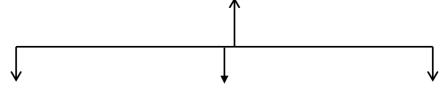


## تم التحميل من مدونة ملخصات الثانوية العامة

## في اليمن http://ye-thirdsecondr.blogspot.com حل المعادلة من الدرجة الثانية

التي من الشكل: أع
$$^2$$
 + بع + جـ = 0 حيث أ، ب، جـ  $\equiv$  ح



يوجد حلين حقيقيين يوجد لها حليين مختافين مركبين

عندمـــا 
$$\Delta > 0$$
 عندما  $\Delta < 0$  يوجد حليــن حقيقيين يوجد لـهــا حلييـــن

 $\Delta$  عندمـــا

## أي معادلة من الدرجة الثانية لها حلاً دائماً في م.

$$0 = 13 + \epsilon 6 - \frac{2}{\epsilon}$$

الحــل:

$$13 = \div \qquad \qquad 6 - = \div \qquad \qquad 1 = 5$$

$$52 - 36 = 13 \times 1 \times 4 - 36 = \qquad \div 54 - 2 \div = \Delta \therefore$$

$$\frac{\overline{\Delta} + \pm \div -}{52} = \varepsilon \therefore \qquad 16 - = \Delta \therefore$$

$$2 \pm 3 = \frac{-4 \pm 6}{2} = \frac{16 - - \pm 6}{1 \times 2} = \varepsilon \therefore$$

$$\{(-2-3), (-2+3)\} = 2$$

الحال:

$$0 = (1 + \varepsilon + {}^{2}\varepsilon) (1 - \varepsilon) \therefore \qquad 0 = 1 - {}^{3}\varepsilon \therefore$$

$$\boxed{1} = \varepsilon \Leftarrow 0 = 1 - \varepsilon \text{ La}$$

$$1 = \varphi \text{ (a)} = 1 + \varepsilon + {}^{2}\varepsilon \text{ (b)} \text{ of }$$

$$3 - \varepsilon = 1 \times 1 \times 4 - 1 = \varphi \text{ if } 4 - {}^{2}\varphi = \Delta \therefore$$

$$\frac{3 - \psi \pm 1 - \varepsilon}{1 \times 2} = \frac{2 - \psi \pm 1 - \varepsilon}{1 \times 2} = \varepsilon \therefore$$

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$$\frac{3 - \psi \pm 1 - \psi \pm$$

$$( \ddot{3} + 2) = \frac{\ddot{6} + 4}{2} = \frac{(\ddot{7} + 1) - (\ddot{7} + 5)}{2} = 2$$

$$\{ (\ddot{7} + 2) \quad ( \ddot{4} + 3) \} = 1$$

$$\frac{\ddot{6} + 2}{2} = 1$$

$$\frac{\ddot{6} + 4}{2} = 1$$

$$\frac{\ddot$$

[3] لتكوين معادلة من الدرجة الثانية إذا علم جذراها هي:

$$3^2 - (مجموع الجذرين) ع + حاصل ضربهما = 0$$

مثال: أوجد مجموع وحاصل ضرب جذري المعادلة:

$$0 = (2 - 8) + 2(3 - 5) + 2(4 + 1)$$

$$(-2-8) = -3 \qquad (-3-5) = -4 \qquad (-3-4) = -5 \qquad (-3-5) = -4 \qquad$$

$$(1) = J :$$

$$3 = A \Leftarrow 9 = {}^{2}A \Leftarrow 8 - = {}^{2}A - 1 : (1) \text{ in }$$

$$(46) \longrightarrow (6-1) \longrightarrow (6-1) \longrightarrow (61)$$

$$0 = 3 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = (4) \longrightarrow (6-1) \longrightarrow (61)$$

$$0 = 4 + 2 + 2 + 2 = (4) \longrightarrow (6-2) \oplus (7-2) \longrightarrow (7-2) \oplus (7-2) \longrightarrow (7-2) \oplus (7-2) \longrightarrow (7-$$

$$\ddot{z} - 5 = \ddot{z}$$
 ,  $\ddot{z} + 4 - \ddot{z}$  ,  $\ddot{z} = 5 - \ddot{z}$ 

$$25 - = 41 - 16 = 3 + 40 - 1 - 3 - 16 =$$

$$\frac{\ddot{5} \pm (\ddot{5} - 4)}{2 \times 2} = \frac{\Delta + \pm \dot{5} - 1}{2} = 2 \times \dot{5}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} = \frac{$$

$$\ddot{a} \frac{3}{2} - 1 = \frac{\ddot{a} 6}{4} - \frac{4}{4} = \frac{\ddot{a} 5 - \ddot{a} - 4}{4} = 2$$
 :.

[و] محلول كمثال.

62 كون المعادلة التي جذورها على النحو التالي:

$$10 = 3 - 5 + 3 + 5 =$$

$$0 = 0$$
 المعادلة هي:  $3^2 - ($ مجموع الجذرين $)$  ع + حاصل ضرب الجذرين  $)$ 

$$0 = 34 + 210 - 2$$
 : المعادلة هي: ع

[ب] بنفس الطربقة السابقة.

$$.$$
 مج = 2-4 مج [ج]

حاصل ضرب الجذرين = 
$$(1-2)$$
 =  $(2-4)$  =  $(2-4$ 

$$0 = (-4-2) + \varepsilon(-3) - 2\varepsilon(-1) \quad (+ \qquad 0 = (-1+3) + \varepsilon 3 - 2\varepsilon) \quad (+ \qquad 0 = (-1+3) + \varepsilon 3 - 2\varepsilon) \quad (+ \qquad 0 = (-2+2) + 2\varepsilon) \quad (+ \qquad 0 = ($$

$$0=41 + (- \omega + \omega) 10^{-2} (\omega + \omega)$$

الحــل<u>:</u>

$$0 = 41 + 210^{-2}$$
نضع ع =  $\omega + \omega$  ت ص  $\omega + \omega$ 

$$41 \times 1 \times 4 - 100 = 14 - 2 = 0$$

$$64 - = 164 - 100 =$$

$$(14 \pm 5) = \frac{18 \pm 10 + 2}{2} = 0$$

$$4 = 0 = 5 = 0 ...$$

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[{ ت3 - ، ت3 } ، {3 - ، 3} ، {3 | 0 = 9 + 2 مجموع حل المعادلة س
$$^{2}$$
 + 0 = 9 | 1 مجموع حل المعادلة المعادلة

(2) المعكوس الضربي للعدد ع =(2 + 2r) هو:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{2}{13} - \frac{3}{13} & \frac{1}{22-3} & \frac{1}{22-3} \end{bmatrix}$$

(3) إذا كان ع، ع عددان مترافقان فإن ع . ع يمكن أن يساوي:

الحـل:

$$\{\ddot{1}, \frac{2}{13}, \frac{3}{13}\}$$
 (2)

{ 13 } (3)

مثان عددان مركبان مترافقان مجموعهما يساوي (8) وحاصل ضربهما يساوي المثان عددان مركبان مترافقان مجموعهما يساوي (15) أوجد العددين؟

الحــل:

نفرض أن العددان

$$8 = 2 = 2$$
 مجموعهما  $= 2$  (س  $= 2$  ص  $= 3$  مجموعهما  $= 3$ 

$$25 = {}^{2}$$
 ص +  ${}^{2}$  …  $2$  ص +  ${}^{2}$  ص =  $2$  ... حاصل ضربهما

$$25 = {}^{2}\omega + 16$$
 ::

$$3 \pm = \omega : 9 = ^2 \omega :$$

$$(=3\pm4)=$$
 :. ع

اليمن: سنـ1995ـة

مثال: إذا كانت ع 
$$\in$$
 ق وكان ع  $+$   $=$   $=$  فبرهن أن ع حقيقي.

$$\frac{1}{\frac{1}{\omega + \varpi}} = (\omega - \varpi \omega) + (\omega + \varpi \omega)$$

$$= (\omega - \varpi \omega) + (\omega + \varpi \omega)$$

$$= (\omega - \varpi \omega) + (\omega + \varpi \omega) + (\omega$$