

Question No. 9

Which of the following nitrogen bases are purines?

- Guanine Cytosine
- Adenine Thymine
- Adenine Guanine
- Cytosine Adenine



Which is the largest among the followings?

- Carbon
 - Nucleotide
 - Nitrogenous base
 - Phosphate

The inner membrane folded into cristae (large surface area for respiratory enzymes) is the component of

- nbosomes
- chloroplast
- Golgi apparatus
- mitochondria

Which tissue forms the outer, protective covering of a plant?

- all answers are correct
- vascular tissue
- dermal tissue
- ground tissue

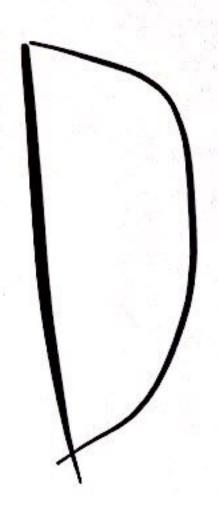
Main sources of chemical energy in the cell are.....

- O Fats
- O Carbohydrates
- O Proteins
- O All answers are correct



Autotrophic means organisms that ..

- Produce light energy using food
- Do not produce their food
- Do not produce light
- O Produce their own food



The transport of substances through proteins pumps is considered as

- Exocytosis
- Facilitated diffusion
- Passive transport
- Active transport

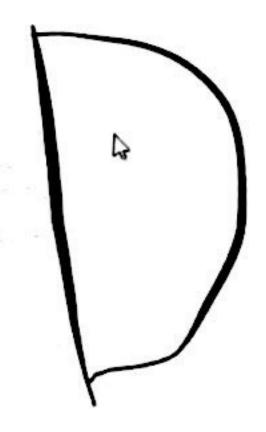


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| Total questions | in | exam: 40 | Answered: 0 |

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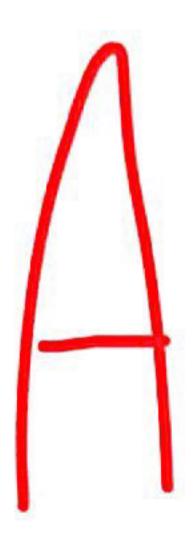
In alveoli ____

- Blood takes up carbon dioxide and drops off oxygen
- Blood mixes with hemoglobin
- Blood mixes gases
- Blood takes up oxygen and drops off carbon dioxide



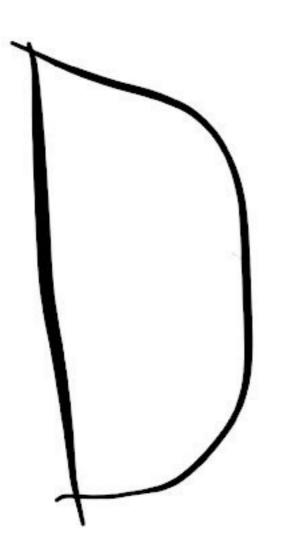
Which of These molecules form the core of a celf's ribosomes?

- O IRNA
- mRNA
- O DNA
- O IRNA



Light energy changes into chemical energy in plants by

- Respiration
- Diffusion
- Glycolysis
- Photosynthesis



literes

which of the following is not a type of vessel?

- O vein
- Atrium
- Artery
- Capillary



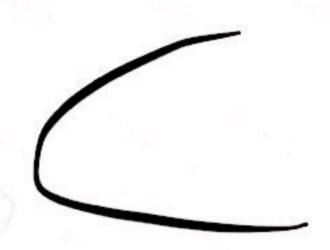
..... joins the leaf to a node.

- Petals
- © Root
- Petiole
- O Stem



Photpsynthesis converts light energy into chemical energy stored in

- None of them
- @ ATP
- Sugar
- Fats



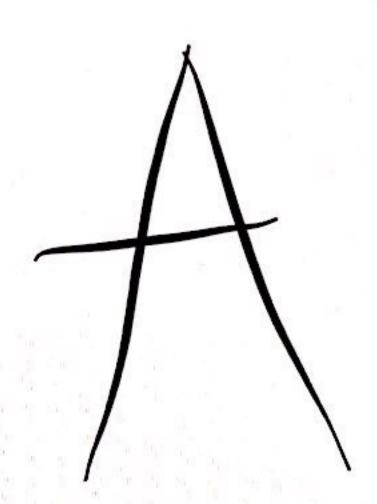


Oxidative phosphorylation is:

- Produced most ATP molecules in the cell
- Stage during which oxygen is reduced to water.
- All answers are correct
- 3rd stage of aerobic cellular respiration

Genetic information flow as

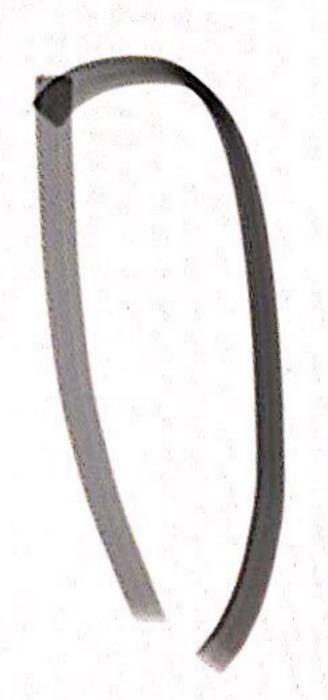
- ONA → RNA → Protein
- Protein → RNA → DNA
- O RNA → DNA → Protein
- DNA → Protein → RNA

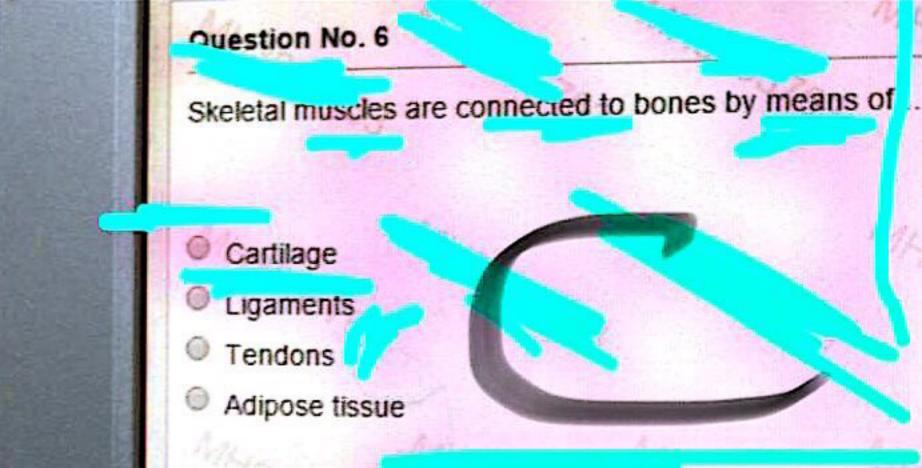


Question No. 10

Autotrophic means organisms that .

- Produce light energy using food
- Onot produce their food
- O Do not produce light
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RNA is translated into protein by using...

- Monosaccharide language
- Fatty acid language
- amino acid language
- nucleotide language



Question No. 9

Which of the following nitrogen bases are purines?

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- Adenine Thymine
- Adenine Guanine
- Cytosine Adenine



The type of sugar in DNA nucleotide is.....

- Mattose
- Fructose
- Deoxyribose
- Ribose



on No. 17

What is pollination?

- The transfer of pollen from stigma to anther
- The transfer of ponen from stigma to ovar,
 - The transfer of pollen from anther to stigma
 - - None of them

Cellular drinkning is called

- Pinocytosis
- Phagocynusis
- Exocytosis
- All the answers are correct

The structure of Uracil (U) is very similar to ...

- Adenine (A)
- cytosine (C)
 - Guanine (G)
 - Thymine (T)

Question No. 38

In DNA, which of the following base pairing is TRUE?

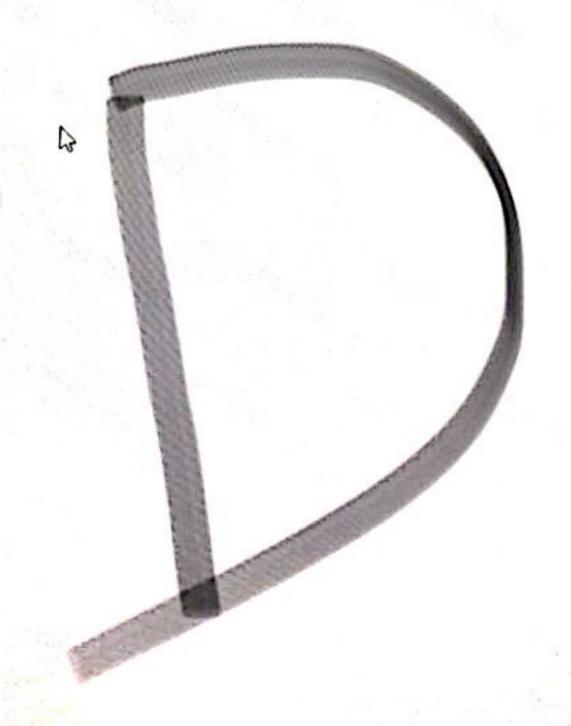
- Thymine (T) Uracil (U)
- Adenine (A) Guanine (G)
- Guanine (G) Cytosine (C)
- O Cytosine (C) Thymine (T)



| Question I | No. 1 |
|------------|-------|
|------------|-------|

In alveoli

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Chemical digestion of food is catalyzed by

- Enzymes
- ⊚ ⊺eeth
- O HCL
- Water



Question No. 4

joins the leaf to a node.

- Petals
- Root
- Petiole
- Stem



Question No. 1

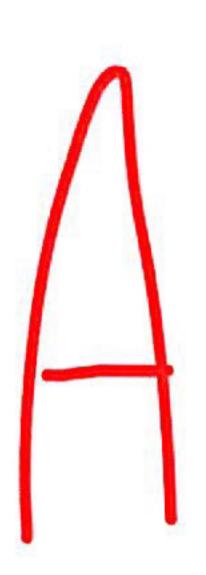
Which one of the following organs does not affect the digestion process?

- Pancreas
- Tongue /
- Salivary glands
- Gall bladder



Which of These molecules form the core of a cell's ribosomes?

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- mRNA
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The pigment that absorbs excessive light that would damage chilorophyll is called?

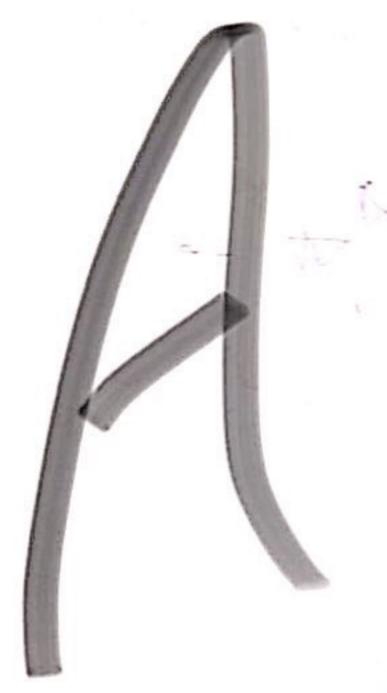
- O Chlorophylla+b
- **©** Caretenoid
- Chicrophylic
- O Chlorophys a

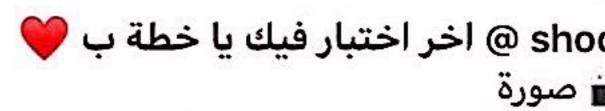


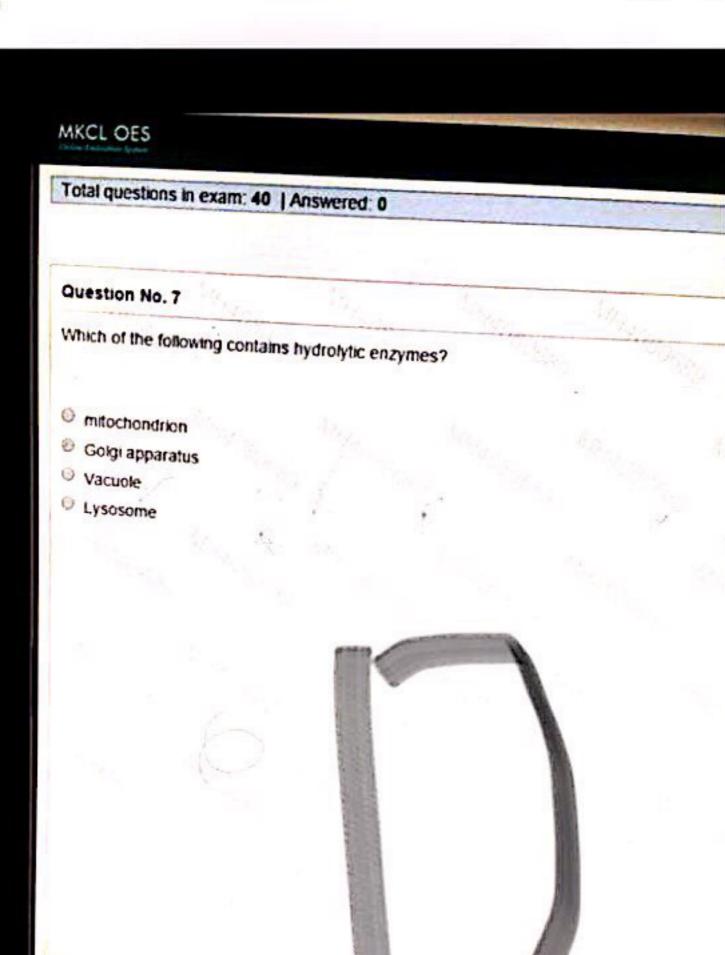
Question No. 16

What is pollination?

- The transfer of pollen from anther to stigma
- The transfer of pollen from stigma to anther
- None of them
- The transfer of pollen from stigma to ovary





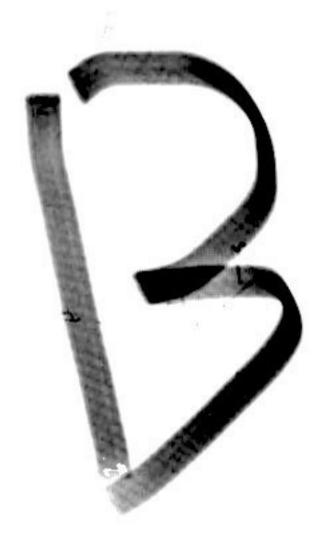




Question No. 7

In the digestive tract, the absorbs H2O to give semi-so

- Esophagus
- Large intestine
- Small intestine
- Stomach -



Which of the following contains hydrolytic enzymes?

- mitochondrion
- Golgi apparatus
- Vacuole
- Lysosome



The tissues are higher levels than

- Organism
- Organ systems
- Organs
- O Cetts



A mucleonide consists of

- O All answers are correct
- buckture donb
- O Nitrogen base
- Ú SUDE





Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 17

Question No. 16

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- None of them
- The transfer of pollen from stigma to ovary



In fish, gas exchange is enhanced by: Elimination Emulsion Ventilation Contraction

A 15-nucleotide sequence will direct the production of a polypeptide chain with up to ...

- 3 amino acids
- 5 amino acids
- 7 amino acids
- 2 amino acids





In DNA - Cytosine (C) pairs with .

- Adenine (A)
- Thymine (T)
- Guanine (G)
- Uracil (U)



What is the most likely pathway taken by a newly synthesized protein that will be secreted by a cell?

- Golgi →ER →lysosome
- nucleus →ER →Golgi



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Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 17

Question No. 11

The fluid-mosaic model of the cell membrane is a

- Tri-layer of phospholipid with embedded proteins
- Mono-layer of phospholipid with embedded proteins
- Bi-layer of primary proteins with embedded lipids
- Bi-layer of phospholipid with embedded proteins



How do germinating seeds get the food they need to grow?

- From their food store
- From the soil
- From leaves
- By photosynthesis



What is the role of messenger RNA?

- To take amino acids to the ribosome
- To bring the DNA message to the mitochondrion
- To bring the DNA message to the ribosome
- To bring the tRNA message to the nucleus





Connective tissues that stores energy as lipids are.....

- Bone
- Muscle
- Adipose
- Nervous

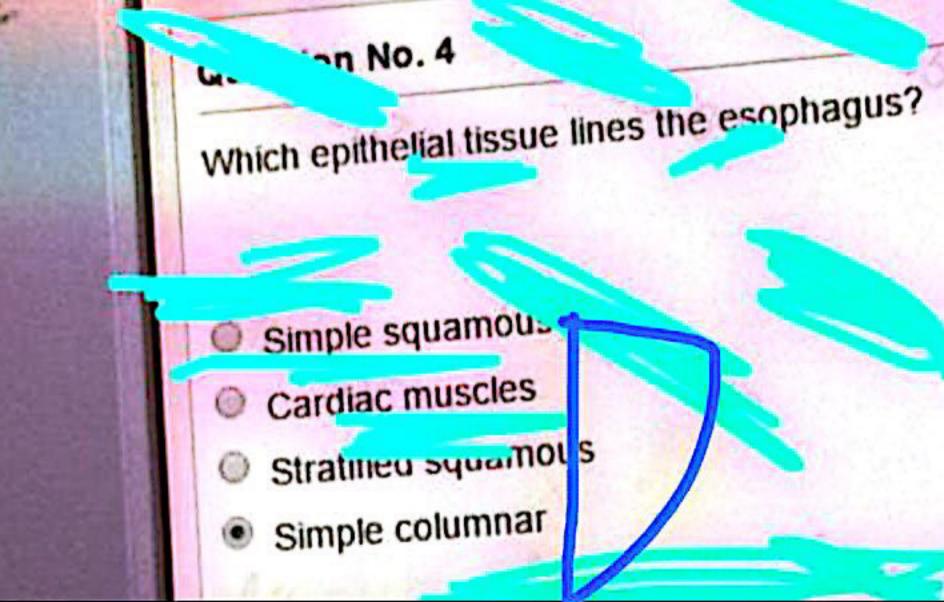


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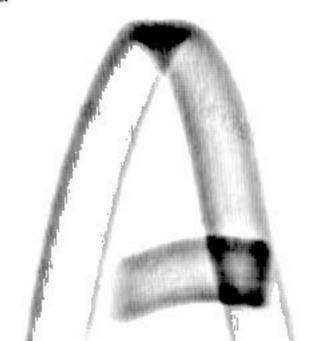




Question No. 34 Heterotrophs means organisms that Produce their tood using light

The heart is mostly made of muscle tissue. It has also tissues

- At answers are correct
- Epithelial
- Connective
- Nervous



A small organ located under the liver and help to digest fatty foods is called.

- Gall bladder
- Lungs
- Pancreas
- Stomach



Breathing and respiration are closely related because

- Both take up O2 and release CO2
- Both build sugars
- Both takes up sugars
- Both take up CO₂ and release O₂



The sugar ribose has.

- ane less oxygen than deoxynbose
- Two more oxygen than deoxynbose
- Two less oxygen than deoxyribose
- one more oxygen than deoxyrbose

D

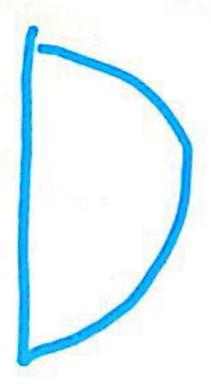


Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0

Question No. 21

In flowers, Anther is carried on

- stigma
- petals
- carples
- stamens



Total questions in exam. 40 | Answered: 23

Question No. 17

How many organ systems are in a plant?

- Root system
- Urinary system
- Root and shoot systems
- Shoot system



Total questions in exam. 40 | Answered: 23

Question No. 14

Chromosomes consist of

- DNA and lipids
- DNA and protein
- RNA and sugar
- RNA and amino acids



The sugar ribose has

- ane less oxygen than deoxynbose
- Two more oxygen than deoxynbose
 - Two less oxygen than deoxyribose
 - one more oxygen than deoxynbose

0



Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered 31

Question No. 32

In fish, gas exchange is enhanced by

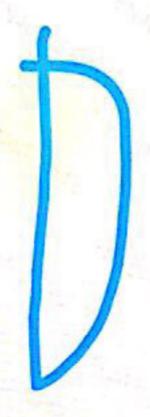
- Contraction
- O Emulsion
- Ventilation
- @ Elimination

D

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Blood is

- A muscle tissue
- An epithelial tissue
- A nervous tissue
- A connective tissue

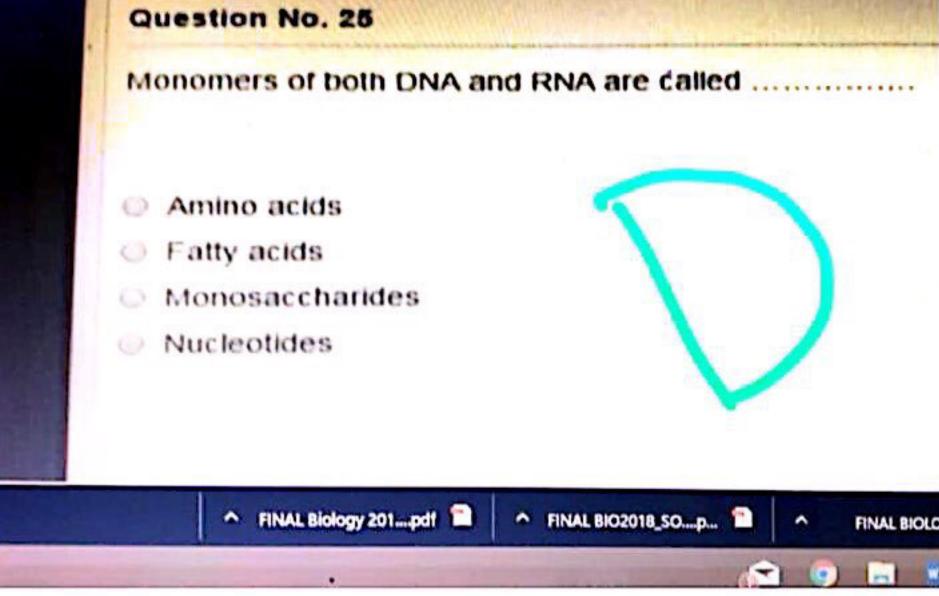


Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 15

Question No. 16

The function of the stigma is to

- provide nutrients to the developing embryo
- onduct pollen to the ovary
- o capture pollen
- oproduce pollen



How do germinating seeds get the food they need to grow?

- From their food store
- From the soil
- From leaves
- By photosynthesis

Blood is

- A muscle tissue
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The sugar ribose has ...

- one less oxygen than deoxyribose
- 5 Two more oxygen than deoxynbose
- Two less oxygen than deoxyribose.
- one more oxygen than decay/rbose

D

The pigment that absorbs excessive light that would damage chlorophyll is called?

- Chicrophysia + b
- Caretenoid
- Onlorophy# c
- Chlorophy# a



Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 27

Question No. 36

Transcription and translation of a gene composed ofnucleotides would form a protein containing no more than 10

- 0 4
- 0 54
- 06
- 0 45

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Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 11

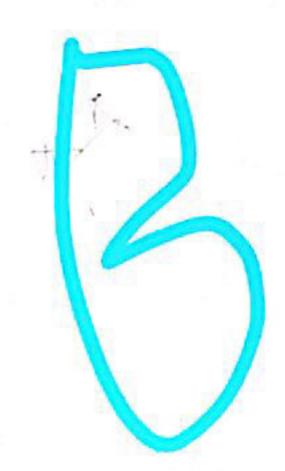
Question No. 28

A mixture of gastric fluid and food particles is called......

- Chyme
- Feces
- Saliva
- Bile

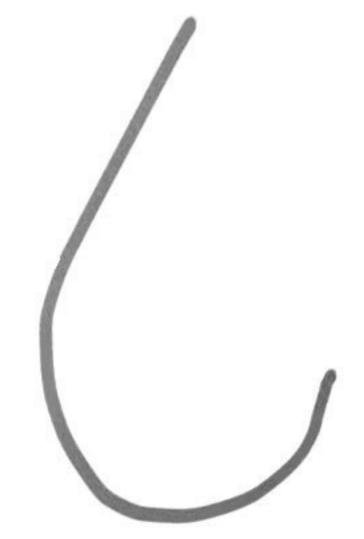
Which of the following membrane activities require energy from ATP?

- Movement of water into a cell
- Na+ ions moving out of the cell
- Movement of carbon dioxide outside cells
- Movement of glucose molecules



In fish, gas exchange is enhanced by:

- Elimination
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- Contraction



Which one of the following organs does not affect the digestion process?

- Pancreas
- O Tongue /
- Salivary glands
- Gall bladder

The total of all energy used by animals is called.

- Respiration rate
- Energy resting rate
 - Metabolic rate
- Kinetic energy



Total questions as

The transport of substances through proteins pumps is considered as

- Exocytosis
- Facilitated diffusion
- Passive transport
- Active transport



Question No. 8

Water passes quickly through cell membranes because

- It moves through aquaporins in the membrane
- Water move using ATP
- The bilayer is hydrophilic
- Water is a small, polar, charged molecule

Which of the following membrane activities require energy from ATP?

- Movement of water into a cell
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- Movement of carbon dioxide outside cells
- Movement of glucose molecules



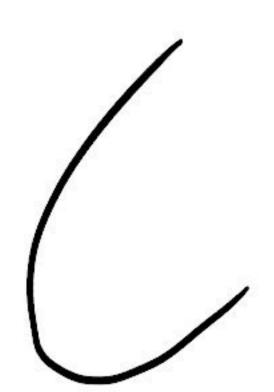
Question No. 9

Chemical digestion of food is catalyzed by

- Enzymes
- Teeth
- HCL
- Water

In fish, gas exchange is enhanced by:

- Elimination
- Emulsion
- Ventilation
- Contraction



Consession No. 23 What links the artisties to the veins? Capillanes ACTO

Question No. 25

In lungs, gases are exchanged by

process

- Oiffusion
- Osmosis and Diffusion
- Neither osmosis nor diffusion

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Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 14

Question No. 7

In the digestive tract, the absorbs H2O to give semi-solid waste

- Esophagus
- Large intestine
- Small intestine
- Stomach:



What is pollination?

- The transfer of pollen from anther to stigma
- None of them
- The transfer of pollen from stigma to ovary
- The transfer of pollen from stigma to anther

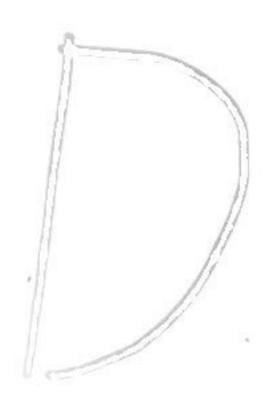


The major function of enzymes is

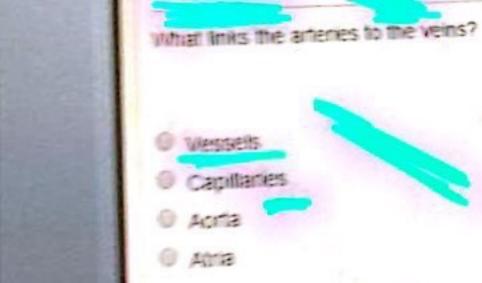
- Protective
- None of them
- Defense
- Catalyst

The transport of substances through proteins pumps is considered as

- Exocytosis
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DNA replication is with eachacting as a template for the synthesis of a complementary .

B

- semi-conservative, parental strand, old strand
- conservative, daughter strand, new strand
- conservative, parental strand, new strand
- Semi-conservative, parental strand, new strand

What is the smallest unit of heredity?

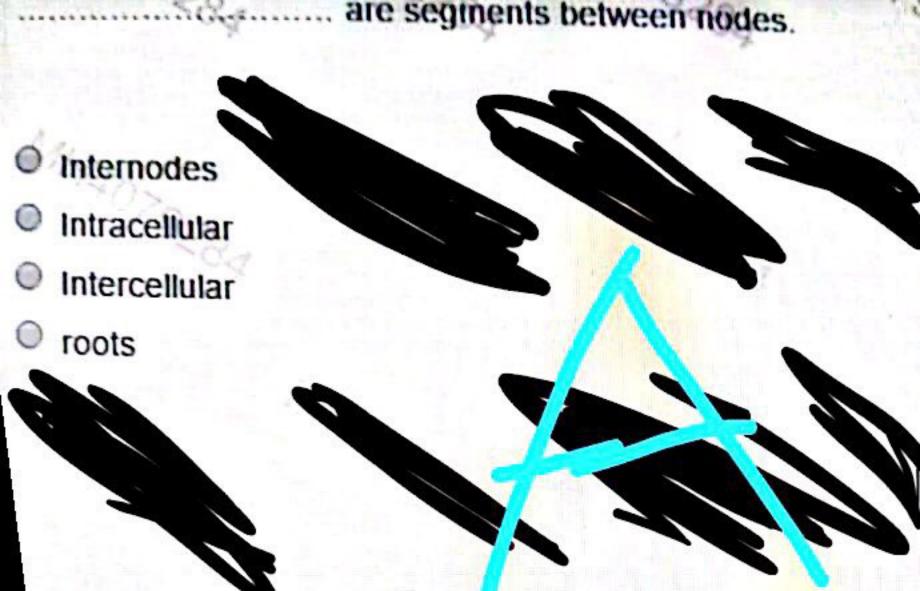
- Gene
- Amino acid
- O RNA
- O Cell



Question No. 7

The salivary glands are found in.....

- Esophagus
- Small intestine
- Oral cavity
- Large intestine



Question No. 7

The salivary glands are found in.....

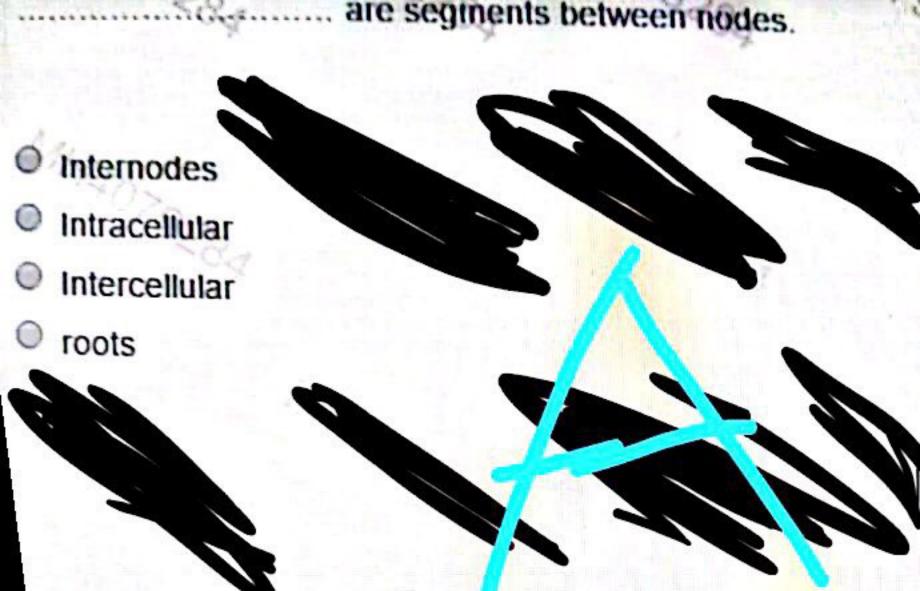
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- Passive transport
- Active transport



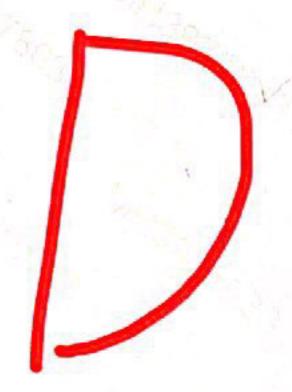
Genetic information flow as

- ONA → RNA → Protein
- Protein → RNA → DNA
- RNA → DNA → Protein
- ONA → Protein → RNA



M430 The transport of substances through proteins pumps is considered as

- Exocytosis
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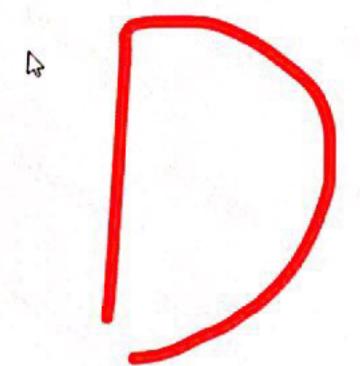
Which is the largest among the followings?

- Nucleotide
- Phosphate
- Carbon
- Nitrogenous base

| Question | No. | 1 |
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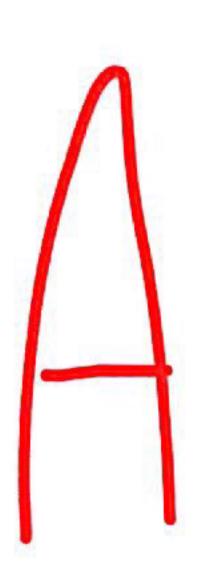
In alveoli

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- mRNA
- O DNA
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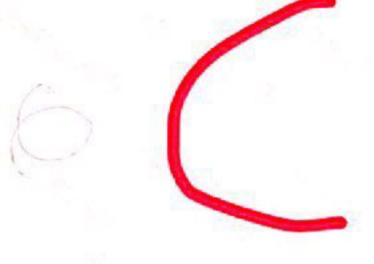


Which of these is the correct airflow pattern during inhalation

- Nasal cavify → Lungs → Pharynx → Trachea
- Trachea → Nasal cavity → Bronchi → Lungs
- Nasal cavity → Trachea → Bronchi →Lungs
- Bronchi → Lungs → Trachea→ Nasai cavity

The type of sugar in DNA nucleotide is......

- Maltose
- Fructose
- Deoxyribose
- Ribose



Photpsynthesis converts light energy into chemical energy stored in

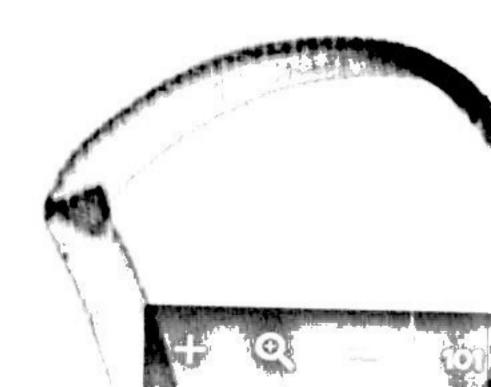
- O None of them
- O ATP
- Sugar
- Fats

The electron carrier that is involved in the glycolysis is

- O FAD
- None of them
- O NADP
- O NAD

Citia motion can be descriped as

- Fast, wave-like
- O Fast, rotational
 - O Slow, rotational
- O Slow, wave-like



Question No. 36

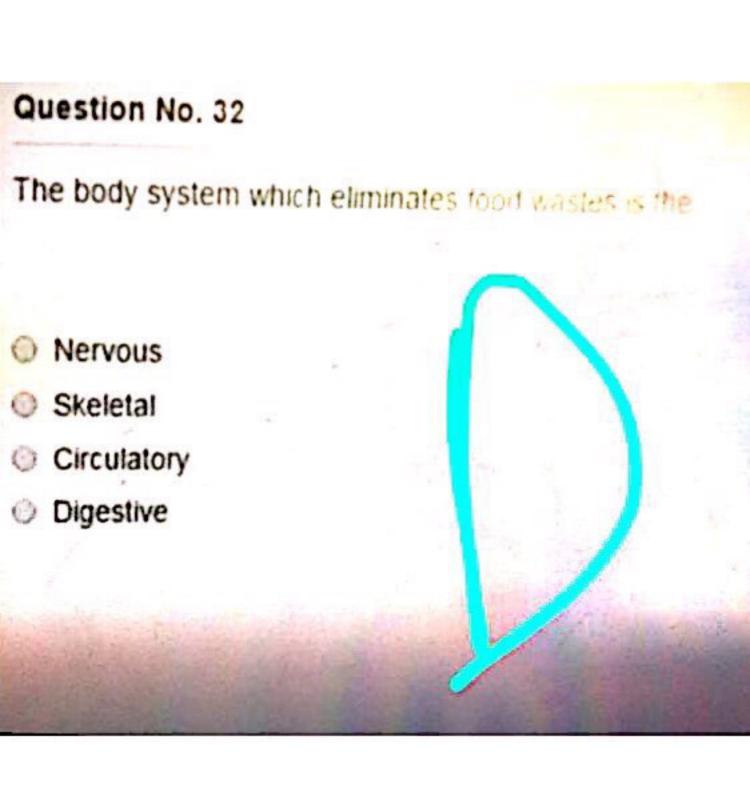
Transcription and translation of a gene composed ofnucleotides would form a protein containing no more than 18

- 0 4
- 0 54
- 06
- 0 45

1

Which of these require facilitated diffusion to move through the plasma injuniorated

- Complex sugars
- @ Proteins
- Fatty acids
- Water

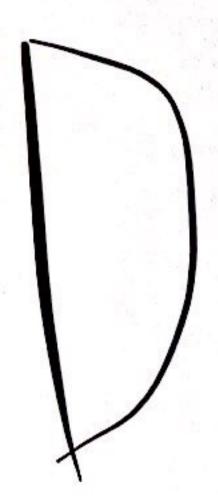


ater DNA replication, each new DNA will contain

- o note of the parent DNA
- © 75% of the parent DNA
- 0 50% of the parent DNA 0 25% of the parent DNA

Autotrophic means organisms that

- Produce light energy using food
- Do not produce their food
- Do not produce light
- O Produce their own food



| Question No. 6 | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| Which of these structures (| s NOT part of the | digestive tract? | |
| Stomach Liver Small intestine | | | |



Question No. 3

Which of the following membrane activities require energy from ATP?

- Movement of water into a cell
- Na+ ions moving out of the cell
- Movement of carbon dioxide outside cells
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Question No. 36

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1

A plant's flowers are closely related to which function?

- Support
- Reproduction
- Protection
- Food production

The function of the stigma is to

- capture pollen
- provide nutrients to the developing embryo
- produce pollen
- conduct pollen to the ovary

A plant's flowers are closely related to which function?

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Question No. 36

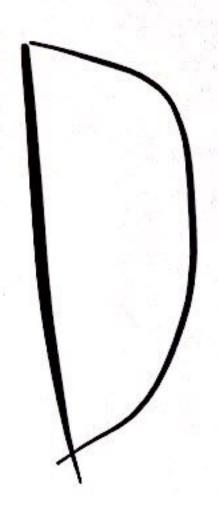
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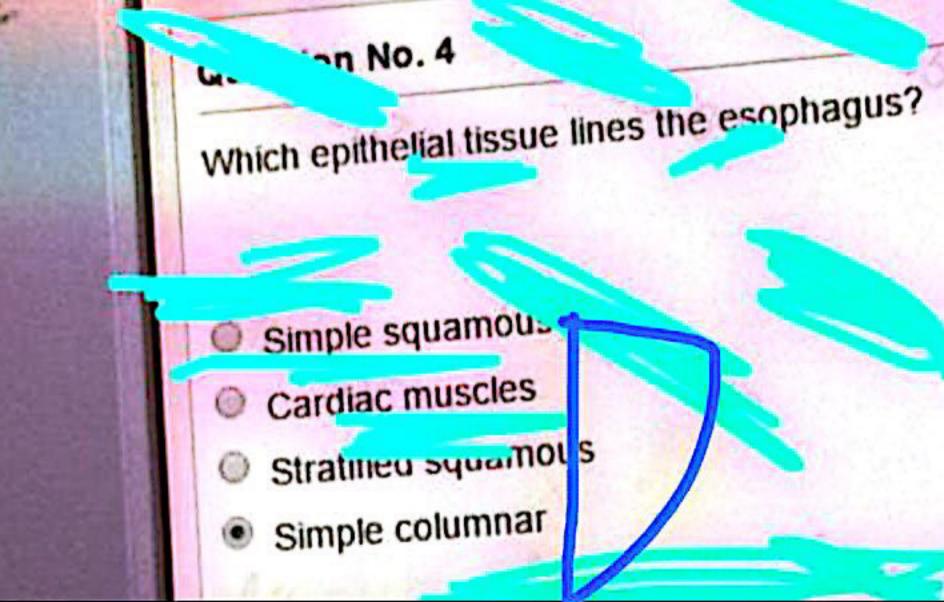
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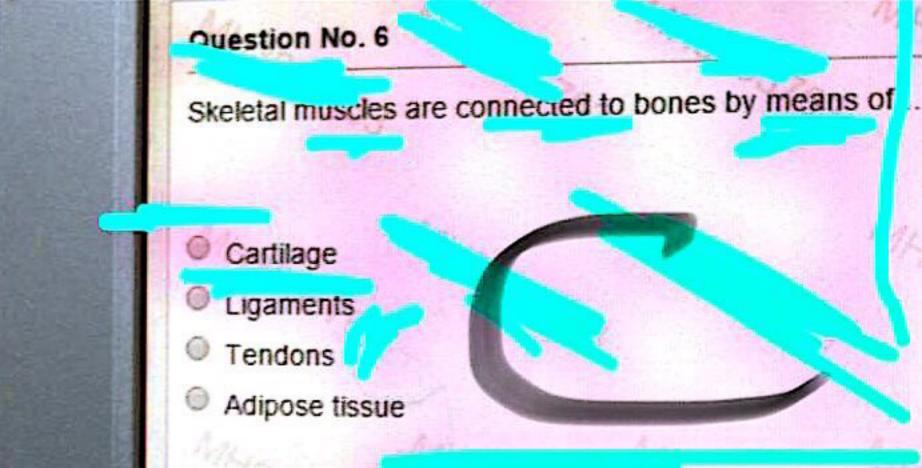
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Blood is

- A muscle tissue
- An epithelial tissue
- A nervous tissue
- A connective tissue

| Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered 10 |
|------------------------------|--------------|
| i olai questions in exam. 40 | MISWEIEG, 10 |

Cellular respiration occurs

- in 5 main stages
- o in 4 main stages
- in 2 main stages
- in 3 main stages



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Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 20

Question No. 29

The distribution of odor throughout the place is an example of

- Exocytosis
- Simple diffusion
- Facilitated diffusion
- Osmosis:

Light energy changes into chemical energy in plants by

MAY4084743

- Respiration
- O Diffusion
- Glycolysis
- Photosynthesis

Question No. 28

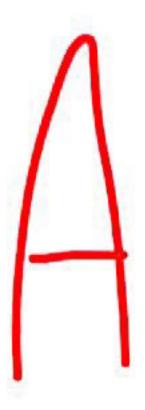
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- Two less oxygen than deoxynbose
- one more oxygen than deoxyribose

0

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- O IRNA
- O mRNA
- O DNA
- O IRNA



Question No. 7

The salivary glands are found in.....

- Esophagus
- Small intestine
- Oral cavity
- Large intestine

Question No. 31

Which of these muscles is involuntary?

- Only skeletal muscles
- Cardiac and smooth muscles
- Only smooth muscles
- Only cardiac muscles



Which of the following is not a type of vessel?

- e vem
- Atrium
- Artery
- Capillary

Which of the following is not a type of vessel?

- O vein
- O Amum
- Artery
- Capitlary

Question No. 5 Light energy changes into chemical energy in plants by . MAY 90547 43 Respiration Diffusion Glycolysis Photosynthesis MH4084743 -1-405 A 3

Question No. 4

Blood is

- A muscle tissue
- An epithelial tissue
- A nervous tissue
- A connective tissue

com questions in examilist (Answered)

Question No. 6

Compititive inhibitors

- Compete with coenzymes
- Changes enzyme 3D
- None of them
- Compets with active site

are tissues which cause voluntary movement of the body.

- Cardiac muscle
- All answers are correct
- Smooth muscle
- Skeletal muscle

Question No. 4 ... joins the leaf to a node. Petals Root Petiole Stem



Oxidative phosphorylation is:

- Produced most ATP molecules in the cell
- Stage during which oxygen is reduced to water
- All answers are correct
- 3rd stage of aerobic cellular respiration

Question No. 11

Fish exchange gases through

- Lungs
- Tracheal system
- Gills
- Body surface

What is the role of messenger RNA?

- To take amino acids to the ribosome
- To bring the DNA message to the mitochondrion
- To bring the DNA message to the ribosome
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July Exchange Live Gases through their Trached was system Call Sandy

Question No. 15

What is the most likely pathway taken by a newly synthesized protein that will be secreted by a cell?

- ER →Golgi →vesicles that fuse with plasma membrane
- Golgi →ER →lysosome
- nucleus →ER →Golgi

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Question No. 1

Which one of the following organs does not affect the digestion process:

- Pancreas
- Tongue /
- Salivary glands
- Gall bladder

Question No. 3

Which of the following membrane activities require energy from ATP?

- Movement of water into a cell
- Na+ ions moving out of the cell
- Movement of carbon dioxide outside cells
- Movement of glucose molecules

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What is the function of nasal cavily? O Warman O FMer air Moisten air All answers are correct

Question No. 20

What is the role of messenger RNA?

- To take amino acids to the ribosome
- To bring the DNA message to the mitochondrion
- To bring the DNA message to the ribosome
- To bring the tRNA message to the nucleus

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Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 5

Question No. 3

In prokaryotic cell, which of these processes occur in the nucleus?

- Translation
- Replication
- Transcription
- None of them

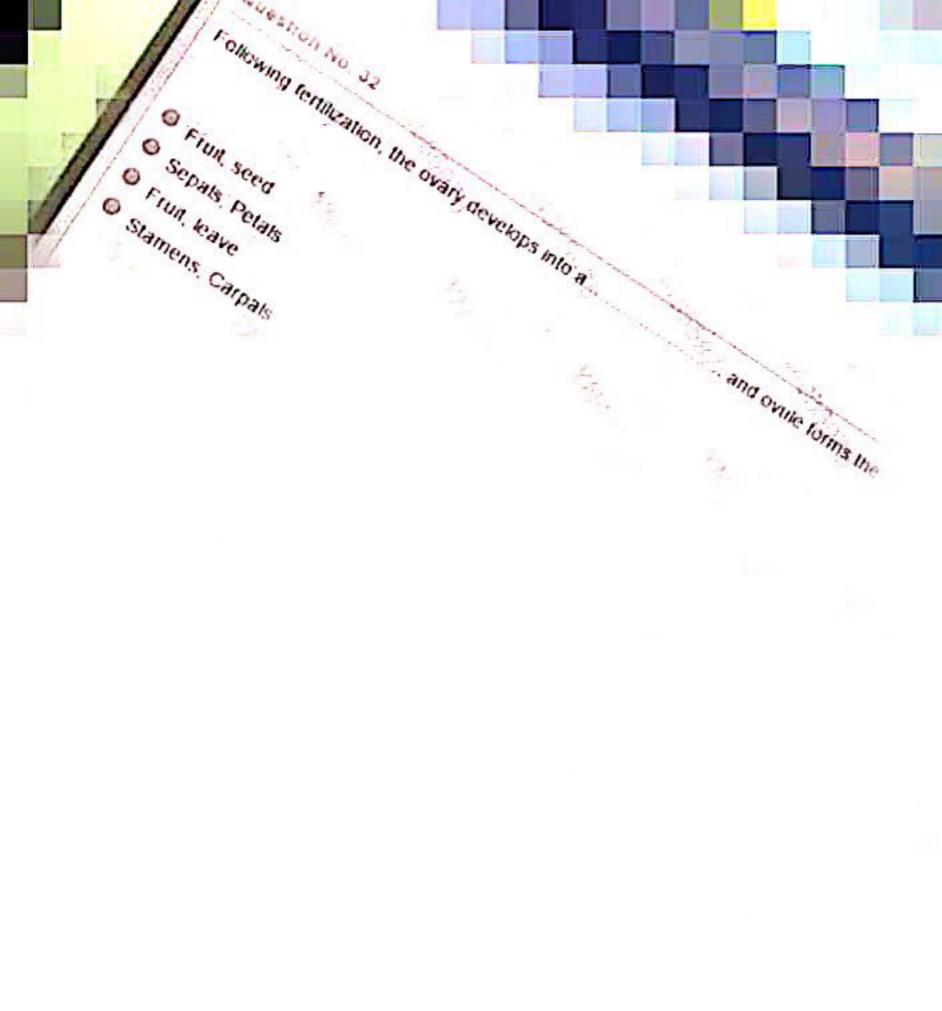
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Which of the following contains hydrolytic enzymes?

- mitochondrion
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- Vacuole
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MKCL OES

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 9

Question No. 6

.... is made of blades and petioles

- o roots
- eaves ,
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- stems

Which of These molecules form the core of a cell's ribosomes?

- O IRNA
- mRNA
- O DNA
- O IRNA

- Weshum No. 37 Trachea branches mio One bronchus o Three bronchi o Two bronchi before entering the lungs o Four bronchi

| M | V | | | E C |
|---|---|---|---|-----|
| M | N | J | - | CO |

Question No. 37

located near the shoot tip and causes elongation of a young sho

- Leaves
- Axillary bud
- Flowers
- Terminal bud

Question No. 9

How do germinating seeds get the food they need to grow?

- From their food store
- From the soil
- From leaves
- By photosynthesis

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Question No. 31

Which organ system does the pharynx belongs to?

- Digestive and Respiratory
- Digestive only
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Question No. 7

The salivary glands are found in.....

- Esophagus
- Small intestine
- Oral cavity
- Large intestine

Chlorophyll

- Protects plant from excessive heat
- Helps plants in cellular respiration
- Helps plants in movement
- Help plants carry out photosynthesis

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| Total questions in exam: 40 Answ | MCIC | u. I |
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Autotrophic means organisms that .

- Produce light energy using food
- O Do not produce their food
- O Do not produce light
- Produce their own food

Photpsynthesis converts light energy into chemical energy stored in

.... п

- None of them
- Sugar
- Fats

What is the smallest unit of heredity?

- Gene
- Amino acid
- RNA
- O Cell

W

The transport of substances through proteins pumps is considered as .

- Exocytosis
- Facilitated diffusion
- Passive transport
- Active transport



When the concentration of a solute is the same throughout a system, the system has reached

- Osmotic pressure
- Equilibrium
- Pinocytosis
- Maximum concentration



Oxidative phosphorylation is:

- Produced most ATP molecules in the cell
- Stage during which oxygen is reduced to water
- All answers are correct
- 3rd stage of aerobic cellular respiration

In alveoli

- Blood takes up carbon dioxide and drops off oxygen
- Blood mixes with hemoglobin
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Question No. 2

which of the following is not a type of vessel?

- O Vein
- Atrium
- Artery
- Capitary

Question No. 10

RNA is translated into protein by using...

- Monosaccharide language
- nucleotide language
- Fatty acid language
- amino acid language

To block the action of an enzyme, non-competitive inhibitors change the shape of the

- Hormone
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Question No. 9

The longest part of the digestive tract is the.....

- Stomach
- Esophagus
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| Question No. 5 | | | | 14 | 17. |
|----------------------|--------|---|--------|----|-----|
| The trachea is found | in the | | system | | |
| | | | | | |
| Digestive | | | | | |
| Nervous | | | | | |
| Circulatory | 2 | | | | |
| Respiratory | | 7 | 7 | | |
| | × . | | | | |

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Enzymes are polymers of.....

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- Amino acids
- Fatty acids
- Hexose sugar

Question No. 7

Which of the following contains hydrolytic enzymes?

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| Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 0 |
|-----------------------------|--|
| | Annual transfer that the second section of the |

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- Water move using ATP
- The bilayer is hydrophilic
- Water is a small, polar, charged molecule

| Total questions in exam: 40 A | Inswered: 0 |
|---------------------------------|-------------|
|---------------------------------|-------------|

The type of sugar in DNA nucleotide is......

- Maltose
- Fructose
- Deoxyribose
- Ribose

Question No. 5

Simply, transcription is copying

- Proteins from DNA
- mRNA from proteins
- mRNA from DNA
- Proteins from mRNA

| Total questions in exam: 40 Answered: 1 | | |
|---|--|---|
| | | |
| Question No. 4 | | |
| Charged ions are traveling through protein channels in th | e plasma membrane with the concentration gradient is considered as | 5 |

- Simple diffusion
- Facilitated diffusion
- Active transport
- Endocytosis

Question No. 4

.. joins the leaf to a node.

- Petals
- Root
- Petiole
- Stem

Mo. 5

The structure of Uracil (U) is very similar to 31

- Adenine (A)
- Cytosine (C)
- Guanine (G)
- Thymine (T)

Question No. 1

Which structure is common in animal and plant cells?

- ysosomes
- All answers are correct
- Cell wall
- Nucleus

Which of These molecules form the core of a cell's ribosomes?

- O IRNA
- mRNA
- O DNA
- O IRNA

Department No. 3

make are the equals in the equation of college respiration?

- O CONTRACTOR AND CONTRACTOR
- THE STATE OF THE OF THE STATE O
- O Chargest and water
- O WELL BUT DOCTOR

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| Total questions in exam: 40 Answ | MCIC | u. I |
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Autotrophic means organisms that .

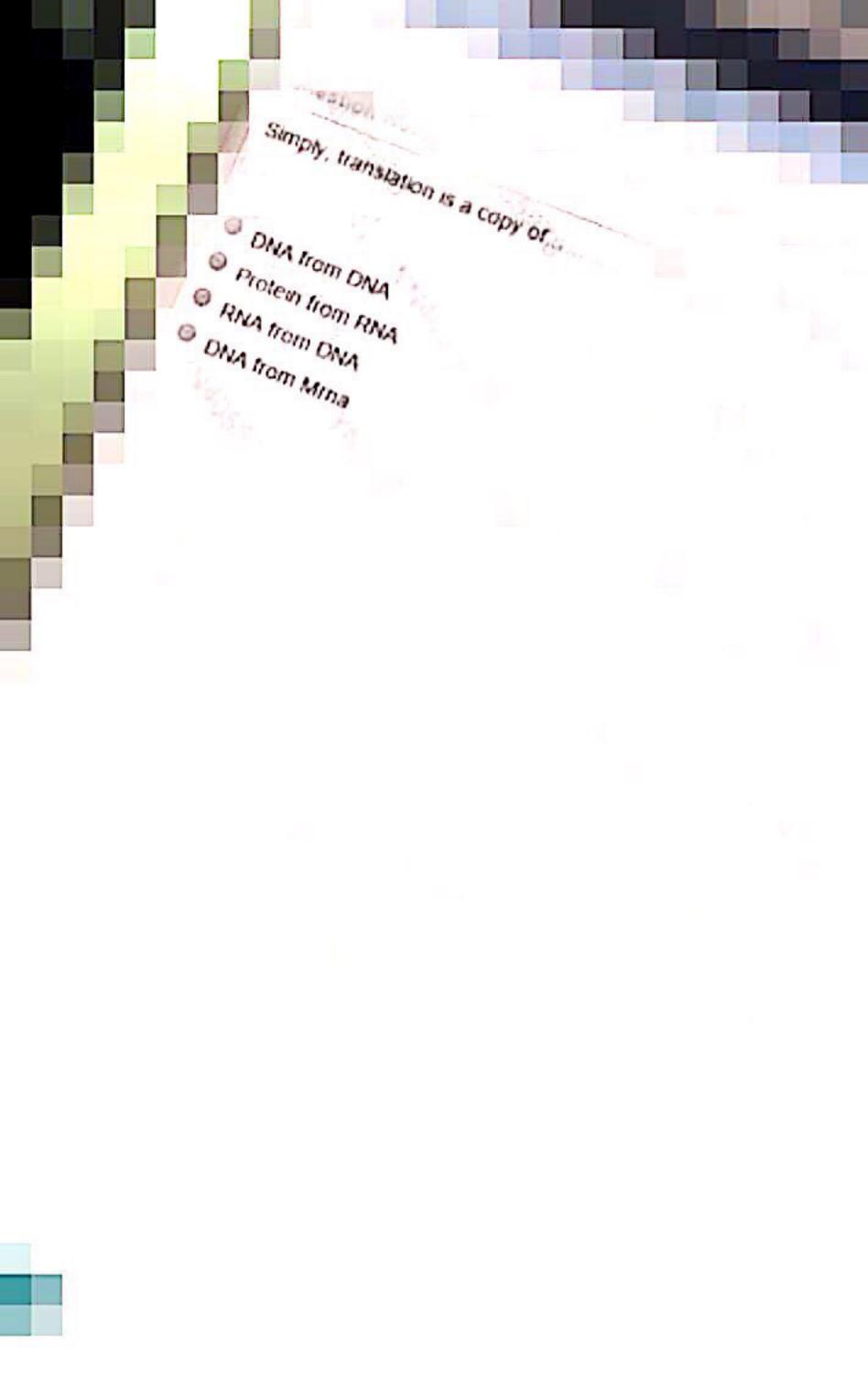
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Question No. 6

Which of these structures is NOT part of the digestive tract?

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- Stomach
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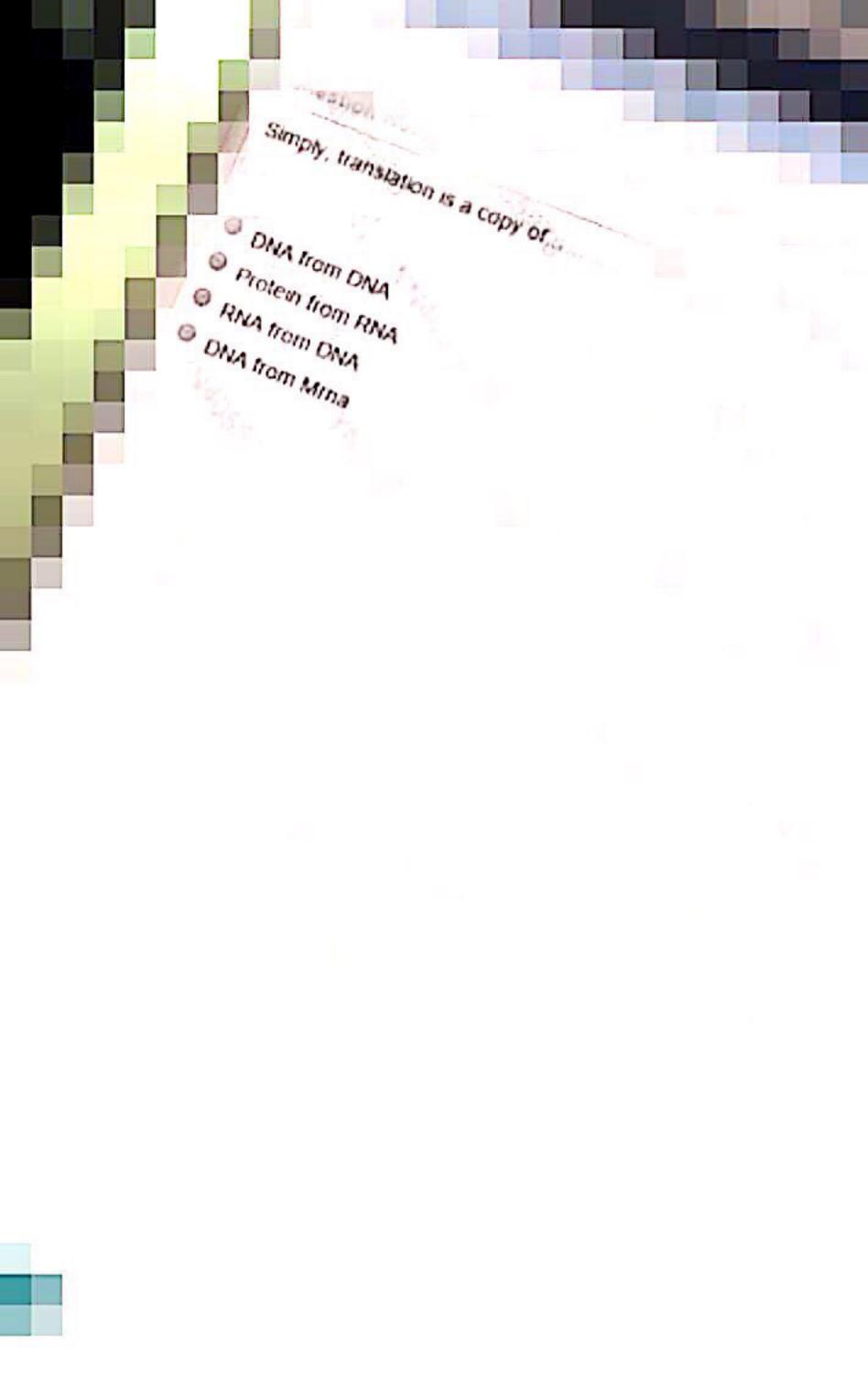
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- Mouth
- Liver
- Pancreas

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Total questions in exam. 40 | Answered: 0

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Muscle tissues function in .

- Movement
- Protection
- Sensation
- Communication

embedded in rubbery material Cartilage matrix is made or Fat droplets

- Calcium salts
- O Collagen nuers
- Blood plasma

Question No. 35 The air sacs inside lungs are called_ Bronchi Trachea Alveoli Larynx

Question No. 34 Heterotrophs means organisms that.

- O Produce their food using light
- O Produce their food using chemicals
- Produce light using food
 - Depend on others for food

| Total questions in exam: 40 Answered | 1 | ŀ | ı |
|--|---|---|---|
|--|---|---|---|

The main organ of photosynthesis in plant is

- O Buds
- O Root
- Leaf
- Stem

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Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 11

Question No. 35

The source of glucose generated in photosynthesis is .

- Oxygen
- Carbon dioxide
- Pyruvate
- Q Water ():

- W

is the name of the plant lissue where the highest number of chloroplasts could be found. MA. импорили медарнуя Mesophyll

Mesophy Microphyll

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Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 11

Question No. 29

The distribution of odor throughout the place is an example of ...

- Exocytosis
- Simple diffusion
- Facilitated diffusion
- Osmosis*:

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 11

Question No. 31

Which organ system does the pharynx belongs to?

- Digestive and Respiratory
- Digestive only
- Nervous
- Respiratory only

- JV

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 11

Question No. 32

Which enzyme is responsible for adding nucleotides to new DNA chain?

- DNA helicase
- DNA polymerase
- RNA primase
- DNA ligase

What are the inputs in the equation of cellular respiration?

- Oxygen and water
- Carbon dioxide and water
- Glucose a...., gen
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Which of the fosowing is function(s) of roots in plant?

Totalion

Storing food

Absorbtion

all answers are correct

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- The transfer of pollen from stigma to enther
- The transfer of polien from stigma to ovar,
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- None of them

Celliular dirimining its called.

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- Increases LDL levels
- O Decreases HDL levels
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Question No. 11

Fish exchange gases through

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- Tracheal system
- Gills
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MKCL OES

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- nowers
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In the digestive tract, the absorbs H2O to give semi-so

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- Stomach ⁻

MKCL OES

Total questions in exam: 40 | Answered: 9

Question No. 8

Minimum energy a resting animal requires each day to live is called.

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- Metabolic rate
- Basal metabolic rate BMR
- Energy resting rate

MKCL OES

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