Passage animals sleep 17

***.***

Most humans sleep on a bed or a mat. Animals, however, have many different ways of sleeping. Some animals sleep in groups for warmth. Lions, monkeys and penguins are a few animals that sleep in groups.

Elephants sleep in groups for protection. Larger, older elephants make a circle around younger elephants. The young elephants get inside the circle and lie down and sleep. The larger elephants sleep standing up.

Some animals sleep in trees. Birds lock their feet onto branches to keep them from falling out of the trees. Other animals, like squirrels and baboons, sleep in nests that they build in trees. They curl up to keep warm. Bats hang upside down from tree branches to sleep.

Most animals look for warm, dry places to sleep, but ducks often sleep in water. Most animals lie down to sleep. However, some large animals, like horses, sleep standing up. Flamingos sleep standing on just one of their two legs.

. Nocturnal **nocturnal**Most animals sleep at night, but some animals are animals like bats sleep during day. They wake up when the sun goes down. Animals sleep in different places and different ways. But every animal must sleep.

**1-A 2-D 3-D 4- A 5- B**

**Questions**

1. **Examples of animals that sleep in groups to get warm are………….**
2. lions, penguins and monkeys
3. elephants, lions and squirrels
4. penguins, lions and elephants
5. elephants, flamingos and monkeys
6. 2**. Examples of animals that sleep standing are……………….**
7. Bats and lions
8. Flamingos and monkeys
9. squirrels and baboons
10. Horses and large elephants

**3.Paragraph 3 is mainly talking about the animals that sleep ———**

a during day

1. for warmth
2. for protection
3. in trees
4. **The word “nocturnal” probably means…………….**
5. active at night
6. active at day
7. bats
8. dry

www.dalilk4step.com 15

1. **The best title for the passage is……………..**
2. Why animals sleep
3. How and where animals sleep
4. What animals eat
5. Nocturnal animals