

الإختبار النهائي (المحوسب) الفصل الأول

ENG 107 (المسار العلمي- الطبي)

- الإختبار النهائي هو إختبار محوسب (CBT)
- يحتوي الإختبار على 60 سؤالاً, لكل منها نصف درجة مئوية (1/2 %)
- مدة الإختبار 90 دقيقة
- جميع الأسئلة تعتمد على صيغة اختر الإجابة الصحيحة (من أربع خيارات)
- و فيما يلي توزيع الأسئلة:

- The final exam is a Computer Based Test (CBT).
- There are 60 questions and each question carries half a mark (1/2).
- The exam duration is 90 minutes.
- All the questions are MCQs with four options.
- The breakdown of the questions is as follows;

الإختبار النهائي (30%)

الدرجة	البند
20 (10+10)	القواعد و مفردات اللغة
20 (10+10)	القراءة (مقطعين)
20 (10+10)	الاستماع (حوار واحد + حديث فردي واحد)

Final Exam Syllabus:

The Final Exam will be based on the units mentioned below.

The exam will have four parts; Grammar, Vocabulary, Reading and Listening.

In addition to the units mentioned below, you also need to cover the grammar and vocabulary list mentioned in this document.

المنهج الخاص بالامتحان النهائي:

يشمل الامتحان النهائي الوحدات المذكورة أدناه

يحتوي الامتحان على أربعة أقسام: القواعد, المفردات, القراءة و الاستماع

بالإضافة إلى الوحدات المذكورة أدناه, يجب على الطالب أن يدرس القواعد و المفردات في

هذا الملف

Source	Units
Q Skills 2 R/W	1-3
Q Skills 2 L/S	1-3
Career Path Medical	Book 1: Units 11-12-13-14-15
	Book 2: Units 1-2

Final Exam (CBT) Semester 1

ENG 107 (Science/Medical)

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- There are 60 questions and each question carries half a mark (1/2).
- The exam duration is 90 minutes.
- All the questions are MCQs with four options.
- The breakdown of the questions is as follows;

Grammar:

- **10 Multiple Choice Questions.**
- The grammar questions will be based on all the grammar points from **Units 1-3.**
- In addition to the grammar points in **Units 1-3**, the following points also need to be covered for the final exam.

Word families: nouns and verbs
Present continuous
Suffixes: -ful, -ment, -al
Review of Future with will
Review of simple present tense
Review of simple past tense
Prefixes: in-, un-, im-
Subject-verb agreement
Subject-verb agreement: with there is / there are
Collocations: nouns and verbs
The Present Continuous for affirmative and negative statements and questions
Word families: nouns and verbs
There's/there are and it's
Modal verbs should and shouldn't
So and because

Grammar Sample Questions

1. Sarah doesn't like coffee; she usually _____ tea.
- A drinks
 - B drink
 - C drinking
 - D to drink
2. Where does he _____?
- A to live
 - B lives
 - C living
 - D live
3. "Are they students?"
"Yes, _____."
- A they are
 - B are they
 - C he is
 - D we are
4. "Whose watch is this?"
"It's _____."
- A your
 - B mine
 - C me
 - D you
5. There _____ a bookshop in our neighborhood.
- A is
 - B are
 - C were
 - D are no
6. You shouldn't _____ too much junk food; it's bad for your health.
- A eating
 - B eats
 - C to eat
 - D eat

7. He _____ travel to Dubai in the vacation.

- A is going
- B are going to
- C is going to
- D are going

8. _____ bag is brown.

- A Sarah is
- B Sarah
- C Sarah's
- D Sarah has

9. Please _____! I'm trying to sleep.

- A don't shout
- B doesn't shout
- C not shout
- D can't shout

10. My friend bought _____ lunch today.

- A he
- B I
- C we
- D me

Vocabulary:

- **10 Multiple Choice Questions.**
- The vocabulary questions will be based on **Q Skills 2 Units 1-3 & Career Path Medical units** mentioned in page 1 in this document.
- In addition to the vocabulary in the units mentioned above, the following vocabulary list also needs to be covered for the final exam.

VOCABULARY	PART OF SPEECH
clear	adjective
connect	verb
contribute	verb
express	verb
find out	phrasal verb
spread	verb
trend	noun
influenced	verb
psychologist	noun
purchase	verb
recommend	verb
researcher	noun
review	noun/verb
social	adjective
study	noun/verb
choice	noun
choose	verb
connection	noun
contribution	noun
discuss	verb
discussion	noun
enjoy	verb
enjoyment	noun
gift	noun
give	verb
inform	verb
information	noun
thought	noun
think	verb
comment	noun/verb
influence	noun/verb
research	noun/verb
affect	verb
culture	noun
emotions	noun
psychology	noun
specific	adjective
represent	verb
unaware	adjective

universal	adjective
advertising	noun
consider	verb
dependable	adjective
encourage	verb
environment	noun
establish	verb
service	noun
variety	noun
color	noun
colorful	adjective
-ful	suffix
experiment	noun
experimental	adjective
-al	suffix
cheer	noun
cheerful	adjective
joy	noun
joyful	adjective
education	noun
educational	adjective
nation	noun
national	adjective
biology	noun
biological	adjective
finance	noun
financial	adjective
care	noun
careful	adjective
universe	noun
psychological	adjective
respectful	adjective
respect	noun
addition	noun
additional	adjective
emotion	noun
emotional	adjective
nature	noun
natural	adjective
peace	noun
peaceful	adjective
equipment	noun
personal	adjective
awkward	adjective
manners	noun
appropriately	adverb
behavior	noun
respect	noun

firmly	adverb
make a good impression	phrasal verb
gesture	noun
advice	noun
custom	noun
interrupt	verb
take part in	phrasal verb
informal	adjective
traditional	adjective
avoid	verb
typical	adjective
in-	prefix
im-	prefix
un-	prefix
formal	adjective
visible	adjective
invisible	adjective
able	adjective
unable	adjective
usual	adjective
unusual	adjective
mature	adjective
immature	adjective
polite	adjective
impolite	adjective
appropriate	adjective
inappropriate	adjective
unclear	adjective
comfortable	adjective
uncomfortable	adjective
common	adjective
uncommon	adjective
undependable	adjective
expensive	adjective
inexpensive	adjective
perfect	adjective
imperfect	adjective
possible	adjective
impossible	adjective
untraditional	adjective
celebrity	noun
ridiculous	adjective
joke	noun
risky	adjective
critical	adjective
journalist	noun
admire	verb
benefit	noun

combination	noun
eco-friendly	adjective
economics	noun
forest	noun
relationship	noun
roof	noun
sustainable	adjective
build home	collocation
go home	collocation
design homes	collocation
start a trend	collocation
follow trends	collocation
set a trend	collocation
stop the trend	collocation
continue a trend	collocation
hide	verb
warning	noun
poison	noun
skin	noun
wings	noun
survive	verb
predators	noun
insect	noun
solid	adjective
brilliant	adjective
blend in	phrasal verb
straight	adjective
shape	noun
pride	noun
important	adjective
match	verb
work	noun/verb
camouflage	noun
identify	verb
fight	verb
sound	noun
courtesy	noun
etiquette	noun
rude	adjective
attentive	adjective
courteous	adjective
deal with	phrasal verb
improve	verb
influence	noun
principal	noun
shout out	phrasal verb
valuable	adjective
anger	noun

rage	noun
scream	verb
increase	noun
frequently	adverb
growth	noun
often	adverb
actions	noun
violence	noun
participate	verb
yell	Verb

Medical Vocabulary

ac [before meals (medication)]	adv.
administer	v.
antibiotic	n.
antimicrobial	adj.
bacteria	n.
BID [twice per day (medication)]	adv.
biohazard	n.
BP [blood pressure]	n.
c/o [complains of (patient)]	v.
contagious	adj.
disinfectant	n.
dosage	n.
Dx [diagnosis]	n.
facemask	n.
g [gram]	n.
gtt [drops of liquid administered to eye]	n.
HR [heart rate]	n.
HTN [hypertension]	n.
I.V.	n.
infection	n.
intramuscular injection [IM]	n.
mcg [microgram]	n.
mEq [milliequivalent]	n.
mg [milligram]	n.
mL [milliliter]	n.
o/e [on examination]	adverb
oz [ounce]	n.
P.O. [by mouth]	adv.
P.R. [per rectum]	adv.
pc [after meals (medication)]	adv.
PRN [as needed (medication)]	adv.
qh [every hour (medication)]	adv.
qhs [at bedtime (medication)]	adv.
QID [four times per day (medication)]	adv.

QOD [every other day (medication)]	adv.
quarantine	v.
route of administration	n.
Rx [treatment]	n.
SOB [short of breath]	adj.
stat [immediately (medication)]	adv.
subcutaneous	adj.
sublingually	adj.
T [temperature]	n.
Tbsp [tablespoon]	n.
TID [three times per day (medication)]	adv.
topical	adj.
transmit	v.
tsp [teaspoon]	n.
virus	n.
WNL [within normal limits]	adj.
XR [X-ray]	n.

Book 2 Units 1&2

bone	n.
clot	n.
comminuted	adj.
compatible	adj.
compound	adj.
displaced	adj.
fracture	n.
greenstick	adj.
impacted	adj.
marrow	n.
plasma	n.
platelet	n.
red blood cell	n.
skeleton	n.
stress fracture	n.
transfusion	n.
Type A	n.
Type AB	n.
Type B	n.
Type O	n.
universal donor	n.

Vocabulary Sample Questions

1. **I don't think I'm _____ enough to climb that mountain.**
A flat
B tall
C kind
D fit

2. **I want _____ flight from Riyadh to Dubai, please.**
A an international
B a national
C a local
D an internal

3. **She's a very _____ person. Everyone likes her.**
A angry
B annoying
C lonely
D pleasant

4. **My watch is broken. Can you _____ it for me?**
A repair
B repeat
C relate
D borrow

5. **Someone who is in charge of a business or department**
A a customer
B a client
C a secretary
D a manager

6. **Special clothes that are worn by members of a group or team**
A uniform
B suit
C trousers
D shoes

7. **The library was _____ today. There was nowhere to sit.**
A clean
B empty
C crowded

D quiet

8. Look at the sky. It's so _____, I think it's going to rain.

- A sunny
- B cloudy
- C bright
- D blue

9. An area of land that has water on all sides

- A a continent
- B a lake
- C an island
- D a country

10. Fatima's father worked as a doctor for 40 years. He _____ six months ago, so he's not working any more.

- A released
- B removed
- C retired
- D relied

Reading:

- **20 Multiple Choice Questions** (2 reading passages with **10 MCQs** each)
- The final exam will be based on the reading skills covered in **Units 1-3**.

Sample Reading Passage with Questions

1. Banana smoothies first appeared in the 1930s. Since then, they have become very popular across the world. Not only is the banana smoothie delicious, but it has many of the nutrients our bodies need to **function**.
2. Banana smoothies are made from fresh bananas using an electric blender. The fresh fruit gives it that chunky but creamy look. The ice keeps it cool in the hot summer heat. Bananas have a lot of healthy carbohydrates which makes them a perfect food for athletes and people with active lifestyles. Smoothies help to give energy after a difficult workout.
3. Doctors recommend bananas to patients who have heart problems and high blood pressure, as they lower the risk of stroke and heart attacks. Another good thing about this wonderful fruit is that **it** protects against depression and keeps you in a good mood.

4. Banana smoothies, when mixed with yogurt and other fruits like apples or mangos, protect you from stomach ulcers and help your digestive system. Bananas are a low-calorie food; there are about 100 calories in a medium sized banana. They make you feel full, so if you eat a banana, you will avoid snacking between meals. This is **beneficial** because it helps you to reach your weight loss goals. But make sure you don't put sugar in your smoothie. Bananas are sweet enough!

1. What happened in the 1930s?

- A. Banana smoothies were first made.
- B. Banana smoothies became very popular.
- C. Banana smoothies were made all over the world.
- D. Banana smoothies were found to have nutrients.

2. How many calories does a banana have?

- A. 100 calories in a large banana
- B. 100 calories in a small banana
- C. 100 calories in a medium banana
- D. 100 calories in any banana

3. Which of the following is NOT true of bananas?

- A. They are good for your heart.
- B. They are good for your digestive system.
- C. They can help you lose weight.
- D. They can cause stomach ulcers.

4. Banana smoothies should NOT be mixed with _____.

- A. apples
- B. sugar
- C. Mangoes
- D. yogurt

5. In paragraph 1, what does the word 'function' mean?

- A. work properly
- B. play
- C. be popular

D. appear

6. In paragraph 4, what does the word 'beneficial' mean?

- A. Low-calorie
- B. Sweet
- C. helpful
- D. Full

7. What does the underlined word 'it' in paragraph 3 refer to?

- A. Wonderful fruit
- B. Banana
- C. Stroke
- D. Blood pressure

8. Which of these titles is best for this passage?

- A. Smoothies: An Alternative to Food
- B. How To Prepare Apple Smoothies
- C. Have a Banana Smoothie
- D. 101 Banana Recipes

Listening:

- 20 Multiple Choice Questions (2 listening scripts with 10 MCQs each)
- The final exam will be based on the listening skills covered in **Units 1-3**.

Sample Listening Script with Questions

	[sound of phone ringing]
Hotel Clerk	Good afternoon, Grand Palace Hotel. How may I help you?
Mr. Ali	Hello, I'd like to book a room.
Hotel Clerk	Certainly, sir... What dates did you have in mind?
Mr. Ali	Well, my flight from Riyadh arrives in Jeddah on January 10 th and I will be staying for two... no wait... three... yes, I'll be in Jeddah for three nights before leaving for meetings in Taif and Abha...
Hotel Clerk	So you'd like to book a room from January 10 th through January 13 th ...
Mr. Ali	No, not the 13 th , the 12 th ... I said I'd be there for three nights... not four...
Hotel Clerk	Yes, of course, sir, but you will be checking out of the hotel on January 13 th , correct?

Mr. Ali	Ah, yes, of course... you're right. The check-out date will be January 13 th .
Hotel Clerk	Let me just check the computer to see if we have rooms available... mmmm, let's see... we have a double room on January 10 th and 11 th , but there's nothing on the 12 th ... no wait... I'm sorry, my mistake... we do have a junior suite available on the 12 th .
Mr. Ali	No that won't work... I don't want to change rooms.
Hotel Clerk	Let me see then... hmmm... you could book the junior suite for your entire stay...
Mr. Ali	Can you tell me how much the junior suite is?
Hotel Clerk	Of course, sir... it's one thousand two hundred and fifty Riyals per night.
Mr. Ali	And what about a double room?
Hotel Clerk	Our standard rate for the double room is seven hundred and fifty Riyals... so the junior suite is only five hundred Riyals more per night than the double.
Mr. Ali	Hmmm, that's a bit more than I wanted to spend...
Hotel Clerk	If you are travelling on business, I can apply our corporate discount of twenty percent to your booking, sir...
Mr. Ali	Yes, I will be in Jeddah to meet with some clients. So with the discount, that would make the rate... let me think, twenty percent of twelve fifty is...
Hotel Clerk	It would be a discount of two hundred and fifty Riyals per night, sir...
Mr. Ali	Great! Let's book it then...

1. The man is calling the hotel _____.

- A. to make a reservation
- B. to cancel a reservation
- C. to speak to a guest
- D. to make a complaint

2. The hotel is located in _____.

- A. Riyadh
- B. Jeddah
- C. Taif
- D. Abha

3. How long will the man stay in the hotel?

- A. One night
- B. Two nights
- C. Three nights
- D. Four nights

4. When will the man check out of the hotel?

- A. January 10th
- B. January 12th
- C. January 13th
- D. January 30th

5. Why is the man travelling?

- A. He is visiting his family.
- B. He is meeting friends.
- C. He is a tourist.
- D. He is doing business.