

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 12

Question No. 30

The supplement of the angle  $20^\circ$  is:

- $70^\circ$
- $80^\circ$
- $180^\circ$
- $160^\circ$

~~A~~

D

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 5

Question No. 11

If  $a \neq 1$  is a positive real number such that  $5^x = a$  then  $x =$ 

- $\ln\left(\frac{5}{a}\right)$
- $\frac{\ln a}{\ln 5}$
- $\ln\left(\frac{a}{5}\right)$
- $\frac{\ln 5}{\ln a}$

~~Incorrect~~

B

Question No. 29

Let  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + 1$ , find the values of  $a$  and  $b$  such that  $f(x) = f(-x)$ , for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ .

- $a = b = 1$ .
- $a = -1$  and  $b = 1$ .
- $a \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $b \neq 0$ .
- $a \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $b = 1$ .



Question No. 30

The supplement of the angle  $20^\circ$  is:

- $70^\circ$
- $80^\circ$
- $180^\circ$
- $160^\circ$



D

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 31

Question No. 2

Let  $a \in \mathbb{R}$ . If the solution set of the inequality  $|4x - 8| + a > 0$  is  $(-\infty, 2) \cup (2, +\infty)$

- $a = 1$
- $a = 0$
- $a = 2$
- $a = -1$

D

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 2

The solution of the equation  $2^x = 3^{2x-1}$  is

- $\frac{\ln 2}{2 \ln 3 - \ln 2}$
- $\frac{\ln 2}{\ln 2 - 2 \ln 3}$
- $\frac{\ln 3}{\ln 2 - 2 \ln 3}$
- $\frac{\ln 3}{2 \ln 3 - \ln 2}$

C1

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Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

## Question No. 10

Let  $f(x) = x^2 + c$  and  $g(x) = x$ , give the value of  $c$  such that  $f(x+1) = xg(x) + 2x$ .

- $c = 0$
- $c = 1$
- $c = 4$
- $c = -1$

~~0~~ D



Question No. 14

The range of the function  $f(x) = -x^2 + 1$  is

- $(-\infty, 1]$
- $[1, \infty)$
- $[-1, \infty)$
- $(-\infty, -1]$

A

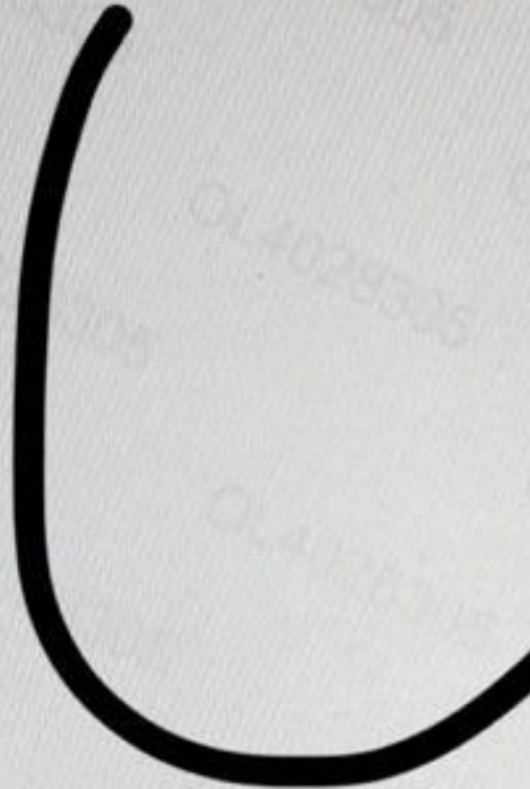


Question No. 15

The graph of  $f(x) = -3x^2 + x + 4$  is

- Open left
- Open right
- Open down
- Open up

C



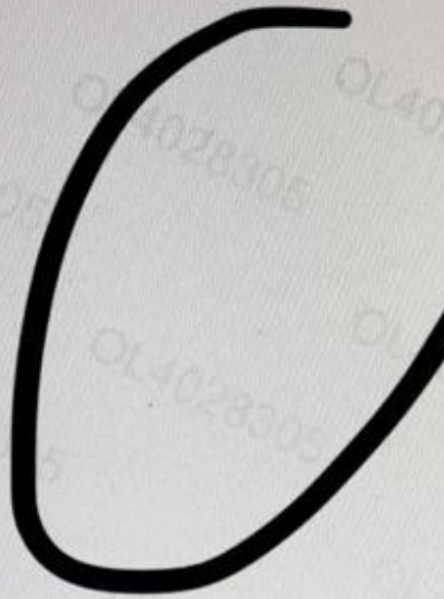
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Question No. 14

Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^4 + 2x^2 - 1}{x^3 - 2x - 2} =$

- 1
- 0
- $-\infty$
- 1

C



Question No. 4

The supplement of the angle  $45^\circ$  is:

- $45^\circ$
- $60^\circ$
- $80^\circ$
- $135^\circ$

D





Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 19

Question No. 31

Which of the following functions is one-to-one

- $F = \{ (-3, -3), (0, 0), (4, -2), (1, -5) \}$
- $F = \{ (3, 5), (6, 0), (3, -2), (1, -5) \}$
- $F = \{ (4, -3), (1, 0), (5, -2), (1, -3) \}$
- $F = \{ (-3, -2), (0, 4), (3, -2), (1, -5) \}$

A

## Question No. 35

If a function  $f(x)$  has an inverse function and  $f(-2) = 11$ , then

- $f^{-1}(11) = -1$
- $f^{-1}(-2) = -11$
- $f^{-1}(11) = -2$
- $f^{-1}(2) = -11$

C

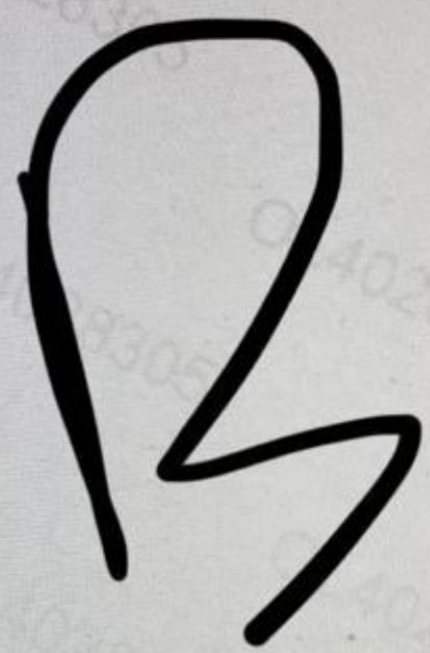
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Question No. 16

Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{x^2 + 7x + 12}{x + 3} =$

- 4
- 1
- 3
- 0

B





## Question No. 10

Which of the following functions is one-to-one?

- $f(x) = \sqrt{16 - x^2}$
- $f(x) = -2x + 5$
- $f(x) = 5x^2 - 1$
- $f(x) = -2x^2 + 5$

B

017 / 05.



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Math\_FT

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 40

Question No. 37

Let  $a > 1$ . The solution set of the equation  $\log_x(2x^2 - a^2) = 2$  is

- S = {a, 2a}
- S = {a}
- S = {-a}
- S = {-a, a}

B

B

Save & Next

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 19

## Question No. 13

Let  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ . Give the values of  $a$  and  $b$  that make this statement true:

$$2b + (3a - \sqrt{2})i = b - 2 + (a + \sqrt{8})i$$

- $a = \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}$  and  $b = -2$
- $a = -3\sqrt{2}$  and  $b = -2$
- $a = 3\sqrt{2}$  and  $b = 2$
- $a = -\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$  and  $b = -2$

A

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Question No. 2

If  $x \in \mathbb{N}$ , then the value of  $i^{4x-1}$  is

- 1
- 1
- i
- i

C





Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 13

Question No. 18

Which of the following points are on the graph of  $f(x) = 4 + 2 \log_3(1 - 2x)$ ?

- (0, 4), (-1, 6) and  $(\frac{1}{3}, -2)$
- (3, 1), (1, 0) and  $(\frac{1}{3}, -1)$
- (0, 4), (-1, 6) and  $(\frac{1}{3}, 2)$
- (0, 6), (-1, 4) and  $(\frac{1}{3}, 2)$

B

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Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 25

Question No. 24

Let  $a \in (-\infty, 0]$ . Solve the inequality  $|2x - 2| \leq |-2a|$ .

- $(-\infty, 1 + a] \cup [1 - a, +\infty)$
- $[1 - a, 1 + a]$
- $[1 + a, 1 - a]$
- $[-a, a]$

A?

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Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 14

Question No. 4

Assume that  $z = -3 + 4i$  and  $zw = -14 + 2i$ . Find the value of  $w$  in the form  $a + bi$ , where  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$

- $w = 2 + 2i$
- $w = 50 - 50i$
- $w = 2 - 2i$
- $w = 50 + 50i$

A

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Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 15

## Question No. 7

The expression  $(1 + \cot^2\theta)$  equals

- $\cos^2\theta$
- $\sec^2\theta$
- $\sin^2\theta$
- $\csc^2\theta$

D

Save &amp; Next حفظ والتالي



Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 14

Question No. 40

The solution set of the equation  $\log_5(x + 2) + \log_5(x - 2) = 1$  is

- $\emptyset$
- $\{-3\}$
- $\{3\}$
- $\{-3,3\}$

C



Save & Next حفظ والتالي

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 38

Question No. 4

Let  $a \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $f(x) = 0.9^{(a^2 - 3a + 2)x - 1} - a$ . Give the condition on  $a$  such that  $f(x)$  is increasing.

- $a \in (2, \infty)$
- $a \in (-\infty, 1)$
- $a \in (1, 2)$
- $a \in (-\infty, 1] \cup [2, \infty)$

C

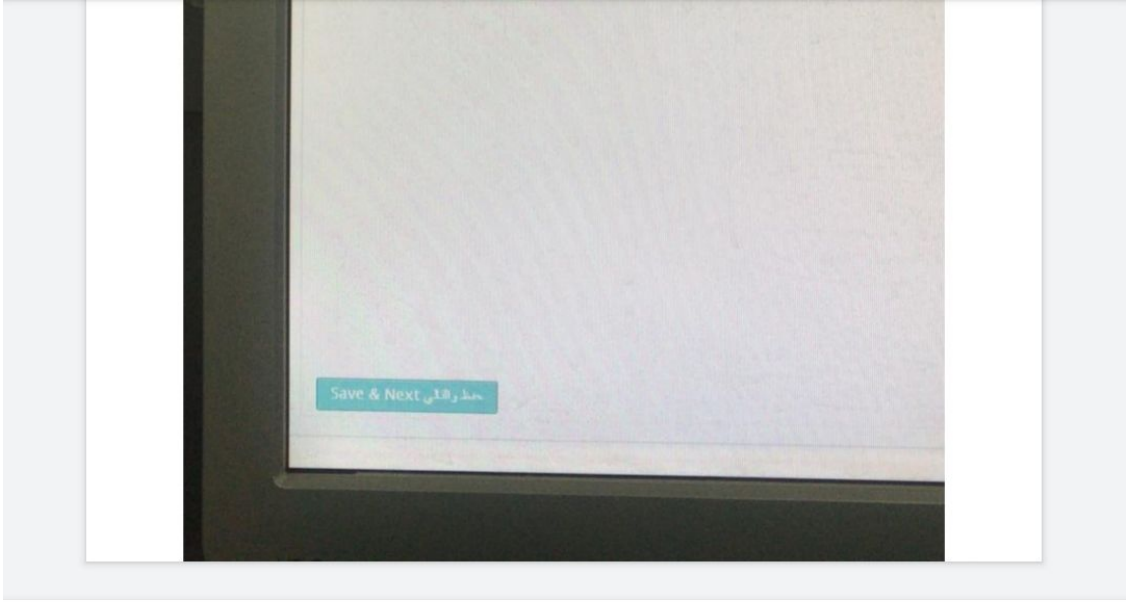
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Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 36

Question No. 27

If  $a \neq 1$  is a positive real number such that  $5^x = a$  then  $x =$

- $\frac{\ln 5}{\ln a}$
- $\ln\left(\frac{a}{5}\right)$
- $\frac{\ln a}{\ln 5}$
- $\ln\left(\frac{5}{a}\right)$



**Question No. 16**

Find the value of 'c' that will allow this polynomial to be written as a perfect square.

$$x^2 - x + c$$

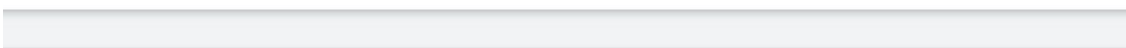
$\frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{1}{4}$

1

$-\frac{1}{2}$

**B**



Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 31

**Question No. 2**

Let  $a \in \mathbb{R}$ . If the solution set of the inequality  $|4x - 8| + a > 0$  is  $(-\infty, 2) \cup (2, +\infty)$

$a = 1$

$a = 0$

$a = 2$

$a = -1$



Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 33

## Question No. 18

The solution set of the equation  $-1 + \log_8(3x + 2) = -\frac{1}{3}$  is

- $\{\frac{2}{3}\}$
- $\{-\frac{2}{3}\}$
- $\{\frac{3}{2}\}$
- $\{-\frac{1}{3}\}$

A

Question No. 14

The equation  $y = 3^{x-1}$  can be written as

- $x = \log_3 y$
- $x = \log_3(y + 1)$
- $x = 1 + \log_3 y$
- $y = 1 + \log_3 x$

C



Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered:

Question No. 12

Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^4 + 2x^2 - 1}{x^3 - 2x - 2} =$

- 1
- 1
- 0
- $-\infty$

D

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 5

Question No. 10

The expression  $(\cos^2\theta + \sin^2\theta)$  equals

- $\sec^2\theta$
- 1
- $\csc^2\theta$
- 1

B

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 40

Question No. 27

The range of the function  $f(x) = 1 - \frac{3}{2+x}$  is

- $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\}$
- $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{3\}$
- $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{1\}$
- $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{-2\}$

D

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Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 40

## Question No. 26

Let  $a > 0$  and  $f(x) = (a^2 - 9)x^2 + x - a$ . Give the value of  $a$  such that  $f(x)$  is a one-to-one function.

- a = 1
- a = 3
- a = 2
- a = -3

**B**Save & Next حفظ و التالي

Question No. 1

Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^3 - 1}{x - 1} =$

- 1
- 7
- 2
- 4

B

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 10

Question No. 37

If  $f(x)$  is a polynomial such that  $f(2) = 3$  then the remainder of the division  $f(x) \div (x - 2)$  equals:

- 2
- 2
- 3
- 3

CW

Save &amp; Next حفظ و التالي



## Question No. 36

The function  $f(x)$  is constant on an interval  $I$  if for  $x_1, x_2 \in I$ ,

- if  $x_1 < x_2$ , then  $f(x_1) < f(x_2)$ ,
- if  $x_1 \neq x_2$ , then  $f(x_1) = f(x_2)$ ,
- if  $x_1 < x_2$ , then  $f(x_1) > f(x_2)$ ,
- if  $x_1 > x_2$ , then  $f(x_1) > f(x_2)$ ,

**B**

160°

A

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 12

Question No. 26

Let  $a$  and  $b$  be nonzero real numbers. Find the inverse of the function  $f(x) = \frac{a+bx}{b-ax}$ .

- $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{ax+b}{bx-a}$
- $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{bx-a}{ax-b}$
- $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{bx-a}{ax+b}$
- $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{bx+a}{ax+b}$

C

Question No. 2

Let  $a \in \mathbb{R}$ . If the solution set of the inequality  $|4x - 8| + a > 0$  is  $(-\infty, 2) \cup (2, +\infty)$  then

- $a = 1$
- $a = 0$
- $a = 2$
- $a = -1$



Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 13

Question No. 40

The graph of  $f(x) = -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x$  is

- Increasing
- Constant
- Decreasing
- Decreasing and Increasing

C



Save & Next

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Math

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 39

The supplement of the angle  $50^\circ$  is:

- $50^\circ$
- $150^\circ$
- $130^\circ$
- $40^\circ$

C

Save & Next

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 10

Question No. 39

The equation  $y = \log_a x$  is equivalent to the equation

- $x = y^a$
- $x = a^y$
- $y = x^a$
- $y = a^x$

B

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 12

Question No. 39

Use set notation, and write the elements belonging to the set  $\{x|x \text{ is a natural number less than } 3\}$

- $\emptyset$
- $\{0\}$
- $\{1,2\}$
- $\{1,2,3\}$

C



Question No. 9

Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-2}{|x-2|} =$

- 2
- 0
- 2
- Does not exist

D

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 7

## Question No. 27

If  $f(x) = -\frac{1}{3}x + 1$ , the domain of  $f^{-1}(x)$  is

- [-3,1)
- $[-\frac{1}{3}, 1)$
- [0,  $\infty$ )
- all real numbers

D

Save & Next

... in exam: 40 | Answered: 5

Question No. \_\_\_\_\_

Suppose  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $b > 0$ . The solution of the inequality  $0 < |x - a| < b$  is

- $(a - b, a) \cup (a, a + b)$
- $(a - b, a) \cup (a, b)$
- $(-b, a) \cup (a, a + b)$
- $(a - b, a] \cup (a, b)$

A

$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{x-1} & \forall x \neq 1 \\ 1 & \forall x = 1 \end{cases}$  then  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$  is

- 2
- 2
- 3
- 1



Question No. 23

The line through the point  $(-1, -3)$  with slope equal to zero is

- $x = -3$
- $x = -1$
- $y = -3$
- $y = -1$

C

Question No. 23

Simplify  $\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{12}{4}m - \frac{9}{2}n - 27 \right)$

- $\frac{m}{15} - \frac{n}{6} - 9$
- $12m - 3n - 9$
- $\frac{1}{3}m - \frac{n}{2} - 3$
- 27



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Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 7

The complement of the angle  $65^\circ$  is:

- $25^\circ$
- $115^\circ$
- $125^\circ$
- $35^\circ$

A



Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 11

If  $x+a$  is a factor of the polynomial  $f(x)$  then

- $f(-a) = 0$
- $f(a) = -a$
- $f(-a) \neq 0$
- $f(a) = 0$

A

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

## Question No. 4

Find  $2f(x) - 3g(x)$ , where  $f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 1$  and  $g(x) = 2x - 4$ .

- $2x^2 - 2x - 14$
- $-3x^2 - 2x - 1$
- $-3x^2 - 2x - 7$
- $2x^2 - 2x + 10$

D

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 15

Solve the inequality  $|x^2 - 5x + 4| \leq 0$ .

- $S = (1, +\infty)$
- $S = \{1, 4\}$
- $S = (1, 4)$
- $S = [4, +\infty)$

B



Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 9

If  $\theta$  is an acute angle in a right triangle, then  $\tan\theta =$

- $\frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$
- $\frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}}$
- $\frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{opposite}}$
- $\frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$

B

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 6

Use the quadratic formula to solve this equation:

$$8x^2 = 6x - 1$$

- $x = \{4, \frac{1}{2}\}$
- $x = \{-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\}$
- $x = \{\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\}$
- $x = \{2, \frac{1}{4}\}$

C

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 7

Question No. 22

Let  $a \in \mathbb{R}$ . Give the condition on  $a$  that makes the relation  $F = \{(-1, 1), (2, 1), (a, 3), (-2, a)\}$  a function

- $a \in \{-1, -2, 1, 2, 3\}$
- $a \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{1, 3\}$
- $a \in \mathbb{R}$
- $a \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-1, 2, -2\}$

D

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Question No. 16

Compute the product  $(x-2)(x-3)$

- $x^2 + 5x + 6$
- $x^2 - 5x - 6$
- $x^2 - 6x + 5$
- $x^2 - 5x + 6$

D

Question No. 3

Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x^4 - x^2 + x - 4) =$

- 4
- 4
- 0
- $\infty$

D

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Math\_F

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Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 29

If  $f(x)$  is a polynomial such that the remainder of the division  $f(x) \div (x + 4)$  equals 10 then

- $f(10) = -4$
- $f(-4) = 10$
- $f(4) = 10$
- $f(10) = 4$

B

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Question No. 8

$\csc\theta =$

- $\frac{1}{\cos\theta}$
- $\frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta}$
- $\frac{1}{\sin\theta}$
- $\frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta}$

C

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 5

The solution set of the equation  $7(2x - 1) = 9 + 14x$  is

- 1
- $\emptyset$
- {1,2}
- {5}

B

Question No. 25

Find the quotient  $\frac{6x^2}{2x^5} \div \frac{3x}{x^4}$ , where  $x \neq 0$

- $\frac{1}{3}$
- 1
- $\frac{1}{2}$
- 1

B



Question No. 26

Which of the following functions is not one-to-one

- $f(x) = x^3$
- $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$
- $f(x) = -x^2$
- $f(x) = -x$

C

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 24

The equation  $y = \log_2(3x)$  can be written as

- $x = \frac{2^y}{3}$
- $y = \frac{2^x}{3}$
- $y = 3^x$
- $x = 2^y$

A



Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 30

Solve  $1 < 7 - x < 10$

- (-6,-3)
- (-3,6)
- (-6,3)
- (3,6)

B



Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 23

Evaluate:  $|-12 + (5 - 2)|$

- 9
- 6
- 3
- 4

A

Question No. 28

If  $\theta = 90^\circ$  then  $\theta$  is called

- an obtuse angle
- a straight angle
- a right angle
- an acute angle

C

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 39

The supplement of the angle  $50^\circ$  is:

- $50^\circ$
- $150^\circ$
- $130^\circ$
- $40^\circ$

C



Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

## Question No. 38

The solution set of the equation  $\log_2 x + \log_2(2x - 1) = 2 \log_2(2 - x)$  is

- {1, -4}
- {1}
- {4, -1}
- $\phi$

B

Question No. 31

Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 9} \frac{\sqrt{x} - 3}{x - 9} =$

$-\frac{1}{4}$

$-\frac{1}{6}$

$\frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{1}{6}$

D

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 37

If  $\sin \theta = \frac{4}{5}$  then  $\cos \theta =$  , where  $0^\circ < \theta < 90^\circ$

- $\frac{4}{5}$
- $\frac{3}{5}$
- $\frac{5}{4}$
- $\frac{5}{3}$

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B



Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

## Question No. 36

The solution set of the equation  $(\sqrt{2})^{3-5x} = 4^{a+x}$  is

- $\{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{6}a\}$
- $\{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{2}{7}a\}$
- $\{\frac{1}{3} - \frac{4}{9}a\}$
- $\{3 + \frac{4}{9}a\}$

C

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 40

The graph of  $f(x) = 3^x$  is

- Increasing
- Constant
- Decreasing and Increasing
- Decreasing

A

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 33

Give the slope of the line  $4y - 8x + 28 = 0$

- 2
- 7
- 2
- 7

C



Question No. 32

The solution set of the equation  $2 \log_2 x - \log_2(4x + 5) = 0$  is

- (5)
- {-1.5}
- $\emptyset$
- {-1}

A

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 34

Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{x^2 - 1}{|x - 1|}$

- 2
- 6
- 2
- 1

A

Question No. 4

What are the factors of this quadratic equation?  $8x^2 - 6x - 5 = 0$

- (4x - 5)(2x + 1)
- (8x + 5)(x - 1)
- (4x - 1)(2x + 5)
- (x + 1)(8x - 5)

A



## Question No. 11

If  $\sin \theta = \frac{4}{5}$  then  $\cot \theta =$  , where  $0^\circ < \theta < 90^\circ$

- $\frac{4}{3}$
- $\frac{3}{5}$
- $\frac{5}{3}$
- $\frac{3}{4}$

D

## Question No. 39

If  $\sin \theta = \frac{4}{5}$  then  $\cot \theta =$

$\frac{3}{4}$

$\frac{4}{3}$

$\frac{5}{3}$

$\frac{3}{5}$

A

A

Question No. 22

Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 - 2}{x - 1} =$

- 1
- 0
- 1
- $\infty$

D



Question No. 16

Simplify  $\left(\frac{-4n^6m^4}{m^2}\right)^{1/2}$  where  $m \neq 0$

- $\frac{1}{8n^9m^3}$
- $-8n^9m^3$
- $-\frac{1}{8n^9m^3}$
- Is not a real number

D

Question No. 18

Evaluate the expression  $\frac{-(-3)+(-5)^2}{2(-8)-3(-3)}$

- 4
- $-\frac{28}{25}$
- 4
- $\frac{28}{25}$

C



**Question No. 23**

The line through the point  $(-1, -3)$  with slope equal to zero is

- $x = -3$
- $x = -1$
- $y = -3$
- $y = -1$

C



**Question No. 26**

The inverse of  $F = \{ (-3,3), (0,0), (4,2), (1,5) \}$  is

- $G = \{ (-3,-3), (0,0), (4,-2), (1,-5) \}$
- $G = \{ (3,3), (0,0), (-4,2), (-1,5) \}$
- $G = \{ (3,3), (0,0), (2,4), (1,5) \}$
- $G = \{ (3,-3), (0,0), (2,4), (5,1) \}$

D

Question No. 34

Find the sum  $\frac{3}{2y} - \frac{5}{2y}$

- $\frac{1}{y}$
- $\frac{1}{4y}$
- $-\frac{1}{y}$
- $\frac{11}{4y^2}$

C



Question No. 8

The expression  $xyz$  can be classified as a

- monomial
- binomial
- none of these
- trinomial

A

A





MKCL OES

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 23

Question No. 24

Let  $x \in \mathbb{Z}$ . Simplify the following expression  $a = 3i^{132x^2+4x-3}$

- $a = 3i$
- $a = -3i$
- $a = -3$
- $a = 3$

A

A

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Question No. 33

If  $f(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 - 1$  then  $f(a^4) =$

- $a^7 + 2a^6 - 1$
- $a + 2a^{-1} - 1$
- $a^{12} + 2a^8 - 1$
- $a^9 - 1$

C

Save & Next حفظ والتالي

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 6

Simplify  $(x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 3)(x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 3)$

- $x - 9$
- $x + 9$
- $x - 3$
- $x + 3$

A

A

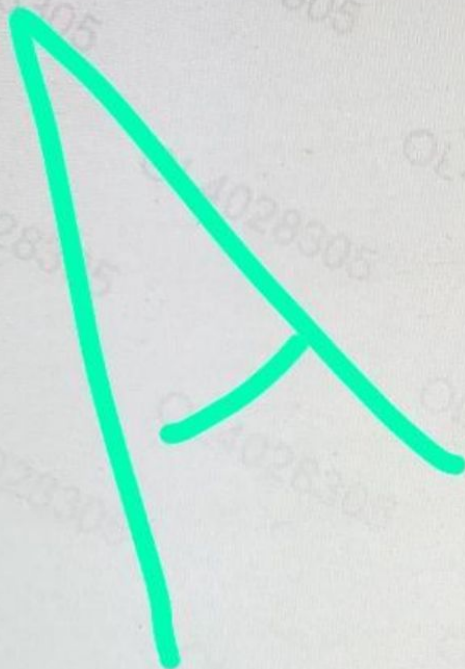


Question No. 11

Factor :  $5x^2 - tx^2 - 5z + tz$

- $(x^2 - z)(5 - t)$
- $(x^2 - z)(5 + t)$
- $(x^2 + z)(5 + t)$
- $(x^2 + z)(5 - t)$

A



Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 8

Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{3x^4 + x + 1}{x + 4} =$

- 4
- 3
- 1
- 0

C

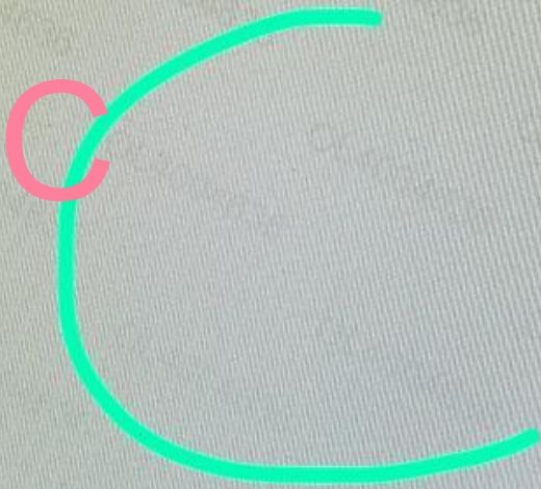


Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 22

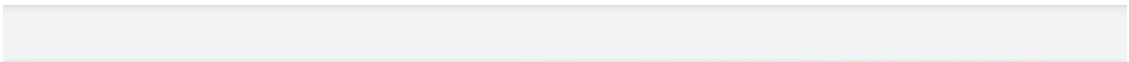
Question No. 23

Let  $f(x) = -\frac{3}{2}x + 4$ , find the value of  $a$  such that  $f(2a) = 7$ .

- a = 0.
- a = 1.
- a = -1.
- a = 2.







Question No. 4

Factor.  $9 - 6cd + c^2d^2$

- $(3+cd)(3-cd)$
- $(3+cd)(cd-3)$
- $(3-cd)^2$
- $(3+cd)^2$

C

C

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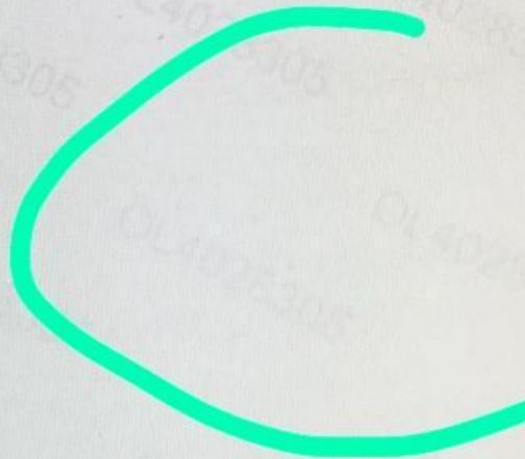
Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 7

The degree of the polynomial  $5x^2 + 3x - 52$  is

- 5
- 3
- 2
- 52

C



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Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

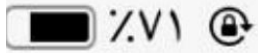
Question No. 5

The horizontal asymptote to the graph of  $f(x) = 3^{x-1} + 2$ .

- $y = 2$
- $x = -2$
- $y = 3$
- $y = -2$

A





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MKCL OES

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 3

The solution set of  $-2 \leq 3 - 5x \leq 18$  is

- $(-\infty, 1)$
- $(-3, \infty)$
- $(-3, 1)$
- $[-3, 1]$

D

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 9

If  $f(x)$  is a polynomial such that  $f(5) = -7$  then the remainder of the  $f(x) \div (x - 5)$  equals:

- 5
- 5
- 7
- 7

D

Save & Next حفظ والتالي

Question No. 25

The solution set of  $-27x = x^3 - 12x^2$  is

- (0, 3, -9)
- (0, 3, 9)
- (3, 9)
- (-3, -9)

**B**

**D**



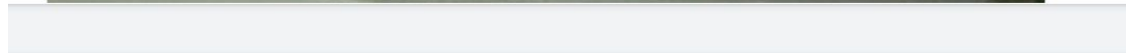
Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 25

Given that  $f(x) = \log_{\frac{1}{8}}(x + 2)$ , then  $f(2) =$

- $\frac{1}{4}$
- $\frac{1}{2}$
- 2
- 2

D



Question No. 13

Use the square root property to solve this quadratic equation

$$x^2 + 20 = 4$$

- $\pm 4i$
- $\sqrt{16}$
- $-4$
- $\pm\sqrt{24}$

**A**

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086 / 90

Question No. 1

The solution of the equation  $\ln(3x) = 2$  is

- $e^2$
- $\frac{e^3}{2}$
- $3e^2$
- $\frac{e^2}{3}$

D

D

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Total questions in exam 40 | Answered 5

Question No. 8

The product  $z(1+i)$  is a real number if

- $z \in \mathbb{R}$ .
- $z$  is the complex conjugate of  $1+i$ .
- $z$  is a pure imaginary number.
- $z = i$ .

B

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Math\_F 1

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 17

Question No. 18

Which of the following is a pair of inverse functions?

- $f(x) = 2x - 1$ , where  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ , and  $g(x) = x + \frac{1}{2}$ , where  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ .
- $f(x) = \sqrt{3+x}$ , where  $x \in [-3, \infty)$ , and  $g(x) = x^2 - 3$ , where  $x \in [0, \infty)$ .
- $f(x) = x$ , where  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ , and  $g(x) = -x$ , where  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ .
- $f(x) = \sqrt{3+x}$ , where  $x \in [-3, \infty)$ , and  $g(x) = x^2 + 3$ , where  $x \in [0, \infty)$ .

B

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Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 12

Let  $a$  be an integer. Give all values of  $a$  such that the function  $F$  is a one-to-one function.

$$F = \{(7, -1), (5, 1 - a), (0, 5), (-2, a), (1, 3)\}$$

- $a \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-1, 5, 3, 2\}$
- $a \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-1, 5, 3, 2, -4, -2\}$
- $a \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{5, 3, 2\}$
- $a \in \{1, 5, -2\}$

B

حفظ التالي Save & Next

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 12

Let  $a$  be an integer. Give all values of  $a$  such that the function  $F$  is a one-to-one function.



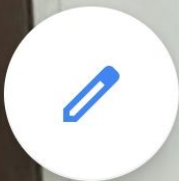


Question No. 15

The graph of  $f(x) = -3x^2 + x + 4$  is

- Open left
- Open right
- Open down
- Open up

C



Question No. 2

Suppose  $a \in \mathbb{R}$ . Give the value of  $a$  such that the equation  $|2x + 3| = |x + a|$  has one solution.

- $a = \frac{1}{2}$
- $a = \frac{3}{2}$
- $a = \frac{5}{2}$
- $a = \frac{7}{2}$

D

Save & Next حفظ و التالي

DELL

Question No. 20

The solution set of the equation  $3(x + 3) = 3x - 9$  is

- the set of real numbers
- $\{2, 3\}$
- 1
- $\emptyset$

D



Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 24

If  $x-2$  is a factor of the polynomial  $f(x)$  then

- $f(-2) = 0$
- $f(2) = 0$
- $f(0) = -2$
- $f(0) = 2$

**B**

Question No. 7

Let  $a \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $f(x) = \log_{a-2}(x+1) - a$ . Give the condition on  $a$  such that  $f(x)$  is increasing.

- $a \in [3, \infty)$
- $a \in (3, \infty)$
- $a \in (-\infty, 3)$
- $a \in (1, 3)$

B

Next التالي

DELL



Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 2

Question No. 3

If  $x-4$  is a factor of the polynomial  $f(x)$  then

- $f(-4) = 0$
- $f(0) = 4$
- $f(4) = 0$
- $f(0) = -4$

C

Next التالي





Question No. 2

Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (x^3 + x - 6) =$

- 4
- 4
- 0
- 6

A

Save & Next حفظ والتالي

Question No. 7

The horizontal asymptote to the graph of  $f(x) = 2^x - 3$ .

- y = -3
- x = -2
- y = 3
- x = 2

A

Save & Next حفظ والتالي

Math

Exam 40 | Answered: 0

No. 26

$x \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $z$  be a complex number. Give the value of  $x$  that makes  $z$  a pure imaginary number.

$$z = (3x - \sqrt{5}) + (x + 1)i - 2$$

- $x = \frac{2 - \sqrt{5}}{3}$
- $x = -\frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}$
- $x = \frac{2 + \sqrt{5}}{3}$
- $x = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}$

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 16



Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 16

Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{x^2 + 7x + 12}{x + 3} =$

- 4
- 1
- 3
- 0

**B**

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 4

## Question No. 5

Let  $f$  be the one-to-one function defined by this set of ordered pairs  $\{(-3,2), (4,5), (7,4), (10,19)\}$ .  
Then  $f^{-1}(5) =$

- 4
- 5
- $\frac{1}{5}$
- $\frac{1}{4}$

A

Save &amp; Next

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 17

The domain of the function  $f(x) = e^{x^2-3x+1} - 2$  is:

- $\mathbb{R}$
- $(0, \infty)$
- $(-1, \infty)$
- $(-\infty, 0)$

A



Question No. 18

The function has an inverse if

- None of these answers
- doesn't satisfy the horizontal line test
- it is one-to-one
- it is quadratic

C

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 23

Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{|x+3|}{x+3}$

- 0
- 2
- 1
- Does not exist

D

Question No. 19

Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x+5}{2x+3} =$

- $\frac{5}{3}$
- 0
- $\frac{1}{2}$
- $\infty$

C





Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 21

Let  $U = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9\}$ , and  $A = \{1, 3, 5, 7\}$  the complement of  $A$  is

- {1, 3, 5, 7}
- {0, 2, 4, 6, 9}
- $\emptyset$
- {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7}

B

Question No. 22

The function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^4 & \text{if } x \leq 1 \\ k - x^4 & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$  is continuous if

- k=-1
- k=1
- k=0
- k=2

D

Question No. 2

The solution set of the equation  $12(x-2) = 4 - 2x$  is

- 2
- 0
- (2, -2)
- (2)

D



Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 1

Perform the indicated operations  $a b(a^{-1} - b^{-1})$ , where  $a \neq 0, b \neq 0$

- $b - a$
- $\frac{1}{b} - \frac{1}{a}$
- 0
- $a - b$

A

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Question No. 15

If  $p(x) = \sqrt{x+3}$  and  $q(x) = \sqrt{x-4}$ . Determine the domain of  $(p \cdot q)(x)$ .

- $x \in (-\infty, -3) \cup (4, \infty)$
- $x \in [-3, 4]$
- $x \in [4, \infty)$
- $x \in (-3, 4)$

C





Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 2

Question No. 4

If  $f(x) = 1 - \sqrt{x+2}$ , then the domain of  $f^{-1}(x)$  is

- $(-\infty, \infty)$
- $[1, \infty)$
- $[-2, \infty)$
- $(-\infty, 1]$

A

حفظ التالي & Next




Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 7

Question No. 8

Let  $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$ ,  $A = \{1, 3, 5, 7\}$ , and  $B = \{3, 4, 6\}$ . Find  $A \cup B'$

- {2, 4, 3}
- {1, 2, 3, 5, 7}
- {4, 6}
- {1, 2, 3, 4}

B

Save & Next 





AKCL OES

Question No. 33

if  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 1 & \text{if } x \neq 1 \\ x - 1 & \text{if } x = 1 \end{cases}$  then  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$  is

-2

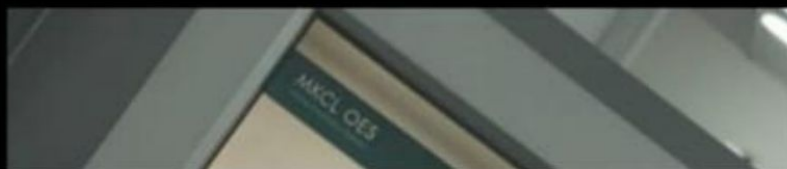
2

1

3

C

AKCL OES



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Question No. 25

The inverse of  $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt[3]{x} - 5}{2}$  is

- $f^{-1}(x) = (2x + 5)$
- $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{3}(2x + 5)$
- $f^{-1}(x) = 3(2x + 5)$
- $f^{-1}(x) = (2x + 5)^3$

D

D

MKCL OES  
Online Evaluation System

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 1

Factoring  $x^3 - 8y^3$  gives



Question No. 33

The function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} kx - k & \text{if } x \geq 3 \\ 4 & \text{if } x < 3 \end{cases}$  is continuous if

- $k = 2$
- $k = 3$
- $k = \frac{4}{3}$
- $k = 1$

A

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33 من 151

Question No. 18

The function  $f(x) = -2x^2 + 4x + 1$  is equivalent to

- $f(x) = -2(x-1)^2 - 3$
- $f(x) = -2(x-1)^2 + 3$
- $f(x) = 2(x-1)^2 + 3$
- $f(x) = -2(x+1)^2 + 3$

B

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 1

Factoring  $x^3 - 8y^3$  gives

- $(x - 2y)(x^2 + 2xy + 4y^2)$
- $(x + 2y)(x^2 - 2xy + 4y^2)$
- $(x - 2y)(x^2 - 2xy + y^2)$
- $x^3 - 8y^3$

A

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Online Evaluation System

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 1

Question No. 2

If  $x \in \mathbb{N}$ , then the value of  $i^{4x-1}$  is

- 1
- 1
- i
- i

C

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Questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 2

Save & Next حفظ والتالي

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Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 2

Question No. 3

Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^3 + x^2 - 1}{x^2 - x - 1} =$

- 1
- 0
- $-\infty$
- 1

C



Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 5

Question No. 6

Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x^3 + x - 3) =$

- 0
- 3
- 3
- $\infty$

D