Paragraph 2
The main part of the letter

Paragraph 3
Ending

3 Look at the advertisement for another job and write a similar letter.

HAPPY HOLIDAYS

want TOURIST GUIDES

- Are you over 18?
- Do you like talking to people?
- Do you know your town well?
- Can you speak English?
- Are you free from July to September?

Please write to
 Peter Mann
 Happy Holidays
 Central Office
 89 Brook Street
 LONDON W1 5FW

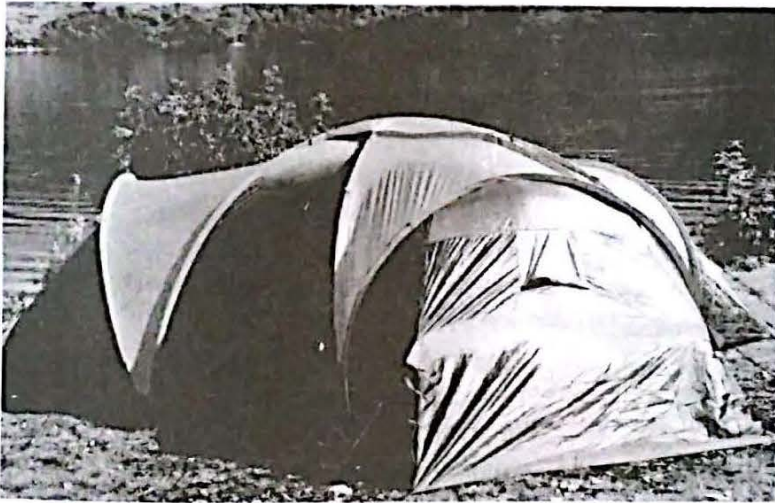
7

Past Simple 1 • Present Simple revision
Parts of speech • Prepositions
Writing – describing a holiday

Then and now

Past Simple 1

1 Regular verbs



Read the sentences about Max and his wife Ann. Match a line in A with a line in B. Put the verb in A into the Present Simple and the verb in B into the Past Simple.

A

- 1 I usually *work* (work) eight hours a day, but ...
- 2 Max usually _____ (drive) to work, but ...
- 3 Ann usually _____ (watch) TV in the evenings, but ...
- 4 Ann and Max usually _____ (go) sailing at weekends, but ...
- 5 It usually _____ (rain) a lot in winter, but ...
- 6 Max and I usually _____ (go) camping in August, but ...

B

- a last summer we _____ (stay) in a hotel.
- b last weekend they _____ (play) tennis.
- c yesterday I *started* (start) work at 9.00 a.m. and _____ (finish) at 9.00 p.m.
- d last year it _____ (snow) for three months.
- e yesterday he _____ (walk).
- f yesterday evening she _____ (listen) to the radio.

2 Yes/No questions and short answers

Write questions and answers about the people in exercise 1.

- 1 A Do you usually work eight hours a day?
B Yes, *I do*.
A Did you work eight hours yesterday? ?
B No, *I didn't. I worked twelve hours* .
- 2 A Does Max usually drive to work?
B Yes, _____ .
A Did he _____ yesterday?
B No, _____ .
- 3 A Does Ann usually watch TV in the evenings?
B Yes, _____ .
A Did she _____ yesterday evening?
B No, _____ .
- 4 A Do Ann and Max usually go sailing at weekends?
B _____ .
A _____ ?
B _____ .
- 5 A Does it usually rain a lot in winter?
B _____ .
A _____ ?
B _____ .
- 6 A Do you and Max usually go camping in August?
B Yes, we _____ .
A _____ ?
B _____ .

3 had/did, was/were

Complete the conversation with *had, did, was, or were*.

- A Hi Talal! How are you?
 B Hi Bob! I'm really well. I _____ a really great weekend.
 A Really? What _____ you do?
 B Well, I _____ an exam on Wednesday, but it _____ my last one. So I went out for a big meal on Wednesday night.
 A _____ you go to that new Malaysian restaurant?
 B Yes!
 A Ah, I want to go there next weekend. _____ it good?
 B Yes! The food _____ excellent, and the people _____ really friendly. And yesterday me and some friends _____ a picnic in the desert.
 A Fantastic! Oh well, Saturday again, and some of us have a job to go to. Bye!
 B Bye. See you later!

4 Irregular verbs

T7A Complete the table with the verbs in the box. Write the Past Simple forms.

begin	start	visit	write	leave	lose	buy
do	see	enjoy	go	take	paint	have
drive	speak	travel	come	stay	meet	

Regular verbs		Irregular verbs	
Infinitive	Past Simple	Infinitive	Past Simple
<i>start</i>	<i>started</i>	<i>begin</i>	<i>began</i>
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

5 Negatives and positives

T7.2 Complete the sentences with the positive form of the verb.

- I didn't go to New York, I *went* to Chicago.
- We didn't meet Jim, we _____ Max.
- He didn't leave last Tuesday, he _____ last Thursday.
- We didn't see Jim, we _____ David.
- They didn't buy a Volvo, they _____ a Saab.
- You didn't know the answer, Tom _____ the answer.
- I didn't lose my passport, I _____ my ticket.
- We didn't have tea, we _____ coffee.
- He didn't write a letter, he _____ a postcard.
- The match didn't begin at 6.30 p.m., it _____ at 7.30 p.m.

6 Making questions

Put the words in the correct order to make questions. Then write true answers.

- school / did / when / start / you / ?
When did you start school?
When I was six. In 1997.
- morning / you / time / get / up / what / this / did / ?

- dinner / night / have / what / you / last / for / did / ?

- did / train / last / you / by / when / travel / ?

- do / what / weekend / you / last / did / ?

- holiday / did / summer / on / go / where / last / you / ?

- visit / you / museum / a / last / did / when / ?

- come / today / you / how / school / did / to / ?

Present Simple and Past Simple

7 A biography

1 Complete the text using the correct tense and form of the verbs on the right.



Ben Way is a successful entrepreneur. He was born in England in 1980 and now (1) *lives* in the US. He (2) *had* a difficult time at school because he was dyslexic. He (3) _____ it impossible to write things down, and got very angry and (4) _____ things. A teacher told him, 'You will never make anything of yourself.'

Ben is now well known in the world of business. When he (5) _____, people listen, including the British Prime Minister. He (6) _____ a company called *Rainmakers*. It (7) _____ other people to start up new companies, and Ben (8) _____ them advice on running a business.

So what (9) _____ to change Ben's life? In 1989, when he was nine, his father (10) _____ him a computer. Ben (11) _____ it with him everywhere, including school. He (12) _____ the logic of computer language – it was a lot easier than English spelling! He (13) _____ writing software when he was 11, had his own company when he was 15, and (14) _____ a millionaire at the age of 17.

He still (15) _____ working with Internet companies. People (16) _____ his company *GoDine* to make restaurant bookings on the Internet. And with another of his companies, *ViaPost*, people can print documents over the Internet. The post office then (17) _____ them.

But Ben knows failure as well as success. In 2001 he (18) _____ all his money – £25m. But he says that he (19) _____ a lot from this experience, and that it (20) _____ him a better person.

find
have
break
live

give
talk
help
own

love
give
take
become
happen
start

enjoy
deliver
use

learn
make
lose

2 **T 7.3** Write short answers to the questions.

1 Was Ben born in the US?

No, he wasn't.

2 Did he have a difficult time at school?

Yes, he did.

3 Is Ben well known in the business world?

4 Does he own a company called *Rainy Days*?

5 Does he give people advice?

6 Did he start writing software when he was nine?

7 Does he enjoy working with Internet companies?

8 Did losing money make him a better person?

3 Write questions for these answers.

1 *Where was Ben born?*

In England.

2 _____

In the US.

3 _____

Because he was dyslexic.

4 _____

Rainmakers.

5 _____

In 1989.

6 _____

£25m.

Vocabulary

8 Parts of speech

1 Write the correct part of speech next to each word in the box.

n = noun *v* = verb *adj* = adjective *prep* = preposition

<i>adj</i> nice	enjoy	holiday	new
airport	in	see	warm
famous	near	earn	win
postman	at	relax	

2 Complete the sentences with a word from 1. Change the verb forms if necessary.

- My aunt lives in a (*adj*) *nice*, old house (*prep*) *near* the sea.
- Did you (*v*) _____ Frank's (*adj*) _____ car this morning? It's red.
- I play tennis with her (*prep*) _____ weekends and she always (*v*) _____.
- I (*v*) _____ and watched television yesterday evening. It was so (*adj*) _____ in front of the fire.
- I saw a (*adj*) _____ sports star at the (*n*) _____.
- He worked as a (*n*) _____ until he died, and he only (*v*) _____ £10,000 a year.
- They had a (*n*) _____ (*prep*) _____ Dubai and they (*v*) _____ it very much.

Prepositions

9 *about, after, for*

Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.

about after for in to over with at

- My family left London and moved _____ a small village.
- People all _____ the world speak English.
- Did you speak _____ the teacher _____ the homework?
- What do you know _____ modern literature?
- Peter stayed _____ his grandmother _____ the weekend.
- I often think _____ the day we met.
- The exam is one week _____ the course finishes.
- We arrived _____ the airport _____ New York _____ 5.45 a.m.
- Here's the postman _____ a letter _____ you.
- Speak _____ me in English. It's good practice _____ us.

Writing

10 Describing a holiday

1 Read the information about Jim and Alison. Make notes about your last holiday.



8

Past Simple 2 • Past time expressions
Nouns and verbs • Numbers 100–1,000
Writing – my oldest friend

How long ago?

Past Simple 2

1 Regular and irregular verbs

Read about Louis Braille. Put the verbs into the Past Simple.

2 Making negatives

T 8.1 Correct the sentences about Louis Braille.

- Louis Braille was American.
He wasn't American. He was French.
- His father was a teacher.

- Louis became blind when he was six.

- He went to a school in London.

- The books for blind people were cheap.

- Louis invented 'night writing'.

- He began to develop 'Braille' when he was ten.

- He died when he was 53.

LOUIS BRAILLE (1809–1852)

Louis Braille (1) was (be) the son of a French leather worker. He (2) _____ (become) blind at the age of three when he (3) _____ (have) an accident in his father's workroom. But Louis was a very intelligent boy, and a good student. He (4) _____ (win) a special scholarship when he was ten, and (5) _____ (go) to one of the first schools for blind children, in Paris.

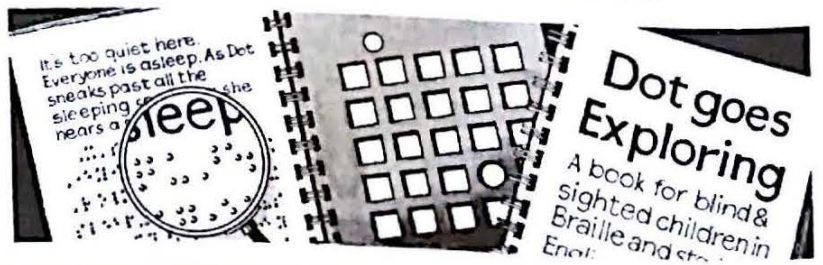


The school had some books that blind people (6) _____ (can) read. Louis (7) _____ (learn) to read the letters of these books with his fingers, but it was very slow. And the school (8) _____ (can not) afford to buy more than 14 of the books, because they were very expensive to make.



In 1819 a French soldier, Charles Barbier, (9) _____ (invent) 'night writing'. He (10) _____ (use) special dots on paper so that soldiers (11) _____ (can) read at night. When Barbier (12) _____ (visit) Louis's school, Louis (13) _____ (understand) the importance of this invention for blind people. When he was fifteen, he (14) _____ (begin) to develop it. In 1829 he (15) _____ (start) to use it at the Institute.

By 1932 'Braille' was in use all over the world, but Louis (16) _____ (die) in 1852 and he never (17) _____ (know) of the importance of his invention.



3 Negative short forms

T 8.2 Write the short forms of the negative verbs.

- 1 She did not see me.
She didn't see me.
- 2 I did not go to school on Monday.

- 3 Our teacher did not come to school today.

- 4 Anna was not in Paris last month.

- 5 They were not at home.

- 6 Paul could not read until he was eight.

4 Positives and negatives

T 8.3 Make the positive verbs negative. Make the negative verbs positive.

- 1 She drove to work.
She didn't drive to work.
- 2 I didn't know the answer.
I knew the answer.
- 3 My aunt gave me a new watch.

- 4 It didn't rain a lot during our holiday.

- 5 I didn't drink the coffee, but I ate the sandwich.

- 6 She didn't bring her homework.

- 7 She wasn't tired, so she didn't go to bed.

- 8 He forgot his passport and he lost his plane ticket.

- 9 It didn't cost a lot of money.

- 10 I didn't have a lot of time, so I didn't do the shopping.

5 Past time expressions

1 Number the times in chronological order, 1-6. (1 is nearest in time.)

- this morning
- last winter
- in 1980
- the day before yesterday
- yesterday evening
- ten years ago

2 Write sentences about you. Use each expression in 1 once.

- 1 *I got up at eight o'clock this morning.*
- 2 *I didn't have a shower yesterday evening.*

- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____
- 7 _____
- 8 _____

6 ago

Rewrite the sentences using *ago*.

- 1 I saw him last June.
I saw him three months ago.
- 2 I had breakfast at eight o'clock.

- 3 They got married in 1991.

- 4 We saw John the day before yesterday.

- 5 We met in 1976.

- 6 My daughter started school last September.

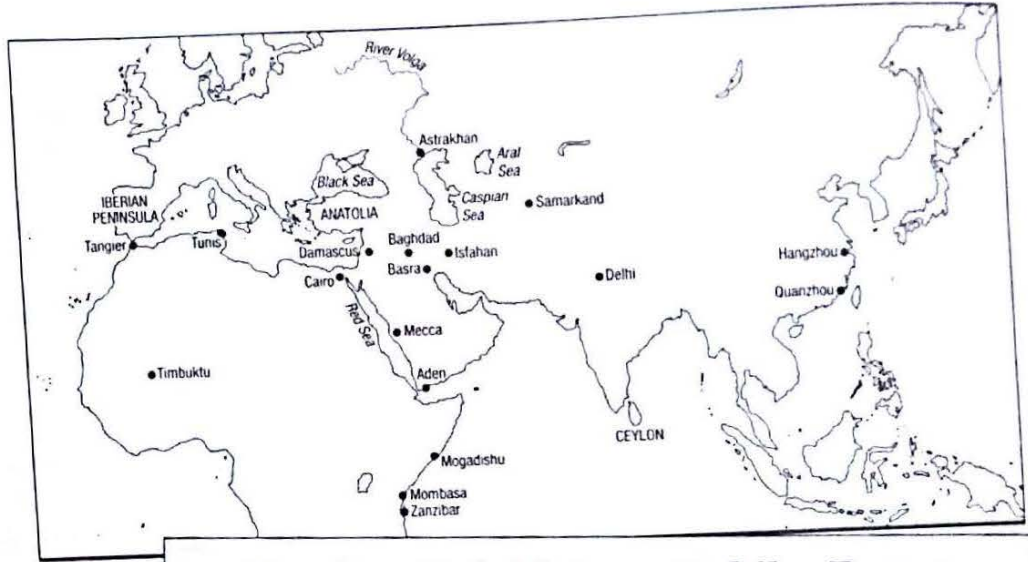
- 7 My uncle died in 2008.

- 8 Alice came back from America last month.

- 9 Their son was born at two o'clock this morning.

7 Ibn Battuta

- 1 Read the story of Ibn Battuta. Draw a line on the map to show the direction of his travels.
- 2 Read the story again. Put one of the time expressions from the box into each gap.



eighteen months during the day on 24 February 1304 for just three weeks at the age of twenty-one nearly half his life In November 1327 for a second time in the winter of 1332 in 1344

**Abu Abdullah Muhammad ibn Battuta,
a traveller in the Muslim world**

Born 1304 Died 1368

Ibn Battuta was born in Tangier, in modern-day Morocco, (1) _____. He was an expert in Muslim religion and law, but he is best known as an explorer. He travelled more than 120,000 km on a journey that took twenty-eight years – (2) _____.

In 1325 (3) _____, he went on a pilgrimage to Mecca, stopping at Tunis, Cairo, and Damascus. He travelled by donkey, camel, boat, and on foot. The journey to Mecca took him (4) _____ – he finally arrived in 1327. He wasn't in the holiest city of Islam for long. He stayed (5) _____, studying and visiting religious places.

(6) _____ he left Mecca and went to Basra, Baghdad, and Isfahan with a group of other pilgrims. They travelled at night because it was cooler, and slept (7) _____. After this trip he returned to Mecca (8) _____, and stayed for a year.

On his next great trip, Ibn Battuta sailed down the East African coast, visiting Aden, Mogadishu, Mombasa, and Zanzibar. He then returned again to Mecca in 1330. He wanted to see the different lengths of night and day, so a year later he sailed from Damascus to Anatolia and travelled north to Astrakhan on the River Volga near the Caspian Sea. He then went to the Black Sea area, where he arrived (9) _____. After a month, he returned to Astrakhan, then continued past the Caspian and Aral seas, and Samarkand, finally arriving in the north of India. He spent eight years there working for the Sultan of Delhi. Finally, (10) _____ at the age of forty, he went to Ceylon and then by sea to Quanzhou and Hangzhou, in modern-day China. Here he saw people using paper money, which he liked.

At last he returned home through Damascus and Cairo, both cities nearly empty because of the Black Death. Later he travelled through the Iberian peninsula and then crossed the Sahara to Timbuktu in 1351, before finally returning to Tangier. Here he wrote the story of his adventures, called *Rihla*.

- 3 Complete the the questions and answers.
 - 1 Where _____?
In Tangier.
 - 2 What did he study?
_____?
 - 3 When _____?
In 1325.
 - 4 How _____?
By donkey, camel, boat, and on foot.
 - 5 What did he do in Mecca the first time he went?
_____?
 - 6 Why _____?
Because it was cooler.
 - 7 Why did he go to Astrakhan?
_____?
 - 8 How old _____
when he went to China?
_____?
 - 9 _____ like
people using paper money?
Yes, he did.
 - 10 What was the matter with
Damascus and Cairo?
_____?

Vocabulary

8 Words that are nouns and verbs

Many words in English are both nouns and verbs. Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the words in the box.

rain cook fish walk drink watch name visit

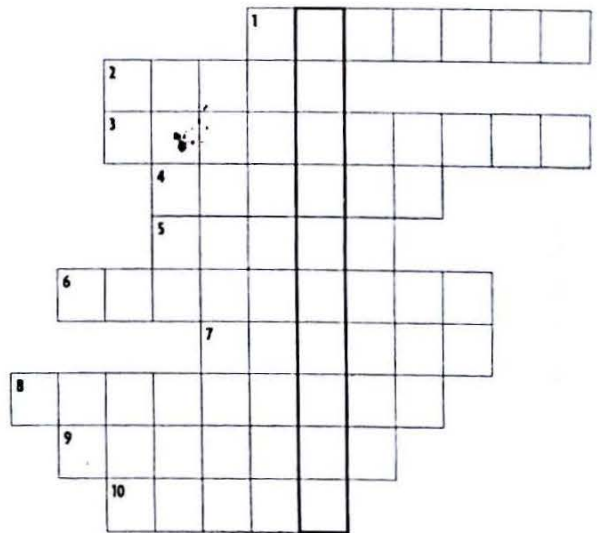
- 1 I don't like *rain* .
It *rained* all day long.
- 2 Can I have a _____ ? I'm really thirsty.
John never _____ coffee. He doesn't like it.
- 3 I _____ a meal for ten people yesterday evening.
'What's your job?' 'I'm a _____. I work in a big hotel.'
- 4 We _____ the football on television last night.
'What's the time?' 'Sorry. I don't have a _____.'
- 5 'How did you get to work yesterday?' 'I _____.'
We went for a _____ by the lake. It was lovely.
- 6 We had _____ for dinner last night.
You can _____ in that river.
- 7 We really enjoyed our _____ to Oxford last weekend.
When I was in New York last year, I _____ lots of interesting places.
- 8 My _____ is Jack Thompson.
What did they _____ their new baby?



9 A crossword puzzle

Write the answers and find the word.

- 1 When I was a child, I always rode to school on this.
- 2 I don't like reading when I travel by car, but I always read when I travel by _____.
- 3 Did you watch the interesting programme on _____ last night?
- 4 I forgot my _____, so I couldn't take any photographs.
- 5 A pilot flies this.
- 6 Most offices, banks, hotels, and schools have them now, but they didn't twenty-five years ago.
- 7 100 years ago people didn't have one of these in their kitchen for milk and butter, so things were difficult in summer.
- 8 Alexander Graham Bell invented this.
- 9 Most people now have automatic _____ machines for cleaning their clothes.
- 10 Levi Strauss invented these for workmen.



All these things are _____.

Numbers

10 100–1,000

T 8.4 Study the numbers.

130	one hundred and thirty	508	five hundred and eight
285	two hundred and eighty-five	678	six hundred and seventy-eight
300	three hundred	793	seven hundred and ninety-three
415	four hundred and fifteen	1,000	one thousand

11 Matching numbers and words

Match the numbers and the words.

945 three hundred and ten five hundred and ninety 800
four hundred and seventy-one 999 115 six hundred and three
eight hundred four hundred and twenty-five 144 508
eight hundred and sixty-two 238 734
nine hundred and forty-five six hundred and sixteen 590
one hundred and fifteen 616 603 310
nine hundred and ninety-nine one hundred and forty-four
five hundred and eight 425 two hundred and thirty-eight
seven hundred and thirty-four 862 471

12 Writing numbers and words

1 Write the numbers in words.

- 1 411 *four hundred and eleven*
- 2 145 _____
- 3 610 _____
- 4 890 _____
- 5 387 _____
- 6 150 _____
- 7 532 _____

2 **T 8.5** Answer the questions. Write the numbers in full.

- 1 How many days are there in a year?

- 2 How many minutes are there in two hours?

- 3 How many pages are there in this book?

- 4 How many students are there in your school?

- 5 How many weeks are there in four years?

- 6 How many pence are there in £4.73?

Writing

13 Linking words – because, when, until

Make sentences with a line in A, a word in B, and a line in C.

A	B	C
1 I left the meeting early	because when until	a she was thirty.
2 Peter couldn't speak		b they came for dinner.
3 Tim didn't see the Colosseum		c I was at school.
4 Eva didn't start learning English		d she couldn't afford them.
5 I didn't enjoy maths lessons		e after midnight.
6 Sally didn't buy the red shoes		f he was nearly four.
7 They didn't go to bed		g I didn't feel well.
8 We met Ken's wife last Saturday		h he was in Rome.

14 Old friends

1 Complete the text with words from the box.

and but so because
when until

2 Write about 100 words about an old friend.

- What is his/her name?
- When did you meet?
- Where did you meet?
- What did you do together?
- How often do you meet now?
- What do you do when you meet?

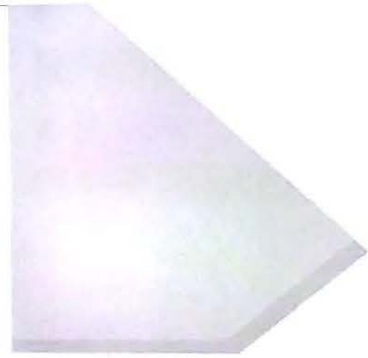
MY OLDEST FRIEND

My oldest friend is called Sandy. We met thirty years ago (1) _____ we were both five years old. It was my first day at school (2) _____ I was very unhappy (3) _____ I wanted my mother. Sandy gave me a sweet (4) _____ we became friends immediately. We were together nearly every day (5) _____ we left school twelve years later.

Then I went to university, (6) _____ Sandy didn't. She married (7) _____ she was just eighteen (8) _____ had three children. I studied for eight years (9) _____ I wanted to be an accountant. I had a lot of new friends, (10) _____ I didn't see Sandy very often. Sometimes we didn't meet for months, (11) _____ we often talked on the telephone.

Now I'm married, too. I live near Sandy (12) _____ we meet every week. She's a student now, (13) _____ I have a baby, (14) _____ we can give each other a lot of advice!

Blank writing area for the student's response to question 2.



Count and uncount nouns • *I like/I'd like ... some/any, much/many* • Food and drink
Writing – formal letters 2

Food you like!

Count and uncount nouns

1 Can you count these?

T 9.1 Are these usually count or uncount nouns? Put C or U.

- 1 U rice
- 2 money
- 3 bread
- 4 stamp
- 5 milk
- 6 apple
- 7 banana
- 8 strawberry
- 9 biscuit
- 10 fruit
- 11 sandwich
- 12 cheese
- 13 cup
- 14 egg

2 a, an, or some?

Complete the sentences with *a, an,* or *some*.

- 1 Would you like some rice?
- 2 Would you like _____ milk?
- 3 Can I have _____ stamps, please?
- 4 I'd like _____ chicken sandwich and _____ cheese for lunch.
- 5 Do you want _____ biscuit?
- 6 Would you like _____ apple or _____ strawberries?
- 7 Can I have _____ bread?
- 8 Can you give me _____ money?
- 9 I usually have _____ biscuit and _____ cup of coffee at 11 a.m.
- 10 Could you buy _____ fruit when you go to the shops?
- 11 He always has _____ egg for breakfast.

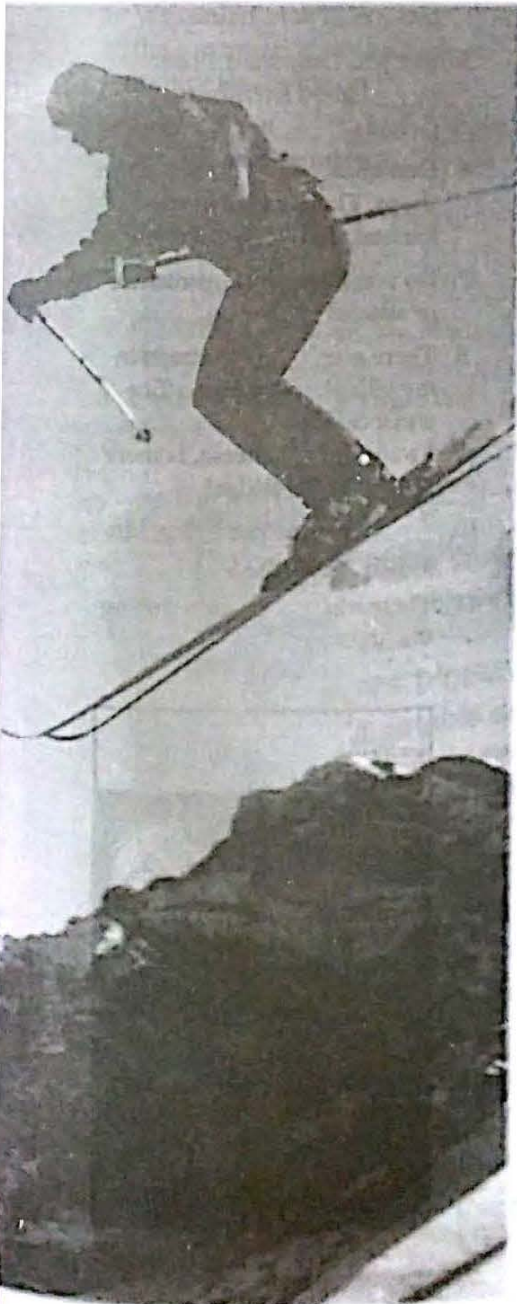
Do you like ... ?

3 like + -ing

Answer the questions with a word from A, a line from B, and a line from C

A	B	C
love	skiing	crosswords
like	learning about	DVDs in bed
likes	taking	the radio
loves	doing	in the mountains
	watching	and windsurfing
	swimming	computer games
	listening to	photographs
	playing	the past

- 1 Why does Peter go to Switzerland every winter?
Because he likes skiing in the mountains.
- 2 Why is there a stereo in your living room, kitchen, and bedroom?
Because I _____.
- 3 Why does your father buy three newspapers every day?
Because he _____.
- 4 Why do you have a TV in your bedroom?
Because I _____.
- 5 Why does Silvia have two cameras?
Because she _____.
- 6 Why do you visit so many museums?
Because I _____.
- 7 Why do Inês and Pablo go to the beach at weekends?
Because they _____.
- 8 Why is there a computer in your son's bedroom?
Because he _____.



4 Likes and dislikes

1 Read the information about Martha, then complete the questions and answers.

	Martha likes	Martha dislikes
Sports	tennis volleyball	football athletics
Food	Italian Mexican	Chinese
At weekends	going to restaurants meeting friends	doing her homework shopping
Books	science fiction	crime fiction

1 What sports *does she like*?

Tennis and volleyball.

2 What sort of food does she like?

_____.

3 _____ doing?

Going to restaurants and meeting friends.

4 What sort of _____ ?

Science fiction.

5 _____ Chinese food?

No, she _____.

6 _____ playing football?

_____.

7 _____ going to restaurants?

_____.

8 _____ shopping?

_____.

2 **T9.2** Complete the questions, then answer them about you.

1 Do you like *swimming* (swim)?

No, I don't.

2 Do you like _____ (cook)?

3 Do you like _____ (shop)?

4 Do you like _____ (play) computer games?

5 Do you like _____ (do) homework?

6 Do you like _____ (learn) English?

Would you like ... ?

5 I'd like ...

Match a line in A with a line in B.

A	B
1 I'm thirsty.	a I'd like to go to bed.
2 I'm hungry.	b I'd like to go swimming.
3 I'm tired.	c I'd like to be on a beach in Florida.
4 I'm hot.	d I'd like to go out with my friends.
5 I'm bored.	e I'd like to be a millionaire.
6 I don't have any money.	f I'd like a cold drink.
7 It's winter and I'm cold.	g I'd like a sandwich.

6 like or would like?

T9.3 Make sentences with *like* or *would like*.

- Jane has lots of poetry books.
She likes reading poems.
- Ann isn't happy at work.
She'd like a new job.
- Peter has more than twenty cookbooks.
_____ cooking.
- My car is twenty years old!
_____ a new one.
- Sarah thinks her house is very small.



- He bought bananas, apples, oranges, pears, and dates.
_____ fruit.
- There's a good show on TV tonight.
_____ watch it.
- Peter buys a lot of books.

- I don't want to go out this evening.

- Tom and Mary always have a winter holiday.

some and any

7 some or any?

1 Complete the sentences with *some* or *any*.

- I don't have *any* money in my pocket, but I have *some* money in the bank.
- Are there _____ letters for me this morning?
- I never have _____ breakfast. I'm not hungry in the morning.
- You have _____ lovely pictures in your house.
- Are you Canadian? I have _____ good friends in Canada.
- Don't buy _____ bread at the shops. There's a lot in the kitchen.
- Do you have _____ brothers or sisters?
- There aren't _____ shops in my village, just a post office and a café.
- I want _____ cheese. Is there _____ in the fridge?
- _____ people like flying, but other people don't.
- There was _____ rain during the night.



2 Complete the sentences with *some* or *any* and a word from the box.

petrol	food	cake
stamps	books	people
chairs	photos	

- 1 Could I try *some* cake, please?
It looks delicious.
- 2 People couldn't sit down at the meeting because there weren't _____.
- 3 I couldn't take _____ on holiday because the weather was so bad.
- 4 We couldn't buy _____ in the supermarket because our money was in the car.
- 5 I need to put _____ in the car. It's nearly empty.
- 6 Do you have _____?
I want to post these letters.
- 7 There were _____ very interesting _____ at the reception.
- 8 I want _____ from the library.

How much ... ? and How many ... ?

8 **T9.4** Complete the questions with *How much ... ?* or *How many ... ?*, then answer them.

- 1 *How much* homework do you get?

- 2 _____ English books do you have?

- 3 _____ does a cup of coffee cost?

- 4 _____ languages do you speak?

- 5 _____ people are there in your class?

- 6 _____ weeks' holiday do you have in summer?

- 7 _____ coffee do you drink a day?

9 Ordering a meal in a restaurant

1 Read the menu.

MINCKEY'S CAFÉ

~ HORS D'OEUVRES ~

Vegetable soup
Egg mayonnaise
Pâté with toast
Scampi

~ MAIN COURSES ~

Sirloin steak
Chicken with mushrooms
Fresh tuna steak
Various omelettes

~ VEGETABLES ~

(ALL OUR VEGETABLES ARE FRESH AND ORGANIC)

Rice, potatoes, or chips
Carrots
Peas
Green salad

~ DESSERTS ~

Fresh fruit salad
Apple pie
Cheesecake

2 Put the words in the correct order for the restaurant.

1 coffee/you/like/some/would/?

2 order/to/drink/you/like/something/would/to/?

3 water/fizzy/still/mineral/or/?

4 table/two/a/we'd/for/like

5 bill/have/can/the/we/?

6 menu/have/we/the/could/?

7 included/service/is/?

8 first/pâté/I'd/like/the

9 course/the/the/I'd/chicken/for/main/like

10 vegetables/you/what/would/like/?

3 **T 9.5** Use the sentences in 2 to complete the conversation.

Waiter Good evening, sir. Good evening, madam.

George Good evening. (1) _____, please.

Waiter Certainly. Is this table all right?

George That's fine. (2) _____, please?

Waiter Certainly.



Waiter Are you ready to order?

George Yes. (3) _____.

Linda And for me the egg mayonnaise.

Waiter Yes, madam.

George And then (4) _____.

Linda And I'd like the tuna.

Waiter Certainly, madam. (5) _____?

Linda Potatoes and peas, please.

Waiter (6) _____?

Linda Yes, we'd like a bottle of mineral water, please.

Waiter (7) _____?

George Still, please.



George That was delicious!

Waiter Thank you very much. (8) _____?

Linda Yes. Black, please.

George And (9) _____?

Waiter Of course.

George (10) _____?

Waiter No, it isn't, sir.

George Can I pay by credit card?

Waiter Yes, that's fine.

Writing

10 Formal letters 2

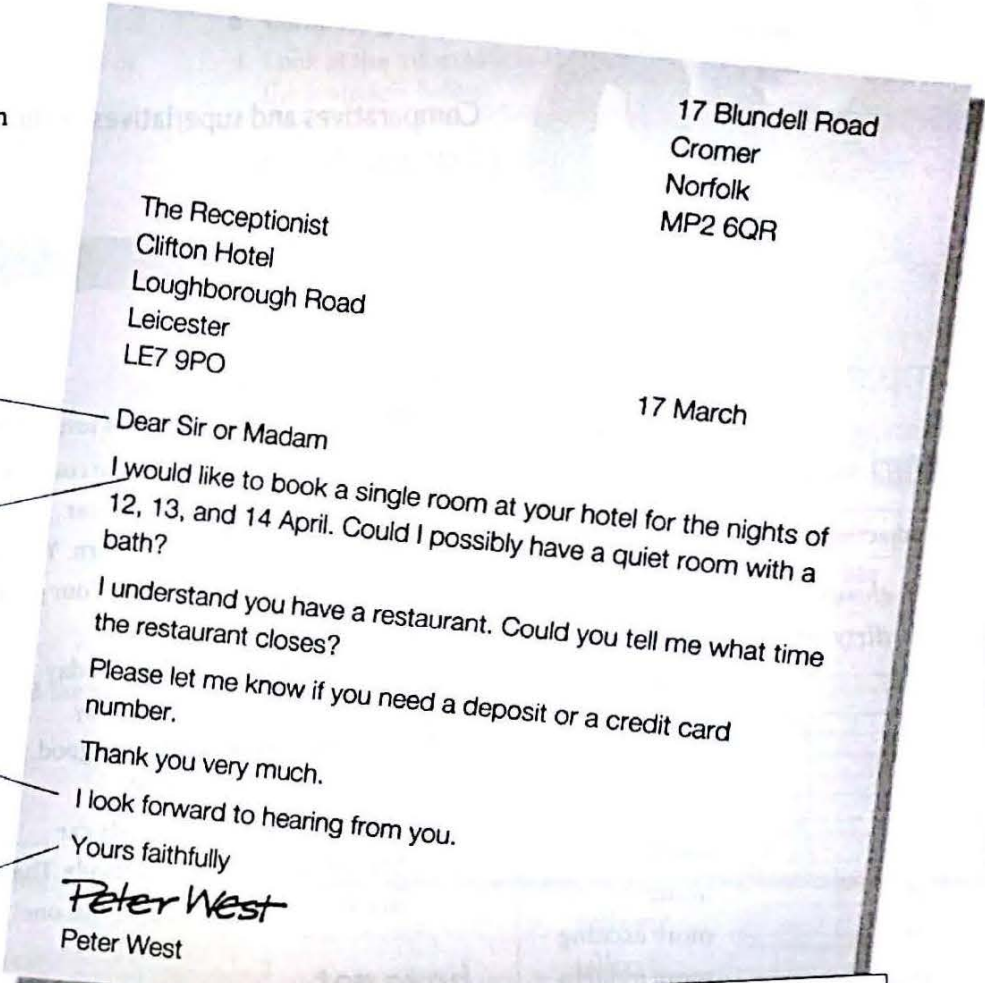
1 **T 9.6** Look at the organization of a formal letter.

Write *Dear Sir or Madam* if you do not know the name of the person you are writing to.

Remember! There are no short forms in a formal letter.

This is the usual ending if we want a reply to a letter.

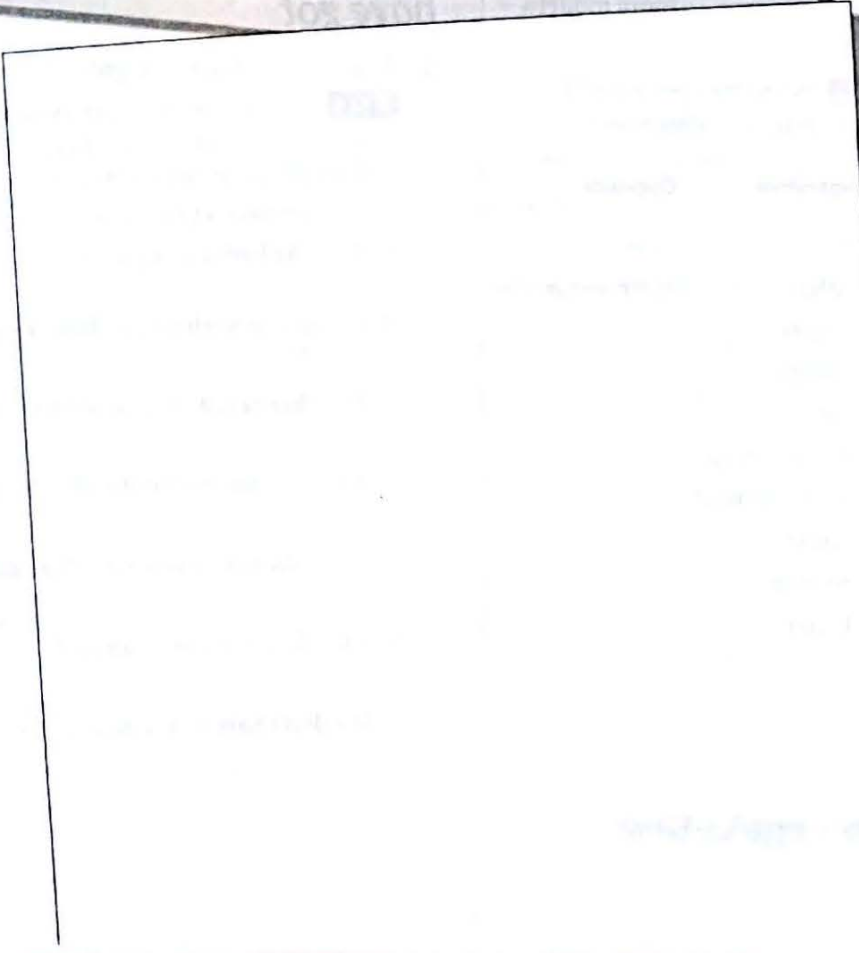
If you do not know the name of the person you are writing to, write *Yours faithfully*, not *Yours sincerely*.



2 Write a letter to the Alexandra Hotel. Book a single room for four nights next month. Ask for a room with a view of the sea, and ask for a brochure of the hotel.

The address is:

The Alexandra Hotel
5 Cliff Road
Lyme Regis
Dorset
RG6 8TY



10

Comparatives and superlatives • *have got*

Compound nouns

Writing – describing a city

Bigger and better!

Comparatives

1 Forming comparative adjectives

1 **T.10.1** Write the adjectives.

Adjective	Comparative
1 <i>cheap</i>	cheaper
2 <i>dirty</i>	dirtier
3 _____	faster
4 _____	safer
5 _____	friendlier
6 _____	bigger
7 _____	noisier
8 _____	hotter
9 _____	more exciting
10 _____	more modern

2 **T.10.2** Write the opposites of the comparative adjectives.

Comparative	Opposite
1 faster	<i>slower</i>
2 safer	<i>more dangerous</i>
3 bigger	_____
4 cheaper	_____
5 cleaner	_____
6 more boring	_____
7 more difficult	_____
8 colder	_____
9 further	_____
10 better	_____

2 *more ... /-er than*

T.10.3 Complete the sentences using the comparative form of the adjective.

- The city isn't very clean. The country is *cleaner than the city*.
- My car isn't very new. Your car _____ my car.
- Ann's house isn't very modern. Your house _____ Ann's.
- Bob's garden isn't very big. Your garden _____ much _____ Bob's.
- Yesterday wasn't very hot. Today _____ much _____ yesterday.
- Sue's homework wasn't very good. Your homework _____ Sue's.
- Your car isn't very dirty. My car _____ yours.
- This exercise isn't very difficult. The next exercise _____ much _____ this one!

have got

3 *do you have/have you got?*

T.10.4 Rewrite the sentences using the correct form of *have got*.

- She has a son. She doesn't have a daughter.
She's got a son. She hasn't got a daughter.
- 'Do you have a pen?' 'Yes, I do.'
'Have you got a pen?' 'Yes, I have.'
- 'Does he have a computer?' 'No, he doesn't.'

- He has a motorbike. He doesn't have a car.

- They have a flat. They don't have a house.

- 'Do you have any brothers?' 'Yes, I do.'

- 'Does she have a new job?' 'Yes, she does.'

- 'Does he have a new camera?' 'No, he doesn't.'

- We don't have much money. They have a lot.

4 *do/does, have/has*

Complete the conversations with *do/does* or *have/has*.

- 1 A _____ you got a computer?
B Yes, but it's an old one.
- 2 A _____ he have any children?
B Yes, one daughter.
- 3 A How many brothers and sisters _____ you got?
B Two brothers.
- 4 A _____ they have an old house?
B Yes, much older than ours.
- 5 A _____ she got a big flat?
B Yes, much bigger than ours.
- 6 A _____ you live near here?
B Yes, I _____.
- 7 A _____ your mother work in the bank?
B Yes, she _____.

5 Short forms

T 10.5 Rewrite the sentences using short forms.

- 1 I am happy. I have got a new car.
I'm happy. I've got a new car.
- 2 They have got a big classroom.

- 3 He has got a bike, but he has not got a car.

- 4 We do not have much money. We are poor.

- 5 She has got a big house. She is rich.

- 6 He does not have an English dictionary.

6 Comparing Ismail and Matt

1 Look at the information about Ismail and Matt and complete the sentences below.



	Ismail	Matt	Me
age	24	30	
height	1.80	1.70	
brothers and sisters?	2 brothers	X	
a house/flat?	a flat	a flat	
a car?	X	✓	
a camera?	✓	✓	
a computer?	✓	X	

- 1 _____ younger _____.
- 2 _____ taller _____.
- 3 'How _____ brothers _____ Ismail got?' 'Two.'
- 4 Ismail _____ got _____ sisters.
- 5 Matt _____ got _____ brothers or sisters.
- 6 Matt and Ismail _____ both _____ a flat.
- 7 Matt _____ got a car, but Ismail _____ one.
- 8 They _____ both _____ a camera.
- 9 _____ a computer?' 'No, he hasn't.'

2 Complete the chart and write sentences about yourself.

I'm older than Ismail but younger than Matt.
I've got one sister.

Comparatives and superlatives

7 Comparative and superlative adjectives

Write the comparative and superlative forms of the adjectives.

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
1 cheap	<i>cheaper</i>	<i>the cheapest</i>
2 expensive	<i>more expensive</i>	<i>the most expensive</i>
3 young	_____	_____
4 happy	_____	_____
5 beautiful	_____	_____
6 big	_____	_____
7 busy	_____	_____
8 intelligent	_____	_____
9 bad	_____	_____
10 far	_____	_____
11 new	_____	_____
12 dangerous	_____	_____

8 Word order

Put the words in the correct order to make sentences or questions.

- family / the / am / my / in / I / oldest
I am the oldest in my family.
- sister / me / my / than / younger / is

- class / who / oldest / the / the / in / is / ?

- passenger / plane / was / Concorde / world / fastest / the / in / the

- book / interesting / than / my / your / more / is / book

- bought / expensive / shop / the / in / watch / most / Peter / the

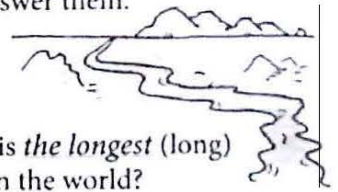
- cheapest / buy / you / shop / in / the / the / did / watch / ?

- difficult / German / English / is / than / more / much

- weather / better / today / than / much / is / yesterday / the

9 Questions and answers

Complete the questions with the superlative form of the adjective. Try to answer them.



- What is *the longest* (long) river in the world?
The Nile.



- What is _____ (high) mountain in the world?



- What is _____ (big) city in your country?



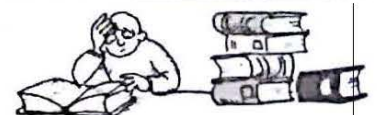
- What is _____ (popular) sport in your country?



- Where is _____ (old) university in Europe?



- Who is _____ (young) person in your family?



- Who is _____ (intelligent) student in your class?

Vocabulary

10 Compound nouns

- 1 Look at these examples of compound nouns.
 ticket + office = ticket office
 motor + way = motorway
 ice + cream = ice-cream

- 2 Match a noun in A with a noun in B to make a new noun.

A	B
1 town	a park
2 railway	b agent
3 river	c centre
4 bus	d office
5 book	e station
6 car	f port
7 travel	g stop
8 post	h shop
9 phone	i bank
10 air	j box

- 3 Match the compound nouns with the picture.

- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____
- 7 *town centre*
- 8 _____
- 9 _____
- 10 _____



- 4 Complete the sentences with the correct compound noun.

- 1 We don't have a telephone at home, so I always go out to a _____ to call my friends.
- 2 I'm late for my train! Could you drive me to the _____ ?
- 3 There's a new _____ in town. It has lots of foreign books. Have you been there?
- 4 Heathrow is one of the biggest _____ in the world.
- 5 We waited in the rain at the _____ for one hour before the bus came.
- 6 *Fly away* is the best _____ in the town. They have good, cheap holidays.

Writing

11 Linking words – *which* and *where*



We can use *which* and *where* to join sentences.

- We use *which* for things:
This is the book. **It** has the information.
This is the book **which** has the information.
- We use *where* for places:
There's the house. John and Mary live **in it**.
There's the house **where** John and Mary live.

Join the sentences with *which* or *where*.

- 1 Jack wrote the letter. It arrived this morning.
- 2 There's the park. We play football in it.
- 3 This is the hotel. I always stay here.
- 4 Robert's got a car. It's faster than yours.

12 My capital city

- 1 Read about London and complete the text using the words in the box.

- a where the Queen lives
- b which is the biggest
- c which are much bigger
- d where the Romans landed
- e where you can buy anything
- f where you can see

- 2 Write four paragraphs about your capital city. Begin each paragraph with the same words as in the text about London. Write 100–150 words.

Paragraph 1 How big is it? Where is it?

Paragraph 2 What is it famous for?

Paragraph 3 Does it have any problems?

Paragraph 4 What do you like best about it?

LONDON



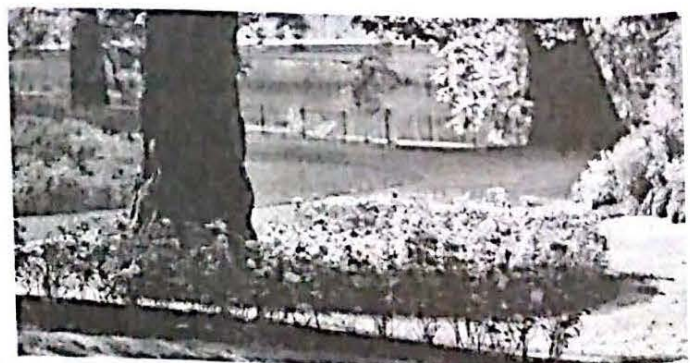
The River Thames

London has a population of about 7,000,000. It lies on the River Thames, (1) _____ nearly 2,000 years ago. From about 1800 until World War Two, London was the biggest city in the world, but now there are many cities (2) _____.

London is famous for many things. Tourists come from all over the world to visit its historic buildings, such as Buckingham Palace, (3) _____, and the Houses of Parliament, (4) _____ and hear the famous clock, Big Ben. They also come to visit its museums, and its many shops, such as Harrods, (5) _____. And of course they want to ride on the big wheel next to the river!

Like many big cities, London has problems with traffic and pollution. Over 1,000,000 people a day use the London Underground, but there are still too many cars on the streets. The air isn't clean, but it is cleaner than it was 100 years ago.

For me, the best thing about London is the parks. There are five in the city centre. But my children's favourite place is Hamleys, (6) _____ toy shop in the world!



St James's Park

11

Present Continuous • Spelling of verb + *-ing*

Whose is it? • Parts of the body

Writing – describing people

Looking good!

Present Continuous

- 1 I'm working hard because ...
Match a line in A with a line in B.

A	B
1 I'm working hard	a because he doesn't earn much.
2 Len's buying a new car	b because they're dry and the sun's hot.
3 Jane's washing her hair	c because his old one broke down.
4 Peter's looking for a better job	d because I've got exams next week.
5 We're buying some new clothes	e because he's hungry.
6 She's watering the flowers	f because she's going to a dinner this evening.
7 The baby's crying	g because we're going to a wedding soon.

2 Spelling of verb + *-ing*

Write the *-ing* form of the verbs.

- walk *walking*
- have
- read
- stop
- use
- listen
- run
- say
- swim
- come
- do
- put
- ride
- drive
- think

3 What are you doing?

11.1 Write sentences that are true for you.

- wearing a suit
I'm (not) wearing a suit.
- wearing trainers
- listening to the teacher
- sitting in my bedroom
- working with a friend
- doing an English exercise
- drinking coffee
- my parents working

4 Describing people

Look at the people in the pictures. Describe them. What are they wearing? What are they doing? Write some sentences about them.

1

Blank writing area for exercise 1.

2

Blank writing area for exercise 2.

3

Blank writing area for exercise 3.



5 Making questions

Put the words in the correct order to make questions in the Present Continuous.

- 1 you / what / are / doing / ? *What are you doing?*
- 2 cooking / are / you / what / ?
- 3 this evening / out / you / going / are / ?

4 playing / we / time / tennis / what / are / ?

5 crying / daughter / why / is / your / ?

6 dinner / are / Ken / and / Ellen / for / coming / when / ?

Present Continuous and Present Simple

6 What do they do? What are they doing?

TIP: Look at the pictures and answer the questions.

- 1 What does Tom do? *He's a pilot.*
- 2 Is he flying a plane now? *No, he isn't.*
- 3 What's he doing?
- 4 What does Fiona do?
- 5 Is she designing buildings now?
- 6 What's she doing?
- 7 What does Brian do?
- 8 Is he delivering letters now?
- 9 What does Nina do?
- 10 Is she working in a shop now?
- 11 What's she doing?



Tom



Fiona



Brian



Nina

7 Present Continuous or Present Simple?

1 Choose the correct form of the verb.

- 1 *I have / I'm having* a shower every morning.
- 2 Look! *It's raining. / It rains.* We can't go to the beach.
- 3 What *are you doing / do you do* tonight? *Are you going / Do you go* out?
- 4 What *are we having / do we have* for dinner tonight?
- 5 Where *are you usually going / do you usually go* on holiday?
- 6 What *are you doing / do you do* under the table?
- 7 *I'm trying / I try* to find my pen.

2 Complete the sentences with the verb in the Present Continuous or Present Simple.

1 **rain**

Oh no! It *'s raining*. We can't play tennis.
It always *rains* a lot in April.

2 **read**

I _____ a very good book at the moment.
I _____ in bed every night.

3 **walk**

We _____ fast because we're late.
We always _____ fast when we are in a hurry.

4 **work**

She's a doctor. She _____ at Memorial Hospital.
She _____ hard because she has an exam tomorrow.

5 **not eat**

I _____ that! It looks burnt!
Vegetarians _____ meat.

6 **speak**

Look! Peter _____ French to that man over there.
How many languages _____ he _____?

7 **do**

Why _____ we always _____ boring exercises?
Why _____ we _____ this exercise now?

8 **Auxiliary verbs**

Complete the sentences with *am/is/are* or *do/does/don't/doesn't*.

- 1 John's a vegetarian. He _____ eat meat.
- 2 A Where _____ you going?
B I _____ going to the bank.
- 3 How many children _____ your sister have?
- 4 A I _____ looking for a pair of black shoes.
B Certainly. What size _____ you take?
- 5 A Why _____ Hans studying Chinese?
B Because he _____ going to China on holiday.
- 6 A Bonjour! Ça va?
B Sorry. I _____ understand. I _____ speak French.
- 7 A What _____ you want to do tomorrow?
B Why _____ we go and see James?
A We can't because he _____ working all day.

Whose is this? It's his

9 Whose is the book?

Look at the people in the pictures. Write questions and answers about the objects.



- 1 book?
Whose is the book? It's hers.
- 2 bike?
- 3 hat?
- 4 car?
- 5 sunglasses?
- 6 trainers?
- 7 sunscreen?
- 8 sports bag?
- 9 ball?
- 10 children?

10 It's ours

T 11.3 Rewrite the sentences with the possessive pronoun.

- 1 It's our school. It's ours.
- 2 It's my book. _____
- 3 It's your car. _____
- 4 They're their tickets. _____
- 5 They're her jeans. _____
- 6 This is my wallet. _____
- 7 This is your present. _____
- 8 These are your DVDs. _____

11 Check it

Correct the sentences.

- 1 Where your sister work?
Where does your sister work?
- 2 I'm go to a restaurant this evening.

- 3 Who's is this jacket on your chair?

- 4 We no wear a uniform at my school.

- 5 That's my husband over there. He stands near the window.

- 6 What you doing after school today?

- 7 Sorry. You can't speak to Jenny. She's have a bath.

- 8 Whose that girl over there? She looks sad.

- 9 Peter's a businessman. He's work all over the world.

- 10 At the moment Peter's work in Russia.

Vocabulary

12 Parts of the body

1 **T 11.4** Label the picture using the words in the box.

eyes leg arm head feet hand face hair



- 1 head
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____
- 7 _____
- 8 _____

2 Now describe each person.

The man *is tall. He's got dark hair. He's wearing ...*

The woman _____

Writing

13 Linking words – *although, but*
Complete the sentences with words from the box.

although because but
too both for example

- 1 I like coffee, and I like tea,
- 2 Kate and Meg are very similar. They _____ like reading and they love playing chess.
- 3 We stopped playing tennis _____ it started to rain.
- 4 It was cold, _____ we went swimming.
- 5 _____ it was cold, we went swimming.
- 6 There's so much to do at the weekend. _____, you can go skiing or skating.

14 Describing people

1 Complete the text with the correct linking word from exercise 13.

2 Write about 100 words about someone you know.

- Paragraph 1** Description
- Paragraph 2** Likes/dislikes
- Paragraph 3** Personality



MY BROTHERS

I have twin brothers, Tim and Tom. They are very similar and a lot of people don't know which twin is which. They (1) _____ have blond hair and blue eyes, and they always wear jeans and T-shirts. They like wearing the same things, and they like doing the same things. (2) _____ (3) _____ they both like reading and they're crazy about football and computers. They go to a football match every weekend. They'd like to play computer games every night, (4) _____ our mother says they can't (5) _____ they have a lot of homework. (6) _____ they're twins, they aren't the same in every way. (7) _____, Tim works hard at school. (8) _____ Tom doesn't. He's a bit lazy. Our mother is often away from home (9) _____ she travels a lot in her job, so we all help in the house. Most of the time it's fine, (10) _____ sometimes we fight a bit! (11) _____ they are noisy and annoying. I think it's fun to have twin brothers.

Blank writing area for the student to complete the text.

▶ 12

going to future • Infinitive of purpose
Word stress • Prepositions
Writing – a holiday postcard

Life's an adventure!

going to

1 What are they going to be?

Write sentences about the people using the words in the box.

architect	journalist
pilot	interpreter
accountant	teacher
doctor	athlete

Frank and I are learning to fly.

We're going to be pilots.



1 Bob loves children.

2 Maria's good at languages.

3 Mary likes writing.

4 Sue and Peter are studying medicine.

5 Anna likes modern buildings.

6 Bill's good at numbers.

7 Lisa can run very fast.

2 Making questions

T12.1 Write the questions for these sentences.

1 I'm very hungry. (What/you/eat?)

What are you going to eat?

2 We're going to the shopping mall. (What/you/buy?)

3 Steve's coming for dinner tonight. (What/you/cook?)

4 Cathy's going to university in September. (What/she/study?)

5 Jack and Jill got engaged last week. (When/they/get married?)

6 Sue's not going by train. (she/fly?)

7 I have a big exam next week. (you/study for it?)

8 It's very cloudy. (it/rain?)

3 Going on holiday

1 Read the information about these people's holidays. Make notes about your next holiday.

	Mark and Lucy	John	Me
Where?	Dubai	Prague	
How/travel?	plane	boat and train	
Where/stay?	the Atlantis Hotel	the Hotel Vaclav	
How long/stay?	10 days	6 days	
What/do?	visit Jumeirah beach	visit the old town centre	

2 Write sentences about Mark and his wife Lucy's plans.

- 1 *Mark and Lucy are going to Dubai in the UAE next summer.*
- 2 They
- 3
- 4
- 5

3 Complete the conversation between Lucy and John.

Lucy (1) _____ on holiday next summer?

John To Prague.

Lucy (2) _____ fly there?

John No, I'm not. I'm going by boat and train.

Lucy (3) _____ ?

John In a hotel. The Hotel Vaclav.

Lucy (4) _____ ?

John For six days, from Friday to Wednesday.

Lucy And (5) _____ ?

John Well, the buildings are really beautiful, so
(6) _____

4 Write five sentences about your next holiday.



4 Making negatives

T 12.2 Read the sentences about the past. Make negative sentences about the future.

1 Sue and Bill got a new car last year.
They aren't going to get one this year.

2 Jane had a baby last year.

3 We went to Jordan last year.

4 I wore my blue coat yesterday.

5 Peter and Rob did the washing-up yesterday.

6 My brother got married last year.

7 Paul didn't pass the exam last year.

5 What is going to happen?

T 12.3 Complete the sentences with *going to* and a verb or expression from the box.

leave	snow	be sick	be late
drive	jump	have a job interview	

1 Look at that man on the bridge! I think he's *going to jump*.

2 I don't feel well. I think I _____.

3 It's so cold and look at those clouds! I think it _____.

4 This match is so boring. We _____.

5 Sally's wearing her best clothes. She _____.

6 Hurry up! It's nearly ten o'clock! You _____.

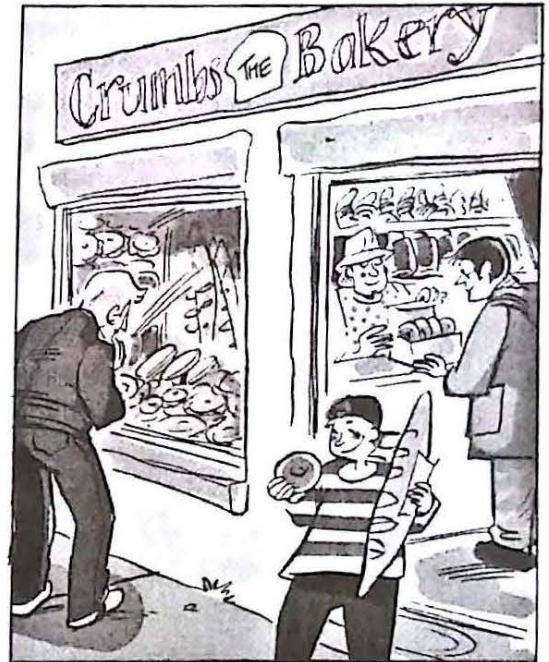
7 'Do you want to walk to the shops?' 'No, I _____.'

Infinitive of purpose

6 Why are you going to the baker's?

T 12.4 Answer the questions with an infinitive of purpose and words from the box.

dictionary	aspirin	ticket
stamps	milk	bread
holiday brochure		



1 Why are you going to the baker's?
To buy/get some bread.

2 Why are you going to the pharmacy?

3 Why are you going to the bookshop?

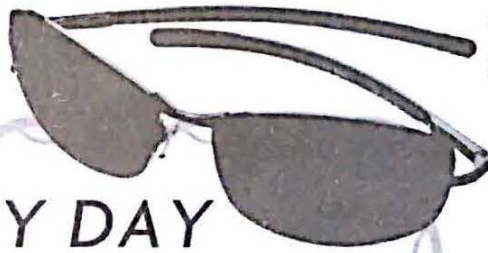
4 Why are you going to the travel agent's?

5 Why are you going to the post office?

6 Why are you going to the train station?

7 Why are you going to the supermarket?

7 Jane's busy day
Read about Jane's busy day.



JANE'S BUSY DAY



Yesterday Jane had a very busy day. First she went to the dry cleaner's and collected her dress and jacket. Then she went to the pharmacy and bought some suncream and a new pair of sunglasses. After that she went to the bank and got some Euros, and to the travel agent's, where she collected some tickets. Then she went home and packed her suitcase. An hour later a taxi arrived and took her to the airport, where she caught a plane to Madrid.



Write sentences about Jane's day using the infinitive of purpose.

She went to the dry cleaner's to collect her dress.

Auxiliary verbs

8 am/is/are, do/does/did

Complete the sentences with *am/is/are* or *do/does/did*.

- _____ he play tennis last weekend?
- _____ he playing tennis now?
- How often _____ you wash your hair?
- _____ you wash it yesterday?
- I _____ going to wash it tonight.
- We _____ having dinner at the moment.
- _____ you have a dinner at this time every evening?
- What _____ your parents going to do when they retire?
- When _____ your parents first meet?
- What time _____ Maria usually arrive at school?

9 Short answers

T 12.5 Write true answers.

- Are you a student? *Yes, I am.*
- Are you going to America next year?

- Have you got a sister?

- Did you watch TV last night?

- Do you live in a city?

- Does your mobile phone have a loud ringtone?

- Is your mobile phone ringing at the moment?

- Did your teacher give you some homework last lesson?

- Is your teacher going to give you some homework today?

- Can you speak French?

Vocabulary and pronunciation

10 Word stress

T 12.6 Look at these words from Units 1–12. How many syllables do they have? Where is the stress? Put them into the correct columns.

mountain	perhaps	tomorrow	yesterday
important	suitcase	police	hospital
expensive	hotel	dangerous	dessert
delicious	video	afraid	beautiful
homework	umbrella	cousin	airport

A ●●	B ●●	C ●●●	D ●●●
mountain	guitar	tomorrow	yesterday
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

11 Phonetic spelling

The words in phonetic spelling have two syllables. Write the words and mark the correct stress.

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| 1 /trævl/ | ●●
travel |
| 2 /wɛðə/ | _____ |
| 3 /fəget/ | _____ |
| 4 /fraɪtənd/ | _____ |
| 5 /spɛʃəl/ | _____ |
| 6 /lɪsən/ | _____ |
| 7 /i:vniŋ/ | _____ |
| 8 /rɪlæks/ | _____ |

Prepositions

12 from, like, than

Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.

from	like	than
in	at	for
of	on	



- Look _____ that picture. Isn't it beautiful?
- What have we got _____ dinner? I'm really hungry.
- Our hotel is fifty metres _____ the sea.
- What is the longest river _____ the world?
- France is much bigger _____ England.
- I'm looking _____ Jane. Do you know where she is?
- Can you buy a bottle _____ lemonade at the shops?
- Maria is _____ her sister in many ways. They're both funny and intelligent.
- Come and see me _____ seven o'clock.
- What did you do _____ the weekend?
- _____ Saturday afternoon we went to a museum.
- We went shopping _____ the morning.

Writing

13 Writing a postcard

- 1 This postcard describes a holiday with good weather or bad weather. Read it and underline the words for either good weather or bad weather.



Dear Julie and Pete.

Friday

We're having a wonderful time here in Majorca.
quite a good

The weather is lovely, so we stay in the hotel
isn't very nice. go to the beach

most of the time and swim.
play table tennis.

Yesterday it was very hot and sunny and
cold and foggy

we couldn't see the sea. Tomorrow we're not going
got very red.

to stay in the hotel, we're going to buy some souvenirs.
sit in the sun.

See you both soon.

Love János and Irén

Mr and Mrs Hooper

34 Leslie Road

Milton Keynes

Bucks MK6 2 XJ

- 2 Write a postcard to an English friend. Write about ...

- where you are on holiday
- the weather
- something you do often
- something you did yesterday
- something you are going to do tomorrow



13

Question forms • -ed/-ing adjectives
Adverbs and adjectives
Writing – A folk tale

How terribly clever!

Question forms

1 Question words

- 1 **T.B.1** Match the questions and answers. Underline the question words.

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE QUIZ

- | | |
|--|-------------------------|
| 1 When was the First World War? | a Nippon |
| 2 What's the capital of Peru? | b Eleven |
| 3 How many players are there in a football team? | c About 47 litres. |
| 4 Who started the Olympic Games? | d A famous philosopher. |
| 5 What do the Japanese call Japan? | e Nepal and Tibet. |
| 6 How much water is there in the human body? | f South Africa. |
| 7 Where is Nelson Mandela from? | g From 1914 to 1918. |
| 8 Which two countries is Mount Everest between? | h Lima. |
| 9 Who was Ibn Sina? | i The Greeks. |

- 2 Complete the conversation with words from the box.

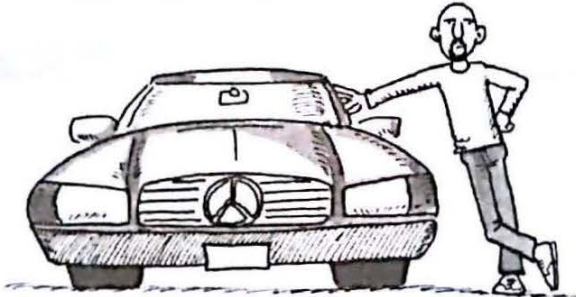
where what
when why
how (×3) which
who

- Jeff Hi Ben! (1) What are you doing in this part of town?
Ben Hi Jeff! I work here now. I've got a new job.
Jeff Really? (2) _____ 's the name of your new company?
Ben Aldens. They're another marketing company, but smaller.
Jeff Mmm. I don't know it. (3) _____ many people work there?
Ben There are fifteen of us.
Jeff So (4) _____ 's your new office?
Ben It's over there, next to the bank.
Jeff (5) _____ bank? Barclay's or HSBC?
Ben Barclays. It's the grey building on the left of it.
Jeff Oh, that one. So (6) _____ did you leave your old job?
Ben The money wasn't enough.
Jeff Oh. (7) _____ much more do you earn now?
Ben About £5,000 more. Enough to make a big difference. Oh, there's Alan! Hi Alan!
Jeff (8) _____ 's that?
Ben He's one of my new colleagues.
Jeff Well, I've got a meeting soon, Ben. (9) _____ do you finish work?
Ben About 6.00 usually. Do you want to meet for a coffee?
Jeff Yes. We can meet here at 6.00. (10) _____ do you get home usually?
Ben I get the bus.
Jeff I can give you a lift home afterwards.
Ben Great. See you later!
Jeff Bye. Great to see you again!

2 What (sort)?

Complete the questions with *What* and a word from the box.

day sports colour size sort time



- A *What sort of car do you have?*
B A Mercedes.
- A _____ does the football match start?
B At 3.00.
- A _____ is your car?
B Black.
- A _____ is it today?
B Wednesday.
- A _____ do you like best?
B Tennis and football.
- A _____ shoes do you take?
B Forty-four.

3 How (old)?

Complete the questions with *How* and a word from the box.

fast many old often tall big

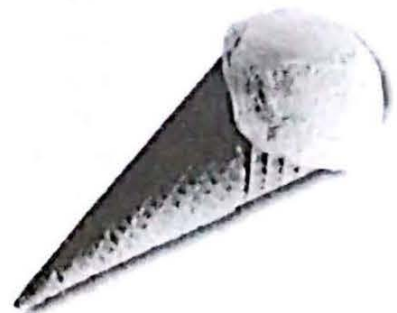
- A *How old is your brother?*
B Sixteen.
- A _____ English lessons do you have a week?
B Two. One on Mondays and one on Wednesdays.
- A _____ do you watch TV?
B Every night.
- A _____ can your car go?
B 150 kilometres an hour.
- A _____ are you?
B About one metre seventy.
- A _____ is Peter's house?
B Well, there are four bedrooms, a living room, and a dining room.

4 Which (one)?

T132 Write questions with *Which one ... ?*



- A Summer's my favourite season. *Which one do you like?*
B I like the spring. I love all the flowers.
- A My daughter goes to a very nice school.
B _____ ?
A Summerfield School.
- A I liked both the black sweater and the beautiful blue one.
B _____ ?
A I bought the blue one.
- A We went to a lovely restaurant last night.
B _____ ?
A Romano's in Baker Street.
- A I'd like an ice-cream, please.
B _____ ,
chocolate or strawberry?
A Chocolate, please.



5 Questions about a famous writer

1 Complete the text about the writer Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, who created the detective Sherlock Holmes. Use the words and phrases in the box.

- 1930
- Baker Street, London
- 1887
- Edinburgh
- Doctor Watson
- 1859
- thirty-two
- medicine
- romances, adventure
- stories, and historical
- novels
- fifty

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle
creator of
Sherlock Holmes



SIR ARTHUR CONAN DOYLE is famous as the writer of the **Sherlock Holmes** stories.

Sir Arthur was born in Scotland in

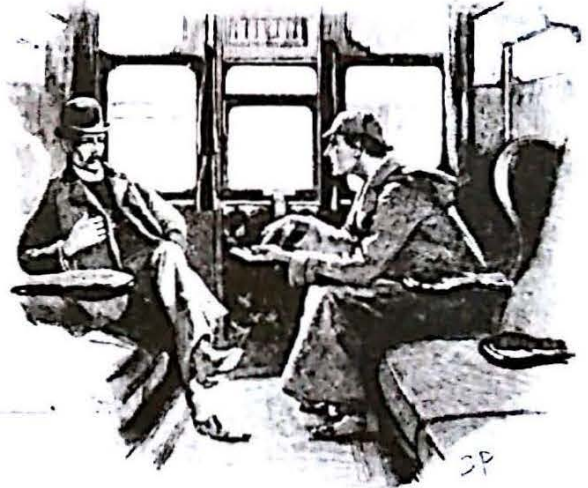
(1) _____. He went to
(2) _____ University and studied
(3) _____. He worked as a doctor for several years, but when he was (4) _____, he became a full-time writer.

He wrote (5) _____, but it was the detective stories which made him famous. He wrote the first story in (6) _____, while he was still a doctor, and in the next twenty years he wrote

(7) _____ more.

Sherlock Holmes lived in (8) _____ with his friend and assistant, (9) _____. Their enemy in many stories is a man called Moriarty.

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle died in (10) _____, aged seventy-one.



2 Complete the questions for the missing information.

- 1 When *was he born*?
- 2 Which _____ ?
- 3 What _____ ?
- 4 How old _____ ?
- 5 What sort of _____ ?
- 6 When _____ ?
- 7 How many _____ ?
- 8 Where _____ ?
- 9 Who _____ with?
- 10 When _____ ?

Adverbs

6 Adverb or adjective?

Choose the correct word.

- 1 The children played *happy/happily* in the garden.
- 2 Your children are always very *happy/happily*.
- 3 He plays tennis very *good/well*.
- 4 Yes, he's a very *good/well* tennis player.
- 5 'How are you?' 'Very *good/well*, thank you. And you?'
- 6 I just want a *quick/quickly* snack. Just a sandwich, please.
- 7 I had breakfast *quick/quickly* because I was late for work.
- 8 You're speaking very *quiet/quietly*. I can't hear you.
- 9 He's a very *slow/slowly* reader.

7 Position of adverbs

Put the adverbs in brackets in the correct place in each sentence. Sometimes more than one place is possible.

- 1 I went to the beach. It rained all the time. (yesterday/unfortunately)
Yesterday I went to the beach./I went to the beach yesterday. _____
Unfortunately, it rained all the time.
- 2 Listen. I want you to come home. (carefully/immediately)

- 3 I work and at night I sleep. (hard/well)

- 4 I know Peter because we play tennis. (well/together)

- 5 I like swimming. Jack likes swimming. (very much/too)

- 6 Please speak and explain. (slowly/clearly)

Vocabulary

8 Adjective suffixes

T B 3 Many adjectives end in *-ful*, *-y*, *-ous*, *-ic*. Complete the table and mark the stress.

Noun	Adjective
● ● colour	● ● ● colourful
beauty	_____
sun	_____
peace	_____
danger	_____
health	_____
romance	_____
care	_____
noise	_____
anger	_____

9 *-ed* and *-ing* adjectives

Complete the sentences with an adjective from the box.

worried	interesting
boring	interested
bored	exciting

- 1 I don't want to go to the match. I'm not _____ in football.
- 2 The children are _____ and they don't know what to do.
- 3 'If you're bored, read a book!' 'I don't want to read a book. Books are _____.'
- 4 What time did you get home last night? I didn't know where you were. I was very _____ about you.
- 5 What are you watching on TV? Is it _____?
- 6 'I'm going on a safari in Africa.' 'Really? How _____!'

Writing

10 A folk tale

- 1 Complete the story with the adjectives and adverbs from the box. Use each word once only.

Adjectives	Adverbs
wise	angrily
afraid	happily
unhappy	slowly
happy	sadly
dirty	suddenly
terrible	quickly
fantastic	quietly

- 2 Write another story that you know. Write about 200 words. Remember to use adjectives and adverbs.

Begin *Once, ...*



The Sack

Once, a (1) wise old man called Mustafa lived in a small house at the very edge of the city. Every day, before breakfast, he walked along the road through the woods, down to the river.

One day he saw a very (2) _____ man on the road. He had an old sack on his shoulder.

'What's wrong?' Mustafa asked.

'My life is (3) _____', said the man. 'I'm so poor. Everything I own in the whole world isn't enough to fill this (4) _____ old sack.'

'That's a pity', said Mustafa. 'Where are you going?'

'I'm going along this road to the city. But I don't know why. Nothing good is going to happen, I know. Today is going to be just another miserable day in my life.' And he walked (5) _____ along the road towards the city.

(6) _____ Mustafa ran past him, and took the sack from his shoulder. He ran (7) _____ into the woods, taking the man's sack with him.

The man shouted (8) _____, 'Come back here with my sack!' But Mustafa was in the woods, and the man was (9) _____ to follow him and get lost. He sat down in the road and started to cry. 'Oh no!' he said (10) _____. 'Now my life is even more terrible! Everything I have is gone!'

Round the corner of the road, Mustafa came out of the woods and put the man's sack in the middle of the road.

As the man came round the corner, still crying, he saw his sack in the road. 'My sack!' he shouted. 'It's my sack! Here it is, and everything is still inside it! That's (11) _____!' He picked it up and walked off towards the city, singing (12) _____ as he went.

'Well', said Mustafa, as he watched (13) _____ from the woods. 'That's one way to make someone (14) _____.'

14

Present Perfect • *ever, never, yet, just ago, last year* • Phrasal verbs
 Writing – a thank-you email

Have you ever?

Present Perfect

1 Verb forms

Write the Past Simple and the past participle forms of the verbs. Two verbs are regular.

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past participle
come	<i>came</i>	<i>come</i>
arrive	<i>arrived</i>	<i>arrived</i>
leave	_____	_____
write	_____	_____
speak	_____	_____
see	_____	_____
have	_____	_____
do	_____	_____
meet	_____	_____
take	_____	_____
ride	_____	_____
give	_____	_____
finish	_____	_____
fly	_____	_____
buy	_____	_____

2 Present Perfect or Past Simple?

1 Read about Monika Kovak and choose the correct form of the verb.

MONIKA KOVAK Tennis player

Monika Kovak is a tennis player. She is only 14 years old, but she (1) *already won / has already won* many tournaments in her life. She (2) *started / has started* playing tennis with her father when she was three years old. Two years ago she (3) *went / has gone* to America to a famous tennis school in California.

Monika and her father (4) *travelled / have travelled* to many countries. Last month they (5) *went / have gone* to a tournament in Australia. Monika (6) *played / has played* well, but she (7) *didn't win / hasn't won*. She (8) *didn't play / hasn't played* at Wimbledon yet, but she hopes to play there next year.

2 **T 14.1** Write short answers to the questions about Monika Kovak.

- Has Monika won many tournaments?
Yes, she has.
- Did she go to America ten years ago?
No, she didn't.
- Did she start playing tennis when she was three?

- Have Monika and her father travelled a lot?

- Have they ever been to Australia?

- Did they go to Australia last month?

- Did she win the tournament?

- Has she won Wimbledon yet?

3 Complete the story. Put the verb in brackets into the Present Perfect or Past Simple tense.

A SAD STORY OF A SAD MAN



One Sunday evening two men (1) _____ (meet) in a café in London. One of them was very unhappy.

'Life is terrible, everything in the world is really boring,' he said.

'Don't say that,' said the other man. 'Life is wonderful! The world is so exciting! Think about Italy. It's a wonderful country. (2) _____ you ever _____ (be) there?'

'Oh, yes. I (3) _____ (go) there last year and I (4) _____ (not like) it.'

'Well, (5) _____ you _____ (be) to Norway? (6) _____ you ever _____ (see) the midnight sun?'

'Oh, yes. I (7) _____ (go) there for my honeymoon and we (8) _____ (see) the midnight sun. I (9) _____ (not enjoy) it.'

'Well, I (10) _____ just _____ (return) from a safari in Africa. (11) _____ you _____ (visit) Africa yet?'

'Yes, I (12) _____ (go) on safari in East Africa last year and I (13) _____ (climb) Mount Kilimanjaro. It was really boring.'

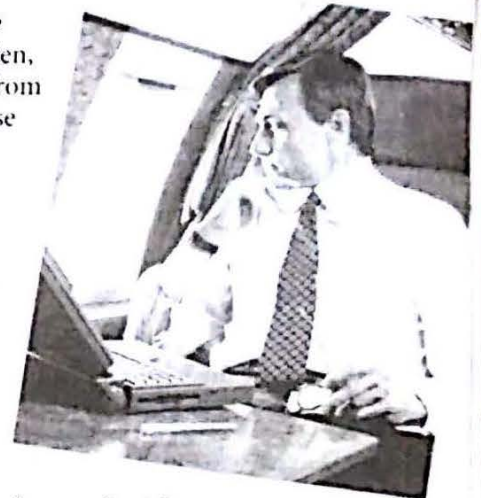
'Well,' said the other man, 'I think that you're very ill. Only the best psychiatrist in London can help you. Go to see Dr Greenwood in Harley Street.'

'But I *am* Dr Greenwood,' answered the man sadly.

Time expressions

3 ever and never

1 **T 14.2** Read the answers about Ben, a businessman from Boston, USA. Use the words to write questions with *ever*.



1 Paris?
Have you ever been to Paris?
Yes, I have, three times.

2 travel by ship?
Have you ever travelled by ship?
No, never.

3 Rome?

Yes, I have, twice.

4 ride a motorcycle?

No, never.

5 London?

Yes, I have, four times.

6 ride on a double-decker bus?

No, I haven't.

7 work in Berlin?

Yes, I have, once. That was two years ago.

2 Use the information to write sentences about Ben.

1 *Ben's been to Paris three times.*

2 *He's never travelled by ship.*

3

4

5

6

7

4 ago and last week

T14.3 Write sentences in the Past Simple using the time expressions in brackets.

- 1 I've been to the new mall. (last week)
I went there last week.
- 2 The taxi has arrived. (five minutes ago)
It
- 3 We've seen the Eiffel Tower. (in 1997)
- 4 She's written the letter. (yesterday)
- 5 I've done my homework. (after supper)
- 6 They've had lunch. (at twelve o'clock)

5 yet

T14.4 Rewrite the sentences with *yet*.

- 1 Sarah and Tom are going to have lunch.
They haven't had it yet.
- 2 Mary's going to wash her hair.
- 3 Mr and Mrs Gibbs are going to see Buckingham Palace.
- 4 John's going to have a shower.
- 5 Bill and I are going to move house next week.
- 6 My aunt is going to give me a present.

6 yet and just

Use the words to write questions with *yet*, then write answers with *just*.

- 1 you/ tidy your room?
A *Have you tidied your room yet?*
B *Yes, I've just tidied it.*
- 2 Ann/ speak to the bank manager?
A ?
B Yes, to him.
- 3 Mark/ make a cup of tea?
A ?
B Yes, one.
- 4 do/ your homework?
A ?
B Yes, it.
- 5 Mr Jones/ read the report?
A ?
B Yes, it.
- 6 you/ call a taxi?
A ?
B Yes, one.

7 Check it

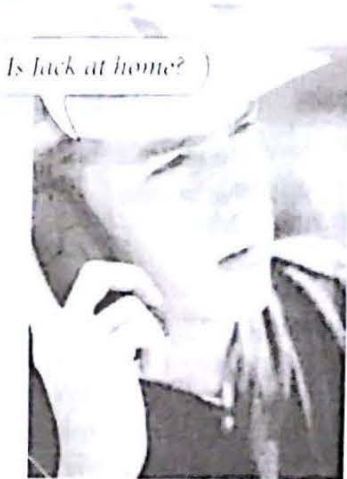
Choose one of the adverbs in brackets and put it in the correct place in the sentence. Only one adverb in each pair is correct.

- 1 I saw Jim ten days. (ago/ ever)
I saw Jim ten days ago.
- 2 Have you tried Japanese food? (last year/ ever)
- 3 Have you finished writing your book? (yet/ ever)
- 4 I've seen anyone who eats more than you.
(ever/ never)
- 5 Are there any letters for me? I've seen the postman.
(ago/ just)
- 6 We went out to a restaurant. (ever/ yesterday)

been or gone?

8 he's been/he's gone

- 1 Look at the pictures and read what the people are saying. What is the difference between *been* and *gone*?



!

- He's gone to Rome
= He's in Rome now.
- He's been to Rome
= He went to Rome and now he has returned.

2 Complete the sentences with *been* or *gone*.

- 1 Bob's not here. He's _____ to work.
- 2 The office is empty. Everybody has _____ home.
- 3 It's good to see you again. Where have you _____ ?
- 4 My brother's _____ to Europe four times.
- 5 Sorry, you can't speak to Anna. She's _____ to a lesson.
- 6 Mary's hair looks nice. She's just _____ to the hairdresser's.
- 7 Peter's _____ to Canada and he's staying there for three weeks.

Vocabulary

9 Phrasal verbs

Complete the sentences with the correct phrasal verb. Use a verb from A and a word from B. Put the verbs into the correct form.

A	B
put	on
give	up
look	off
turn	after
get	out
go	
take	
grow	
try	

- 1 When I _____, I'm going to be a TV star.
- 2 'It's very hot in here.' '_____
your sweater, then.'
- 3 Helen starts work at 8 a.m., so she _____
at 6 a.m.
- 4 My sister's a children's nurse. She
really likes _____ babies.
- 5 Could you _____ the light
_____, please? It's getting
dark.
- 6 Don't _____ too easily. Keep
trying!
- 7 'I'd like to _____ this dress,
please.' 'Of course. The changing
rooms are over there.'
- 8 Why don't we _____ the
television to watch the news.
- 9 _____ your coat
_____. It's cold outside.
- 10 I can't _____ tonight. I've
got too much homework.

Writing

10 A thank-you email

1 Do you remember Fahad in Unit 2 of the Student's Book? He went to New York to study English, but now he has returned home to Lebanon. Complete the email that he has written to Bobby and Matt. Use *one* word only each time.

Subject: Back home in Beirut

to: bobby_62@mail.com

cc: matt_kass@mail.com

Dear Bobby and Matt,

I have (1) _____ arrived back in Lebanon. It's lovely to see my family again (2) _____. I miss you and all my friends in New York. I (3) _____ a wonderful time with you both in your apartment. I enjoyed myself very (4) _____ indeed. Also, it was very kind of you to show me so much of the city. I loved (5) _____ up the Empire State Building and I'll never forget Central Park in the snow.

I think that my English (6) _____ improved quite a (7) _____. At first I was so worried because I (8) _____ understand a word. You both spoke so (9) _____ but soon I began to understand more and more.

My brother, Nabil, is (10) _____ to New York next month. Can he come to see you? He'd (11) _____ to very much I hope that one day you can (12) _____ me in Lebanon. I would love to show you Beirut.

Write soon,
Fahad

Subject:

to:

cc:

2 Write a similar thank-you email to someone who has looked after you.

Revision

Tenses and verb forms

Verb to be

1 Questions

Match a question in A with an answer in B.

A	B
1 Where's the Acropolis?	a No, I'm not.
2 What's your name?	b He's 33.
3 How old is Graham?	c No, he isn't.
4 Where are they from?	d 85p.
5 How are the children?	e It's in Athens.
6 What's your job?	f Mexico.
7 Are they married?	g They're fine.
8 How much is an orange juice?	h I'm a doctor.
9 Is he Iraqi?	i Yes, they are.
10 Are you at university?	j I'm Sue.

2 Making negatives

Correct the sentences.

1 Rome is in Spain.
Rome isn't in Spain. It's in Italy.

2 Bananas are blue.

3 Tokyo is the capital of China.

4 You're from Britain.

5 The day after Thursday is Wednesday.

6 London and Paris are small cities.

3 Making questions

Put the words in the correct order to make questions.

1 married he is *Is he married* _____?

2 children old are how your
_____?

3 number her what phone is
_____?

4 the flat centre London in is of your
_____?

5 brother home your is at
_____?

6 the much sandwiches how are chicken
_____?

7 name is your what first
_____?

4 Short forms

Write the short forms.

1 It is hot today. *It's hot today.* _____

2 My brother is not married. _____

3 I am not a student. _____

4 Where is the university? _____

5 You are twenty-nine. _____

6 We are at school. _____

7 She is cold and I am hot. _____

Present Simple

1 Present Simple positive

Fill in the gaps with a suitable verb.

1 She *plays* tennis every day.

2 My daughter _____ French and German.

3 His father's a pilot. He _____ all over the world.

3 Air hostesses _____ in hotels a lot.

4 Stephen _____ to work by bus.

5 He _____ television every evening.

6 I _____ from Australia.

2 Present Simple negative

Write negative sentences.

1 I / not like skiing. *I don't like skiing.*

2 They / not live / Scotland.

3 He / not write letters every day.

4 We / not have / car.

5 Eric and Lina / not like getting up.

6 Richard / not drive.

7 It / not cost \$50.

3 Present Simple questions

Write questions for these answers.

1 *Where does he work?*

He works in a language school.

2 _____?

They get up at 6.30.

3 _____?

She speaks Arabic and French.

4 _____?

I live in Manchester.

5 _____?

We finish school at 4.00.

6 _____?

I work in a bank.

7 _____?

She has coffee and toast.

4 Daily routines

1 Complete the information about your daily routine.

	Tom	you
get up	8.00	
breakfast	tea / orange juice	
go to work/school	by car	
lunch	in a restaurant	
finish work/school	5.30	
dinner	7.15	
evening	watch TV	
go to bed	11.30	

2 Write sentences.

1 *Tom gets up at 8.00. I get up at 7.30.* _____

2 _____

3 _____

4 _____

5 _____

6 _____

7 _____

8 _____

5 What does she do?

Put a verb from the box into each gap.

live	not eat	go	be	study
get up	not finish	love	not like	finish
start	have	eat	visit	stay
work	fly	want		

Philippa Robbins *is* a scientist. She (1) _____ in a flat in Oxford, and she (2) _____ malaria at the university. Every day she (3) _____ at 6.30 and (4) _____ three cups of coffee. She (5) _____ anything for breakfast. She (6) _____ work in her laboratory at 7.00, and she (7) _____ until lunchtime. Then she (8) _____ for a short walk in the park. She usually (9) _____ work at 6.00, but sometimes she (10) _____ until 10.00. In the evening she often (11) _____ in a restaurant, because she (12) _____ cooking. Every winter she and her husband (13) _____ to Kenya, where they (14) _____ an African malaria laboratory. They (15) _____ in a friend's house for two weeks. They never (16) _____ to go back to Oxford, because they (17) _____ hot weather!

6 do, does, is, or are?

Put a verb from the box into each gap.

do / don't	does / doesn't	is / isn't	are / aren't
------------	----------------	------------	--------------

1 He's a vegetarian - he *doesn't* eat meat.

2 She _____ want a pizza - she _____ hungry.

3 _____ the museum close at 5.00?

4 _____ you know how much a cup of coffee _____ ?

- 5 I _____ know where they _____ from, but they _____ English.
- 6 We _____ want to go to London, but they _____.
- 7 I _____ think the bank _____ open today.
- 8 _____ Stephanie know where the meeting _____ ?
- 9 Where _____ Chris and Mike? They _____ usually late for work.

there is/are

1 Describing a room

Answer the questions about the room you are in now.

- 1 Is there a telephone? *No, there isn't.* _____
- 2 Are there any windows? _____
- 3 How many chairs are there? _____
- 4 Is there a television? _____
- 5 Are there any pictures? _____
- 6 How many books are there? _____
- 7 How many lamps are there? _____

2 Describing a hotel

David and his wife Barbara want to go to a hotel in Scotland on holiday. Read the advertisement, then complete the telephone conversation between David and the hotel receptionist.

THE SUILVEN LODGE HOTEL



Come and experience real Scottish hospitality in this beautiful hotel in the mountains of Scotland. Good walks in lovely countryside.

**For enquiries and reservations
phone 01854 77853**

Receptionist Hello, the Suilven Lodge Hotel.

David Oh, hello. Can you tell me something about the hotel please? How many rooms are there?

Receptionist (1) _____ twenty, all with private bathrooms.

David Oh, that's good. (2) _____ televisions in the rooms?

Receptionist No, (3) _____. But (4) _____ a television room.

David And (5) _____ any sports facilities?

Receptionist Yes, (6) _____ two tennis courts.

David (7) _____ a swimming pool?

Receptionist No, (8) _____.

David And (9) _____ a restaurant in the hotel?

Receptionist Yes, (10) _____. The food is excellent, and (11) _____ an open fire.

David Oh, lovely! And (12) _____ a town near the hotel?

Receptionist Yes, Ullapool is five miles away.

(13) _____ restaurants there, too.

David And how much is ...

can/can't

1 Positive and negative

What can May and Khalid do? Complete the sentences.

	May	Khalid
play chess	X	X
cook	✓	✓
swim	X	✓
do crosswords	✓	X
speak French	✓	X

- 1 May *can't* play chess.
- 2 Khalid _____ speak French, but May _____.
- 3 Khalid can _____, but May _____.
- 4 May and Khalid can _____.
- 5 May _____ do crosswords, but Khalid _____.

2 Questions

Complete the questions with *can* and a suitable verb. Then answer the questions.

- 1 *Can you ride* a motorbike? *Yes, I can.* _____
- 2 _____ you _____ golf? _____
- 3 _____ you _____ English? _____
- 4 _____ you _____ a car? _____
- 5 _____ you _____ a computer? _____
- 6 _____ you _____ chess? _____
- 7 _____ you _____ a bicycle? _____

Past Simple

1 Regular and irregular verbs

Complete the sentences. Put the verbs in brackets into the Past Simple.

- 1 I *started* (start) school when I was four.
- 2 I _____ (work) until 8.00, and then I _____ (meet) some friends and we _____ (go) to the mall.
- 3 He _____ (sell) his old car and _____ (buy) a new one.
- 4 I _____ (play) tennis in the morning, but it _____ (rain) in the afternoon so I _____ (study) for my exams.
- 5 Last week we _____ (drive) to Edinburgh and _____ (visit) our grandparents.
- 6 I _____ (lose) my umbrella last week - I _____ (leave) it in the bank and someone _____ (steal) it.
- 7 He _____ (retire) and _____ (move) to the country.

2 Past Simple negative

Make the verbs negative.

- 1 He went to Morocco. *He didn't go to Morocco.*
- 2 They won a holiday in the Caribbean.

- 3 We were at home yesterday.

- 4 Dickens wrote sixteen novels.

- 5 Columbus was born in Genoa.

- 6 She spent a week in the Alps.

- 7 I brought you a present.

3 Past Simple questions

Put the words in the correct order to make questions. Then write true answers.

- 1 you school when leave did
When did you leave school? _____
I left school when I was eighteen. _____

- 2 you were where born

- 3 morning at you were 10.00 yesterday where

- 4 time bed did to last go night what you

- 5 when you car last did wash the
_____?
- 6 many month did last read book you how
_____?
- 7 last a restaurant week did eat you in
_____?

4 Describing a holiday

Read the information and complete the conversation about David and his wife Emma's last holiday.

Where/go?	Turkey
How long/spend there?	two weeks
When/come back?	Friday
How/travel?	plane and car
Where/stay?	not much money, cheap hotels
What/do?	the north - walked, ate a lot, photographs, museums, not much time
Enjoy the holiday?	Yes
What/bring back?	Turkish sweets

Helen Where *did* you and Emma *go* for your last holiday?

David We (1) _____ to Turkey.

Helen Oh, very nice! How long (2) _____ you _____ there?

David Only two weeks. We (3) _____ last Friday.

Helen And how (4) _____ you _____?

David We (5) _____ to Istanbul, and then we
 (6) _____ round the country.
 Helen And where (7) _____ you _____ ?
 David Well, we (8) _____ much money, so we
 (9) _____ in cheap hotels.
 Helen And what (10) _____ you _____ ?
 David In the north we (11) _____ walking,
 (12) _____ lots of food, and (13) _____
 Turkish coffee! And Emma (14) _____ hundreds
 of photos. We (15) _____ to some great
 museums, but we (16) _____ time to see
 everything.
 Helen (17) _____ you _____ the holiday?
 David Yes, it (18) _____ fantastic.
 Helen And (19) _____ you _____ anything
 back?
 David Yes, we (20) _____ some packets of Turkish
 sweets - here's one for you!

- 3 A Do you like reading?
 B Yes, I do.
 B Yes, I like.
 4 Do you like a coffee?
 Would you like a coffee?
 5 I like red cars.
 I'd like red cars.
 6 A Can I help you?
 B I'd like two tickets, please.
 B I like two tickets, please.
 7 A Would you like an apple?
 B No, thanks.
 B No, I don't.
 8 She likes go to the library.
 She likes going to the library.
 9 A Do you like oranges?
 B Yes, I'd like.
 B Yes, I do.

like

1 What do you like doing?

Make sentences about what you like doing.

- 1 go / dentist *I don't like going to the dentist.* _____
 2 play / computer games _____
 3 buy / clothes _____
 4 listen / the radio _____
 5 swim / the sea _____
 6 study / English _____
 7 sleep / tent _____

2 like and would like

Choose the correct sentence. Put ✓ and ✗.

- 1 A Would you like a banana?
 B Yes, I do. ✗
 B Yes, please. ✓
 2 I'm hungry. I like a sandwich.
 I'm hungry. I'd like a sandwich.

do, does, have, or has?

I do, but he doesn't.

Put a verb from the box into each gap.

do / don't	does / doesn't	has / has'n't
have / haven't		

- 1 He *hasn't* got any CDs.
 2 A We _____ got any money.
 B That's OK, I _____.
 3 A _____ you like Lebanese food?
 B Yes, I _____, I love it.
 4 A _____ you got any brothers and sisters?
 B Yes, I _____, two sisters.
 5 A Cath _____ like living in London.
 B Oh, I _____.
 6 A _____ you cycle to work?
 B No, I _____, I _____ got a bike.
 7 A _____ she got a new job?
 B No, she _____.

Present Continuous

1 Present Continuous positive and negative

Put the verb in brackets into the Present Continuous.

- 1 We can't go climbing. It's raining. (rain)
- 2 Why _____ you _____ for your holiday photos? (look)
- 3 Oh no! The video _____. (not work)
- 4 How _____ she _____? (feel)
- 5 We _____ today, we're tired. (not swim)
- 6 What _____ you _____ at? (laugh)
- 7 OK, wait a minute, I _____ now. (get up)
- 8 I _____ dinner for twelve people! (not cook)
- 9 Look - Matthew _____ your photograph. (take)

2 Present Continuous questions

Put the words in the correct order to make questions.

- 1 you are on going holiday where
Where are you going on holiday?
- 2 they shopping tomorrow are going
_____?
- 3 she driving bus is by or going
_____?
- 4 buying many are potatoes you how
_____?
- 5 aren't sunglasses why your you wearing
_____?
- 6 tonight dinner are making for you what
_____?
- 7 Russian why he studying is
_____?

3 Present Continuous and Present Simple

Each sentence has a mistake. Find it and correct it.

- 1 What you doing? What are you doing?
- 2 Sally has breakfast at the moment.

- 3 They no coming to the class today.

- 4 I'm not understanding what you mean.

5 What do you do this weekend?

6 He's driving to work every day.

7 John don't like studying.

4 Bruce Charles' holiday

Put a verb from the box into each gap.

meet	come	finish	not work	love
travel	not like	start	like	fly
spend	camp	want	teach	have

Bruce Charles is an English teacher at a language school in Brighton - students come from all over the world to study there. He (1) _____ grammar and conversation. He usually (2) _____ work at 9.00 and (3) _____ at 3.30. He (4) _____ his job because he (5) _____ lots of people from other countries. But he (6) _____ at the moment. He (7) _____ round Peru with a group of friends. They (8) _____ five days walking in the Andes. They (9) _____ in beautiful places every night, but Bruce (10) _____ a problem. He (11) _____ walking, but he (12) _____ sleeping in a tent - he (13) _____ a proper bed! They (14) _____ back to England next week.

going to

1 What are they going to buy for their holidays?

1 Match a line in A with a line in B.

A	B
1 Henry - Antarctica	a ten water bottles
2 I - the Alps	b insect repellent
3 Lynn and Pat - Argentina	c a very warm hat
4 Jeff - the Sahara	d new swimsuits
5 Anne - the Amazon	e an umbrella
6 We - the Caribbean	f a Spanish phrase book
7 I - England	g new ski boots

2 Make sentences.

- 1 Henry's going to buy a very warm hat. _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____
- 7 _____

2 Making negatives

Read the sentences about the past. Make negative sentences about the future.

- 1 I bought you lunch yesterday.
I'm not going to buy you lunch today. _____
- 2 She swam two miles yesterday.

- 3 They caught the bus last week.

- 4 It rained last week.

- 5 The other team won the last match.

- 6 I had a big breakfast yesterday.

- 7 Liam and Elton made lots of money last month.

3 Making questions

Sara and Mark are going to start university next October. Make questions.

- 1 Where/they/live? Where are they going to live ?
- 2 they/share/flat? _____ ?
- 3 What/Mark/study? _____ ?
- 4 Sara/get/part-time job? _____ ?
- 5 Where/they/buy books? _____ ?

6 Mark/have enough money?

_____ ?

7 they/visit/parents?

_____ ?

Question forms

1 Correcting mistakes

Each question has a mistake. Find it and correct it.

- 1 Do you can swim? Can you swim ?
- 2 Did he went to Bahrain? _____ ?
- 3 Do you have got much money? _____ ?
- 4 She was here yesterday? _____ ?
- 5 Are they like skiing? _____ ?
- 6 Do he play golf? _____ ?
- 7 Were they go swimming yesterday? _____ ?

2 Word order

Put the words in the correct order to make questions.

- 1 do do what you What do you do ?
- 2 are this you do what to evening going _____ ?
- 3 you the week conference last at were _____ ?
- 4 year holiday did on you last go where _____ ?
- 5 languages do speak many you how _____ ?
- 6 is university studying at Martha what _____ ?
- 7 sports he does playing like _____ ?

Present Perfect

1 Present Perfect positive and negative

What have Angela and Frank done? Write sentences.

	Angela	Frank
be/the USA	✓	✓
eat Thai food	✓	X
ride/motorbike	X	✓
speak in public	X	✓
see the Queen	✓	✓
break an arm	X	✓
read <i>War and Peace</i>	✓	X
study French	✓	✓

- 1 *Angela and Frank have both been to the USA.*
- 2 *Angela has eaten Thai food but Frank hasn't.*
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____
- 7 _____
- 8 _____

2 Present Perfect questions

Make questions with *ever*. Then answer the questions.

- 1 be/Turkey
Have you ever been to Turkey ? No, I haven't.
- 2 drive/sports car
_____ ?

- 3 see anyone famous
_____ ?

- 4 lose your keys
_____ ?

- 5 make a cake
_____ ?

- 6 drink Turkish coffee
_____ ?

- 7 play basketball
_____ ?

3 This year or last year?

Match a line in A with lines in B and C.

A	B	C
I've worn	£600 on clothes	this year.
He flew	a new car	
She's written	this jacket every day	last year.
They spent	ten letters	
I bought	£65 to charity	
I've broken	to Australia three times	
We've given	my leg twice	

4 Present Perfect or Past Simple?

- 1 Read about Marco and underline the correct verb form.

Marco Santos is a chef. He started / *has started* cooking when he (1) *has been* / *was* 15 years old. He (2) *has studied* / *studied* in a cookery school for the next three years, and then he (3) *got* / *has got* his first job, in a restaurant in Lyon. Now 33, he (4) *worked* / *has worked* all over France, and he (5) *just decided* / *has just decided* to open a restaurant in London. (He (6) *hasn't thought* / *didn't think* of a name for it yet.) Four other top restaurants (7) *have opened* / *opened* there this year, but Marco is optimistic. 'My food (8) *was always* / *has always been* the best,' he says. 'In 1992 I (9) *cooked* / *have cooked* for the Italian President when he (10) *has come* / *came* to France, and he (11) *has told* / *told* me that it (12) *was* / *has been* the most delicious food outside Italy!'

- 2 Write questions about Marco.

- 1 What does he do ? He's a chef.
- 2 _____ ?
When he was 15.
- 3 _____ ?
For three years.
- 4 _____ ?
In a restaurant in Lyon.
- 5 _____ ?
All over France.
- 6 _____ ?
In London.
- 7 _____ ?
Four.
- 8 _____ ?
In 1992.