Islamic University
Faculty of Engineering
Department of
Mechanical Engineering



الجامعة الإسلامية كليه الهندسة قسم الهندسة الميكانيكية

## **ME 222- DYNAMICS**

## QUIZ 2

## Fall Semester 2015-2016

	Name, F	amily Name :	Marks
	ID#:	Section # :Signature :	(0)
	Date: 28	/09/2016 Max. Marks: 1 x 10 = 10	
	$V = \frac{r}{\theta}$ $V = \frac{r}{\theta}$	The following question.  A car travels along the circular curve of radius $= 300 \text{ ft. At the instant shown, its angular rate of rotation}$ $= 0.4 \text{ rad/s}, \text{ which is increasing at the rate of}$ $= 0.2 \text{ rad/s}^2. \text{ Determine the magnitudes of the car's elocity and acceleration at this instant.}$ $V = 300 \text{ ft/s}, V = 0, V = 0 \text{ ft/s}$ $V = 300 \text{ ft/s}, V = 0, V = 0 \text{ ft/s}$ $V = 300 \text{ ft/s}$	$\dot{\theta} = 0.16 \text{ rad/s}$
a	$=(\dot{r}-\dot{r}\dot{\theta})$	$\frac{1}{u_r} + (2r\theta + r\theta)u_\theta$ Fig. Q.1	
a	2 = -48	$(u_1 + 60_{40} + 100) + 100 \times (0.2) = 76.84 + 10^2 = 76.84 + 10^$	
	* For Inst	ructor use only	
	SO-E	An ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems	
	CO-1	Solve kinetic problems involving rectilinear, curvilinear and relative motion particles.	of
	P I_5_13	Apply basic concepts of Kinematics and kinetics to solve elementary proble	ms