

Math

تسرييات الرياضيات ميد "١"

٢٠٢٠-١٤٤١

♥Never give up. Great things take time♥

دعواتكم

Nawaf Alharbi



$$7 - 2 = 5$$

$$9 - 3 = 6$$

$$10 \\ \begin{array}{r} 15 \\ \hline 5 \end{array}$$

$$4 \\ \begin{array}{r} + \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$

$$7 \div 2 = 2$$

$$3 + 3 = 6$$

$$6 = 6$$

$$3 \\ \begin{array}{r} + \\ \hline 8 \end{array}$$

Question No. 25

Simplify the expression: $13 + 8 \div 2(8 - 2^2)$

- 29
- 3
- 33
- 27

Question No. 22

Factor $x^2 - 8x - 20$

- $(x + 1)(x - 20)$
- $(x + 2)(x - 10)$
- $(x - 2)(x + 10)$
- $(x + 2)(x + 10)$

[Save & Next](#)

Question No. 23

Write $z = 3\left(\frac{2+3i}{i}\right)$ in the standard form $z = a + bi$

- $z = 9 - 6i$
- $z = -9 - 6i$
- $z = 9 + 6i$
- $z = -9 + 6i$

Question No. 24

The solution set of $(x + 5)^2 + 10 = 5$ is

- $\{-5 \pm \sqrt{5}\}$
- $\{5 \pm \sqrt{5}\}$
- $\{\pm 5\sqrt{5}\}$
- no real solutions

Question No. 20

Select the correct property that describes the given equation. $x + (y + 3) = x + (3 + y)$

- Inverse property of addition
- Identity property of addition
- Associative property of multiplication
- Commutative property of addition

Save & Next

Question No. 19

Suppose x is a real number. Evaluate the expression $-3(x - 1)^0$

- -3
- -3 if $x \neq 0$
- 3 if $x \neq 0$
- -3 if $x \neq 1$

[Save & Next](#)

Question No. 18

Solve $A = P(1 + nr)$ for r

$r = \frac{A-P}{Pn}$

$r = \frac{Pn}{A-P}$

$r = \frac{A}{n}$

$r = \frac{P-A}{Pn}$

Save & Next

Question No. 17

The base of $-5p^4$ is

- 5p
- 5
- 4
- p

Save & Next

Question No. 13

Which one of the following equations is a contradiction?

- $3(5x - 3) = 15x + 19$
- $-2(x + 8) + 3x = x - 16$
- $5x - 4 = 11$
- $x^2 - 4 = 0$

Save & Next

Question No. 14

Perform the indicated operation $\frac{(2a^{-1}b^2c^{-2})^2}{(3^{-1}b)(2^{-1}ac^{-2})^3}$

$\frac{24b^3c^2}{a^5}$

$\frac{96b^3c^2}{a^5}$

$\frac{96bc^2}{a^5}$

$\frac{24bc^2}{a^5}$

Save & Next

Question No. 15

Perform the indicated operations and Simplify. $\frac{a-b}{b-a} \div \frac{a^2+2ab+b^2}{a^2+ab}$

$\frac{a+b}{a}$

$\frac{-a+b}{a}$

$\frac{a}{a+b}$

$\frac{-a}{a+b}$

Save & Next

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 16

The domain of $\frac{x+1}{(x+3)(2x-3)}$ is

- $R \setminus \{-3, 3\}$
- $R \setminus \{3, \frac{-3}{2}\}$
- $R \setminus \{-3, \frac{3}{2}\}$
- $R \setminus \{-3\}$

Save & Next

Question No. 12

The solution set of the equation $6(x-2)=2-x$ is

- {2}
- 2
- {2, -2}
- \emptyset

Save & Next

Question No. 11

If A is any set then $A \cup \emptyset$ is equal to

- \emptyset
- 1
- A
- 1

Save & Next

Question No. 9

Simplify and write in the standard form of a complex number

$$\frac{8i}{4 + 9i}$$

$-\frac{72}{97} + \frac{32}{97}i$

$-\frac{72}{65} - \frac{32}{65}i$

$\frac{72}{97} + \frac{32}{97}i$

$\frac{72}{65} - \frac{32}{65}i$

Save & Next

Question No. 5

Simplify the expression by rationalizing the denominator: $\frac{3}{2+\sqrt{7}}$

- $4 - \sqrt{7}$
- $2 - \sqrt{7}$
- $-2 + \sqrt{7}$
- $-4 + \sqrt{7}$

Question No. 6

Simplify the expression: $-9y^0 + (-9y)^0, y \neq 0$

- 2
- 8
- 0
- 8

Save & Next

Question No. 7

Using set notation, the elements belonging to the set: $\{x \mid x \text{ is a natural number less than } 2\}$ are

- $\{0\}$
- $\{\emptyset\}$
- \emptyset
- $\{1\}$

Save & Next

Question No. 8

Factor $4m^2 - 12m + 9$

- $(2m + 3)^2$
- $(2m - 7)(2m - 9)$
- $(2m - 3)^2$
- $(2m - 3)(2m + 3)$

Save & Next

Question No. 4

Factor: $(3u + 5)^2 - 18(3u + 5) + 81$

- $(3u + 4)^2$
- $(3u + 4)(3u - 14)$
- $(3u + 14)(3u - 4)$
- $(3u - 4)^2$

Question No. 1

Which of the following equations has solutions a and b ?

$x^2 - (a + b)x + ab = 0$

$x^2 + (a + b)x - ab = 0$

$x^2 + (a + b)x + ab = 0$

$x^2 - (a + b)x - ab = 0$

Question No. 3

$$(5m+2)^2$$

- $25m^2+20m+4$
- $25m^2+4$
- $5m^2+4$
- $5m^2+20m+4$

Question No. 2

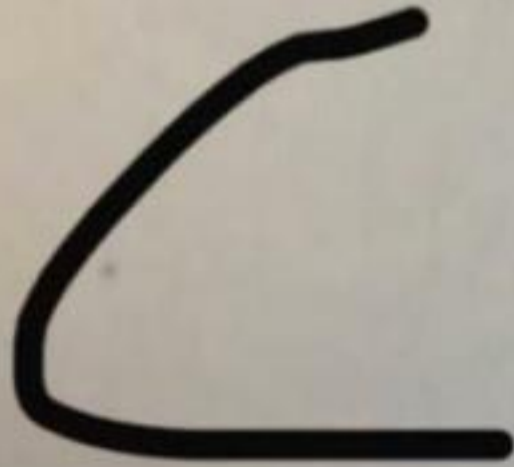
The simplified expression of $(-9)^{x/y}$ is positive if the values of x and y are equal to

- $x = 2, y = 2$
- $x = 8, y = 2$
- $x = 9, y = 3$
- $x = 6, y = 2$

Question No. 8

Factor the polynomial $x^4 + 5x^2 - 36$ completely

- $(x^2 - 4)(x^2 + 9)$
- $(x + 2)(x^2 + 9)$
- $(x - 2)(x + 2)(x^2 + 9)$
- $(x - 2)(x + 2)(x + 3)(x - 3)$



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Question No. 25

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- 29
- 3
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Save & Next

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- $(x + 2)(x - 10)$
- $(x - 2)(x + 10)$
- $(x + 2)(x + 10)$

[Save & Next](#)

Question No. 25

The equation $-2x^2 + 13x - 15 = 0$ has

- two irrational roots
- one repeated root
- two nonreal complex roots
- two rational roots

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Question No. 25

Simplify the expression: $13 + 8 \div 2(8 - 2^2)$

- 29
- 3
- 33
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Factor $4m^2 - 12m + 9$

- $(2m + 3)^2$
- $(2m - 7)(2m - 9)$
- $(2m - 3)^2$
- $(2m - 3)(2m + 3)$

Save & Next

Question No. 11

Factor : $4x^2 - y^2 - 6y - 9$

- $(2x - y + 3)(2x + y - 3)$
- $(4x - y - 3)(4x + y + 3)$
- $(2x - y - 3)(2x + y + 3)$
- $(4x - y + 3)(4x + y - 3)$

Question No. 22

Factor $x^2 - 8x - 20$

- $(x + 1)(x - 20)$
- $(x + 2)(x - 10)$
- $(x - 2)(x + 10)$
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[Save & Next](#)

Question No. 13

Which one of the following equations is a contradiction?

- $3(5x - 3) = 15x + 19$
- $-2(x + 8) + 3x = x - 16$
- $5x - 4 = 11$
- $x^2 - 4 = 0$

Save & Next

Question No. 10

Solve: $2x^2 = x - 4$

- $\left\{\frac{1}{4}(1 \pm i\sqrt{31})\right\}$
- $\left\{\frac{1}{3}(1 \pm i\sqrt{31})\right\}$
- $\left\{\frac{1}{3}(-1 \pm i\sqrt{31})\right\}$
- $\left\{\frac{1}{4}(-1 \pm i\sqrt{31})\right\}$

[Save & Next](#)

Question No. 24

The solution set of $(x + 5)^2 + 10 = 5$ is

- $\{-5 \pm \sqrt{5}\}$
- $\{5 \pm \sqrt{5}\}$
- $\{\pm 5\sqrt{5}\}$
- no real solutions

Save & Next

The quotient $\frac{2}{-i}$ can be written as

- 1
- 2i
- 1
- 2i

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 10

Que

Solving the equation $x^2 + ax - 1 = x$, for x , gives

- $\left\{ \frac{a-1 \pm \sqrt{a^2-2a-3}}{2} \right\}$
- $\left\{ \frac{1-a \pm \sqrt{a^2-2a+5}}{2} \right\}$
- $\left\{ \frac{1-a \pm \sqrt{a^2-2a-3}}{2} \right\}$
- $\left\{ \frac{a-1 \pm \sqrt{a^2-2a+5}}{2} \right\}$

Save & !

Simplify

$$\frac{3m^{\frac{2}{3}} - 4m^{\frac{1}{3}}}{m^{-\frac{1}{3}}}$$

$3m^{\frac{1}{3}} - 4m^{\frac{2}{3}}$

$3m - 4m^{\frac{2}{3}}$

$3m - 4m^{\frac{1}{3}}$

$3m^2 - 4m$

The solution set of the equation $\frac{1}{20}(2x + 5) = \frac{x+2}{5}$ is

$\left\{ \frac{3}{2} \right\}$

$\left\{ -\frac{3}{2} \right\}$

$\left\{ \frac{2}{3} \right\}$

$\left\{ -\frac{2}{3} \right\}$

Question No. 11

If A is any set then $A \cup \emptyset$ is equal to

- \emptyset
- 1
- A
- 1

Save & Next

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- $-2(x + 8) + 3x = x - 16$
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Save & Next

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Perform the indicated operation $\frac{(2a^{-1}b^2c^{-2})^2}{(3^{-1}b)(2^{-1}ac^{-2})^3}$

$\frac{24b^3c^2}{a^5}$

$\frac{96b^3c^2}{a^5}$

$\frac{96bc^2}{a^5}$

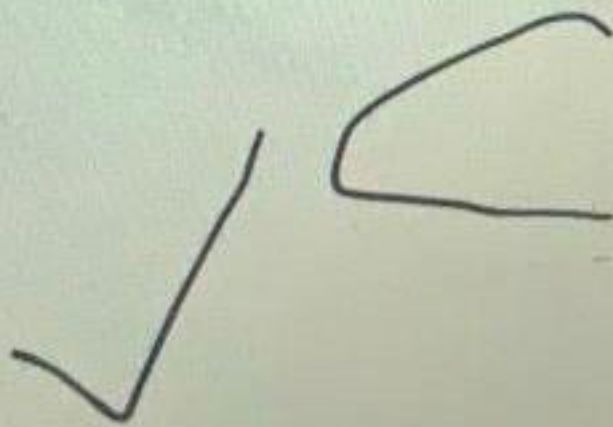
$\frac{24bc^2}{a^5}$

Save & Next

Question No. 9

Let $x \in \mathbb{R}$ and $x > 4$. Simplify the expression $\sqrt{x - 4\sqrt{x} + 4}$

- $\sqrt{x} + 2$
- $-\sqrt{x} - 2$
- $\sqrt{x} - 2$
- $-\sqrt{x} + 2$



Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 24

Question No. 21

Find this quotient $\frac{x^2 - 15x + 56}{x^2 - 6x - 7} \div \frac{x + 3}{x^2 - 9}$

- $\frac{(x+3)(x+4)}{3}$
- $\frac{(x-8)(x-3)}{x+1}$
- $4(x+1)$
- $\frac{6x}{x+2}$

Save & Next

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Question No. 25

Solving the equation $2(3x-4a)+4b=5x+4(b-a)$ for x gives

$x = \frac{b-a}{3b+5a}$

$x = -4a$

$x = 4a$

$x = \frac{2a}{4b}$



Question No. 20

Select the correct property that describes the given equation. $x + (y + 3) = x + (3 + y)$

- Inverse property of addition
- Identity property of addition
- Associative property of multiplication
- Commutative property of addition

Save & Next

Question No. 1

The equation $9x^2 - 6x = -1$ has

- two nonreal complex roots
- two rational roots
- two irrational roots
- one repeated root

Save & Next



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$$x^2 + ax - 1 = x \quad \leftarrow$$

$$x^2 + ax - x - 1 = 0$$

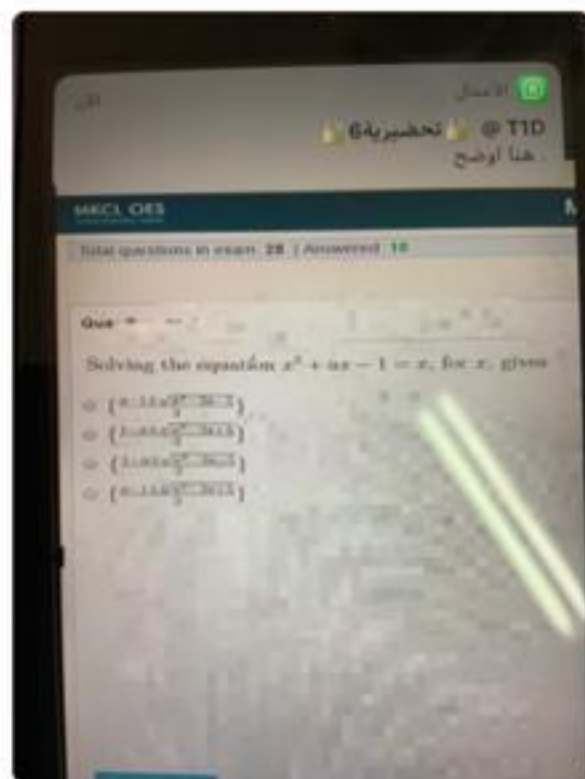
$$x^2 + (a-1)x - 1 = 0$$

$$a=1, b=a-1, c=-1$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} = \frac{-(a-1) \pm \sqrt{(a-1)^2 - 4(1)(-1)}}{2 \cdot 1}$$

$$= \frac{-a+1 \pm \sqrt{a^2 - 2a + 1 + 4}}{2 \cdot 1}$$

$$= \frac{a-1 \pm \sqrt{a^2 - 2a + 5}}{2}$$



Question No. 6



The solution set of the equation $8x^3 = a^3$, for x , is

- $\left\{ \frac{a}{2}, -\frac{a}{4} + \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{4}i, -\frac{a}{4} - \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{4}i \right\}$
- \emptyset
- $\left\{ \frac{a}{2}, -\frac{a}{4} + \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{4}i, -\frac{a}{4} - \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{4}i \right\}$
- $\left\{ \frac{a}{2} \right\}$

Question No. 12

The solution set of the equation $6(x-2)=2-x$ is

- {2}
- 2
- {2, -2}
- \emptyset

Save & Next

Total questions: 16
Question No. 16

Solve $\frac{5x}{3} - x = \frac{x}{24} - \frac{7}{8}$

$-\frac{21}{17}$

$\frac{7}{5}$

$\frac{21}{17}$

$-\frac{7}{5}$

Question No. 25

The solution set of $z^2 + i^2 = 0$ is

- $S = \{-i\}$
- $S = \{+i\}$
- $S = \{-i, +i\}$
- $S = \{-1, +1\}$

Question No. 25

The equation $-2x^2 + 13x - 15 = 0$ has

- two irrational roots
- one repeated root
- two nonreal complex roots
- two rational roots

Question No. 8

Factor the polynomial $x^4 + 5x^2 - 36$ completely

$(x^2 - 4)(x^2 + 9)$

$(x + 2)(x^2 + 9)$

$(x - 2)(x + 2)(x^2 + 9)$

$(x - 2)(x + 2)(x + 3)(x - 3)$

D

Question No. 14

Perform the indicated operation $\frac{(2a^{-1}b^2c^{-2})^2}{(3^{-1}b)(2^{-1}ac^{-2})^3}$

$\frac{24b^3c^2}{a^5}$

$\frac{96b^3c^2}{a^5}$

$\frac{96bc^2}{a^5}$

$\frac{24bc^2}{a^5}$

Save & Next

$$(-)(i)^{-33}$$

$$(-)(-i)$$

$$= i$$

—
— !

—
—

2

Question No. 6

Determine the following union $\emptyset \cup \{1,2\} =$

- {1,2, ϕ }
- {1,2}
- {1}
- \emptyset

B

Factor completely $49a^2b - b^3$

- $b(7a + b)(7a - b)$
- $(7a + b^2)(7a - b)$
- Prime, doesn't factor
- $b(7a - b)^2$

Simplify: $\sqrt[3]{(x-7)^8}$

$|x-7|$

$(x-7)$

$|x-7|^8$

$(7-x)$

Question No. 12

Using set notation, write the elements belonging to $\{x \mid x \text{ is a natural odd number between 2 and 14}\}$.

- {3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13}.
- {3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13}.
- {1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13}.
- {4, 6, 8, 10, 12}.

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 3

Question No. 2

Solve the equation $27x^2 - 64 = 0$

- $\left\{ \frac{-2+2i\sqrt{3}}{3}, \frac{2-2i\sqrt{3}}{3}, \frac{4}{3} \right\}$
- $\left\{ \frac{-2+2i\sqrt{3}}{3}, -\frac{2+2i\sqrt{3}}{3}, \frac{4}{3} \right\}$
- $\left\{ \frac{2+2i\sqrt{3}}{3}, \frac{2-2i\sqrt{3}}{3}, -\frac{4}{3} \right\}$
- $\left\{ \frac{-2+2i\sqrt{3}}{3}, -\frac{2+2i\sqrt{3}}{3} \right\}$

Save & Next

Question No. 8

Factor $4m^2 - 12m + 9$

- $(2m + 3)^2$
- $(2m - 7)(2m - 9)$
- $(2m - 3)^2$
- $(2m - 3)(2m + 3)$

Save & Next

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 24

Question No. 21

Find this quotient $\frac{x^2 - 15x + 56}{x^2 - 6x - 7} \div \frac{x + 3}{x^2 - 9}$

- $\frac{(x+3)(x+4)}{3}$
- $\frac{(x-8)(x-3)}{x+1}$
- $4(x+1)$
- $\frac{6x}{x+2}$

Save & Next

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Question No. 25

Compute $(ab^{\frac{1}{2}} + 1)(a^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{2}} - 2)$

- $a^{3/2}b + a^{1/2}b^{1/2} + 2ab^{1/2} - 2$
- $a^{3/2}b + a^{1/2}b^{1/2} + 2a^{1/2}b - 2$
- $a^{3/2}b + a^{1/2}b^{1/2} - 2a^{1/2}b - 2$
- $a^{3/2}b + a^{1/2}b^{1/2} - 2ab^{1/2} - 2$



Perform this division $(6m^2 + 13m - 15) \div (m + 3)$

- $6m - 5$
- $6m - 5 + \frac{4}{m-3}$
- $m - 5$
- $6m + 5$

Which of the following is not a polynomial?

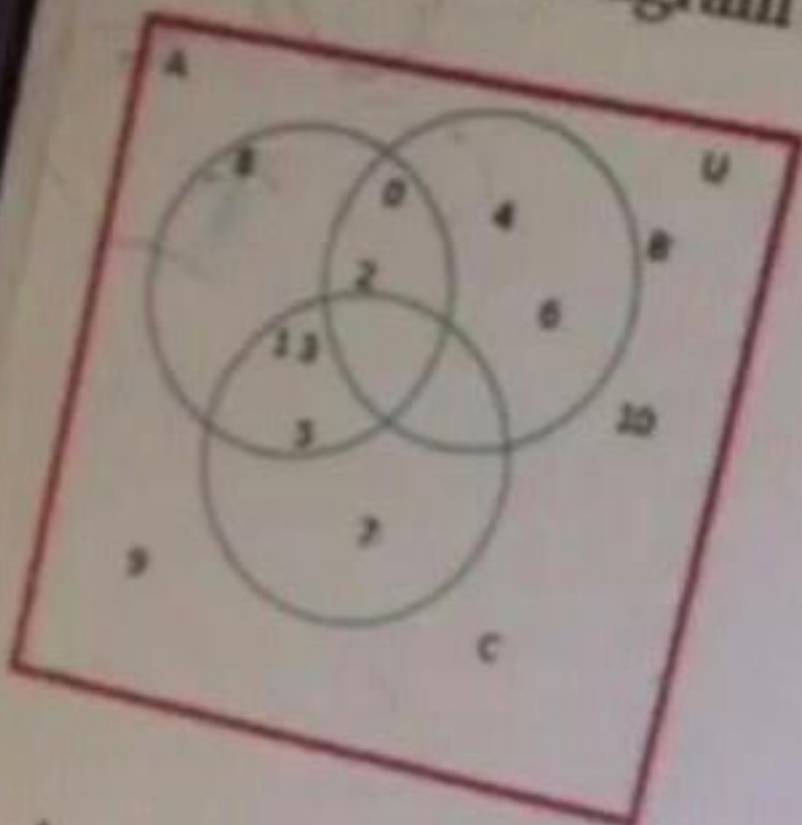
$2x^3 - 7x^2 + 5x - 2$

$x^5 + 5x^2 - x^{-1} + 1$

$x^5 - x^3 + x^2 - x - \frac{1}{5}$

$x^5 + 5x^3 - x + \sqrt{2}$

Use the Venn diagram to determine $A \cap B'$



- $A \cap B' = \{0, 2\}$
- $A \cap B' = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 5\}$
- $A \cap B' = \{1, 3, 5, 8\}$
- $A \cap B' = \{\}$

Question No. 12

The solution set of the equation $6(x-2)=2-x$ is

- {2}
- 2
- {2, -2}
- \emptyset

Save & Next

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 5

Question No. 2

What are the factors of $x^2 - 5x - 6$?

- $(x - 3)(x - 2)$
- $(x + 3)(x - 2)$
- $(x - 6)(x + 1)$
- $(x + 6)(x - 1)$

Previous & Next

Question No. 6

The solution set of the equation $8x^3 = a^3$, for x , is

- $\left\{\frac{a}{2}, -\frac{a}{8} + \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{8}i, -\frac{a}{8} - \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{8}i\right\}$
- ϕ
- $\left\{\frac{a}{2}, -\frac{a}{4} + \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{4}i, -\frac{a}{4} - \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{4}i\right\}$
- $\left\{\frac{a}{2}\right\}$

Save & Next

45 من 4

Question No. 18

Solve $A = P(1 + nr)$ for r

- $r = \frac{A-P}{Pn}$
- $r = \frac{Pn}{A-P}$
- $r = \frac{A}{n}$
- $r = \frac{P-A}{Pn}$

$a > 0$ distance between a and $-a$

$$-2a$$

$$-4a$$

$$2a$$

$$4a$$

Question No. 7

Factor completely: $y^4 - 13y^2 + 36$

- $(y^2 - 4)(y^2 - 9)$
- $(y^2 + 4)(y^2 + 9)$
- $(y^2 - 6)^2$
- $(y - 2)(y - 3)(y + 3)(y + 2)$

Perform the indicated operation $(5x - 11y)(2x - 7y)$

- $10x^2 - 57xy - 77y^2$
- $5x^2 - 57xy + 77y^2$
- $10x^2 - 13xy + 77y^2$
- $10x^2 - 57xy + 77y^2$

Save & Next

Total questions in exam: 28 | Answered: 4

Question No. 8

The equation $2x^2 - x + c = -1$ has two non-real complex solutions for x , if

- $c < -\frac{1}{4}$
- $c > -\frac{1}{4}$
- c is any real number
- $c > -\frac{1}{2}$

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered

Question No. 1

Simplify $\frac{x^2 \times y^{-\frac{5}{2}}}{\left(x^{\frac{1}{2}} \times y^{-1}\right)^2}$

- $y \cdot x^{-\frac{1}{3}}$
- $x^{\frac{1}{2}} y^{\frac{1}{6}}$
- $x^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot y^{-\frac{5}{2}}$
- $x \cdot y^{\frac{1}{2}}$

5
6

Question No. 2

Use set notation, and write the elements belonging to the set $\{x \mid x \text{ is a natural number less than } 1\}$

\emptyset

$\{\emptyset\}$

$\{1\}$

$\{0\}$

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 3

Question No. 12

Perform this operation and express the answer in the simplest form.

$$\frac{3m+1}{m-4} - \frac{m+9}{m-4}$$

- $\frac{2m+10}{m-4}$
- $\frac{4m+10}{m-4}$
- 2
- $\frac{4m-8}{m-4}$

If the equation $ax^2 - 6x + 9 = 0$ has one doubled (repeated) solution, then

- $a = -36$
- $a = 36$
- $a = -1$
- $a = 1$

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 3

Question No. 4

Which expression is a polynomial?

- $\sqrt{11}$
- $x^{-2} - 1$
- $\sqrt{x} + x$
- $\frac{1}{x} + x$

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 0

Question No. 2

Simplify $\frac{a^{\frac{4}{3}} \times b^{\frac{2}{3}}}{(ab)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$

- $a (ab)^{\frac{2}{3}}$
- $a \cdot b^{\frac{1}{3}}$
- $(ab)^{\frac{2}{3}}$
- $a (a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

Perform the indicated operations $3p(8pq^4)^{1/3} - 2q(p^4q)^{1/3}$

$4(pq)^{4/3}$

$4pq^{4/3}$

$(pq)^{4/3}$

$4p^{4/3}q$

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 7

Question No. 3

A⁻

A

A⁺

The elements from $A = \{-8, -2, 0.5, \frac{10}{5}, \sqrt{25}, \sqrt{10}, \pi, 7\}$ that belong to the set of rational numbers are

- $\{-8, -2, 0.5, \frac{10}{5}, \sqrt{25}, \pi, 7\}$
- $\{-8, -2, 0.5, \frac{10}{5}, \sqrt{25}\}$
- $\{-8, -2, 0.5, \frac{10}{5}, \sqrt{25}, 7\}$
- $\{-8, -2, 0.5, \frac{10}{5}, \sqrt{25}, \sqrt{10}, 7\}$

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 7

Question No. 7

Simplify and write in the standard form of a complex number

$$\sqrt{-36} + \sqrt{25}$$

- $i\sqrt{11}$
- $5 - 6i$
- $5 - 36i$
- $5 + 6i$

Question No. 8

The solution set of $4x^2 + 16x = 0$ is

- (4, 0)
- (4, 1)
- (-4, 0)
- (-4, 1)

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 7

Question No. 7



Simplify and write in the standard form of a complex number

$$\sqrt{-36} + \sqrt{25}$$

- $i\sqrt{11}$
- $5 - 6i$
- $5 - 36i$
- $5 + 6i$

Question No. 2

Simplifying the power of i^{1235} gives

- $-3i$
- $3+i$
- 1235
- -1

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 7

Question No. 8

The solution set of $4x^2 + 16x = 0$ is

- (4, 0)
- (4, 1)
- (-4, 0)
- (-4, 1)

Save & Next



Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 10

Question No. 9

A

Find this quotient $\frac{4m}{m^2-18m+80} \div \frac{9m^2+90m}{m^2-18m+80}$

- $2(m+1)$
- $\frac{6m^2}{m+3}$
- $\frac{5m}{m+4}$
- $\frac{4}{9(m+10)}$

Question No. 18

If a , b and c are real numbers with $a = b$, then

- $a + c = -(b + c)$
- $a + c > b + c$
- $a + c < b + c$
- $a + c = b + c$

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 10

Question No. 9

Find this quotient $\frac{4m}{m^2-18m+80} \div \frac{9m^2+90m}{m^2-18m+80}$

- $2(m+1)$
- $\frac{6m^2}{m+3}$
- $\frac{5m}{m+4}$
- $\frac{4}{9(m+10)}$

Save & Next

Question No. 19

Perform the indicated operation $[(x-2y)+7][(x-2y)-7]$

$x^2 - 2xy + 4y^2 - 49$

$x^2 + 4xy + 4y^2 - 49$

$x^2 - 4xy + 4y^2 - 49$

$x^2 - 4xy - 4y^2 - 49$

Question No. 24

Determine the following union $\emptyset \cup \{1,2\} =$

- $\{1,2,\emptyset\}$
- $\{1\}$
- \emptyset
- $\{1,2\}$

Question No. 11

Compute $\left(\frac{a^{8/5}b^{2/3}}{a^{3/5}b^{8/3}}\right)^{3/4} \left(\frac{a^{1/2}b^{3/2}}{a^{3/4}b}\right)^3$

- ab
- $\frac{a^{3/4}}{b^{3/2}}$
- $\frac{b^{3/2}}{a^{2/4}}$
- 1

If one solution of $x^2 - 3x + c = 0$ is 2, then

- $c = -3$
- $c = 2$
- $c = -2$
- $c = 0$

Perform the indicated operations and Simplify.

$$\frac{2y^2 - 16y}{6y^2 + 7y - 3} \cdot \frac{2y^2 + 11y + 12}{y^2 - 9y + 8}$$

$\frac{2y(y+4)}{(3y-1)(y-1)}$

$\frac{2y(y+4)}{(3y+1)(y-1)}$

$\frac{2y(y-8)}{(3y-1)(y-1)}$

$\frac{2y(y+4)}{(3y-1)(y+1)}$

Total questions in exam: 25 | Answered: 7

Question No. 7



Simplify and write in the standard form of a complex number

$$\sqrt{-36} + \sqrt{25}$$

- $i\sqrt{11}$
- $5 - 6i$
- $5 - 36i$
- $5 + 6i$